TVA Flowmeter
for Saturated Steam Service
Installation and Maintenance Instructions

1. Safety information
2. General product information
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1. Safety information

Safe operation of this unit can only be guaranteed if it is properly installed, commissioned and maintained by a qualified person (see Section 1.11) in compliance with the operating instructions. General installation and safety instructions for pipeline and plant construction, as well as the proper use of tools and safety equipment must also be complied with.

Manufacturer:-
Spirax Sarco Ltd
Charlton House
Charlton Kings
Cheltenham
Glos
GL53 8ER

The product is designed and constructed to withstand the forces encountered during normal use. Use of the product for any other purpose, or failure to install the product in accordance with these Installation and Maintenance Instructions, could cause damage to the product, will invalidate the \( \mathcal{C} \mathcal{E} \) marking, and may cause injury or fatality to personnel.

EMC directive
The product complies with the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 2004/108/EC. A technical file with a reference number of 'UK Supply TVA flowmeter' supports the Spirax Sarco claim that the product complies with the requirements of the Directive and the product can be used in Class A (heavy industrial) and Class B (domestic/commercial areas).

The following conditions should be avoided as they may create interference above the heavy industrial limits if:
- The product or its wiring is located near a radio transmitter.
- Cellular telephones and mobile radios may cause interference if used within approximately 1 metre (39") of the product or its wiring. The actual separation distance necessary will vary according to the surroundings of the installation and the power of the transmitter.

If this product is not used in the manner specified by this IMI, then the protection provided may be impaired.

1.1 Intended use
Referring to the Installation and Maintenance Instructions, name-plate and Technical Information Sheet, check that the product is suitable for the intended use/application. The product listed complies with the requirements of the European Pressure Equipment Directive 97/23/EC, carries the \( \mathcal{C} \mathcal{E} \) mark when so required. The product falls within the following Pressure Equipment Directive categories:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product</th>
<th>Group 1 Gases</th>
<th>Group 2 Gases</th>
<th>Group 1 Liquids</th>
<th>Group 2 Liquids</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TVA flowmetering system</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

i) The product has been specifically designed for use on saturated steam only which is in Group 2 of the above mentioned Pressure Equipment Directive.
ii) Check material suitability, pressure and temperature and their maximum and minimum values. If the maximum operating limits of the product are lower than those of the system in which it is being fitted, or if malfunction of the product could result in a dangerous overpressure or overtemperature occurrence, ensure a safety device is included in the system to prevent such over-limit situations.

iii) Determine the correct installation situation and direction of fluid flow.

iv) Spirax Sarco products are not intended to withstand external stresses that may be induced by any system to which they are fitted. It is the responsibility of the installer to consider these stresses and take adequate precautions to minimise them.

v) Remove protection covers from all connections and protective film from all name-plates, where appropriate, before installation on steam or other high temperature applications.

1.2 Access
Ensure safe access and if necessary a safe working platform (suitably guarded) before attempting to work on the product. Arrange suitable lifting gear if required.

1.3 Lighting
Ensure adequate lighting, particularly where detailed or intricate work is required.

1.4 Hazardous liquids or gases in the pipeline
Consider what is in the pipeline or what may have been in the pipeline at some previous time. Consider: flammable materials, substances hazardous to health, extremes of temperature.

1.5 Hazardous environment around the product
Consider: explosion risk areas, lack of oxygen (e.g. tanks, pits), dangerous gases, extremes of temperature, hot surfaces, fire hazard (e.g. during welding), excessive noise, moving machinery.

1.6 The system
Consider the effect on the complete system of the work proposed. Will any proposed action (e.g. closing isolation valves, electrical isolation) put any other part of the system or any personnel at risk? Dangers might include isolation of vents or protective devices or the rendering ineffective of controls or alarms. Ensure isolation valves are turned on and off in a gradual way to avoid system shocks.

1.7 Pressure systems
Ensure that any pressure is isolated and safely vented to atmospheric pressure. Consider double isolation (double block and bleed) and the locking or labelling of closed valves. Do not assume that the system has depressurised even when the pressure gauge indicates zero.

1.8 Temperature
Allow time for temperature to normalise after isolation to avoid the danger of burns and consider whether protective clothing (including safety glasses) is required.
1.9 Tools and consumables
Before starting work ensure that you have suitable tools and/or consumables available. Use only genuine Spirax Sarco replacement parts.

1.10 Protective clothing
Consider whether you and/or others in the vicinity require any protective clothing to protect against the hazards of, for example, chemicals, high/low temperature, radiation, noise, falling objects, and dangers to eyes and face.

1.11 Permits to work
All work must be carried out or be supervised by a suitably competent person. Installation and operating personnel should be trained in the correct use of the product according to the Installation and Maintenance Instructions. Where a formal 'permit to work' system is in force it must be complied with. Where there is no such system, it is recommended that a responsible person should know what work is going on and, where necessary, arrange to have an assistant whose primary responsibility is safety. Post 'warning notices' if necessary.

1.12 Handling
Manual handling of large and/or heavy products may present a risk of injury. Lifting, pushing, pulling, carrying or supporting a load by bodily force can cause injury particularly to the back. You are advised to assess the risks taking into account the task, the individual, the load and the working environment and use the appropriate handling method depending on the circumstances of the work being done.

