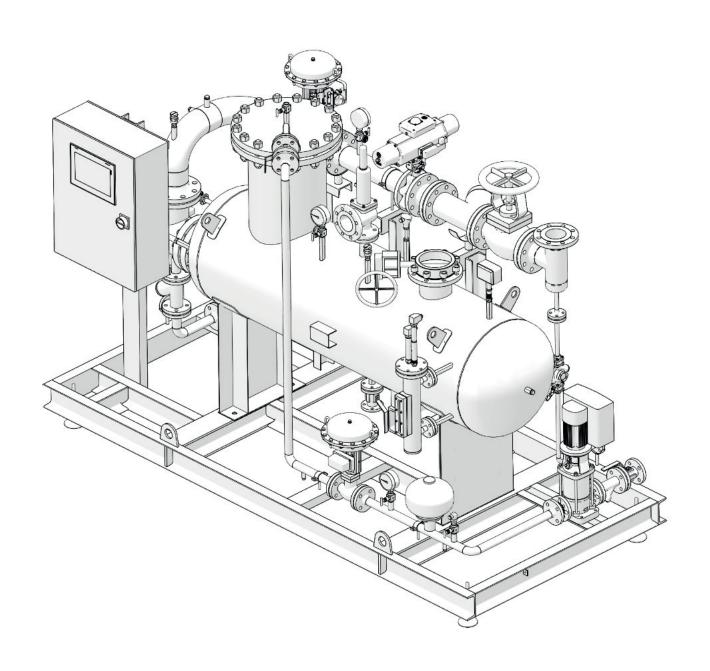


CSG-HS Clean Steam Generation System Installation and Maintenance Instructions



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9.3 Component naming convention

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1. Safety information

In addition to putting your personnel at risk of death or serious harm, failure to comply with the instructions, recommendations and guidance set out in this document may jeopardise your warranty rights. Further, use of the product(s) otherwise than in accordance with this document will be undertaken entirely at your own risk. To the fullest extent legally permitted, Spirax Sarco excludes all responsibility and liability for any and all loss or damage caused in the event that the practices and procedures detailed in this document have not been followed.

Safe operation of these products can be guaranteed only if they are properly installed, commissioned and maintained by a qualified person (see Section 1.11) in compliance with the related operating instructions. General installation and safety instructions for pipeline and plant construction and also the proper use of tools and safety equipment must also be complied with.

General safety notes

This manual is intended to cover the installation, start-up and maintenance procedures of the CSG-HS indirect clean steam generator and must be read in conjunction with the installation and maintenance manuals (IM) of the single components of the unit and related additional safety notes.

Precautions when lifting the unit

The CSG-HS indirect clean steam generator must be lifted from the base depending on the size, adopting a suitable forklift or transpallet for 020 and 055 sizes and using the lifting eye bolts installed on the base frame for 125 and 180 sizes.



Do not lift the CSG-HS indirect clean steam generator by any other part except from the base.

Note: always leave sufficient space around the system for future maintenance operations.

Caution or Warning

Warnings

- 1. The unit is designed and constructed to withstand the intensity of work in ordinary use.
- 2. Use of the product for any other purpose, or failure to install the product in compliance with these Installation and Maintenance Instructions, may damage the product and also cause serious injuries to operating personnel.
- 3. Before carrying out any installation and maintenance procedure, always check that all primary steam, condensate and water return lines on the secondary have been isolated.
- 4. Make sure that residual pressure in the system and in pipework has been vented to atmospheric level.
- 5. To avoid the risk of burns, allow parts to cool before carrying out any type of operation.
- 6. Always wear suitable protective clothing before carrying out any installation or maintenance activity.

1.1 Intended use

Referring to the installation and maintenance instructions and the nameplate of the unit and the Technical Specifications, check that the product is suitable for intended use/application.

The CSG-HS indirect clean steam generator complies with the requirements of the Pressure Equipment Directive (PED) and is **((** marked.

- i) The product has been specifically designed for use on steam and water belonging to Group 2 of the above-mentioned Pressure Equipment Directive.
- ii) Check suitability of material, pressure and temperature and related maximum and minimum values. If the maximum operating limits of the product are lower than those of the system in which it to be inserted, or if malfunction of the product could generate dangerous overpressure or overtemperature, always insert a safety device in the system to prevent exceeding of such limits.
- iii) Determine the correct installation position and direction of flow of fluids.
- iv) The product is not designed to withstand external stresses induced by the system in which it is fitted. The installer is responsible for taking into account such stresses and for adopting adequate precautions to reduce these to a minimum.
- v) Prior to installation, remove protective covers from all connections and and also protective film and packaging elements.

1.2 Pressure Equipment Directive (PED) classification

The clean steam generators CSG-HS series are classified as assembly according the European Pressure Equipment Directive (PED):

Product	Fluid Group	Category
CSG-HS-020	2	III
CSG-HS-055	2	Ш
CSG-HS-125	2	IV
CSG-HS-180	2	IV

For the category of bespoke units, refer to the "EC Declaration of Conformity" supplied with the product. Other component parts of the assembly comply with the relevant European Directives, where necessary. Please refer to specific component literature for further details.

1.3 Access

Ensure safe access and, if necessary, a safe working platform (suitably guarded) before attempting any work on the product. Arrange suitable lifting gear if required.

1.4 Lighting

Ensure adequate lighting, particularly where detailed or intricate work is required.

1.5 Hazardous liquids or gases in the pipeline

Take into account what is currently in the pipeline or what may have been in the pipeline at some previous time. Consider: flammable materials, substances hazardous to health, extreme temperatures.

1.6 Hazardous environment around the product

Consider: areas with a risk of explosion, lack of oxygen (e.g. tanks, pits), dangerous gases, extreme temperatures, hot surfaces, fire hazards (e.g. during welding), excessive noise, moving machinery.

The place of installation of the assembly must be equipped with the fire-prevention devices required by current regulations.

1.7 The system

Consider the effect of the work to be carried out on the entire system. Consider whether the action proposed (e.g. closing of isolating valves, electrical isolation) may put any other part of the system or personnel at risk.

Hazards may include isolation of vents or protective devices or the rendering ineffective of controls or alarms. Ensure isolating valves are opened and closed gradually to avoid shocks to the system.

Ensure tha

1.8 Pressure systems

Ensure that any pressure is isolated and safely vented to atmospheric pressure.

Consider double isolation (double block and bleed) and locking or labelling of closed valves. Do not assume that the system has depressurised even when the pressure gauge indicates zero.



1.9 Temperature

Allow time for temperature to normalise after isolation to avoid the risk of burns and consider whether protective clothing (including safety glasses) is required.

1.10 Tools and consumables

Before starting work, make sure you have suitable tools and/or consumables on hand. Use only genuine Spirax Sarco replacement parts.

1.11 Protective clothing

Consider whether you and/or others require protective clothing to protect against hazards, such as chemicals, high/low temperatures, radiation, noise, falling objects and danger to eyes and face.

1.12 Permits to work

All work must be carried out or supervised by a suitably competent person. Installation and operating personnel should be trained in correct use of the product according to the Installation and Maintenance Instructions. Any formal work permit system adopted must be complied with. Where no such system is applied, a person responsible should be informed of progress of the work and, where necessary, an assistant with primary responsibility for safety should be appointed. Post "warning signs" if necessary.

1.13 Handling

Manual handling of large and /or heavy products may involve a risk of injury. Lifting, pushing, pulling, carrying or supporting a load by bodily force may cause injury, particularly to the back. You are advised to assess the risks, taking into account the task, the individual, the load and the working environment and use appropriate handling methods according to the circumstances of the work to be carried out.

Note: if it is necessary to use slings for lifting, it is good practice to fit these around the plate of the base unit to avoid damage to the unit.

1.14 Storage

Note: If the Clean Steam Generator cannot be installed and put into operation immediately upon receipt at the jobsite, certain precautions are necessary to prevent deterioration during storage.

Responsibility for integrity of the heat exchangers must be assumed by the user. Spirax Sarco will not be responsible for damage, corrosion or other deterioration of heat exchanger equipment during transit and storage. Good storage practices are important, considering the high costs of repair or replacement, and the possible delays for items which require long lead times for manufacture. The followings suggested practices are provided solely as a convenience to the user, who shall make his own decision on whether to use all or any of them.

- On receipt of the CSG-HS Steam Generation System, inspect for shipping damage to all protective covers. If damage
 is evident, inspect for possible contamination and replace protective covers as required. If damage is extensive, notify
 the carrier immediately and Spirax Sarco.
- If the CSG-HS is not to be placed in immediate service, take precautions to prevent rusting or contamination.
- Store under cover in a heated area, if possible. The ideal storage environment for CSG-HS and accessories is indoors, above grade, in a dry, low humidity atmosphere which is sealed to prevent entry of blowing dust, rain or snow. Maintain temperatures between 20°C and 50°C and humidity at 40% relative humidity or lower.

Note: Ambient temperature of the place where the unit will be installed must be above 0°C .

1.15 Freezing

Precautions must be taken to protect products that are not self-draining against frost damage in environments where they may be exposed to temperatures below freezing point.

1.16 Disposal

As the product may contain PTFE and Viton, particular precautions must be adopted to avoid potential risks for health caused by decomposition or combustion of such materials. Unless otherwise indicated in the installation and maintenance instructions with regard to the materials of the seals, this product can be recycled and it is considered that no environmental risk exists deriving from disposal thereof provided that suitable precautions are adopted. However, its components can be checked to verify the possibility of safe disposal.

PTFE:

- _ This material can be disposed of only using approved systems and never in incinerators.
- PTFE waste to be disposed of must be stocked in separate containers, must never be mixed with other waste and must be sent directly to a landfill.

Viton:

- VITON waste can be sent directly to landfills when permitted and accepted by local and national regulations.
- VITON components may also be incinerated but a scrubber must be used to remove the hydrogen fluoride developed by the product, carrying out this procedure in accordance with local and national regulations.
 The components are insoluble in aquatic media.

Electrical:

Unless otherwise stated, the electrical components within this product are recyclable and no ecological hazard is anticipated with its disposal providing due care is taken. The product should be recycled in line with local legislation.

1.17 Return of products

Customers and stockists are reminded that, under EC Health, Safety and Environment Law, when returning products to Spirax Sarco, they must provide information regarding any hazards and precautions to be taken due to contamination residues or mechanical damage which may represent a risk to health, safety or the environmental. This information must be provided in writing, including Health and Safety datasheets relating to any substances identified as hazardous or potentially hazardous.

2. General product information

2.1 Description

The CSG-HS indirect clean steam generator consists of a complete, safe and functional system package, ready for installation and able to produce up to 200/550/1250/1800 kg/h of clean steam (at normal operating conditions) using industrial steam as a primary energy source.

The CSG-HS series of indirect clean steam generators are designed to produce clean steam for sterilisation in hospitals in compliance with EU EN285.

The heat exchange is indirect, for which there is no contamination between the primary steam and the 'clean' steam produced.

Models and applications

CSG-HS-020 for a nominal production of 200 kg/h*	(441 lbs/hr)	
CSG-HS-055 for a nominal production of 550 kg/h*	(1212 lbs/hr)	
CSG-HS-125 for a nominal production of 1250 kg/h*	(2756 lbs/hr)	
CSG-HS-180 for a nominal production of 1800 kg/h*	(3968 lbs/hr)	
	CSG-HS-055 for a nominal production of 550 kg/h* CSG-HS-125 for a nominal production of 1250 kg/h*	CSG-HS-055 for a nominal production of 550 kg/h* (1212 lbs/hr) CSG-HS-125 for a nominal production of 1250 kg/h* (2756 lbs/hr)

Applications Sterilisation of containers, generic use of clean steam.

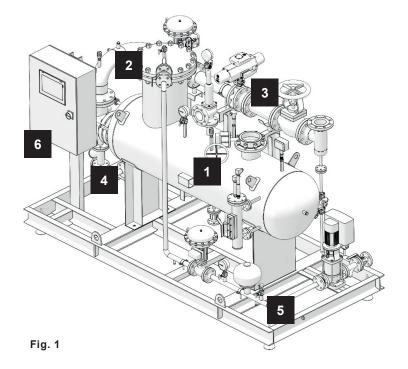
2.2 Identification of the product

The product is identified by the nameplate fastened to the frame.

The CSG-HS unit, (Figure 1), comprises the following main parts:

- 1 Steam generator and instrumentation/accessories, protection and safety devices
- 2 Degassing tower/deaerator basket
- 3 Primary steam control
- 4 Condensate removal
- 5 Feedwater inlet
- 6 Electrical control panel

For a detailed list of equipment and specifications, refer to the P&Id and documentation provided.



Notes:

- 1. For further information concerning individual components refer to the specific technical documentation of each product.
- 2. Further technical information regarding the CSG-HS indirect clean steam generator can be found in TI-P663-01.

^{*} Nominal steam production at reference operating conditions: primary plant steam at 9 bar g (130 psi g), production at 4 bar g (58 psi g), feedwater at 20 °C (68 °F)

Example of nameplate:

- 1. "CE" marking and Id. of notified body
 - Unit PED category
- 2. Unit model
- 3. Product Nomenclature- series
 - = size
 - configuration
 - options
- 4. Unit serial No.:
- YY: year
- XXXXXX: identification number (6 or 9 digits)
- ZZ: unit progressive number
- Year of construction
- 5. Electric and air supply specifications (where required)
- 6. Fluid group (PED), design conditions and circuit hydro test pressure

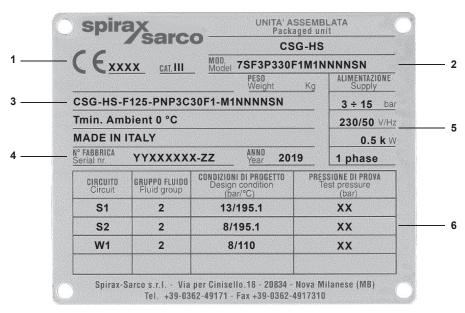


Fig. 2 Note: the pressure values in the nameplate are expressed in 'bar g'.

