

Statement of Investment Principles – The Spirax-Sarco Employees Pension Fund (November 2021)

Introduction

- 1 This document is the Statement of Investment Principles (the “SIP”) made by the Trustees of The Spirax-Sarco Employees Pension Fund (the “Trustees” of the “Fund”) in accordance with the requirements of Section 35 of the Pensions Act 1995 (as amended by the Pensions Act 2004 and regulations made under it).
- 2 The Trustees will review this SIP at least every three years and without delay after any significant change in investment policy. Before finalising this SIP, the Trustees took advice from a suitably qualified firm and consulted Spirax-Sarco Limited (the “Sponsor”), the Participating Employers, Spirax-Sarco Engineering PLC, and the Scheme Actuary. The ultimate power and responsibility for deciding investment policy, however, lies solely with the Trustees.

Investment objectives

- 3 The Trustees have the following investment objectives:
 - The acquisition of suitable assets of appropriate liquidity which will generate income and capital growth to meet, together with contributions from the Sponsor, the cost of current and future benefits which the Fund provides, and to ensure the security, quality and profitability of the portfolio as a whole.
 - To minimise the risk of the assets failing to meet the liabilities, both over the long-term and on a shorter-term basis, consistent with achieving the above objective.
 - To minimise the long term costs of the Fund by maximising the return on the assets whilst having regard to the objective shown under the points above.

Investment strategy

- 4 The Trustees have received advice to determine an appropriate investment strategy for the Fund. The Trustees have a desire to diversify risk exposures and to manage their investments effectively.
- 5 The investment strategy makes use of three key types of investments:
 - a range of instruments that provide a broad match to changes in liability values;
 - a portfolio of secure income assets; and
 - a diversified portfolio of return-seeking assets.

- 6 The Trustees have appointed an investment manager to manage the Fund's assets on a discretionary basis and to provide investment advisory services to the Trustees (the "Fiduciary Manager"). The balance within and between these investments will be determined from time-to-time at the discretion of the Fiduciary Manager, with the objective of maximising the probability of achieving the Fund's investment return objective set by the Trustees, specifically to deliver an investment return of Gilts +2.7% pa. The Fiduciary Manager's discretion is subject to guidelines set by the Trustees in the Fiduciary Management Agreement between the parties as amended from time to time (the "FMA"). In exercising investment discretion, the Fiduciary Manager is required to act in accordance with its obligations in the FMA, including the guidelines and any investment restrictions set out therein, and in so doing is expected to give effect so far as reasonably practicable to the principles contained in this SIP. This ensures appropriate incentivisation and alignment of decision-making with the Trustees' overall objectives, strategy and policies.
- 7 The Fund will hold assets in cash and other money market instruments from time to time as may be deemed appropriate.
- 8 The Trustees will monitor the liability profile of the Fund and will regularly review, in conjunction with the Fiduciary Manager and the Scheme Actuary, the appropriateness of its investment strategy.
- 9 The expected return of the Fund's investments will be monitored regularly and will be directly related to the Fund's investment objective.
- 10 The Trustees' policy is that there will be sufficient investments in liquid or readily realisable assets to meet cash flow requirements in foreseeable circumstances so that the realisation of assets will not disrupt the allocation of the Fund's overall investments, where possible.

Investment managers

- 11 The Trustees have delegated investment selection, de-selection and the ongoing management of relationships with investment managers to the Fiduciary Manager within guidelines set by the Trustees in the FMA. Investments will be made by the Fiduciary Manager on behalf and in the name of the Trustees directly in pooled vehicles. The Fund holds shares in Spirax-Sarco Engineering plc outside the Fiduciary Management mandate. The Fiduciary Manager takes into account the holdings in the shares when assessing total portfolio risk and return and balancing investment allocations.
- 12 The Trustees monitor the holding of Spirax-Sarco shares (including any held by the investment managers) against the total value of the Fund's assets and take action to reduce them if the holding proportion exceeds 5% of total Fund's assets.
- 13 The Trustees consider the Fiduciary Manager's performance in carrying out these responsibilities as part of its ongoing oversight of the Fiduciary Manager. The Trustees expects the Fiduciary Manager to ensure that the Fund's investment portfolio, in aggregate, is consistent with the policies set out in this SIP, in particular those required under regulation 2(3)(b) of the Occupational Pension Schemes (Investment) Regulations (2005). The Trustees expect the Fiduciary Manager to check that the investment objectives and guidelines of any pooled vehicle are consistent with the Trustees' policies contained in the SIP.