1.13 Residual hazards
In normal use the external surface of the product may be very hot. If used at the maximum permitted operating conditions the surface temperature of some products may reach temperatures of 250°C (482°F). Many products are not self-draining. Take due care when dismantling or removing the product from an installation (refer to 'Maintenance instructions').

1.14 Freezing
Provision must be made to protect products which are not self-draining against frost damage in environments where they may be exposed to temperatures below freezing point.

1.15 Disposal
Unless otherwise stated in the Installation and Maintenance Instructions, this product is recyclable and no ecological hazard is anticipated with its disposal providing due care is taken.

1.16 Returning products
Customers and stockists are reminded that under EC Health, Safety and Environment Law, when returning products to Spirax Sarco they must provide information on any hazards and the precautions to be taken due to contamination residues or mechanical damage which may present a health, safety or environmental risk. This information must be provided in writing including Health and Safety data sheets relating to any substances identified as hazardous or potentially hazardous.
2. General product information

This manual explains how to install, commission and maintain the Spirax Sarco TVA flowmeter for use on saturated steam.

2.1 Product description

The Spirax Sarco TVA flowmeter is designed to reduce the cost of flowmetering and is used as an accurate means to measure saturated steam flowrates and record total flow. The TVA flowmeter is a stand alone device and requires no other equipment, such as differential pressure transmitters, pressure sensors, etc. to calculate mass flowrates of saturated steam.

2.2 Equipment delivery and handling

Factory shipment
Prior to shipment, the Spirax Sarco TVA flowmeter is tested, calibrated and inspected to ensure proper operation.

Receipt of shipment
Each carton should be inspected at the time of delivery for possible external damage. Any visible damage should be recorded immediately on the carrier’s copy of the delivery slip. Each carton should be unpacked carefully and its contents checked for damage. If it is found that some items have been damaged or are missing, notify Spirax Sarco immediately and provide full details. In addition, damage must be reported to the carrier with a request for their on-site inspection of the damaged item and its shipping carton.

Storage
If a flowmeter is to be stored prior to installation, the environmental storage conditions should be at a temperature between 0°C and 55°C (32°F and 130°F), and between 10% and 90% relative humidity (non-condensing).

2.3 Sizes and pipe connections

DN50, DN80 and DN100
The TVA flowmeter is of a wafer design, suitable for fitting between the following flanges:
EN 1092 PN16, PN25 and PN40
BS 10 Table H
ASME (ANSI) B 16.5 Class 150 and 300
2.4 Pressure/temperature limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Temperature °C</th>
<th>Pressure bar g</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PMA</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>239</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TMA</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>239</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>32</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PMO</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TMO</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>239</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PMX</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The product should not be used in this region due to the limitations of the software.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Temperature °C</th>
<th>Pressure psi g</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PMA</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>239</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TMA</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>239</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>32</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PMO</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TMO</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>239</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PMX</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Important note*

Caution: If the electronic housing is mounted at an angle of 45° (or more) from the vertically downward position the PMO (maximum operating pressure) must be limited to 7 bar g (101 psi g).

Fig. 2 Installation limiting conditions
2.5 Technical data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Specification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IP rating</td>
<td>IP65 with correct cable glands.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power supply</td>
<td>Loop powered nominal 24 Vdc</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outputs</td>
<td>4-20 mA (proportional to mass flow)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pulsed output $V_{\text{max}} = 28 \text{ Vdc}$, $R_{\text{min}} = 10 \Omega$, $V_{\text{on}} = 0.7 V_{\text{max}}$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Communication port</td>
<td>EIA 232C 15 m limit - See Section 4.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance</td>
<td>System uncertainty to ISO 17025 (95% confidence to 2 STD)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$\pm 2%$ of reading over the range of 10% to 100% of maximum rated flow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$\pm 0.2%$ FSD from 2% to 10% of maximum rated flow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Turndown: up to 50:1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.6 Electrical connections

Electrical connections

M20 x 1.5

2.7 Materials

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Material</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flowmeter body</td>
<td>Stainless steel 1.4408 CF8M</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Internals</td>
<td>431 S29/S303/S304/S316</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>Inconel® X750 or equivalent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flowmeter stem</td>
<td>Stainless steel 431 S29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electronics housing</td>
<td>Aluminium alloy LM 25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.8 Dimensions/weights (approximate) in mm and kg

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
<th>E</th>
<th>Weight</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DN50</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>103</td>
<td>322</td>
<td>160</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>2.67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DN80</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>138</td>
<td>334</td>
<td>160</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>4.38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DN100</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>162</td>
<td>344</td>
<td>215</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>7.28</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3. Installation

Note: Before actioning any installation observe the 'Safety information' in Section 1. To meet its specified accuracy and performance it is essential that the following installation guidelines are followed carefully. For steam applications sound steam engineering practices should be followed, including the use of separators. The installation must conform to all relevant construction and electrical codes.

CAUTION: If the electronic housing is mounted at an angle of 45° (or more) from the vertically downward position the PMO (maximum operating pressure) must be limited to 7 bar g (101 psi g) - see Figure 4.