2.3 Product nomenclature and selection guideThe product nomenclature is based on the characteristics of the main elements and options, identified as follows:

Basic configuration		
Design and	E	EN
Design code	A	ASME
Shell type	F	Flanged openable, shell and tube with integrated deaerator
	020	Up to 200 kg/h (at the reference operating conditions ^)
Heit sies.	055	Up to 550 kg/h "
Unit size:	125	Up to 1250 kg/h "
	180	Up to 1800 kg/h "
Valva actuation tuno	PN	Pneumatic (fail-safe)
Valve actuation type:	EL	Electric (fail-safe)
	P1	EMEA/PLC = ABB AC500 series + 7" display
Control:	P2	EMEA/PLC = Allen-Bradley CompactLogix 1700 series + 7" display
	P3	EMEA/PLC = Siemens S7.1200 series + 7" display
	C0	None
	C1	BACnet IP
	C2	Profinet
	C3	Modbus TCP/IP
Communication interface:	C4	BACnet MSTP
	C5	Profibus
	C6	Modbus RTU
	C7	BACnet (BTL cert.) IP
	C8	BACnet (BTL cert.) MSTP
	0	Base and cabinet made of carbon steel, painted
	1	Open frame and cabinet made of carbon steel, painted
Unit frame/Electrical cabinet:	2	Frame w. side panels and cabinet made of carb. steel, painted
Unit frame/Electrical cabinet:	3	Base and cabinet made of stainless steel (304)
	4	Open frame and cabinet made of stainless steel (304)
	5	Frame with side panels and cabinet made of stainless steel (304)
Control Panel location	S	Side
Control Panel location	F	Front
	1	Steam generator body only
Inculation.	2	Steam generator and hot piping
Insulation:	3	Insulation to EEnv specifcation
	0	Not insulated
	N	None (only plates with anchor holes are provided)
Handling wheels and feet:	F	Adjustable feet
	W	Pivoting wheels, lockable, with feet

	М	Manual stop valve			
Plant steam inlet shut-off valve:	AP		pneumatic:		
Thank Steam mick Shak on Valve.	AE	Automatic isolation valve	electrical:		
	N	None	Cicotitodi.		
Plant steam line trapping:	T	Plant steam line trapping station			
	<u>'</u>	Timed TDS blowdown			
TDS control evetems	2		ulaua matarina)		
TDS control system:		TDS control with external probe (disconting			
	3	TDS control system w. internal probe (con	ilinuous metering)		
Sampling cooler	N	None			
	S 	Sample-cooler and sampling valve			
Feedwater pressurisation system:	N	None (water P > clean steam P + 0,5 bar	g) 		
	P	Pump with VFD			
Indonesia desta dessenta con esta esta	N	None			
Independent downstream plant protection	L	Self-monitoring low level probe LP30 (available only with LP20)			
	Т	Temperature limiter			
	N	None			
Feedwater pre-heating:	PR	Feed water pre-heating by heat recovery from primary condensate			
	PRE	Feed water pre-heating by heat recovery + energy monitoring			
	N	None			
	l1	System diagnostics			
	12	Performance and condition monitoring			
	13	Integrity test			
Intelligent diagnostics	14	System diagnostics + Integrity test			
	15	System diagnostics + Peformance and co	ndition monitoring		
	16	Performance and conditions monitoring +	Integrity test		
	17	System diagnostics + Peformance and co	ndition monitoring + Integrity test		
	N	None			
	M	Manual stop valve			
Clean steam outlet shut-off valve:	AP		pneumatic:		
	AE	Automatic isolation valve	electrical:		
Test and certifications:	S	EU PED test and CE marking of the assembly			
	V	Viscorol (Magnetic Level Indicator)	-		
Level indicator:		LP20 (Capacitance Level Probe)			
		(- 1 =/			

2.3.1 Product nomenclature example
CSG - HS E F 020 - PN P3 C1 - 1 F 2 F - AE T - 3 S P L N I7 - AE S L

2.4 Design conditions

Bolos and alda	Design pressure	13 bar g	(188 psi g)	
Primary side	Design temperature	195.1 °C	(383 °F)	
Secondary side	Design pressure	8 bar g	(116 psi g)	
	Design temperature	195.1 °C	(383 °F)	The complete condition of the design of the supplied units are reported on the P&ID.
	Safety valve set pressure	7 bar g	(101.5 psi g)	
F. a discrete a	Design pressure	8 bar g	(116 psi g)	
Feedwater	Design temperature	110 °C	(230 °F)	

2.5 Operating limits

	Without pump With pump				
Production	Clean saturated steam, up to 6 bar g/165.0 °C (Clean saturated steam, up to 97 psi g/206 °F)				
Primary side	Plant steam, up to 12 bar g/191.7 °C (Plant steam, up to 174 psi g/345 °F)				
Facilities	P min. ≥ P clean steam + 0.5 bar g (P min. ≥ P clean steam + 7.2 psi g)	Net positive suction head required (see below)			
Feedwater	P max 8 bar g/T max 110 °C (P max 116 psi g/T max 230 °F)	P max 8 bar g/T max 80 °C (P max 116 psi g/T max 176 °F)			

Minimum pressure of the feedwater at the inlet flange of the units equipped with pump, to avoid cavitation (NPSHR) = P' min. + dP dP: pressure drop along the water feed pipework, at maximum flow-rate.

P' min. depending on the water temperature:

т	°C	≤ 85	90	95	100	105	110	
	(°F)	(185)	(194)	(203)	(212)	(221)	(230)	(*) Under weter bood
P' min.	bar g	0*	0.05	0.20	0.35	0.50	0.70	(*) Under water head
	(psi g)	(0)	(0.72)	(2.90)	(5.07)	(7.25)	(10.15)	

Minimum ambient temperature: 0 °C (32 °F). Maximum ambient temperature: 40 °C (104 °F)

Unit designed for indoor installation, protect from freezing.

To ensure the correct operation of the clean steam generator, the inlet feed water should have the following characteristics. An excess on these values can compromise the lifetime, maintenance and efficiency of the steam generator.

pH $5.5 \div 7.5 \text{ (at } 20 \text{ °C)}$ Hardness $\leq 0.02 \text{ mmol/l}$

(5.5 ÷ 7.5 (at 68 °F))

Cloride $\leq 5 \text{ mg/l}$ Conductivity $\leq 20 \mu \text{S/cm}$

Attention

In the case the unit CSG-HS is used as a source of steam for sterilization purposes in accordance with EN 285:2015 (E) the characteristics of inlet feedwater should be in accordance with the same normative EN 285:2015 (E).

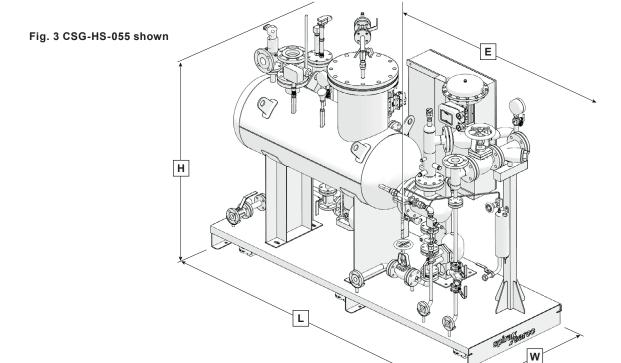
Note: Compliance can be tested in accordance with acknowledged analytical methods.

2.6 Dimensions and weights approximate in mm (inches) and kg (lbs) of a standard unit

			nsions nches)		Weights kg (lbs)		
	L Length	W Width	H Height	E Clearance for tube bundle extraction	Empty	In operation	Maximum
020	2000	850	1850	1250	600	700	850
	(79)	(33)	(73)	(49)	(1322)	(1543)	(1873)
055	2350	850	1850	1300	900	1100	1300
	(93)	(33)	(73)	(51)	(1984)	(2425)	(2866)
125	2450	1450	2060	1600	1200	1550	1800
	(96)	(57)	(81)	(63)	(2645)	(3417)	(3968)
180	2950	1450	2065	2000	1600	2100	2500
	(116)	(57)	(82)	(78)	(3527)	(4629)	(5511)

Indicated dimensions are the maximum dimensions for a specific configuration of the package.

For detailed dimensions of the unit, size and position of the connections, clearance for the tube bundle extraction, weights and other constructive information, refer to the specific general arrangement drawing of the product.



3. Installation

3.1 Installation site

The CSG-HS unit is designed for installation indoors with a minimum ambient temperature of 0 °C (32 °F). Installation outdoors is permitted provided that the unit is suitably protected against adverse weather conditions and freezing.

The unit is not suitable for installation in potentially hazardous zones classified as ATEX. Specific solutions can be provided on request.

3.2 Handling

020/055 sizes:

The CSG-HS unit must be lifted from the base using suitable forklift or transpallet.

Do not use any eyebolts of equipment on board the unit.

If fitted with wheels for handling (option), the unit must be moved in safe conditions and then secured in position using the integrated mounting feet.

125/180 sizes:

The CSG-HS unit must be lifted form the lifting eyebolts mounted on the base of the unit.



Do not lift the unit by other parts or in any manner other than as indicated above.

During lifting, take into account the high centre of gravity of the unit and adopt all the necessary precautions to avoid accidental tipping over of the unit.

3.3 Positioning and fastening

The unit must be positioned on a completely flat, horizontal surface able to support its entire weight at full load. For access to the unit, provide at least one metre of clearance around, and 0.5 m (1.64 ft) above. A space for tube bundle removal has to be considered.

3.4 Process pipework and vents

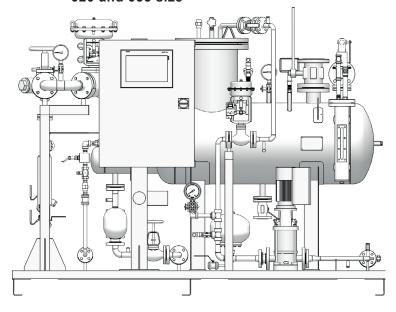
Each unit is provided complete with drawings indicating the position and specifications of connections to be made according to configuration and options ordered.

The main connections of the unit are as follows:

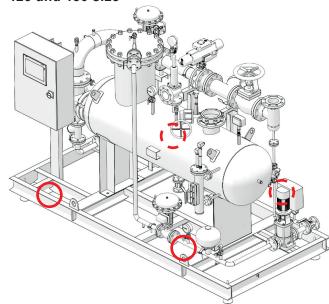
UNI-EN 1092-1 PN16/25/40 connection flanges

For other pipework, according to options installed, refer to the dimensional (or G.A.) drawing of the unit provided.

020 and 055 size



125 and 180 size



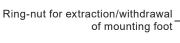


Fig. 4



Connections

		020	055	125	180				
Α	Plant steam inlet connection	DN32 PN25	DN50 PN25	DN80 PN25	DN100 PN25				
В	Condensate outlet connection	DN25 PN40	DN25 PN40	DN40 PN40	DN40 PN40				
С	Clean steam outlet connection	DN50 PN40	DN80 PN40	DN125 PN16	DN150 PN16				
D	Feedwater inlet connection	DN15 PN40	DN20 PN40	DN25 PN40	DN32 PN40				
E	Safety valve discharge	1" G-f	DN50 PN16	DN80 PN16	DN80 PN16				
F	Not condensable vent connection	1⁄4" G-f	1⁄4" G-f	1⁄4" G-f	1⁄4" G-f				
G	Drain connection	DN25 PN40	DN25 PN40	DN25 PN40	DN25 PN40				
Н	Plant steam condensate drain connection	DN15 PN40	DN15 PN40	DN15 PN40	DN15 PN40				
1	TDS Blowdown connection	DN15 PN40	DN15 PN40	DN15 PN40	DN15 PN40				
J	Sampling system (cooling water in/out - sample out)	½" BSP - 6 mm							
	Options								

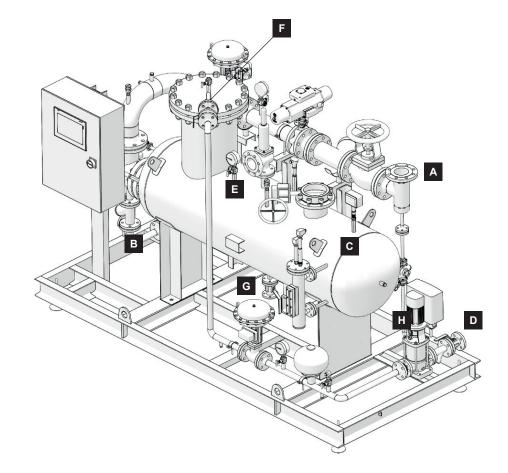


Fig. 5

The steam supplied to the CSG-HS unit must be as dry and clean as possible in accordance with the guidelines of sound steam engineering practices. It is also necessary to verify that all pipes are suitably supported without any excessive loads or stress.



Before making any connection, check that all pipework is clean and free of foreign material or scale that may adversely affect functioning and/or the performance of the unit.

The steam supplied must always be maintained within design operating pressure and temperature limits. The unit shall not work above the design pressures and temperatures indicated on the name plate on the package.

The drawings provided in this manual are for guidance purposes only. For connections of the unit, always consult the attached drawings.

3.4.1 Feedwater inlet

The first step of the installation procedure consists in connecting the unit to the cold feedwater line. The manual isolating valve on the feedwater control line of the unit must remain closed until installation has been completed. The precise position of the feedwater inlet connections, the pipe diameter and size of the attachment flange can be deduced from the drawings provided with the unit.

3.4.2 Clean steam outlet

The next step in the installation procedure is to connect the clean steam outlet of the generator to the clean steam distribution network of the plant. The precise position of the clean steam outlet, the pipe diameter and size of the attachment flange can be deduced from the drawings provided with the unit. A manual isolating valve (if option is not selected) should be installed downstream of the unit on the clean steam line to permit isolation of the generator. This valve must remain closed until installation has been completed.

Note: In the case of units installed in parallel with another generator(s) (common clean steam distribution line), a check valve must be installed on the steam outlet of each generator.

3.4.3 Primary energy source (industrial steam)

Connect the inlet of the primary fluid of the unit to the technological steam distribution network of the plant. The manual (if fitted) isolating valve installed on the primary fluid control line must be closed and remain closed during installation. The precise position of the primary fluid connection, the pipe diameter and size of the attachment flange can be deduced from the drawings provided with the unit



Potential risk of also fatal injury.

3.4.4 Condensate removal

Transfer of heat from the primary steam to the produced (clean steam) generates condensate. The condensate removal from the unit must therefore be connected to the condensate return line of the plant. The manual isolating valve installed on the condensate removal line of the unit must be closed and remain closed during installation. The precise position of the condensate removal connection, the pipe diameter and size of the attachment flange can be deduced from the drawings provided with the unit.

3.4.5 Piping the pressure relief valve to vent and drain

As required by current regulations, CSG-HS unit generators are equipped with a pressure relief valve to protect against the risk of overpressure. Venting of the pressure relief valve (steam) shall be directed towards a safe area to avoid injuries or damage. In most applications, the pressure safety valves should be vented to atmosphere (generally through the roof). The piping used in the vent system shall be of adequate size to handle the capacity of the pressure safety valve. The vent piping system shall be suitable drained to prevent formation of condensate inside this. **The vent pipe of the pressure relief valve shall not be intercepted in any way or even partially obstructed.** For further information and prescriptions regarding connection of the vent piping of the pressure safety valve, refer to the related use and maintenance manual. Venting of the pressure relief valve shall comply with current legislation. The purchaser/installer is responsible for such conformity.

3.4.6 Drainage of the generator

The CSG-HS steam generators are equipped with a drain/bottom blowdown line with manual valve installed on the lower part of the vessel. The blowdown from this valve is at the same pressure and temperature of the generated steam and can cause severe injury or death if not properly piped. In accordance with local regulations or standards, it is recommended that the blowdown lines be connected to a blowdown vessel or condensate cooler before being discharged to drain.

The precise position of the drainage of the generator connection and also pipe diameter and size of the attachment flange can be taken from the drawings supplied with the unit.

The drains of the generator cannot be placed back in the circuit return condensate or feedwater.

3.4.7 Non-condensable gases vent

The CSG-HS steam generators are equipped with a manual control valve to regulate NCG removal. Please refer to the below table for setting the valve based on working pressure of the CSG-HS.