- 14 In accordance with the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, the selection of specific investments will be delegated to investment managers. The investment managers will provide the skill and expertise necessary to manage the investments of the Fund competently.
- 15 The Trustees and Fiduciary Manager are not involved in the investment managers' day-to-day method of operation and do not directly seek to influence attainment of their performance targets. However, the Fiduciary Manager may provide investment recommendations to the investment managers of certain pooled funds appointed where it considers it appropriate. The Fiduciary Manager will maintain processes to ensure that performance and risk are assessed on a regular basis against measurable objectives for each investment manager, consistent with the achievement of the Fund's long term objectives.
- 16 The Trustees expect the Fiduciary Manager to select investment managers with an expectation of a long-term partnership with the Trustees, which encourages active ownership of the Fund's assets. When assessing an investment manager's performance, the Trustees expect the Fiduciary Manager to focus on longer-term outcomes, commensurate with the Trustees' position as a long term investor. Consistent with this view, the Trustees do not expect that the Fiduciary Manager would terminate an investment based purely on short-term performance but recognises that an investment may be terminated within a short timeframe due to other factors such as a significant change in the relevant manager's business structure or investment team. The Trustees adopt the same long term focus as part of its ongoing oversight of the Fiduciary Manager.
- 17 For most of the Fund's investments, the Trustees expect the Fiduciary Manager to select investment managers with a medium to long time horizon, consistent with that of the Fund. In particular areas such as equity and credit, the Trustees expect the Fiduciary Manager to work with investment managers who will use their engagement activity to drive improved performance over medium to long term periods within the wider context of long-term sustainable investment. The Trustees note that the Fiduciary Manager may invest in certain strategies where such engagement is not deemed appropriate or possible, due to the nature of the strategy and/or the investment time horizon underlying decision making. The Trustees expect that the appropriateness of the Fund's allocation to such mandates is determined in the context of the Fund's overall objectives.
- 18 The Trustees recognise that an investment's long-term financial success is influenced by a range of financially material factors including environmental, social and governance ("ESG") issues.
- 19 Consequently the Trustees (through the selection of the Fiduciary Manager with its approach to ESG issues as set out in paragraphs 20 and 21 below) seek to be an active long-term investor. The Trustees' focus is explicitly on financially material factors. The Trustees' policy at this time is not to take into account non-financial matters.
- 20 The Fiduciary Manager has a dedicated sustainable investment resource and a network of subject matter experts. The consideration of ESG issues is fully embedded in the investment manager selection and portfolio management process, with oversight undertaken on a periodic basis. The Trustees expect the Fiduciary Manager to assess the alignment of each investment manager's approach to sustainable investment (including engagement) with its own before making an investment on the Fund's behalf. The Trustees expect the Fiduciary Manager to engage with the Fund's investment managers where the Fiduciary Manager considers this appropriate regarding their approach to stewardship with respect to relevant matters including capital structure of investee companies, actual and potential conflicts, other stakeholders and ESG impact of underlying holdings. In addition, the Trustees expect the Fiduciary Manager to review the investment managers' approach to sustainable investment (including engagement)

on a periodic basis and engage with the investment managers to encourage further alignment as appropriate.

- 21 The Fiduciary Manager considers a range of sustainable investment factors, such as, but not limited to, those arising from ESG considerations, including climate change, in the context of a broader risk management framework. The degree to which these factors are relevant to any given strategy is a function of time horizon, investment style, philosophy and particular exposures which the Fiduciary Manager takes into account in the assessment.
- 22 The Fiduciary Manager encourages and expects the Fund's investment managers to sign up to local or other applicable stewardship codes, in keeping with good practice, subject to the extent of materiality for certain asset classes. The Fiduciary Manager itself is a signatory to the Principles for Responsible Investment and the UK Stewardship Code and is actively involved in external collaborations and initiatives.
- 23 The Trustees' policy is to delegate responsibility for the exercising of rights (including voting rights) attaching to the Fund's investments to its investment managers. The Fiduciary Manager has appointed Hermes EOS to undertake public policy engagement on its behalf as well as company-level engagement.
- 24 The Trustees expect the Fiduciary Manager to consider the fee structures of investment managers and the alignment of interests created by these fee structures as part of its investment decision making process, both at the initial selection of an investment manager and on an ongoing basis. Investment managers are generally paid an ad valorem fee, in line with normal market practice, for a given scope of services which includes consideration of long-term factors and engagement. The Trustees expect the Fiduciary Manager to review and report on the costs incurred in managing the Fund's assets regularly, which includes the costs associated with portfolio turnover. In assessing the appropriateness of the portfolio turnover costs at an individual investment manager level, the Trustees expect the Fiduciary Manager to have regard to the actual portfolio turnover and how this compares with the expected turnover range for that mandate.