A bypass line will enable safe removal of the TVA flowmeter for maintenance or calibration. Closing valves V1 and V2 and opening valve V3 will allow the TVA flowmeter to be isolated for re-zeroing (temperature to be <20°C).

3.1 Environmental conditions

The flowmeter should be located in an environment that minimises the effects of heat, vibration, shock and electrical interference. (Pressure / temperature limits are detailed in Section 2.4).

CAUTION: Do not lag (insulate) the TVA flowmeter or mating flanges as this may result in excessive temperatures in the electronics. Exceeding specified temperature limits will invalidate the warranty, adversely effect the performance and may damage the TVA flowmeter, see Figure 6.

Other considerations

Be sure to allow sufficient clearance for:
- Installation of conduit/wiring.
- Removal of the enclosure end caps.
- Viewing of the display. Note electronics housing and display can be rotated.

Warning: Do not install the flowmeter outdoors without additional weather protection to prevent damage due to freezing.
3.2 Mechanical installation

Warning: Do not alter the adjustment nut at the back of the TVA flowmeter shaft, as this will affect the flowmeters calibration.

Orientation

The TVA flowmeter can be installed in any orientation when the pressure is below 7 bar g (101 psi g), see Figures 7, 8 and 9.

When the pressure is above 7 bar g the TVA flowmeter must be installed in a horizontal pipe, with the electronics housing below the body, see Figure 9.

Note: The TVA flowmeter operates with flow in one direction only. It is not intended for use with bi-directional flow. The TVA flowmeter is clearly marked with a direction of flow arrow.

CAUTION: If the electronic housing is mounted at an angle of 45° (or more) from the vertically downward position the PMO (maximum operating pressure) must be limited to 7 bar g (101 psi g) - see Figure 4.
Rotating the electronics enclosure
The electronics housing can be rotated 270° to enable sufficient clearance for installation. To rotate the electronics housing, carefully remove the 4 x end cap screws. Support the weight of the end cap and loosen (do not remove) the end cap 'lock screw'. The electronics housing can now be rotated to the required position. Retighten the 'lock screw' (3 N m or 26.5 lbf in) and replace end cap and 4 x end cap screws. See the adjacent diagram.
Do not loosen or remove the grub screw adjacent to the 'lock screw'. Warning: Do not loosen / remove the stem from the main body of the unit.

Upstream/downstream pipework
The TVA flowmeter should be installed in pipework manufactured to BS 1600 or ASME (ANSI) B 36.10 Schedule 40, which corresponds to the following pipeline internal diameters.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nominal diameter</th>
<th>Nominal internal diameter</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>50 mm</td>
<td>52 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80 mm</td>
<td>77 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 mm</td>
<td>102 mm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For different pipe standards/schedules, if the flowmeter is being operated at the extreme of its published maximum range, and maximum accuracy is required, downstream spool pieces manufactured from BS 1600 or ASME (ANSI) B 36.10 Schedule 40 pipe should be used. It is important that the internal upstream and downstream diameters of pipe are smooth. Ideally seamless pipes should be used and there should be no intrusive weld beads on the internal diameter. It is recommended that slip-on flanges be used to avoid any intrusive weld beads on the internal diameter of the pipe.

Note: See Figures 10 to 13 for other considerations which need to be noted before determining the correct installation location.
The TVA flowmeter normally only requires a minimum of 6 pipe diameters upstream and 3 downstream of clear straight pipe. These dimensions assume a measurement from a single 90° bend (see Figure 10).

If any of the following configurations are present upstream of the TVA flowmeter:
- Two right angled bends in two planes.
- Pressure reducing valve.
- Partly open valve.

Then it is recommended that the minimum upstream clear pipework is doubled to 12 diameters (See Figure 11).
Avoid installing the TVA flowmeter downstream of an actuated valve as rapid cycling of the valve could give rise to inaccurate results or damage the flowmeter. See Figure 12. In configurations where there is more than one rapid acting pressure reducing valve close coupled, the TVA flowmeter should be installed with a minimum of 25 upstream and 3 downstream pipe diameters away from the valves. Safety valves should also be as far away as possible from the flowmeter - at least 25D.

To install the TVA flowmeter pipeline unit into existing pipework and for aiding possible flowmeter removal, a spool piece can be fabricated locally to the dimensions given below (see Figure 13).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>DN50</th>
<th>DN80</th>
<th>DN100</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dimension A</td>
<td>180 mm</td>
<td>240 mm</td>
<td>300 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7.1 in</td>
<td>9.5 in</td>
<td>11.8 in</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Location in pipework
Bolt ring gaskets having the same internal diameter of the pipework are recommended. This will prevent possible inaccuracies being created by the gasket protruding into the pipe.

It is important that the TVA flowmeter is located centrally in the pipework as any eccentricity may cause inaccurate readings. The TVA flowmeter has integral centering webs, which locate on the internal diameter of the pipework (see Figure 14).