Flowrate 5 kg/h (size 02	0 and 055):	Flowrate 10 kg/h (size 125 and 180):			
Steam pressure: 2 bar	→ ¾ or a turn	Steam pressure: 2 bar	→ Fully open		
Steam pressure: 3 bar	→ ¾ or a turn	Steam pressure: 3 bar	→ 1 and ¾ turns		
Steam pressure: 4 bar	→ ½ turn	Steam pressure: 4 bar	→ 1 turn		
Steam pressure: 5 bar	→ ½ turn	Steam pressure: 5 bar	→ 1 turn		
Steam pressure: 6 bar	→ ½ turn	Steam pressure: 6 bar	→ ¾ of a turn		

Venting of the NCG valve shall be directed towards a safe area to avoid injuries or damage. In most applications, the NCG valves should be vented to atmosphere (generally through the roof). Venting of the NCG valve shall comply with current legislation. The purchaser/installer is responsible for such conformity.

3.4.8 Other blowdown, venting, drainage facilities (where required)

The CSG-HS can be equipped with optional systems for blowdown, drainage and venting, such as for example a TDS control system, primary steam drainage line. In accordance with current legislation, blowdown from the TDS control system should be connected to a blowdown vessel or condensate cooler before being discharged to drain. TDS blowdown shall not be connected to the condensate return line. Primary steam blowdown can be connected to the condensate return line of the plant. Any purge/drain should not be recovered reintegrating the line/water storage tank of feedwater.

3.5 Connection of the power supply

For voltage connections, consult the wiring diagram provided for the unit.



Possible injury or death

Before connecting the power supply, check that the main power switch and system start selector are off (0 position).

Where indicated in the wiring diagram, single phase or 3 phase power supplies are to be connected directly to the main isolation switch. Earth points are provided and must always be connected. Power supplies and earth connections must pass through the appropriate number of cable glands to maintain the IP rating for the electrical panel.

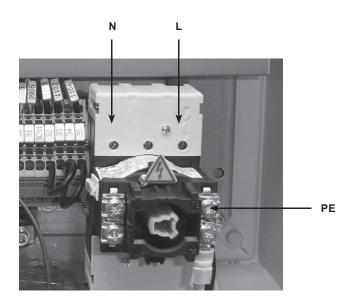


Fig. 6
Version with single-phase power supply

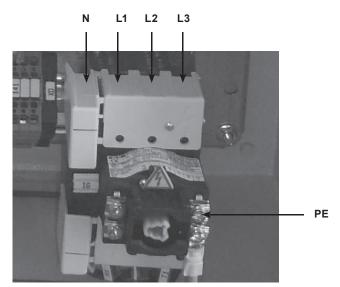


Fig. 7
Version with three-phase + N power supply

All electrical connections must be made by qualified electricians.

The user is responsible for the suitability of electrical connections outside the unit and for their conformity with current legislation.

Before drilling holes in the cabinet of the control panel to connect the power cables and any interface with an external system, open the door very carefully and check that there are no obstacles inside the cabinet. Ensure that there is no contact between electrical cables inside the panel with drilling residues or with metal.



Signal cables must not be laid together with power cables outside the unit to avoid disturbances and interference during operation. Failure to comply may cause also irreparable damage to the equipment.

The user must install a device between the power supply and control panel able to cut off the power if necessary. It is important to check compatibility of the mains supply with that required by the control panel, verifying correspondence with voltage and frequency data indicated on the nameplate.

Unused wires in conduit must be grounded at both ends to avoid a possible shock hazard caused by induced voltages.

The user is responsible for power connections outside the unit and their compliance with current legislation.

3.6 Connection of air supply (where necessary)

If pneumatic actuators or integrity test options are selected, the compressed air must be as dry and clean as possible in accordance with the guidelines of sound engineering practice.

Connect the compressed air supply (minimum 5 bar g - maximum 7 bar g (72.5 psi g - 101.5 psi g)) to the pressure regulators fitted on the valves (CV1 and CV2).

So, before starting, adjust the downstream pressure reducers at least 1 bar g above the spring range of pneumatic actuators (if any):

Actuator spring ranges	Primary steam control valve CV1 with electro-pneumatic positioner SP400 (SP500 as option)	Feedwater control valve CV2 with I/P converter (positioner SP500 as option)		
020	2 – 4 bar g (29 - 58 psi g)	0.4 – 1.2 bar g (5.8 - 17.4 psi g)		
055	1 – 2 bar g (14.5 - 29 psi g)	0.4 – 1.2 bar g (5.8 - 17.4 psi g)		
125	2 – 4 bar g (29 - 58 psi g)	1 – 2 bar g (14.5 - 29 psi g)		
180	2.5 – 3.5 bar g (36.2 - 50.7 psi g)	1 – 2 bar g (14.5 - 29 psi g)		

3.7 Electrical specifications

For detailed electrical information, consult the wiring diagram supplied with the unit.

Туре	Rated power	Suggested supply protection		
Single Phase 110/230 Vac (no pump)	0.5 kW	8A, C Curve MCB		
3 Phase, 200-230 Vac with pump	5 kW	20A C Curve MCB		
3 Phase, 380-460 Vac with pump	5 kW	16A, C Curve MCB		

3.8 Digital inputs/outputs (on all versions)

For wiring, consult wiring diagram provided with the unit.

The control system for the CSG-HS can provide signals to the customer to enable monitoring of the processes. This is facilitated by the use of industrial communications. The communications protocols are included in the nomenclature and are listed below.

4. Commissioning

For correct commissioning, we recommend the service and support of a Spirax Sarco engineer. Please contact your local Spirax Sarco representative for more details.

4.1 Pre-commissioning inspection (initial start-up)

- Most of the new installations during the construction of pipelines and the installation of the system, may inadvertently collect dirt particles inside the pipes. It is essential to carefully remove any residual impurities and dirt in them before starting the commissioning.
- Check that all the manual isolating valves (on primary stream, on condensate blowdown, on clean steam intake and on feedwater)
 are closed.
- Clean the filters upstream of the regulation valves.
- Check that the bottom drain valve VM11 (or VE11) of the unit is closed.
- Make sure that the unit power supply is disconnected.
- Check that primary steam and feedwater design conditions do not exceed the rated values of the unit.
- Check that the design conditions of the downstream system, clean steam side, are not lower than the rated data of the unit or in any case not lower than the calibration pressure of the safety valve installed on the unit, secondary side.
- Check that the feedwater line is properly pressurised and has been vented.
- Check that the supply steam (primary) line is properly pressurised and has been drained/ vented.
- Check that the clean steam line has been drained/vented.
- Check that the air supply line, if any, complies with system requirements.
- Check that the power supply complies with the system requirements.
- Make a double check to verify that all connections to steam, condensate and water lines have been made correctly.
- Check that the bolts of the flanged attachments are correctly torqued.
- Check that all the electrical connections outside and inside the unit, are verifying compliance with the wiring diagram (see wiring diagram supplied with the unit).
- Check the air supply of the filters/reducers of the valves (actuated pneumatically where established) and that it complies with the system requirements.

4.1.1 CLEANING before start-up

The clean steam generator is supplied after a pickling and passivation cycle.

4.2 On-site commissioning procedure

The CSG-HS control system has an integrated commissioning sequence designed to guide the user through configuring, starting and tuning the systems PID settings from factory.

It is assumed at this point that all required pipe connections and services have been connected. To begin the commissioning sequence, all connected services must be available and all critical alarms must be cleared.

- 1. Using the Bolt torque table, ensure that all fittings and flanges are tightened to their correct settings. Ideally these should be identified with a marking compound to allow checks before proceeding.
- 2. Close all manually operated steam isolation valves and provide steam to that part in the line. If automated isolation valves have been fitted, open all manually operated steam isolation valves.
- 3. Open all manually operated condensate valves from the customer's connection.
- 4. Open any manually operated valves downstream of the TDS valve VE12.
- 5. If Integrity test option is fitted, open any manually operated valves connected the Drain Valve VE11.
- 6. Ensure that the NCG valve VM22 is open by the correct number of turns for the intended set pressure.
- 7. Open any manually operated valves upstream water inlet to the CSG-HS.
- 8. Ensure that all trip switches inside the control panel are set to on.

- 9. Switch the control panel Isolator to the On position.
- 10. Check that all pneumatic positioners (if fitted) are set to Auto.
- 11. Power on the control panel and wait for the Spirax Sarco welcome page.
- 12. Tap the welcome page to view the Home Screen.
- 13. At the home screen, select the Main Menu button.



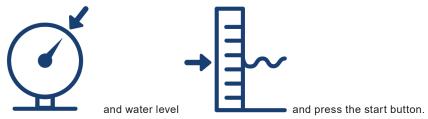
14. Select the System Menu button.



15. Select the Service screen button.



- 16. Select "First Start Up" button and confirm.
- 17. Input the correct clean steam pressure set point



- 18. Follow the on screen instructions.
- **19.** If, as part of an integrity test, a leak is detected, repair the leak and repeat the test. It may be necessary to turn off the control panel to fix the leak. Repeat steps 17-21 to restart the commissioning sequence and re-check for any leaks.
- 20. At the PID Tuning screen, the control system can now simulate high loads and low loads to allow the PID settings to be changed to ensure correct running of the unit.



21. At least one high demand simulation and one low demand simulation is required to complete the commissioning sequence. Select the green tick button to complete.



The commissioning sequence is now complete and the unit will continue to run at the selected pressure and level set points.

The default settings loaded during the commissioning sequence should be sufficient for the majority of simple applications. However, process settings and alarm settings should always be adjusted to suit individual applications and installations.

Once the commissioning sequence has been completed, the settings should be saved from the Factory settings screen. These settings can be updated or loaded from the Factory settings screen on the HMI.



4.3 Start-up procedure

Once the commissioning procedure is complete, the CSG-HS can now be started from the Home screen.

- If automated plant steam isolation valves have been selected, open any manually controlled valves upstream.
- Follow any on screen instructions.



4.4 Shut-down procedure

Once the unit has begun it's start-up sequence, the start button is replaced with the Stop button.

- Follow any on screen instructions.



4.5 Ambient conditions

When the unit is out of service in a low ambient temperature space, with a risk of freezing, it is necessary to completely empty the unit.



Ice inside the generator and inside primary steam line/condensate and feedwater can severely damage the equipment

5. System controls

The CSG-HS control system has a range of controls and functions to ensure the safe and stable running of the unit. Not all functions are available depending upon the configuration of the CSG-HS, these are denoted by the* symbol.

5.1 Runtime controls

Runtime controls affect the response of the CSG-HS and are only active whist the unit is 'running'. During standby, these controls are not enabled.

5.1.1 Automated start-up

The Automated start-up sequence controls the safe start-up of the CSG-HS from cold and empty condition all the way through to fully pressurised and correct water level.

Detailed instructions can be provided by a Spirax Sarco engineer, however a simplified sequence can be found below.

- Raise water level to low level.
- Open automated clean steam outlet isolation valve (if fitted).
- Open automated plant steam isolation valve (if fitted).
- Control valve opens a small amount to warm up unit.
- 105 °C (221 °F) clean steam temperature is measured.
- 0.5 bar g (7.25 psi g) clean steam pressure is measured.
- Ramp up pressure to set point.
- Raise water level to set point.
- Check for pressure and water at correct set point.
- End sequence and start Run sequence.

5.1.2 Automated recovery

If the CSG-HS is still hot or pressurised from previous use, the control system can restart the unit without having to gently warm up the heating coils

Detailed instructions can be provided by a Spirax Sarco engineer, however a simplified sequence can be found below.

- Maintain current water level or raise to low level.
- Open automated clean steam outlet isolation valve (if fitted).
- Open automated plant steam isolation valve (if fitted).
- Ramp up pressure to set point.
- Raise water level to set point.
- Check for pressure and water at correct set point.
- End sequence and start Run sequence.

5.1.3 Automated sequenced shut-down

The automated shut-down sequence ensures that he unit is in an optimal condition such that, when it begins the start-up sequence, the time taken is to reach running conditions is as little as possible.

This includes reducing the water level to the 'low level' so that less time is required to reach saturation temperature.





Detailed instructions can be provided by a Spirax Sarco engineer, however a simplified sequence can be found below.

- Reduce water level to low level or wait for timer limit.
- Ramp down steam set point to 0.
- Close automated plant steam inlet (if fitted).
- Wait for water temperature to drop below 110 °C (212 °F).
- Stop water control.
- Close outlet isolation valve (if fitted).
- End sequence and start standby.

5.1.4 Clean steam pressure control

Control of the clean steam pressure is maintained by use of a PID control loop program in the PLC using pressure sensor PA21 as the process variable. See section 7 for component map. The steam PID set point (set during commission sequence) can be adjusted from the Process Settings screen. The steam PID control value is sent directly to the steam control valve VB31.

The Steam PID set point value can be overridden by the PLC during several processes. These include Ramp up/down (see section 5.1.7), Forward controls (see section 5.1.8) and PID tuning (see section 5.3).



5.1.5 Water level control

Control of the water level within the clean steam side of the CSG-HS in maintained by use of a PID control loop program in the PLC using level sensor LA11 as the process variable. The water level PID set point (set during commissioning sequence) can be adjusted from the Process settings screen. The water level PID control value is sent directly to the water control valve VB01.

The water level PID set point can be overridden by the PLC during several processes.

These include Forward controls (see section 5.1.8), Automated start-up (see section 5.1.1), Automated recovery (see section 5.1.2) and Automated shutdown (see section 5.1.3).



5.1.6 TDS control

Some TDS controls are only available with the correct options fitted when ordering the CSG-HS. The following options may be available on screen if fitted. All automated TDS controls are only enabled when in Run mode. All settings are accessible from the TDS Settings screen in the Process settings area.



5.1.6.1 Interval control

Available across all TDS control options, Interval control relies on a 2 timers to open and close the TDS valve VE12.

If either of the conductivity sensor options are fitted, a limit value for the TDS is still be set on screen and used for process diagnostics.



5.1.6.2 Continuous hysteresis control*

With the inclusion of a conductivity sensor CA11 fitted in the shell of the CSG-HS, the conductivity of the water can be continuously monitored. This allows the TDS valve VE12 to open when the TDS limit set-point is reached and close once the conductivity has been reduced by the TDS Hysteresis set-point.



5.1.6.3 Pulsed hysteresis control*

With the inclusion of a conductivity sensor CA11 fitted in the TDS blowdown line of the CSG-HS, the conductivity of the water can only be monitored when the TDS valve VE12 is open. The interval and duration of these checks must be set to allow a reliable TDS value to be read.

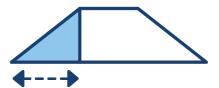
If, whilst the TDS valve is open, the conductivity reading is above the TDS set-point, the valve will remain open until the conductivity reading reduces by the Hysteresis set-point.

5.1.7 Ramp up/down

At the initiation of the Clean Steam pressure control, the set-point sent to the PID program is always ramped up from 0 to the desired set-point over a period of time. This ramp up is used in the automated start-up and recovery sequences.

Similarly, if the clean steam pressure set-point is altered whilst the CSG-HS is running, the ramp sequence will alter the set-point over the ramp period.

The ramp up and ramp down time period can be altered on the Process Settings screen.



5.1.8 Forward controls

Forward controls are used to anticipate extra-ordinary running conditions in order to ensure safe and reliable running of the CSG-HS. There are two conditions that are monitored and two respective controls processes designed to handle them. The Forward Controls settings page can be found in the Process Settings area.