Other matters

- 25 The Fund is a Registered Pension Scheme for the purposes of the Finance Act 2004.
- 26 Under the terms of the Trustee Deed, the Trustees are responsible for the investment of Additional Voluntary Contributions ("AVCs") paid by members. The Trustees review the investment performance of the chosen providers on a regular basis and take advice as to the providers' continued suitability. Both existing and new members may pay AVCs into a range of investment funds with The Standard Life Assurance Company to enhance their benefits at retirement. The Trustees' policy is to make The Standard Life Assurance Society AVC Scheme available to all members, providing them with suitable long-term returns.
- 27 The Trustees recognise a number of risks involved in the investment of the Fund's assets, and, where applicable, monitor these risks in conjunction with the Fiduciary Manager:

Solvency risk and mismatch risk:

- are measured through a qualitative and quantitative assessment of the expected development of the Fund's funding level.

- are managed through the development of a portfolio consistent with delivering the Fund's investment objective.

Investment Manager risk:

- is measured by the expected deviation of the return relative to the benchmark set.
- is managed by considering when to employ active versus passive management given prospective net of fees returns, consideration of the appropriate amount of the Fund's assets to allocate to any active portfolios and by monitoring the actual deviation of returns relative to the benchmark and factors supporting the investment managers' investment process.

Liquidity risk:

- is measured by the level of cash flow required by the Fund over a specified period.
- is managed by the Fund's administrator assessing the level of cash held in order to limit the impact of the cash flow requirements on the investment policy and through holding assets of appropriate liquidity.

Currency risk:

- is measured by the level of exposure to non-Sterling denominated assets.
- is managed by the implementation of a currency hedging programme (carried out within some of the pooled investment vehicles) which reduces the impact of exchange rate movements on the Fund's asset value.

Custodial risk:

- is addressed through investment in pooled vehicles, with the pooled fund managers being responsible for selection of suitable custodians. In addition the Fund's global custodian is responsible for sweeping un-invested cash balances into pooled cash funds, which are managed by a pooled fund manager who, in line with the Fund's other pooled fund managers, is responsible for selecting the custodian for the cash funds.

Interest rate and inflation risk:

- are measured by comparing the likely movement in the Fund's liabilities and assets due to movements in inflation and interest rates.
- are managed by holding a portfolio of matching assets (physical bonds and/or derivatives via pooled vehicles) that enable the Fund's assets to broadly match movements in the value of the liabilities due to inflation and interest rates. The construction, ongoing monitoring and consideration of risks (such as derivatives risk) of this portfolio is undertaken by the Fiduciary Manager.

Liability matching (derivatives) risk

- Counterparty risk – a counterparty to a transaction defaults on a payment due. This risk is mitigated through collateral management, diversifying exposure across counterparties and the use of robust derivatives documentation.
- Leverage risk – a shock to interest rates and/or inflation results in a need to transfer or receive collateral at short notice. This risk is mitigated by the leverage policy, triggers and limits within the investment managers' pooled funds together with the approach to managing and monitoring portfolio liquidity adopted by the Fiduciary Manager.

- Basis risk – the returns from backing assets used to meet the payable leg of a derivative contract may not match exactly. This risk is mitigated through the investment policy adopted by the investment manager for the backing assets.
- Liability risk – pension liabilities can only be estimated and there is a risk of divergence between the performance of the derivatives/liability matching assets and the actual value of the liabilities (for example, due to changes in assumptions or demographics). This risk is mitigated by updating the liability hedging benchmark at appropriate regular intervals.

Political risk:

- is measured by the level of concentration of any one market leading to the risk of an adverse influence on investment values arising from political intervention.
- is managed by regular reviews of the actual investments relative to policy and through the level of country diversification within the policy.

Sponsor risk:

- is measured by receiving regular financial updates from the Sponsor and periodic independent covenant assessments.
- is managed through an agreed contribution and funding schedule.



Signature

David Meredith

Print Name



Signature

Frank Richardson

Print Name

8th November 2021

Date

For and on behalf of the Trustees of The Spirax-Sarco Employees Pension Fund