![Integral centering webs](image1)

**Fig. 14** Integral centering webs

![Gaskets fitted correctly](image2)

**Fig. 15** Gaskets fitted correctly

![Gaskets fitted incorrectly](image3)

**Fig. 16** Gaskets fitted incorrectly

![Gaskets and pipe offline, fitting incorrectly](image4)

**Fig. 17** Gaskets and pipe offline, fitting incorrectly
3.3 Electrical installation
The TVA flowmeter is a loop powered device. This Section describes loop wiring and shows
typical conductor terminations (The EIA 232C (RS 232) wiring is discussed in Section 4.11,
page 28). It also considers the effect of connecting additional equipment (e.g. recorder,
loop powered display) to the loop.

Wiring the TVA flowmeter
The wiring terminals can be accessed by removing the end cap of the enclosure. A typical
loop wiring diagram is shown in Figure 18.
If an M750 display unit is purchased from Spirax Sarco for use with the TVA flowmeter,
the M750 must be configured to the flow of the TVA flowmeter @ 20 mA. If the TVA flowmeter
4 - 20 mA output is rescaled (see Section 4.6.1), it is important that the 20 mA input valve
on the M750 is also rescaled.

Notes:
The flowmeter must be earthed. The TVA is supplied with a 1 metre earthing lead
attached to a 4 mm threaded hole at the rear of the enclosure close to the 20 mm
conduit holes. An alternative earth cable can also be attached.
Please ensure all paint is removed to ensure a low resistance connection is made.
The earth cable should be at least 4 mm sq and the use of a crimp is recommended.
Remove the silica gel from the enclosure after commissioning.

![Wiring diagram](image-url)
**Power supply requirements**

A nominal 24 Vdc is needed to power the flowmeter. However, the TVA flowmeter will operate correctly as long as the power supply is in the range shown in Figure 19. A single, stand-alone, supply may be capable of powering several transmitters. It can be mounted in a control room or in the field, but cannot be on the same loop. Follow the power supply manufacturer’s recommendations with regard to mounting and environmental considerations.

The graph (Figure 19) shows the range of power supply voltages and loop resistances over which the TVA flowmeter is capable of operating. The loop resistance includes all the wiring.

![Graph showing power supply requirements](image)

**Cable length**

Generally the maximum cable length between the TVA flowmeter and the power supply is 300 m.

However the actual cable length is governed by the number of network devices, the total resistance of the network and the cable capacitance.

**Suggested cable type:** for both loop and pulse should be shielded twisted pairs, each core, seven stranded wire with cross sectional area of 0.5 mm$^2$.

Cable glands suitable for M20 x 1.5 to EN 50262 / IP68 are recommended.

The cable gland / body torque setting is 5 Nm.

The gland nut torque setting (with cable fitted) is 5 Nm.
4. Commissioning

After all mechanical and electrical work has been completed, the following commissioning instructions should be followed.

**The TVA flowmeter should be commissioned with the flow through the unit isolated.**

**Note:** The TVA flowmeter is factory set to display data in metric units. To commission the TVA to display imperial units see Section 4.4.2, page 24.

**Fig. 20 TVA flowmeter display unit**

All commissioning is carried out through the display unit installed behind the front end cap of the TVA flowmeter enclosure. The display unit consists of a small LCD display and a 5 button keypad.

As all the commissioning settings are stored in a non-volatile memory, it is possible to connect a 9 V PP3 battery to the TVA flowmeter’s 4 - 20 mA loop power supply and commission the unit uninstalled. However, the TVA flowmeter should still be zeroed in-line (see Section 4.5.3) and its operation checked. The M750 display unit can be used to provide a remote display function if required, utilising the linear output.

**Rotating the display**

The display can be rotated through 180° to enable ease of commissioning. To rotate the display disconnect the power supply, remove the mounting screws on the display unit, carefully remove the display unit and rotate. Carefully replace the display unit and replace mounting screws. Do not force the display unit into position. Reconnect the power supply. **Note:** Electrostatic discharge (ESD) procedures should be followed while rotating the display.

**4.1 Run mode**

Normally, the TVA flowmeter will operate in the run mode, displaying the total flow, flow, power, pressure or temperature of the fluid passing through the pipeline. After initial power up, the TVA flowmeter will automatically enter the run mode and all commissioning menus can be accessed from this mode. (See Section 4.2, Commissioning mode, for details on how to commission).

In the run mode the fluid data is displayed on several screens which can be accessed by pressing the up or down keys. The display shows a numeric value and an arrow indicating the reading type, i.e. total flow, flow, power, pressure or temperature. All units (except °C) are implied with imperial or metric units being indicated by another arrow. The value of total flow is shown in two parts. The first five digits of the total flow will be displayed and after 10 seconds the following five digits will be displayed. To access the first five digits of total flow again it will be necessary to scroll up or down and return to the total flow display.

**Fig. 21**
4.1.1 Run mode data sequence

The following chart indicates the run mode data display sequence. Depending on the configuration, the flow units will be:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Steam</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Metric</td>
<td>Kg/h, KW, bar g, °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Imperial</td>
<td>lb/h, MBtu/h, psi g, °F</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The TVA flowmeter is factory set to display steam data in metric units and pressing the up or down keys will scroll through the following data.