5.1.8.1 Rapid high demand

If a significant and prolonged period of high demand results in a drop of Clean Steam pressure PA21, then the water level set-point is temporarily raised. This is designed to anticipate the rapid level loss due to flash boiling of the water in the CSG-HS due to the drop in pressure.

The values used for the Clean Steam pressure drop, duration of the drop, the raise in water level set-point and the duration of the set-point raise can all be set from the Forward Controls settings screen.



5.1.8.2 Rapid low demand

If a rapid spike in Clean Steam pressure PA21 is detected, then the set-point used for the Clean Steam pressure is temporarily lowered. This is designed to reduce the amount of energy in the CSG-HS and reduce the risk of over-pressurisation.

The values used for the Clean Steam pressure raise rate, reduction of the Clean Steam pressure set-point and duration of the set-point raise can all be set from the Forward Controls settings screen.



5.1.9 Water pump*

If the integrated booster pump is fitted, CSG-HS can independently control water pressure fed directly to the Clean Steam side. The control signal sent to the pump is a target pressure to which the pump drives to. The target pressure is calculated as the pressure currently detected Clean Steam Pressure PA21 + Pump offset. The pump can also be set to maintain a continuous pressure rather than an offset. This is option is only available at commissioning by a Spirax Sarco Engineer. The Pump offset or fixed setpoint can be set from the Water PID settings page in the Process Settings area.



As the pump has its own control system, no bypass loop is required to prevent over-pressurisation.

5.1.10 Ball Valve anti-binding*

The ball valve anti-binding sequence ensures that ball valves which are subjected to prolonged periods in the open position do not stick. To do this, any ball valves fitted to the CSG-HS that are in the open position at midnight each day are given a closed signal for 1 second. After this 1 second closed signal, valves will return to their open position.



5.1.11 High water level

If, whilst in Run mode, the water level in the CSG-HS triggers the Control Band high alarm (see section 6.1), the TDS valve VE12 is opened. When the water level returns to the operating set-point, the TDS valve closes.



5.2 Manual controls

All manual controls are accessible from the Override screen in the System area. All fitted automated valves fitted to the CSG-HS are able to be controlled manually whist the system is in Standby mode. Whilst the system is in any other mode, manual controls are not available.

On/off valves can be opened or closed using their respective toggle button on the screen. Control valves can be moved to a specified position once the valve has been enabled. Disabling the valve will return the valve to closed position.



Whist manual controls are enabled, the CSG-HS will not begin Automated Start-up or Recovery. All manual controls must be reset before continuing.

A warning is displayed if the clean steam temperature inside the CSG-HS has exceeded 100 °C (212 °F). This is to prevent accidental discharge of hot water or steam.

5.3 PID Tuning

PID Tuning is a series of processes that allow the system to simulate loads rises and drops on a running CSG-HS. In order to do this, the PID Tuning sequence reduces the current Clean Steam Pressure set-point by 1 bar g (14.5 psi g).

Once the CSG-HS is running at the PID Tuning set-point, the user can either instantaneously; increase the set-point by 0.5 bar g (7.3 psi g) to simulate high demand, or decrease the set-point by 0.5 bar g (7.3 psi g) to simulate low demand. With either of the simulations, the PID controller will now react accordingly allowing the user to set P, I and D values for both water control and steam control to ensure safe and stable running.



The PID Tuning screen is accessible as part of the commissioning sequence, from standby by selecting the 'PID Tuning Sequence' button, and whilst running by selecting 'Running PID Tuning'.

If PID tuning is initiated from standby or commissioning, the CSG-HS will start normally using the Automated Start-up sequence as described in section 4.2.

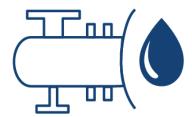
If Running PID tuning is selected, the system will reduce the clean steam pressure set-point by 1 bar g (14.5 psi g) and the PID tuning screen will be visible.

5.4 Optional functions

All functions in this section are part of the optional features packs and will not be available without the correct configuration.

5.4.1 Integrity test*

The integrity test option includes all the necessary valves and measurement equipment to fully isolate the inlet steam side of the CSG-HS from the Steam Control valve VB31 to the Condensate Isolation valve VE51 and perform a pneumatic pressure decay test. This test, when selected will be conducted at the beginning of the next Automated Start-up sequence. At the end of a failed Integrity Test, the user will be prompted to either re-test, stop the start-up sequence or ignore the test and continue the Automated Start-up. Successful test will not provide any feedback and continue with the Automated Start-up sequence.



An Integrity test will always be performed at the First Start-up as part of the commissioning sequence. This test cannot be ignored. The Integrity test can only be re-started or stop the Automated Start-up sequence entirely.

5.4.2 Service sequence*

In order to facilitate the safe and easy maintenance of the CSG-HS, a guided service sequence is available to give a servicing engineer the ability to verify valve operation and clean the heating elements.

Whilst the service sequence is in operation, the CSG-HS cannot go into run mode or begin Automated Start-up.

The Service Sequence initialisation is located in the Service screen in the System area. Operators are instructed to manually isolate all external connections to and from the CSG-HS. This includes plant steam, drain, water, condensate and clean steam lines.



In order to ensure that components are safe to operate independently, a series of temperature and pressure sensors are located throughout the CSG-HS. If a temperature above 25 °C (77 °F) or pressure of 0.1 bar g (1.45 psi g) is detected at any point, all controls are automatically set to a safe position and the service sequence is halted.

Prior to and during the 'Cleaning' phase, the screen will indicate a safe (green), not safe (red) indicator next to each sensor monitored around the CSG-HS to allow the engineer to identify if it is safe to remove components on the unit. At this stage, if the control panel is powered down, the service sequence is retained within the memory of the controller and will return to the same point when power is returned to the panel. This ensures that the Automated Start-up sequence cannot be initiated if components are missing from the CSG-HS

5.4.3 Performance monitoring*

Performance monitoring is a series of sampling, calculation and comparison algorithms that map the performance of the CSG-HS over the full range of operation flow ranges. The flow ranges for each model of the CSG-HS are preloaded into the program and are automatically loaded during the commissioning sequence. With a performance map, the performance of the CSG-HS can be monitored for leaks in or scaling on the heating elements.



The sampling period is limited to a maximum of 10 samples over the flow range or 100 hours of running. After this period the CSG is assumed to no longer be operating under best conditions. Without a minimum of 3 samples, the calculation and comparison algorithms will not operate. Once sufficient data has been collected and the calculation algorithm has been allowed to run, the comparison algorithm can now compare the current run conditions with the ideal model created by the sampling algorithm.

The Performance Ratio Fault Tolerance value is a percentage difference when comparing the mapped value to the current sampled value. Sample exceeding the positive tolerance value are experiencing a drop in performance (typically due to scale build up), while samples dropping below the negative tolerance value are experiencing abnormal increase in energy transfer (typically due to a leak from the plant steam directly into the clean steam). Respective alarms are shown in the alarm screens when tolerances are exceeded. Settings, live readouts and mapped data from the Performance Monitoring algorithms can be found on the Performance Data area of the HMI.

HINT: Key to the accuracy of the Performance Monitoring is the accuracy of the sample data. Specifically ensuring that the measured water flow is as steady as possible. To facilitate this, a series of data filters are available to ensure that flow readings are kept free from anomalous spikes and drops.

5.5 Emergency stop

The emergency stop program constantly monitors a set of diagnostic systems and will prevent the running of the CSG-HS if any of these diagnostics triggers and alarm. The emergency stop can only reset and allow the running of the system when the cause of the alarm is cleared. In addition to the cleared alarms, the Reset pushbutton must also be pressed to clear the Emergency Stop.



When the emergency stop is triggered, the status of the CSG-HS is changed directly to 'Emergency Stop', overriding any previous run status. Additionally, all automated isolation valves are reset, control valves are closed and the water pump (if fitted) is disabled. The diagnostics systems monitored vary depending upon the current run status. For any run status other than Running (i.e. Automated start-up, restart, sequenced shutdown, integrity test and standby) the systems are listed below. See section 6 for more details on individual diagnostics.

- Emergency stop push button
- Major Instrument failure
- Steam control valve failure
- Water control valve failure
- Water pump failure*
- Process limit switches
- Air pressure failure*
- Water supply failure.*
- Electric valve condition alarm

When the CSG-HS is in Running mode, the following alarms are monitored:

- Emergency stop push button
- Major Instrument failure
- Steam control valve failure
- Water control valve failure
- Water pump failure*
- Process limit switches
- Air pressure failure*
- Water level low limit*
- Electric valve condition alarm
- Supply pressure failure*
- Water level control failure
- Water supply failure*
- Water level high limit
- Optional E-stops

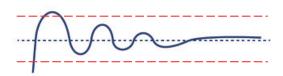
6. Diagnostics

Not all diagnostics are available depending upon the configuration of the CSG-HS, these are denoted by the* symbol.

6.1 Control bands

Clean Steam Pressure Control and Water Level Control are both monitored by separate Control Bands, however both control bands operate the same way.

Control Bands monitor their respective process value and compare to the set-point. Upper and lower bands are defined by percentage value from the set-point. If the process value exceeds either the high or low band tolerances a timer is started. If the timer exceeds the Band Alert time a Control Band Alert is issued to the Alarms screen.



If the process value continues to exceed the band tolerances and the timer continues past the Band Alarm time, then a Control Band Alarm is issued to the Alarms screen. If the process value returns to within the band tolerances, the timer is reset.

Control Bands only monitor in Run mode and not in the PID Tuning sequence. Alarms and Alerts reset when the process value returns to within the upper and lower bands.

Note: Control Band alarms are used by other diagnostic systems. Correct setup at commissioning is critical to robust controls, accurate diagnostics and reduction of nuisance alarms.

6.2 Control capacity

The Control capacity diagnostic monitors both the control value from the PID program and the Control band high alarm for the respective process. This provides engineers with a tool to identify if the capacity of either of the control system is at it's limit and thus impacting performance of the CSG-HS.

Clean steam pressure control and Water level control are both monitored by separate Control Capacity diagnostics, however both operate the same way.

If the control valve is fully open for a period of time and the Control band high alarm is active, then the Control Capacity alarm is triggered. If the control valve is fully open for a period of time and the Control Band high alarm is not active, the Control capacity alert is triggered.

Alarms and Alerts reset when the control valve closes from being fully open.



6.3 Water level failure

The Water level failure diagnostic monitors the High Water Level control system (see section 5.1.11). If the High water level cycle is triggered a number of times within a certain time period, the Water Level Failure alarm is triggered.

The number of repeated triggers and timer period are editable on the HMI.

The alarm is only reset when the Reset pushbutton is pressed.

6.4 High water limit

The High water limit diagnostic monitors the Level sensor LA11 to stop the CSG-HS over filling. When the water level sensor reads 90%, the High Water Level alarm is triggered.

The alarm is reset when the water level reduces below 90%.



6.5 Panel temperature limit

The panel temperature of the CSG-HS is monitored by a PT100 temperature sensor located inside cable trunking of the electrical panel TAX1. If the temperature exceeds the maximum ambient operating temperature of 55 °C (131 °F), the Panel Temperature Alarm is triggered.

The alarm is reset when the measured temperature reduces below 55 °C (131 °F).

6.6 High pressure limit

Each CSG-HS is fitted with a mechanical pressure switch PD21 set to the maximum operating pressure for the unit. This switch is set by the manufacturer prior to dispatch. This pressure switch triggers the Process limit switch alarm.

The alarm is reset when the clean steam pressure is low enough for the mechanical pressure switch to reset.



6.7 Low water level limit*

The Low water level limit diagnostic prevents the exposure of the heating elements and the alarm can be triggered by two methods.

If the level sensor LA11 gives a reading of less than 40%.

If the optional low level switch LD11 is triggered.

The alarm is reset by the water level raising enough to clear the water level switch or be above 40% on the level sensor.



6.8 Water pump fault*

The optional integrated water pump MB01 provides an simple diagnostic feedback signal MD01 which is only triggered when there is a fault with the pump or the control of the pump pressure.

The alarm is cleared when the fault is cleared from the water pump.



6.9 Water supply failure*

The Water supply failure diagnostic monitors the water supply pressure PA01 and only activated when the integrated water pump is not fitted.

When active, the water supply pressure is compared to the control pressure that would be sent to the integrated pump (see section 5.1.9). If the supply pressure is below the control signal, the Water supply failure alarm is triggered.

The alarm is cleared when the supply pressure exceeds the control signal that is generated for the water pump.

6.10 Pneumatic supply failure*

When fitted, the Pneumatic supply pressure switch PDX1 is used to monitor the compressed air supply to the CSG-HS. If the air supply pressure drops below the minimum required pressure, the alarm is triggered.

The alarm is cleared when the pneumatic supply pressure increases above the minimum required pressure.

6.11 Supply steam failure*

The Supply steam failure diagnostic monitors the control signal sent to the Steam control valve VB31 and the Steam inlet pressure PA13 whilst in the 'Running' state. When the control signal requests the control valve to be fully open for longer than 60 seconds and the Steam Inlet pressure is below the current clean steam oressure set-point. The alarm is triggered.

The alarm is cleared once the pressure rises above the clean steam pressure set-point.

6.12 TDS limit*

When fitted with a conductivity sensor CA11, the TDS limit diagnostic monitors the conductivity and will trigger an alarm if the TDS set-point is exceeded for a period of time.

The alarm is cleared when the measured conductivity is reduced below the TDS set-point.



6.13 TDS hysteresis fault*

The TDS hysteresis fault diagnostic closely monitors the TDS control system, specifically the Hysteresis controls. When hysteresis is engaged and the TDS valve is opened, a timer is started. If the timer expires before the measured conductivity reduces by the hysteresis setting, the alarm is triggered.

The alarm is reset when the measured conductivity reduces by the hysteresis setting.



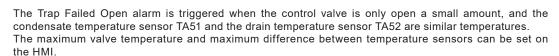
6.14 Trap alarms*

The Trap alarm diagnostics can be split into two conditions based around the two alarms. The alarm for either condition is reset by pressing the Reset pushbutton.



6.14.1 Trap fail open

During normal running conditions, the trap of the CSG-HS will be constantly discharging condensate. As such a failed open trap would not be easily detectable. However, at low flow conditions, it is easier to identify the trap discharging excessive amount of condensate and eventually live steam.





6.14.2 Trap failed closed

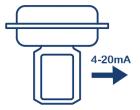
The Trap failed closed alarm monitors the drain temperature sensor TA52. Based on the below calculation, the minimum operating temperature of the drain condensate after the trap can be determined. If, whilst in Running status, the condensate temperature drops below this temperature, the Trap Failed Closed alarm will activate.



Note: there are many causes of blockages in the condensate line that can cause the measured drain temperature to drop below minimum operating condensate temperature. If after investigation, the trap is operating properly, there may be another cause for the backup of condensate, including external to the CSG-HS.

6.15 Valve feedback*

The Steam control valve VB31 and the Water level control valve VB01 are both monitored by separate Valve Feedback diagnostics, however both operate the same way. The valve feedback diagnostics are disabled during the Service Sequence (see section 5.4.2).



The valve feedback diagnostic monitors the control values sent to the control valve compares this to the valve feedback signal for their respective control valves (Steam control valve feedback VA31, Water level control valve feedback VA01). A positive and negative tolerance from the control signal is calculated. If the valve feedback is not within that tolerance, a timer is started. If the timer expires, the alarm is triggered.

The alarm is reset when the control valve feedback reads within the position tolerance.

6.16 Isolation valve feedback*

The Steam inlet VE31, Clean steam outlet VE01, Bottom drain valve VE11 are independently monitored by separate Isolation valve feedback diagnostics.

6.16.1 Fail closed

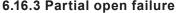
If the valve does not rotate enough to come off the valve closed limit switch within a time limit when commanded, the valve failed closed alarm is triggered.

The alarm is reset when the valve rotates enough to turn off the valve closed limit switch.

6.16.2 Fail open

If the valve does not rotate enough to come off the valve open limit switch within a time limit when commanded, the valve failed open alarm is triggered.

The alarm is reset when the valve rotates enough to turn off the valve open limit switch.



If, when commanded, the valve takes too long to transition from closed to open, or from open to closed, the Partial open failure alarm is triggered.

The alarm is reset of the valve completes the rotation and triggers the correct limit switch.

6.16.4 Open speed

If, when commanded, the valve opens too quickly, the Open speed alarm is triggered. The alarm is reset when the correct valve opening speed is achieved.

6.17 Analogue input diagnostic

The Analogue input diagnostic is able to detect if an analogue input signal has been electrically disconnected from the system (sensor failure, wires disconnected, etc), or if the signal wires have been directly connected (wires pinched or damaged). The Open circuit alarm and Short circuit alarms are triggered respectively.

The alarms are reset when a correct input signal is detected.

6.18 Optional E-stop triggers

All alarms, not already included in the Emergency stop sequence (see section 5.5), have the option of triggering an emergency stop. When enabled, the alarms must be cleared before the emergency stop sequence can be reset.

6.19 Umbrella alarms

Umbrella alarms are not directly displayed on the Alarms page of the HMI. These alarms are collective names given to alarms used in the Emergency stop sequence (see section 5.5)

6.19.1 Major instrument fault

The Major instrument fault covers the analogue input alarms for all sensors that are essential the safe running of the CSG-HS. If any of these analogue input alarms are triggered, the Emergency Stop sequence will be started and will not be able to be reset until the alarms are cleared.

The following Analogue Input Diagnostic alarms are included in the Major Instrument Fault umbrella alarms:

- Clean steam temperature TA21
- Control panel temperature TAX1
- Water pressure PA01‡
- Clean steam pressure PA21
- Water level LA11



6.20 Steam control valve failure

The Steam control valve failure covers all diagnostics related to the Steam control valve VB31. If any of the alarms associated with these diagnostics are triggered, the Emergency stop sequence will be started and will not be able to be reset until the alarms are cleared.

The following diagnostic alarms are included in the Steam control valve failure umbrella alarm:

- Valve Feedback analogue input diagnostics VA31
- Valve Feedback diagnostic VA31



6.21 Water level control valve failure

The Water level control valve failure covers all diagnostics related to the Water level control valve (VB01). If any of the alarms associated with these diagnostics are triggered, the Emergency stop sequence will be started and will not be able to be reset until the alarms are cleared.

The following diagnostic alarms are included in the Water level control valve failure umbrella alarm:

- Valve feedback analogue input diagnostics VA01
- Valve feedback diagnostic VA01



7. Troubleshooting

Alarm	Alarm PLC tag	Alarm description		Identfier	Fault	
number			Physical	Process	System	
1	ALA_PERF_CACL	Heat exchanger scaling alarm	-	Begin to lose flow capacity	More primary steam required	Scale formation on heating element
2	ALA_PERF_LEAK	Supply steam leaking through to clean side alarm	-	-	Over pressure during low flow conditions	Leaking from primary to secondary side
			Leak pipe joints			Leak in pipe joints
3	ALA_TEST_LEAK	Cold leak test alarm	Leak in steam control valve	Ceased production of clean steam	Emergency stop displayed	Leak in steam control valve
			Leaks in Integrity test valves			Leak in isolation valves
4	ALARM_SERV_ STOP	Temperature or pressure alarm in service sequence	Hot pipes		Temperature or pressure detected	System isolation not complete
	CA11_ANLG_ALA_ OPEN	Water conductivity Analog input alarm circuit open	Cables removed		Flashing conductivity readings	Wire removed from sensor
5			from sensor	-		Sensor failure
						BC3250 controller failure
	CA11_ANLG_ALA_ SHRT	Water conductivity Analog input alarm short circuit	Pinched cable from sensor		Flashing conductivity readings	Wire pinched or kinked
6				-		Sensor failure
						BC3250 controller failure

	C	omponent			Cause			Action								
TAG number	Item description	Control type	Zone	Instance	Alarm No	ALARM PLC TAG	ALARM DESCRIPTION									
-	-	-	_	-	Poor water quality/water hardness		Remove and clean heating elements									
					, so maior quanty, maior marchicos			Improve water quality								
						Manufacturin	g fault	Replace heating element								
-	-	-	-	-	Fatigue		Identify failed part with tag and schematic in IMI. Consult individual product IMI by scanning the QR or following web search. Replace or repair failed part.									
-	-	-	-	-		-		Inspect pipe joints								
VA31	Steam control valve	Anaolgue input	3	1		-		Inspect steam control valve								
-	-	-	-	-		-		Inspect isolation valves								
					7	COND_ TEMP_HI	Condensate temperature hot									
					11	FEED_PRES_ HI	Feedwater pressurised									
					12	FEED_TEMP_ HI	Feedwater temperature hot									
					25	PRI_PRES_ HI	Primary side pressurised									
-	-	-	-	-	27	PRI_TEMP_HI	Primary side temperature hot	Inspect isolation valves								
					32	SEC_PRES_ HI	Secondary side pressurised									
					33	SEC_TEMP_ HI	Clean steam temperature hot									
					62	WASTE_ TEMP_HI	Waste steam temperature hot									
					64	WASTE_ TEMP_HI	Water in temperature hot									
						Operator error		Replace cable								
CA11	Conductivity sensor	Analogue 1					1 1			1	1	1				Replace sensor
					Refer to technical documentation			Replace controller								
			1					Operator error		Replace cable						
CA11	Conductivity sensor	Analogue input		1	Refer to technical documentation Refer to technical documentation		Replace sensor									
							Replace controller									

Troubleshooting continued on next page

Alarm	Alarm PLC tag	Alarm description		Identfier	Fault	
number			Physical	Process	System	
7	COND_TEMP_HI	Condensate temperature hot	Temperature exceeds 40 °C/104 °F	-	High condensate temperature alarm	System isolation not complete
	FA01_ANLG_ALA_ OPEN	Feedwater flow rate Analog input alarm	Cables removed from sensor	-	Flashing conductivity	Wire removed from sensor
9						Sensor failure
		circuit open			readings	BC3250 controller failure
		Feedwater flow rate			Flashing	Wire pinched or kinked
10	FA01_ANLG_ALA_ SHRT	temperature Analog input alarm short circuit	Pinched cable from sensor	-	conductivity	Sensor failure
					readings	BC3250 controller failure
11	FEED_PRES_HI	Feedwater	Pressure exceeds	_	Warning displayed	Service sequence
	TEED_I NEO_III	pressurised	0.1 bar g/ 1.45 psi g		Emergency stop	Col vice sequence
12	FEED_TEMP_HI	Feedwater temperature hot	Temperature exceeds 40 °C/104 °F	-	Warning displayed	Service sequence
					Emergency stop	Convice sequence
	LA11_ANLG_ALA_ OPEN	Panel temperature analogue input alarm circuit open	Cables removed from sensor	Ceased production of clean steam	Emergency stop displayed on HMI/ Flashing conductivity readings	Wire removed from sensor
13						Sensor failure
						BC3250 controller failure
	LA11_ANLG_ALA_ SHRT	Panel temperature analogue input alarm short circuit	Pinched cable from sensor	Ceased production of clean steam	Emergency stop displayed on HMI/ Flashing	Wire pinched or kinked
14						Sensor failure
		alaimi Short Circuit			conductivity readings	BC3250 controller failure
	PA01_ANLG_ALA_ Panel temperat analogue inpraid alarm circuit or	Danal tanananatura			Emergency stop displayed on HMI/ Flashing conductivity readings	Wire removed from sensor
16		analogue input	Cables removed from sensor	Ceased production of clean steam		Sensor failure
		alarm circuit open				BC3250 controller failure
	PA01_ANLG_ALA_ SHRT		Pinched cable from sensor	Ceased production of clean steam	Emergencey stop displayed on HMI/ Flashing conductivity readings	Wire pinched or kinked
17						Sensor failure
						BC3250 controller failure

	С	Component				Cause		Action
TAG number	Item description	Control type	Zone	Instance	Alarm No	ALARM PLC TAG	ALARM DESCRIPTION	
TA41	Temperature sensor	Analogue input	4	1		Operator e	error	Close isolation valve VM51
						Operator e	error	Replace cable
FA01	Flowmeter	Analogue input	0	1	R	efer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace sensor
		,			R	efer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace controller
						Operator e	error	Replace cable
FA01	Flowmeter	Analogue input	0	1	R	efer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace sensor
		·			R	efer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace controller
-	-	-	-	-	Ins	ufficent isolation d	uring servicing	Work and check isolation valves
-	-	-	-	-	Ins	ufficent isolation d	Work and check isolation valves	
						Operator e	error	Replace cable
LA11	Level sensor	Analogue input	1	1	R	efer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace sensor
					R	efer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace controller
						Operator e	error	Replace cable
LA11	Level sensor	Analogue input	1	1	R	efer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace sensor
					R	efer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace controller
						Operator e	error	Replace cable
PA01	Pressure sensor	Analogue input	0	1	Refer to technical documentation		Replace sensor	
					Refer to technical documentation		Replace controller	
					Operator error		Replace cable	
 PA01	Pressure sensor	Analogue input	0	1	R	efer to technical de	ocumentation	Replace sensor
		, , , ,			R	efer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace controller

number			Dhysical			
			Physical	Process	System	
		Panel temperature			Emergency stop displayed on HMI/	Wire removed from sensor
18 PA	A21_ANLG_ALA_ OPEN	analogue input	Cables removed from sensor	Ceased production of clean steam	Flashing	Sensor failure
		alarm circuit open			conductivity readings	BC3250 controller failure
		Panel temperature			Emergency stop displayed on HMI/	Wire pinched or kinked
19 PA	A21_ANLG_ALA_ SHRT	analogue input	Pinched cable from sensor	Ceased production of clean steam	Flashing	Sensor failure
		alarm short circuit			conductivity readings	BC3250 controller failure
		Supply steam in			Flashing	Wire removed from sensor
20 PA	A31_ANLG_ALA_ OPEN	pressure Analog input alarm circuit	Cables removed from sensor	-	conductivity	Sensor failure
		open			readings	BC3250 controller failure
		Supply steam in			Flashing	Wire pinched or kinked
21 PA	A31_ANLG_ALA_ SHRT	pressure Analog input alarm short	Pinched cable from sensor	-	conductivity	Sensor failure
		circuit			readings	BC3250 controller failure
22	PRI_BAND_HI_ ALARM	Primary band HIGH alarm	-	Emergencey stop sequence - Ceased production of clean steam	Emergency stop displayed on HMI	Reduced primary pressure
23	RI_BAND_LOW_ ALARM	Primary band LOW alarm	Control valve failed closed	Emergencey stop sequence - Ceased production of clean steam	Emergency stop displayed on HMI	Customer steam supply
24 PF	PRI_CAP_ALARM	Primary control capacity alarm	Valve over 99% open	Target clean steam pressure not achieved	Alarm displayed on HMI	Steam demand exceeds CSG capacity.
25	PRI_PRES_HI	Primary side pressurised	Pressure exceeds 0.1 bar g/ 1.45 psi g		Emergency stop displayed on HMI	Service sequence
26 P	PRI_PRES_LOW	Primary pressure low alarm	Valve 100% open	Emergencey stop sequence - Ceased production of clean steam	Emergency stop displayed on HMI	Primary pressure PA31 lower than setpoint for clean steam pressure
27	PRI_TEMP_HI	Primary side temperature hot	Temperature exceeds 40 °C/104 °F	-	-	-
28 S	SEC_BAND_HI_ ALARM	Secondary band HIGH alarm	-	-	Alarm displayed on HMI	Leaking within valve
	/ \L/ \l \\\\\	THOM didini			1 11911	PID Settings

	С	omponent			Cause			Action
TAG number	Item description	Control type	Zone	Instance	Alarm No	ALARM PLC TAG	ALARM DESCRIPTION	
					Operator error			Replace cable
PA21	Pressure sensor	Analogue input	2	1	R	lefer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace sensor
					R	efer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace controller
						Operator 6	error	Replace cable
PA21	Pressure sensor	Analogue input	2	1	R	efer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace sensor
					R	tefer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace controller
						Operator 6	error	Replace cable
PA31	Pressure sensor	Analogue input	3	1	R	lefer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace sensor
					R	lefer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace controller
						Operator e	error	Replace cable
PA31	Pressure sensor	Analogue input	3	1	R	lefer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace sensor
		'			R	tefer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace controller
								Re-tune system
-	-	-	-	-		Setpoint not a	chieved	Leaking control valve
						Codensate bl	ockage	Tune PID
-	-	-	-	-	Insuffie	cnt customer stea inlet stea	m supply/ Qaulity of am	Fix Inlet steam supply
-	-	-	-	-		Insufficient c	apacity	Review IMI to check capacities
-	-	-	-	-	Incorrectly isolated valves		Check isolation valves	
PA31	Pressure sensor	-	-	-	Insufficient customer steam suppy		Increase supply of inlet steam	
-		-	-	-	-		-	
VA01	Water control valve	Analogue input	0	1	Water control valve stuck open		Inspect water control valve to identify cause	
						Poor PID Se	ettings	Adjust PID settings

Alarm	Alarm PLC tag	Alarm description		Identfier	Fault	
number			Physical	Process	System	
						Water supply not sufficent
			No noise/ pump not spinning	No feedwater pressure	Water pump failure alarm	Air lock in water pump
						Power loss to pump
						Pump mechanical/ electrical failure
			Valve closed when not instructed		Water level low alarm Valve	For more
			Reduced water level on visual boiler sight glass	_	feedback alarm (OPT)	information see alarm 60
29	SEC_BAND_LOW_ ALARM	Secondary band LOW alarm	Boiler water being dumped to drain, potential for flash steam		Water level low alarm Valve feedback alarm (OPT)	Valve failure
			Excess Steam coming from drain Water level indicator low Sound from valve	Potential reduced CSG capacity More water consumption	-	Debris/ Wear
						TDS settings too Low
			Possible reduced pressure on pressure dial	-	-	Inlet water supply
30	SEC_CAP_ALARM	Secondary control capacity alarm	Valve over 99% open	Target clean steam pressure not achieved	Alarm on HMI	Steam demand exceeds CSG capacity
31	SEC_LVL_LOW	Secondary side boiler water level low	Level indicator low	Emergencey stop sequence - Ceased production of clean steam	Low water level alarm displayed, Emergency stop displayed on HMI	Water level lower than setpoint
32	SEC_PRES_HI	Secondary side pressurised	Pressure exceeds 0.1 bar g/ 1.45 psi g	-	Emergency Stop displayed on HMI	Service sequence
33	SEC_TEMP_HI	Clean steam temperature hot	Temperature exceeds 40 °C/104 °F	-	-	Temperature exceeds 40 °C/104 °F