![Chart showing run mode data sequence](image-url)
4.1.2 Error display messages

Any errors that occur will be displayed in the run mode. The errors will alternate with the normal run mode display and will be prioritised. The errors will be latched and can only be cancelled by pressing the 'OK' button. Once the error message has been cancelled the display will show the next (if any) error.

Any continuous error will reinstate itself 2 seconds after it has been cancelled, and will be indicated by a flashing exclamation mark (!).

Certain errors will also cause the 4-20 mA alarm signal to be initiated. The error messages are displayed over two screens and are:

- **POWER OUT** = Power interrupted.
- **NO SIGNL** = No signal from sensor. (This can also activate the 4-20 mA alarm).
- **SENSR CONST** = Signal from sensor constant. (This can also activate the 4-20 mA alarm).
- **HIGH FLOW** = Flow above the maximum.
4.2 Commissioning mode

The commissioning mode is used to zero the flowmeter, re-range, set and test the outputs and change the pass code.

All data entry is performed via a menu and sub menu configuration with the key pad buttons used for navigation, i.e. to go deeper into the menu the right hand key is pressed, to scroll up and down the menu the up and down keys are pressed and to exit from a sub-menu the left key is pressed. Any data is entered using the OK button. The previously entered selection will flash. After a period of five minutes without any keys being pressed the TVA flowmeter will automatically default to the run mode.

For a full commissioning flow chart see Section 4.3.

To enter the commissioning mode press and hold down the 'OK' key for 3 seconds. The display then shows:

```
ENTER PASS
```

Followed by:

```
7452
```

The leading digit will flash indicating that this is the position of the cursor.

The default factory set pass code is 7452. (This can be changed from within the commissioning mode). The pass code can be entered by using the up and down keys to increment the flashing value and the left and right keys to move the cursor. Pressing 'OK' will enter the pass code.

If an incorrect pass code is used the display will automatically return to the run mode.

After the correct pass code is entered the display shows:

```
BASIC dAtA
```

To exit from the commissioning mode at any stage, continually pressing the left key will return to the run mode.

Pressing the up and down buttons scrolls through the various first level menus. Pressing the right arrow button enters a particular sub-menu.
4.3 TVA flowmeter commissioning flow chart

Power on sequence; turn on all segments, then show the software version no.

---

**Error Messages**

These alternate with the normal run mode display. They will be prioritised and will be latched when they occur. Pressing the 'OK' button will cancel the displayed alarm and allow the next one to be viewed. A continuous alarm will re-occur on the display 2 seconds after it has been cancelled.

- **Power interrupted**: POWER OUT
- **No signal from sensor**: NO SIGNL
- **Signal from sensor constant**: SENSR CONST
- **Flow above maximum**: HIGH FLOW

The 4-20 mA alarm can also be activated.

- **Flow**: kg/h or lb/h
- **Power**: kW or MBtu/h
- **Pressure**: bar g or psi g, depending if metric or imperial units are selected.
- **Temp. °C**: °C or °F
**4-20 mA**

- **PULSE**
  - **yES**
  - **NO**

- **SOURCED**
  - **tOtAL**
  - **ENRgy**
    - **xxxx**
      - **in kg or lbs, MJ or MBtu.**

- **NUM/PULSE**
  - **xxxx**
  - **xxxmS**
    - **Must not exceed 4 pulses per second.**

- **PULSE WIDTH**

- **Comms**
  - **Baud**
    - 1200
    - 9600
  - **Type**
    - **ASCII**
    - **Modbus**
  - **AOP**
  - **XXX**
    - **diSP**
    - **4-20 mA OUt**
      - **xxx.xmA**
      - **PULSE OUt**
      - **CANCL**
    - **Display TEST**
      - **xxx.xmA**
      - **OFF**

- **SOrCE**
  - **sEt.4 mA**
  - **sEt.20 mA**
  - **CHECK 4 mA**
  - **CHECK 20 mA**
  - **OP = 4 mA**
    - **xxxx**
  - **OP = 20 mA**
    - **xxxx**

- **FLOW**
  - **POWER**
    - **xxxx**
      - **in kg/h or lb/h, kW or Btu/h.**

- **AtMOS PRES**
  - **xxx.xx**

- **diR**
  - **S/N**
    - **xxxx**

- **HORIZ**
  - **DOWN**
  - **UP**

- **CLEAR tOtAL**
  - **ZErO MEtER**

- **dRy**
  - **xxx%**

- **uniTS**
  - **MEt**
  - **IMP**
  - **Mass**
  - **Energy**

- **ZErO MEtER**
4.4 BASIC DATA Sub menu

4.4.1 dRy
Pressing the right key will display the dryness fraction. This is the dryness fraction of the saturated steam being measured. This can then be edited to suit the application. Press the 'OK' button to confirm the selection.
After the dryness fraction is entered the display will automatically step to the next sub menu and show 'UNItS'.

4.4.2 UNItS
The units displayed and transmitted can be selected between metric (MEt), and imperial (IMP). A summary of the units is detailed in the Table below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Steam</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Metric</td>
<td>Kg/h, KW, bar g, °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Imperial</td>
<td>lb/h, MBtu/h, psi g, °F</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Select either 'MEt' or 'IMP' and press the 'OK' button to confirm.