	C	omponent				Cause	!	Action
TAG number	Item description	Control type	Zone	Instance	Alarm No	ALARM PLC TAG	ALARM DESCRIPTION	
						-		Check water supply (Pressure and ensure no debris - Check strainers/ Filters)
MB01 MD01	Pump	Analogue output Digital input	0	1		-		Check air bleed
		input				-		Check power status
						Pump fail	ure	Refer to pump IMI
11001	Supply water	Analogue			Fo	r more information	see Alarm 60	For more Information see alarm 60
VB01	control valve	output	0	1				
VE11	Drain valve	Digital output	1	1		Visual inspection		Identify failed part with tag and schematic in IMI. Consult individual product IMI by scanning the QR or following web search. Replace or repair failed part.
	TDS control					Wear of seat		Identify failed part with tag and schematic in IMI. Consult individual product IMI by scanning the QR or following web search. Replace or repair failed part.
VE12	valve	Digital output	1	2		Debris in pip	peline	Check strainer screen on water inlet. Check for debris origin.
						TDS valve stu	ck open	Visit TDS Blowdown section in IMI for details. Check input water conductivity.
-	-	-	-	-		Inlet water supp	oly failure	Check inlet water supply for any blockages
-	-	-	-	-	Insufficient capacity		Review IMI to check capacities	
-	-	-	-	-				
-	-	-	-	-	Isolation valves in service sequence		Check isolation valves	
-	-	-	-	-		-		-

Alarm	Alarm PLC tag	Alarm description		Identfier		Fault
number			Physical	Process	System	
		Feedwater			Flashing	Wire removed from sensor
34	TA01_ANLG_ALA_ OPEN	temperature Analog input alarm circuit	Cables removed from sensor	-	conductivity	Sensor failure
		open			readings	BC3250 controller failure
		Feedwater			Flashing	Wire pinched or kinked
35	TA01_ANLG_ALA_ SHRT	temperature Analog input alarm short	Pinched cable from sensor	-	conductivity	Sensor failure
		circuit			readings	BC3250 controller failure
		Panel temperature		Emergencey stop	Emergency Stop displayed on HMI/	Wire removed from sensor
36	TA0X_ANLG_ALA_ OPEN	analogue input alarm circuit open	Cables removed from sensor	sequence - Ceased production of clean	Flashing	Sensor failure
		aların circuit open		steam	readings	BC3250 controller failure
		Panel temperature		Emergencey stop	Emergencey Stop displayed on HMI/	Wire pinched or kinked
37	TA0X_ANLG_ALA_ SHRT	analogue input	Pinched cable from sensor	sequence - Ceased production of clean	Flashing	Sensor failure
		alarm Short Circuit		steam	readings	BC3250 controller failure
38	TA0X_HIGH_ ALARM	Panel temperature limit alarm		Emergencey stop sequence - Ceased production of clean steam	Emergency stop displayed with high panel temperature alarm	High panel temperature
		Water in			Flashing	Wire removed from sensor
39	TA11_ANLG_ALA_ OPEN	temperature Analog input alarm circuit	Cables removed from sensor	-	conductivity	Sensor failure
		open			readings	BC3250 controller failure
		Water in			Flashing	Wire pinched or kinked
40	TA11_ANLG_ALA_ SHRT	temperature Analog input alarm short	Pinched cable from sensor	-	conductivity	Sensor failure
		circuit			readings	BC3250 controller failure
		Clean steam		Emergencey stop	Emergency Stop displayed on HMI/	Wire removed from sensor
41	TA21_ANLG_ALA_ OPEN	temperature Analog input alarm circuit	Cables removed from sensor	sequence - Ceased production of clean	Flashing	Sensor failure
		open		steam	conductivity readings	BC3250 controller failure
		Clean steam			Emergency Stop	Wire pinched or kinked
42	TA21_ANLG_ALA_ SHRT		Pinched cable from sensor	sequence - Ceased production of clean	displayed on HMI/ Flashing	Sensor failure
		circuit		steam	conductivity readings	BC3250 controller failure

	C	omponent				Cause	•	Action
TAG number	Item description	Control type	Zone	Instance	Alarm No	ALARM PLC TAG	ALARM DESCRIPTION	
						Operator e	error	Replace cable
TA01	Temperature sensor	Analogue input	0	1	R	tefer to technical d	locumentation	Replace sensor
		'			R	lefer to technical d	locumentation	Replace controller
						Operator e	error	Replace cable
TA01	Temperature sensor	Analogue input	0	1	R	lefer to technical d	locumentation	Replace sensor
					R	tefer to technical d	locumentation	Replace controller
						Operator e	error	Replace cable
TAX1	Temperature of panel	Analogue input	0	1	R	lefer to technical d	locumentation	Replace sensor
					R	tefer to technical d	locumentation	Replace controller
						Operator e	error	Replace cable
TAX1	Temperature of panel	Analogue input	0	1	R	tefer to technical d	locumentation	Replace sensor
	·	'			R	lefer to technical d	locumentation	Replace controller
TAX1	Temperature of panel	Analogue Input	Х	1		High ambient te	mperature	Reduce enviroment temperature
						Operator (error	Replace cable
TA11	Temperature sensor	Analogue input	1	1	R	tefer to technical d	locumentation	Replace sensor
		·			R	lefer to technical d	locumentation	Replace controller
						Operator (error	Replace cable
TA11	Temperature sensor	Analogue input	1	1	R	lefer to technical d	locumentation	Replace sensor
		·			Refer to technical documentation		Replace controller	
					Operator error		Replace cable	
TA21	Temperature sensor	Analogue input	2	1	Refer to technical documentation		Replace sensor	
					Refer to technical documentation		Replace controller	
					Operator error		Replace cable	
 TA21	Temperature sensor	Analogue input	2	1	R	lefer to technical d	locumentation	Replace sensor
					R	lefer to technical d	locumentation	Replace controller

Alarm	Alarm PLC tag	Alarm description		Identfier		Fault
number			Physical	Process	System	
		Supply steam			Flashing	Wire removed from sensor
43	TA31_ANLG_ALA_ OPEN	temperature Analog input alarm circuit	Cables removed from sensor	-	conductivity	Sensor failure
		open			readings	BC3250 controller failure
		Supply steam			Flashing	Wire pinched or kinked
44	TA31_ANLG_ALA_ SHRT	temperature Analog input alarm short	Pinched cable from sensor	-	conductivity	Sensor failure
		circuit			readings	BC3250 controller failure
		Supply waste			Flashing	Wire removed from sensor
45	TA41_ANLG_ALA_ OPEN	temperature Analog input alarm circuit	Cables removed from sensor	-	conductivity	Sensor failure
		open			readings	BC3250 controller failure
		Supply waste			Flashing	Wire pinched or kinked
46	TA41_ANLG_ALA_ SHRT	temperature Analog input alarm short	Pinched cable from sensor	-	conductivity	Sensor failure
		circuit			readings	BC3250 controller failure
		Condensate out			Flashing	Wire removed from sensor
47	TA51_ANLG_ALA_ OPEN	temperature Analog input alarm circuit	Cables removed from sensor	-	conductivity	Sensor failure
		open			readings	BC3250 controller failure
		Condensate out			Flashing	Wire pinched or kinked
48	TA51_ANLG_ALA_ SHRT	temperature Analog input alarm short	Pinched cable from sensor	-	conductivity	Sensor failure
		circuit			readings	BC3250 controller failure
		Drain temperature			Flashing	Wire removed from sensor
49	TA52_ANLG_ALA_ OPEN	analogue input	Cables removed from sensor	-	conductivity	Sensor failure
		alarm circuit open			readings	BC3250 controller failure
		Drain temperature			Flaching	Wire pinched or kinked
50	TA52_ANLG_ALA_ SHRT		Pinched cable from sensor	-	Flashing conductivity	Sensor failure
		alarını short circult			readings	BC3250 controller failure

	С	omponent			Cause			Action
TAG number	Item description	Control type	Zone	Instance	Alarm No	ALARM PLC TAG	ALARM DESCRIPTION	
						Operator 6	Replace cable	
TA31	Temperature sensor	Analogue input	3	1	R	efer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace sensor
		·			R	efer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace controller
						Operator e	error	Replace cable
TA31	Temperature sensor	Analogue input	3	1	R	efer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace sensor
		'			R	efer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace controller
						Operator e	error	Replace cable
TA41	Temperature sensor	Analogue input	4	1	R	efer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace sensor
		·			R	efer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace controller
						Operator e	error	Replace cable
TA41	Temperature sensor	Analogue input	4	1	R	efer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace sensor
		·			R	efer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace controller
						Operator e	error	Replace cable
TA51	Temperature sensor	Analogue input	5	1	R	efer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace sensor
		'			R	efer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace controller
						Operator e	error	Replace cable
TA51	Temperature sensor	Analogue input	5	1	R	efer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace sensor
		·			R	efer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace controller
					Operator error		Replace cable	
TA52	Temperature sensor	Analogue input	5	2	Refer to technical documentation		Replace sensor	
					Refer to technical documentation		Replace controller	
					Operator error		Replace cable	
 TA52	Temperature sensor	Analogue input	5	2	R	efer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace sensor
		,,,,			R	efer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace controller

Alarm	Alarm PLC tag	Alarm description		Identfier	Fault	
number			Physical	Process	System	
51	TDS_HI	TDS failure	-	High levels of	TDS alarm displayed	TDS set point exceeded
31	100_111	100 failule	-	conductivity	100 alami displayed	Invalid time duration entry
52	TDS_HYS_FAIL	TDS hysteresis fault	Continous Blowdown	-	TDS hystersis alarm displayed	TDS hystersis setpoint not achieved
54	TRAP_FAIL_CLOSE	Trap failure close	Cold before trap, steam collapse/ waterhammer on start up (noise at primary inlet)	Startup not acievced	No alarm	No steam in heat excahnger to heat water
			-	Rapid loss of clean steam pressure	Trap Failed Closed Alarm on HMI	Rapid build-up of condensate
55	TRAP_FAIL_OPEN	Trap Failure Open	High temperature/ WaterHammer/ Pressurised Condensate return system	Increase in Supply water temperature and pressure	Trap Fail open alarm displayed on HMI	Condensate travelling uncontrolled through trap
			Increase in steam consumption	Pressurised condensate return system		
		Water level control			Flashing	Wire removed from sensor
56	VA01_ANLG_ALA_ OPEN	valve feedback Analog input alarm	Cables removed from sensor	-	conductivity	Sensor failure
		circuit open			readings	BC3250 controller failure
		Water level control			Flashing	Wire pinched or kinked
57	VA01_ANLG_ALA_ SHRT	valve feedback Analog input alarm	Pinched cable from sensor	-	conductivity readings	Sensor failure
		short circuit			roddings	BC3250 controller failure
		Supply steam in control valve			Flashing	Wire removed from sensor
58	VA31_ANLG_ALA_ OPEN	feedback Analog	Cables removed from sensor	-	conductivity	Sensor failure
		input alarm circuit open			readings	BC3250 controller failure
		Supply steam in control valve			Flashing	Wire pinched or kinked
59	VA31_ANLG_ALA_ SHRT	control valve feedback Analog	Pinched cable from sensor	-	conductivity	Sensor failure
		input alarm short circuit			readings	BC3250 controller failure

	C	Component				Cause		Action
TAG number	Item description	Control type	Zone	Instance	Alarm No	ALARM PLC TAG	ALARM DESCRIPTION	
VE12	TDS valve	Digital output	1	2		TDS set point e	exceeded	Take action to reduce TDS, if necesssary adjust setpoint
V L 12	150 valvo	Digital output	'			Input error o	n HMI	Visit TDS blowdown section in IMI for details
						Input error o	n HMI	Adjust setpoint whilst refering to IMI
VE12	TDS valve	Digital output	1	2		Partially block	ed valve	Inspect blocked valve
						Restrictions in I	olowdown	Inspect any blockages in blowdown
QU51	Steam trap	Uncontrolled	5	1	Blocka	ge in condensate	line during start-up	Identify blockages
					Blockag	ge in condensate li	ne during operation	
QU51	Steam trap	Uncontrolled	5	1	Wear of seat Debris in pipeline		Identify failed part with tag and schematic in IMI. Consult individual product IMI by scanning the QR or following web search. Replace or repair failed part.	
						Operator e	error	Replace cable
VA01	Feedwater control valve	Analogue input	0	1	R	efer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace sensor
		·			R	efer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace controller
						Operator 6	error	Replace cable
VA01	Feedwater control valve	Analogue input	0	1	R	efer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace sensor
		·			R	efer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace controller
					Operator error		Replace cable	
VA31	Plant steam control valve	Analogue input	3	1	Refer to technical documentation		Replace sensor	
	-				R	efer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace controller
						Operator 6	error	Replace cable
VA31	Plant steam control valve	Analogue input	3	1	R	efer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace sensor
					R	efer to technical d	ocumentation	Replace controller

Alarm	Alarm PLC tag	Alarm description		Identfier	Fault	
number			Physical	Process	System	
			Valve not open when instructed.	-	Valve feedback alarm (OPT), Water level failure alarm, Water level high	Leaking seat/ plug
					alarm	Positioner failure
60	VD04 FDV	Feedwater control				Positioner calibration faulty
60	VB01_FBK	feedback error				Actuator failure
				Potential reduced	Water Level Low	Mechanically failed shut
			Valve closed when ot instructed.	CSG capacity. More water consumption	alarm, Valve feedback alarm	Positioner failure
				water concumption	(OPT)	Actuator failure
					Valve feedback alarm (OPT), Water	Valve failure
			Gauling Valve		level failure alarm, Water level high alarm	Positioner failure
			Valve not open when instructed.	-	Valve feedback alarm (OPT), Water level failure alarm, Water level high	Leaking seat/ plug
					alarm	Positioner failure
		Steam in control				Positioner calibration faulty
61	VB31_FBK	feedback error				Actuator failure
				Potential reduced	Water Level Low	Mechanically failed shut
			Valve closed when not instructed	CSG capacity. More water consumption	alarm. Valve feedback alarm	Positioner failure
				33.33.11	(OPT)	Actuator failure
					Valve feedback alarm (OPT), Water	Valve failure
			Gauling valve		level failure alarm, Water level high alarm	Positioner failure

	С	omponent			Cause			Action				
TAG number	Item description	Control type	Zone	Instance	Alarm No	ALARM PLC TAG	ALARM DESCRIPTION					
			and scl indiv Wear of seat scanni		Wear of seat		Identify failed part with tag and schematic in IMI. Consult individual product IMI by scanning the QR or following web search. Replace or repair failed part.					
						Debris in pip	peline	Check strainer screen on water inlet. Check for debris origin.				
					Misr	natch between pos	sitioner and PLC					
	Feedwater	Analogue			Mismato	ch between positio indicator position	ner and actual stem n and PLC					
VA01	control valve	input	0	1	Mismato	ch between positio indicator position	ner and actual stem n and PLC					
						Gailing of s	stem	Identify failed part with tag and schematic in IMI. Consult individual product IMI by				
					Misr	natch between pos	sitioner and PLC	scanning the QR or following web search. Replace or repair				
									Mismatch between positioner and actual indicator position and PLC		ner and actual stem n and PLC	failed part.
					Gailing/ Wear of stem							
					Misr	natch between pos	sitioner and PLC					
						Wear of s	eat	Identify failed part with tag and schematic in IMI. Consult individual product IMI by scanning the QR or following web search. Replace or repair failed part.				
						Debris in pip	peline	Check strainer screen on water inlet. Check for debris origin.				
					Misr	natch between pos	sitioner and PLC					
	Feedwater	Analogue			Mismato	ch between positio indicator position	ner and actual stem n and PLC					
VA01	control valve	input	0	1	mismato	ch between positio indicator position	ner and actual stem n and PLC					
						Gailing of s	stem	Identify failed part with tag and schematic in IMI. Consult individual product IMI by				
					Misr	natch between pos	sitioner and PLC	scanning the QR or following web search. Replace or repair				
					Mismatch between positioner and actual stem indicator position and PLC			failed part.				
						Gailing/ Wear	of stem					

Alarm	Alarm PLC tag	Alarm description		Identfier		Fault	
number			Physical	Process	System		
62	WASTE_TEMP_HI	Waste steam temperature hot	Temperature exceeds 40 °C/104 °F	Service sequence halted	-	Service sequence	
						Power loss to pump	
63	WATER_PUMP_ FAIL	Water pump failure	No Sound from water pump	Reduced output of clean steam	Alarm displayed on HMI	Water supply not suffiecnt	
	17112		water pamp	Glouii Glouiii		Air lock in water pump	
						Pump mechanical/ electrical failure	
64	WATER_TEMP_HI	Water in temperature hot	Temperature exceeds 40 °C/104 °F	Service sequence halted	Alarm displayed on HMI	Service sequence	
66	SEC_PRES_LIM	Secondary high pressure limit alarm	-	Emergency Stop Sequence- Ceased production of clean steam	Emergency stop displayed on HMI	Control issue	
67	INITIALISE	PLC Start-up from power cycle	-	No Clean Steam Produced/CSG not operational	No display on HMI or partial display	Faulty PLC	
68	WATER_LVL_HI	Water level high	Water Level exceeds	Inaccurte control of water control valve	Alarm displayed on	Water level exceeds	
00	WATER_LVL_HI	alarm	90%	Water control valve failed open	НМІ	90%	
69	WATER_LVL_ ALARM	Water level failure	TDS Valve opening outside of TDS control	-	Alarm displayed on HMI	Repeated high water level alarm on HMI	
70	AIR_PRESS_FAIL	Air supply pressure fail	No valve movement	-	Alarm displayed on HMI	Insufficent Compressed Air	
71	VE31_FAIL_OPEN	Plant isolation valve fail open	-	Start-up/ Shutdown sequence would halt	Alarm displayed on HMI	Leaking seat	
			Actuator Indicator in incorrect Position			Actuator failure	
72	VE31_FAIL_CLOSE	Plant isolation valve fail closed	Indicator displays closed when instructed to open	CSG does not start/ Loss of clean steam supply	Alarm displayed on HMI	Valve does not leave closed position when instructed	

	С	omponent			Cause			Action
TAG number	Item description	Control type	Zone	Instance	Alarm No	ALARM PLC TAG	ALARM DESCRIPTION	
-	-	-	-	-	Insufficent isolation during servicing			Work and check isolation valves
						-		Check power status
MB01 - MD01	Pump	Analogue output Digital	0	1	I	nsufficent water h	ead pressure	Check water supply (Ensure no debris, checking strainers and filters along with the pressure)
Wibot		input				Insufficent b	eeding	Check air bleed
						-		Refer to pump IMI - Suspect pump internal failure
-	-	-	-	-	Ins	ufficent isolation o	during servicing	Work and check isolation valves
LD11	Level switch	Digital input	1	1		-		Check settings on pressure switch.
-	-	-	-	-		PLC fail	ure	Contact SXS engineer
VA01	Feedwater	Analogue	0	4	65	WATER_VLV_ FAIL	Water control valve failure	Inaccurte control of water control valve
VAUT	control valve	input	0	1	65	WATER_VLV_ FAIL	Water control valve failure	Water control valve failed open
-	-	-	-	-	Se	ee Alarm 68 for mo	ore information	See Alarm 65 for more Information
PDX1	Air supply	Digital input	0	1	-			Restore air supply
VE31	Steam isolation valve	Digital output	3	1		Wear of seat		Identify failed part with tag and schematic in IMI. Consult individual product IMI by scanning the QR or following web search. Replace or repair failed part.
					Debris in pipeline		Check strainer screen on water inlet. Check for debris origin.	
VE31	Steam isolation valve	Digital output	3	1	Insufficent customer air supply		Check customers air supply line	
VE31	Steam isolation valve	Digital output	3	1	Mismatch between positioner and actual stem indicator position and PLC			Identify failed part with tag and schematic in IMI. Consult individual product IMI by scanning the QR or following web search. Replace or repair failed part.

Alarm	Alarm PLC tag	Alarm description		Identfier		Fault
number			Physical	Process	System	
73	VE31_FAIL_STICK	VE31_FAIL_STICK Plant isolation valve A she		Start-up/ Shutdown sequence would halt	Alarm displayed on HMI	Leaking seat
						Actuator failure
74	VE31_FAIL_SPEED	Inlet Plant valve fail opening speed	Possible waterhammer in primary side	-	Alarm displayed on HMI	Unrestricted exhaust flow from actuator
75	VE21_FAIL_OPEN Outlet isolation valve fail open		-	Start-up/ Shutdown sequence would halt	Alarm displayed on HMI	Leaking seat
			Actuator Indicator in incorrect position			Actuator failure
76	VE21_FAIL_CLOSE	Outlet isolation valve fail closed	Indicator displays closed when instructed to open	CSG does not start/ Loss of clean steam supply	Alarm displayed on HMI	Valve does not leave closed position when instructed
77	VE21_FAIL_STICK	Outlet isolation valve fail stuck	Actuator indicator shows neither on/off	Start-up/ Shutdown sequence would halt	Alarm displayed on HMI	Leaking seat
						Actuator failure
78	VE21_FAIL_SPEED	Outlet isolation valve fail opening speed	Waterhammer	Sudden/ rapid pressure loss Risk of carryover	Alarm displayed on HMI	Unrestricted exhaust flow from actuator

	С	omponent				Cause	Action		
TAG number	Item description	Control type	Zone	Instance	Alarm ALARM PLC ALARM No TAG DESCRIPTION				
VE31	Steam	Digital output	3	1		Wear of seat		Identify failed part with tag and schematic in IMI. Consult individual product IMI by scanning the QR or following web search. Replace or repair failed part.	
VLSI	isolation valve	Digital output	3	'		Debris in pi	peline	Check strainer screen on water inlet. Check for debris origin.	
						Insufficent custom	er air supply	Check customers air supply line	
VE31	Steam isolation valve	Digital output	3	1	E	xhaust restrictor s	et incorrectly	Reset/ Replace exhaust restrictor	
VE21	Steam	Digital output		2	1		Wear of s	eat	Identify failed part with tag and schematic in IMI. Consult individual product IMI by scanning the QR or following web search. Replace or repair failed part.
V 221	isolation valve	Digital Satpat	-	'		Debris in pi	peline	Check strainer screen on water inlet. Check for debris origin.	
						Insufficent custom	er air supply	Check customers air supply line	
VE21	Isolation valve	Digital output	2	1	Mismato	ch between positio indicator position	ner and actual stem n and PLC	Identify failed part with tag and schematic in IMI. Consult individual product IMI by scanning the QR or following web search. Replace or repair failed part.	
VE21	isolation valve	Digital output	2	1	Wear of seat		Identify failed part with tag and schematic in IMI. Consult individual product IMI by scanning the QR or following web search. Replace or repair failed part.		
					Debris in pipeline		Check strainer screen on water inlet. Check for debris origin.		
						Insufficent customer air supply		Check customers air supply line	
VE21	isolation valve	Digital output	2	1	E	xhaust restrictor s	et incorrectly	Reset/ Replace exhaust restrictor	

Alarm	Alarm PLC tag	Alarm description	Identfier			Fault
number	Titalini F E O tag	That in accompany	Physical	Process	System	
						Failed open control valve
81	PRI_BAND_HI_ ALERT	Prirmary band high	-	High clean stem	Alert displayed on HMI	Leaking control valve
	ALERI	alert		pressure	нин	Leak in heat exchanger
						PID settings
	PRI_BAND_LOW_	Prirmary band low	Control valve closed	Low clean steam	Alert displayed on	Valve positioning incorrect
82	ALERT		for a given amount of time	pressure	НМІ	PID settings
						Customer supply steam
						Restricted condensate flow
			Valve over 99%			Plant steam
83	PRI_CAP_ALERT	Primary control capacity alert	open for a given amount of time	-	Alert displayed on HMI	Capacity incorrect
			amount of time			Restricted condensate flow
						PID settings
84	SEC_BAND_HI_ ALERT	Secondary band high alert	-	Possible carryover	Alert displayed on HMI	Leaking valve
85	SEC_BAND_LOW_ ALERT	Secondary band low alert	-	-	Alert displyayed on HMI	Positioner failure
						PID settings
86	SEC_CAP_ALERT	Secondary control capacity alert	-	-	Alert displayed on HMI	Insuffiecnt water supply

	С	omponent			Cause			Action
TAG number	Item description	Control type	Zone	Instance	Alarm ALARM PLC ALARM DESCRIPTION			
					Se	ee alarm 71 for mo	re information	See Alarm 71 for more Information
						-		Identify leak in control valve
						-		Identify leak in heat exchanger
						Incorrect PID	settings	Adjust PID setting if necessary
VA31	Steam control valve	Analogue input	3	1		-		Identify failed part with tag and schematic in IMI. Consult individual product IMI by scanning the QR or following web search. Replace or repair failed part.
						Incorrect PID	settings	Adjust PID setting if necessary
-	-	-	-	-		-		Fix inlet steam supply
						Debris in pi	peline	Remove debris from pipeline
VA31	Plant steam control valve	Analogue input	3	1		Plant steam In:	sufficent	Fix Plant steam
						Capacity inc	orrect	See IMI for corrcet capacities.
-	-	-	-	-		Debris in pi	peline	Inspect pipeline and remove any debris
						Inspect PID s	ettings	Adjust PID settings if necessary
-	-	-	-	-	-		Identify failed part with tag and schematic in IMI. Consult individual product IMI by scanning the QR or following web search. Replace or repair failed part.	
-	-	-	-	-	-		Identify failed part with tag and schematic in IMI. Consult individual product IMI by scanning the QR or following web search. Replace or repair failed part.	
					Inspect PID settings		Adjust PID settings if necessary	
-	-	-	-	-		Debris in pip	peline	Remove any debris from pipeline.

8. Maintenance



Before starting any maintenance operation, carefully read the general safety information in Section 1 of this document.

Before starting any installation or maintenance operation, make sure that power has been shut-off.

To carry out many maintenance procedures, the unit shall be isolated from the system. The unit can be re-inserted in the system only after completing all the procedures.

It is recommended that maintenance personnel carry out the shut-down and start-up procedures described in this manual.

8.1 General information

The maintenance of single system components must be carried out as indicated in the individual installation and maintenance manuals (IM).

8.2 Inspection/replacement of the tube bundle of the generator

The U-shaped tube bundle is the core of the steam generator. It must be removed and inspected every two years or as established by the terms of the warranty. The plate of the tube bundle is secured between the flanges of the vessel of the generator and the primary steam head. It is fitted with two gaskets:

- 1 shell side of the generator, between the tube bundle plate and body/shell of the generator.
- 1 head side (2-passes), between the tube bundle plate and primary steam head.

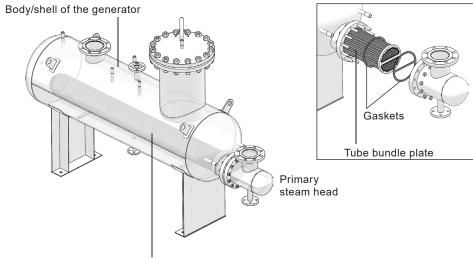


Fig. 8 "U" shaped tube bundle

8.2.1 Disassembly of the tube bundle:

- Check that primary steam, condensate return line, feedwater inlet and clean steam outlet are isolated; that both circuits (primary and secondary) are not pressurized; that the generator has been completely drained and all components and surfaces are cold.
- Carefully remove the insulation from the header of the generator unscrewing the bolts on the aluminium cladding
- Carefully disconnect the piping between the head of the generator and the primary steam inlet and condensate blowdown lines, with the utmost care so that no part of the line has damage.
- Separate the head from the generator, removing the bolts that secure it to the body.
- Carefully pull the tube bundle and hold it with the proper mechanical equipment slightly raised above the lower rim of the body flange, allowing a correct extraction without interferences.

8.2.2 Inspection of the tube bundle:

- Inspect the tube bundle for scale and/or leaks. In the absence of leaks, remove scale and carefully clean the tube bundle before
 preparing this for installation.
- If detected, even a leakage, repair or replace the tube bundle.

8.2.3 Re-assembly of the tube bundle:

- Remove the old gaskets, thoroughly clean mating surfaces and install two new gaskets: one between the tube plate and generator (shell side), the other with the sector divider between the tube plate and the head (head side).
- Carefully insert the tube bundle in the generator body, so that the dividing line between the two passes of the tubes is perfectly parallel to the horizontal plane.
- After making sure that the tube is properly in place, assemble the primary steam head by aligning the divider at the dividing line between the two passes of the tubes (expected perfectly parallel to the horizontal plane), then tighten the bolts.
- Reconnect the inlet and outlet primary lines to the steam head. Check that these have been reconnected also where they may have been detached to facilitate extraction of the tube bundle.
- Carefully check all connections to detect any leaks during start-up.

8.3 Inspection/replacement of the deaerator

The deaerator must be removed and inspected every two years or as established by the terms of the warranty.

8.3.1 Disassembly of the deaerator:

- Check that primary steam, condensate return line, feedwater inlet, NCG vent and clean steam outlet are isolated; that both circuits (primary and secondary) are not pressurized; that the generator has been completely drained and all components and surfaces are cold.
- Carefully disconnect the piping between the head of the deaerator and the feedwater line, the utmost care so that no part of the line has damage.
- Separate the deaerator head from the generator, removing the bolts that secure it to the generator shell.
- Carefully lift the deaerator inner part securing it from the installed eyebolts.
- Unscrew the four bolts that secure the plates assembly to the external shield and carefully remove the plates assembly from it.

8.3.2 Inspection of the deaerator:

- Inspect the deaerator plates for scale and/or holes, remove scale and carefully clean the plates.
- If major fault detected, repair or replace the plate or the deaerator cartridge.

8.3.3 Re-assembly of the deaerator:

- Remove the old gasket, thoroughly clean mating surfaces and install a new gasket.
- Re-assemble the deaerator cartridge, securing the shield to the plates assembly through the four bolts installed.
- Carefully insert the deaerator cartridge in the generator body, aligning the corresponding eyebolts.
- After making sure that the deaerator is properly in place, assembly the cap by aligning the eye bolts, then tighten the bolts (as indicated in Appendix at the back of this document).
- Reconnect the feedwater and the NCG lines to the deaerator cap. Check that these have been reconnected also where they may
 have been detached to facilitate extraction of the deaerator.
- Carefully check all connections to detect any leaks during start-up.