4.4.3 CLEAR tOtAL
This function is used to clear the total by pressing and holding the 'OK' key for 3 seconds.
**Note:** The total is backed-up every 8 minutes in the TVA flowmeter’s non-volatile memory. If power is lost the TVA flowmeter could lose up to 8 minutes worth of totalised steam.

4.4.4 AtMOS PRES
This value compensates the flowrates for atmospheric pressure. It should be used if a high degree of accuracy is required or when the TVA flowmeter is installed high above sea level.
**Note:** Values up to two decimal places can be entered.
If metric units are selected pressure units are bar absolute, for imperial units psi absolute.
4.5 MEtER Sub-menu

This sub-menu contains information about the flowmeter and is used to zero the flowmeter and clear the total.

4.5.1 dIR

dIR is the orientation that the TVA flowmeter is installed in. The TVA flowmeter can be installed with horizontal flow up to a pressure of 32 bar g (464 psi g). For installations that require vertical flow either up or down the maximum pressure must not exceed 7 bar g (101 psi g). By selecting down or up the effect of gravity on the cone is taken into account.

Note: Upon entering the dIR sub-menu, HORIZ is always shown first. The actual direction selected is the one which is flashing.

4.5.2 S/N

This is the factory set serial number of the TVA flowmeter and is displayed by pressing the right key.

4.5.3 ZErO MEtER

This function is used to zero the TVA flowmeter manually to compensate for any electronic drift.

The procedure for zeroing the flowmeter is as follows:

- Isolate the pipeline where the flowmeter is installed and ensure that there is no flow. The line temperatures should be above 5°C (41°F) and below 30°C (86°F).
- Press and hold the 'OK' button for three seconds.

On completion the display will step back to S/N.

If ‘ZErO Error’ is displayed, check to ensure that the line is isolated with no flow. If ‘tEMP Error’ is displayed the line temperature is below 5°C (41°F). Allow the temperature to move above 5°C (41°F) and re-zero. Note: The flowmeter should ideally be zeroed once every 12 months.

4.5.4 CLEAR tOtAL

This function is used to clear the total by pressing and holding the OK key for 3 seconds.

Note: The total is backed-up every 8 minutes in the TVA flowmeter’s non-volatile memory. If power is lost the TVA flowmeter could lose up to 8 minutes worth of totalised steam.
4.6 OutPutS Sub-menu

This sub-menu allows both the 4-20 mA and pulsed outputs of the flowmeter to be configured.

4.6.1 4-20 mA Output sub-menu

The 4-20 mA sub-menu allows re-ranging and re-calibrating of the 4-20 mA output.

4.6.2 SORCE

This changes the source data for the 4-20 mA between flow and power.

4.6.3 SEt 4 mA

This sets the value for the flowrate or power, which is equivalent to 4 mA. The minimum value that can be set as 4 mA is 0 and the maximum is the 20 mA equivalent value less one.

4.6.4 SEt 20 mA

This sets the value for the flowrate or power, which is equivalent to 20 mA. The minimum value that can be set as 20 mA is the 4 mA equivalent value plus one and the maximum is the meters rated maximum at 32 bar g. The 20 mA value must always be a minimum of one greater than the 4 mA value.

4.6.5 CHECK 4 mA

This allows the 4 mA value to be re-calibrated. A digital volt meter/multimeter should be connected in series with the 4-20 mA output. Pressing the right arrow button will display OP = 4 mA and the TVA flowmeter will output a steady 4 mA. If the multimeter does not read 4 mA the up and down arrow buttons can be pressed to alter this current until 4 mA exactly is indicated. Pressing the ‘OK’ button confirms the setting.

4.6.6 CHECK 20 mA

This allows the 20 mA value to be re-calibrated. A digital volt meter/multimeter should be connected in series with the 4-20 mA output. Pressing the right arrow button will display OP = 20 mA and the TVA flowmeter will output a steady 20 mA. If the multimeter does not read 20 mA the up and down arrow buttons can be pressed to alter this current until 20 mA exactly is indicated. Pressing the ‘OK’ button confirms the setting.
4.6.7 Pulse Output
This sub-menu allows the pulsed output to be configured.

4.6.8 PULSE
This selects whether the pulsed output is to be used or disabled.

4.6.9 SORCE
This selects the source data for the pulsed output. The source data can be either unit mass per pulse (tOtAL) or unit energy per pulse (ENRgy).

4.6.10 NUM/PULSE
This allows the total mass, or energy, which is equivalent to one pulse to be configured. Units are dependent on the UNIt setting. Metric units will be kg for total or MJ for energy, imperial units will be lb for total or MBtu for energy.

4.6.11 PULSE WIDTH
This allows the width of the pulse to be set. The width can be set in 0.01 second increments from 0.02 seconds to a maximum of 0.2 seconds.
4.7 tESt sub-menu
The tESt sub-menu allows access to the TVA flowmeter's diagnostic tools. From here the display, 4-20 mA and pulse outputs can be tested.

4.7.1 dISP
This allows the display to be tested. Pressing the right button will cause all the segments on the display to be turned on. Pressing the left button cancels the test and steps to the next stage.

4.7.2 4-20 mA Out
This allows the 4-20 mA output to be tested. By editing the value and pressing the 'OK' button the output can be set to the selected output. This current will continue to be transmitted for five minutes unless the cancel option is chosen.

4.7.3 PULSE OUt
This allows the pulsed output to be tested. By selecting 'ON' or 'OFF' the desired test state of the pulsed output can be selected. Once the 'OK' button is pressed the pulsed output will remain in the selected state for five minutes or until the cancel option is chosen.

4.7.4 CANCEL
This allows the 4-20 mA output and pulsed output test signal selected above to be cancelled before the five minutes duration has expired.
4.8 ALARM sub-menu
This sub-menu gives access to setting the action that is required on the 4-20 mA output when an error is detected by the TVA flowmeter electronics. It also gives access to the power alarm function.

4.8.1 O/P ALARM

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HIGH</td>
<td>If the self-diagnostic electronics determine that the sensor output has been constant for a period of time, or is not giving out a signal, it will set the 4-20 mA output to 22 mA.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOW</td>
<td>If the self-diagnostic electronics determine that the sensor output has been constant for a period of time, or is not giving out a signal, it will set the 4-20 mA output to 3.8 mA.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>This disables the 4-20 mA alarm function.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4.8.2 POWER ALARM

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>This disables the 4-20 mA alarm function (default).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON</td>
<td>This enables the power alarm function.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4.9 SW.VER
This allows the software version to be viewed.

4.10 SEt PASS
This allows the default pass code to be changed to a user defined value. It is important that if the default pass code is changed that the new value is noted and kept safe. The new pass code can be recorded on the Table in Section 9, page 32.
4.11  EIA 232C (RS 232) communications

The TVA flowmeter has a MODbus EIA 232C compatible communications link. This enables users to easily interrogate the TVA flowmeter for steam data using either a dumb terminal or a P.C. loaded with a simple terminal emulation program. The connection length is limited to 15 metres and must be in the same building/area as the TVA flowmeter.

The TVA flowmeter communication protocol is set up as follows and is fixed:-

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Baud rate</th>
<th>1200</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Data bits</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stop bits</td>
<td>One</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parity</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Echo</td>
<td>Off</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The response time of the TVA flowmeter is less than 0.5 seconds. If the PC asks for data faster than this (i.e. twice per second), the TVA flowmeter will answer the first request it received, any later requests will be ignored.

4.11.1 Using the EIA 232C communications

It is assumed that:
- The electrical wiring for the EIA 232C communications has been carried out in accordance with the EIA 232C standard. Please note the TVA EIA 232C connection requires a connector RJ11 linked to a 9 way D-type adaptor. Figure 23 illustrates the TVA flowmeter’s RJ11 socket from the front.

The table below lists the RJ11 socket’s pin connections. The signals are named from the PC (or data terminal) end.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>RJ11 pin</th>
<th>9-way D-type</th>
<th>Signal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>Not used</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>DTR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>GND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>RX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>TX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>CTS</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- The communications protocol has been set up on the communicating device as described earlier in this Section. The following is a Table of operating codes in ASCII characters:-

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>User transmits</th>
<th>Note: [LF] means line feed</th>
<th>The TVA responds by transmitting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AT[LF]</td>
<td>Note: [LF] means line feed</td>
<td>Total in kg [LF]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AR[LF]</td>
<td>Flowrate in kg/h [LF]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AB[LF]</td>
<td>Pressure in bar g [LF]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC[LF]</td>
<td>Line temperature in Celsius</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AP[LF]</td>
<td>Power in KW [LF]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AE[LF]</td>
<td>Water equivalent flowrate in</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4.12  After installation or maintenance ensure that the system is fully functioning. Carry out tests on any alarms or protective devices.
5. Operation

The TVA flowmeter operates by measuring the strain produced on a moving cone by an instantaneous flowrate. This strain is then converted into a density compensated mass flowrate and is transmitted via a single loop powered 4 - 20 mA output and pulsed output. The unique design of the TVA flowmeter produces the high turndowns and high accuracy required in process applications.

6. Maintenance

The TVA flowmeter should be zeroed using the zero meter sub-menu at least once a year. This will remove any electronic long term drift that may occur. Frequency of re-calibration depends upon the service conditions experienced by the meter and the application. Re-calibration frequency can be typically between 2 and 5 years.

Replacement of the TVA flowmeter display electronics

To replace the electronics:
- Disconnect the power supply.
- Remove the front housing.
- Remove the mounting screws on the display unit and carefully remove the electronics.
- Carefully unplug the ribbon cable.
- Reconnect the ribbon cable to the new electronics and carefully replace.
- Replace the mounting screws and reconnect the power supply.

Note: Electrostatic discharge (ESD) procedures should be followed while installing the new electronics.

Do not force the electronics/display unit into position.

7. Spare parts

Spare electronics for the TVA flowmeter are available from Spirax Sarco and consist of:
- TVA flowmeter replacement display and electronics with front housing.

It is important that the serial number of the TVA flowmeter is given at the time of ordering.

Example: 1 off Spirax Sarco display and electronics panel for a DN100 TVA flowmeter having the following Serial number D_____.

8. Fault finding

Many faults which occur on commissioning are found to be due to incorrect wiring or setting up, therefore it is recommended that a thorough check is carried out should there be a problem. The TVA flowmeter display has in-built diagnostic features and will indicate a number of errors on the display and via the 4-20 mA output. The errors will alternate with the normal run mode display and will be shown according to priority. The errors will be latched and can only be cancelled by pressing the ‘OK’ button. Once the error message has been cancelled the display will show the next (if any) error. Any continuous error will re-instate itself 2 seconds after it has been cancelled, and will be indicated by a flashing exclamation mark (!).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symptom</th>
<th>Possible cause</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Display is blank</td>
<td>dc voltage is not within the range of 9-28 Vdc.</td>
<td>Check power supply/current connections. See Section 3.3.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Supply connected with reverse polarity.</td>
<td>Change polarity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Electronics faulty.</td>
<td>Refer to: Spirax Sarco Ltd</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Display shows:</td>
<td>Insufficient supply voltage.</td>
<td>Check supply voltage is between 9 and 28 Vdc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NO SIGNL</td>
<td>Current loop resistance is greater than Rmax.</td>
<td>Check current loop resistance and reduce if necessary.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Electronics faulty.</td>
<td>Check current output electronics (refer to Sections 4.6 and 4.7).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Refer to: Spirax Sarco Ltd</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Display shows:</td>
<td>Power supply interrupted.</td>
<td>Ensure power supply is secure and cancel error using the OK key.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>POWER Out</td>
<td></td>
<td>Totals transmitted may not be valid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Display shows:</td>
<td>Cone jammed.</td>
<td>Remove unit from pipeline and check cone movement.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SENSR CONST</td>
<td></td>
<td>Check current output electronics (refer to Sections 4.6 and 4.7).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Electronics Faulty.</td>
<td>Refer to: Spirax Sarco Ltd</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Display shows:</td>
<td>Meter undersized.</td>
<td>Check sizing and replace if necessary.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HIGH FLOW</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Constant 3.8 mA</td>
<td>Error signal set to Low.</td>
<td>Check display for errors and rectify as above.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Check current output electronics (refer to Sections 4.6 and 4.7).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Constant 22 mA</td>
<td>Error signal set to High.</td>
<td>Check display for errors and rectify as above.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Check current output electronics (refer to Sections 4.6 and 4.7).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Symptom</td>
<td>Possible cause</td>
<td>Action</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flow indicated responds to changes in actual flow but value indicated does not correspond to actual flowrate</td>
<td>Flowmeter not properly centred in the pipeline.</td>
<td>The axis of the flowmeter bore should be aligned with that of the pipe.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Gaskets at the flowmeter protrude into the pipe bore.</td>
<td>See Section 3, Figs 15, 16 and 17 for proper installation of gaskets.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Irregularities on the surface of the pipe bore.</td>
<td>Pipe bore should be free of irregularities.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Signal falsified due to bi-phase medium.</td>
<td>Bi-phase media are not permitted. Use a separator for wet steam applications to remove moisture droplets from the steam.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Insufficient upstream/ downstream pipe lengths.</td>
<td>See Section 3 for correct lengths of upstream and downstream pipes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Flow direction reversed.</td>
<td>Check flow direction arrow on primary.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pulse output is incorrect</td>
<td>Pulse output incorrectly set.</td>
<td>Check programming of pulse output, Section 4.6.7.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pulse width incorrectly set.</td>
<td>Check maximum pulse width of counter electronics.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pulse output is overloaded.</td>
<td>Check load ratings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pulse output electronics faulty.</td>
<td>Test pulse output.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>If faulty replace unit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DIVAplus produces large amount of noise (banging and clattering)</td>
<td>Upstream/downstream installation lengths incorrect.</td>
<td>Re-install following the installation guidelines (Section 3).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non zero flow indicated when no actual flow is in the pipe.</td>
<td>Unit not zeroed at commissioning.</td>
<td>Zero unit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4 mA output not calibrated.</td>
<td>Calibrate 4 mA output (Section 4.6.5).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4 mA retransmission set to a value higher than zero.</td>
<td>Reset 4 mA.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Interference.</td>
<td>Check earthing.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
This Table shows all changeable options, and enables records to be made of any changes made to the pass code or other settings. It provides a convenient reference should future changes be required.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub-menu</th>
<th>Changeable settings</th>
<th>Factory settings</th>
<th>Customer settings</th>
<th>Further changes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Basic data</td>
<td>Dryness fraction</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Units</td>
<td>Metric</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Nominal pressure</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Atmospheric pressure</td>
<td>1.01 bar a</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outputs</td>
<td>4-20 mA</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Source data</td>
<td>Flow</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4 mA setting</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>20 mA setting</td>
<td>Flowmeter maximum @ 32 bar g</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pulse</td>
<td>ON</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Source data</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number of pulses</td>
<td>1 per kg</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pulse width</td>
<td>50 mS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Error</td>
<td></td>
<td>High</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pass code</td>
<td></td>
<td>7452</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>