8.4 Inspection/Replacement of the pressure safety switch

The safety pressure switch acts as a fail-safe for Spirax Sarco Clean Steam Generators. The alarm and shut down for high pressure is set at a value lower than the set of the safety valve. If the pressure safety switch mounted on the tank is not functioning correctly and must be replaced, follow the procedures outlined below.

8.4.1 Disassembly of the pressure switch:

- Follow the shutdown procedure to take the unit off-line before attempting to replace the safety pressure switch.
- Turn off/disconnect all electric power before attempting any maintenance procedures.
- Check that primary steam, condensate return line, feedwater inlet, NCG vent and clean steam outlet are isolated; that both circuits (primary and secondary) are not pressurized; that the generator has been completely drained and all components and surfaces are
- Carefully Disconnect the wires leading from/to the control cabinet.
- Loosening the connections until the pressure probe can be removed.

8.4.2 Inspection of the pressure switch:

 Examine the probes for damage or incorrect positioning. For the exact procedure for examination refer to the Spirax Sarco manual information included with the unit.

8.4.3 Re-assembly of the pressure switch:

- To install a new unit follow recommendations contained in the manufacturer's documentation.
- After ensuring that the unit is correctly installed, tighten the fittings.
- Follow the start-up procedures to put the unit back on-line. Carefully check all connections for any sign of leakage.

8.5 Replacement of the Pressure Safety Valve (Generator)

The pressure safety valve acts as a fail-safe for Spirax Sarco Compact Steam Generators. The valve will open for high pressure to protect the system from explosion. If the pressure safety valve mounted on the pressure vessel is not functioning correctly and must be replaced, follow the procedures outlined below.

8.5.1 Disassembly of the safety valve:

- Follow the shutdown procedure to take the unit off-line before attempting to replace the safety pressure switch.
- Turn off/disconnect all electric power before attempting any maintenance procedures.
- Check that primary steam, condensate return line, feedwater inlet, NCG vent and clean steam outlet are isolated; that both circuits (primary and secondary) are not pressurized; that the generator has been completely drained and all components and surfaces are cold
- After assuring that the pressure has been relieved from the tank, disconnect the vent line leading from the pressure relief valve to atmosphere (usually through the roof), and via a drip elbow, to drain.
- Carefully disconnect the pressure relief valve from between the generator vessel and feed tank.

8.5.2 Re-assembly of the pressure switch:

- Install the new valve. Follow recommendations contained in the manufacturer's documentation, local codes, or accepted contractor
 practices as to the use of joint compound or sealer at the connections.
- Reconnect the vent line leading from the pressure safety valve to atmosphere and, via drip elbow, to drain.
- Follow the start-up procedures to put the unit back on-line. Carefully check all connections for any sign of leakage.

8.6 Spare parts

For recommended spare parts for commissioning or maintenance, please contact our Service Department.

8.7 Recommend inspectionThe following table indicate the suggested interval times for the inspection on the clean steam generator and of all the other components installed on the package.

Inspection	Refer to product IMI	Daily	Weekly	Quarter	
Blowdown		•			
Control valve	•				
Water level**		•			
Pressure level**				•	**
Level control	•				To verify the difference
Inlet and outlet line				•	between the measure of the
Pneumatic connections				•	transmittal against the
Electrical connection				•	indicator
Primary and secondary side pressure		•			
Safety valve	•				
Manual isolation valve			•		
Strainers				•	

8.8 Spirax Sarco Service maintenanceSpirax Sarco can provide on request of routine scheduled maintenance contract with the following steps. The maintenance contract usually includes two visits per year.

Maintenance Test	6 month visit	12 month visit	18 month visit	24 month visit
Dismantle control valve, clean and visually inspect valve internals		•		•
Visual inspection of controller, valve and actuator	•	•	•	•
Visual inspection of all wiring and terminations	•	•	•	•
Check all electrical connections for tightness	•	•	•	•
Replace valve stem seals			•	
Check valve/actuator/positioners, zero and stroke, adjust if necessary	•		•	
Ensure correct operation pump (if present)		•		•
Pressure transmittal and level transmittal control		•		•
Functional inspection of safety components and PLC			•	•
Visually inspect of heat exchanger for external leakage	•	•	•	•
Tube bundle dismantled and inspection, gasket replacement				•
Deareator dismantled and inspection, gasket replacement				•
Preheater heat exchanger inspection (if present)				•
Check and clean all strainer screens, re-fit using new cap gaskets	•	•		•
TDS test and probe check	•	•	•	•
TDS re-calibration				•
Fully functional test of the unit	•	•	•	•

9. Component map

The Components detailed below may not be fitted to all versions of the CSG-HS. Refer to section 9.2 for Component configuration lists. Optional items are designated with *.

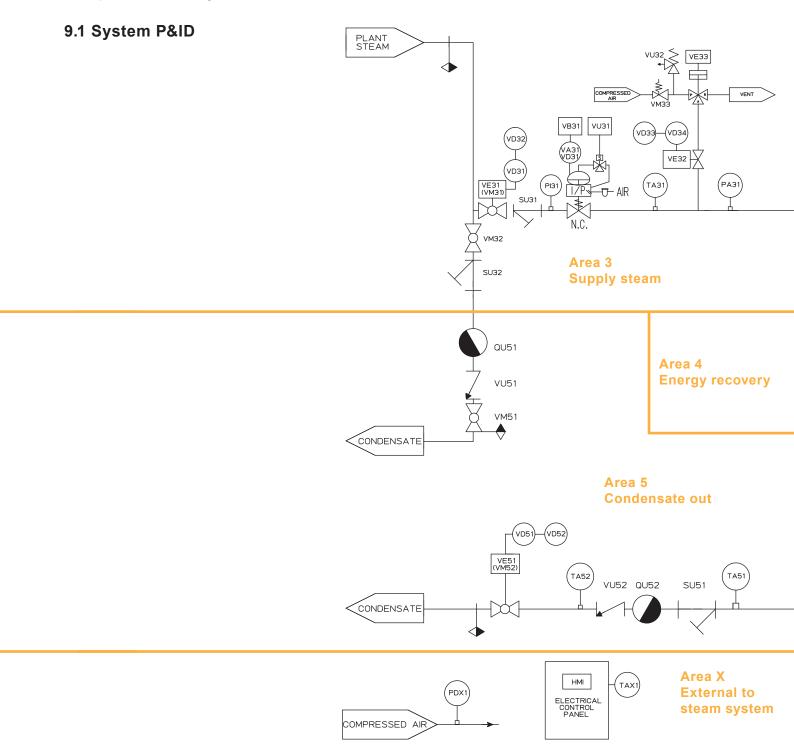
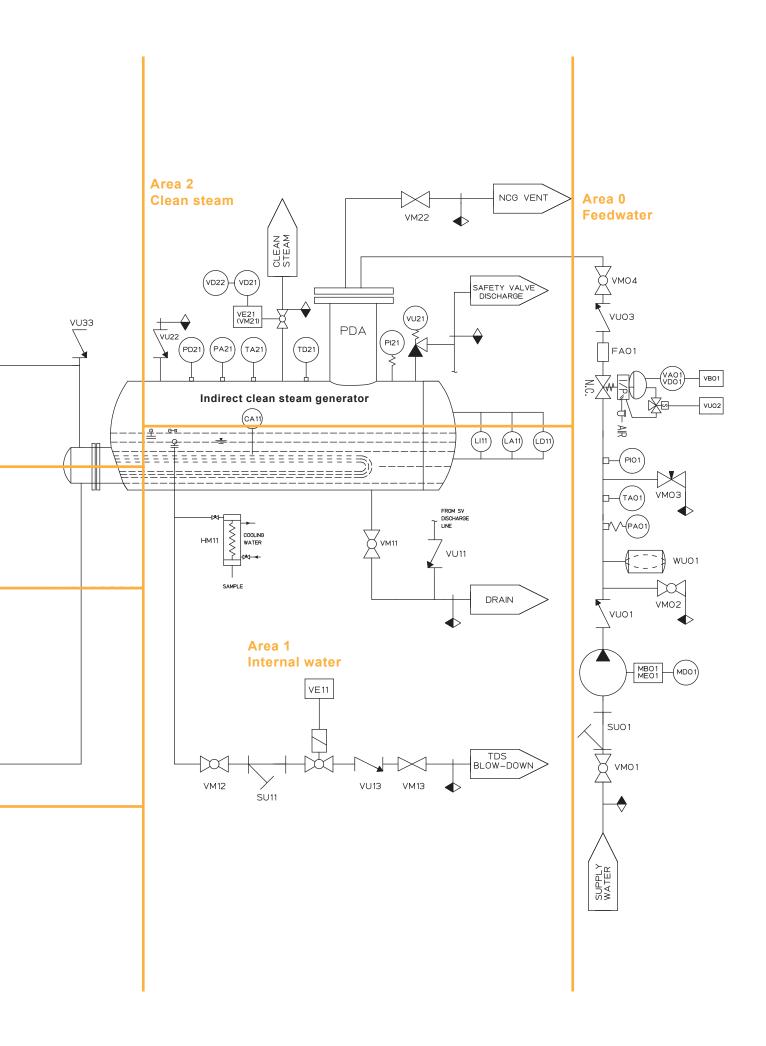


Fig. 9



9.2 Component Configuration

The options available for the CSG-HS are listed in section 2.3. Many of the available options will utilise additional equipment fitted the system. The components specifically required for each option are listed below. Default items fitted as standard are identified with*

Plant steam inlet isolation valve

Manual valve*: VM31

Automated valve: VM31 replaced by VE31, VD31, and VD32

TDS control system

Timer control*: VE11

Pulsed and continuous hysteresis control: VE12 and CA11

Feedwater pressurisation system

None*

Integrated pump: MA01. MD01

Independent downstream plant protection

- None*

Low level limit switch: LD11

Saturated temperature limit switch: TD21

Intelligent Diagnostics

- None*

Integrity test: VM51 replace by VE51, VM11 replace by VE11, PA31, TA31, VE32, VE33

Performance monitoring: TA01. TA21, TA31, TA51, TA52, FA01, PA31 and PA01

System diagnostics: VB01, VB31, PA31, TA51 and TA52

With pneumatic control or Integrity test: PDX1

- Without integrated pump: PA01

Clean steam outlet isolation valve

None*

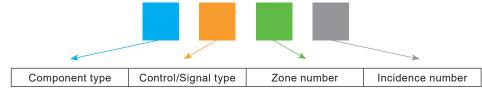
Manual Valve: VM21

Automated valve: VE21, VD21 and VD22

9.3 Component naming convention

The naming convention for the system map do not correlate to the specific parts and part numbers. The tag names are specific to the CSG-HS system and are not tied to specific component models. To identify a particular component, reference the component tag number to the Bill Of Materials for the specific model of CSG-HS.

The tag numbers can be deciphered to aid identification and location of the component on the CSG-HS.



9.3.1 Component types

Opposite is a table of currently identified component types.

Letter	Component type
С	Conductivity
F	Flow sensor
Н	Heat exchanger (preheater, sample cooler, etc)
L	Level sensor
Р	Pressure sensor
Q	Trap (steam, air eliminator, etc)
s	Separator
Т	Temperature sensor
V	Valve (globe, ball, check, vacuum breaker, butterfly, etc)
W	Water vessel (pressure buffer, storage, etc)
Υ	Strainer

9.3.2 Control/signal type

Opposite is a table of currently identified Control and Signal types. The direction of signals is always reference in relation to the PLC or process controller.

Letter	Control/Signal type
Α	Analogue input (signal)
В	Analogue output (control)
D	Digital input
E	Digital output
I	Indicator (non-electrical, dial, etc)
М	Manual control
U	Un-controlled (check valve, strainer, separator, etc)

9.3.3 Zone allocation

Zones are used to segregate areas of the package into sub-areas based around state changes of the process of the package.

Numbering of the Zones begins with the inlet flow of the process fluid at Zone 0. When the process fluid undergoes a change or state change, the Zone number increases until it leaves the CSG-HS.

The inlet of the control fluid begins with the next available Zone number. At each state change of the control fluid, increase the Zone number until the control fluid leaves the package.

Components located externally to the steam system are always labelled as Zone X.

9.3.4 Incidence number

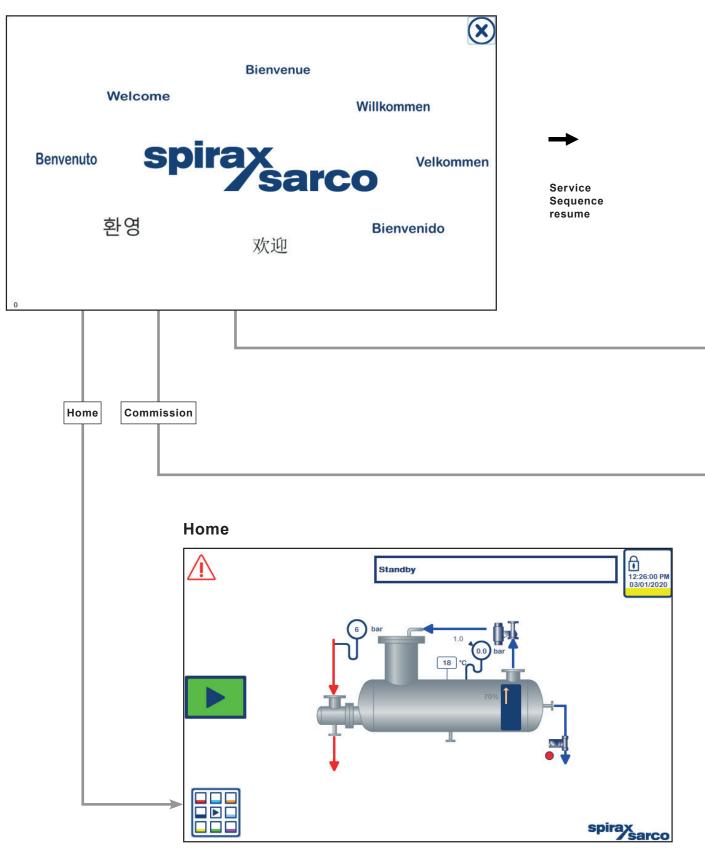
Where multiples of similar devices and parts occur in the same zone, incidence numbers are used to distinguish between them.

Starting points for incidence numbers always start from the component closest the entry of the Zone area.

e.g. On a condensate line, 2 manual valves are identified in Zone 5. The first of the manual valves to come into contact with the condensate as it passes through zone 5 will be given the Incidence number 1.

10. HMI map

The following map shows the screens available to all users. Some screens will require a security password to access. The minimum required level is highlighted with the Key shown opposite.



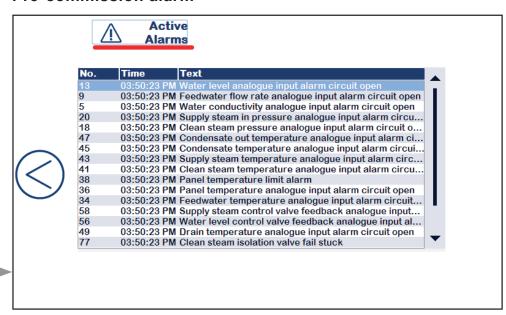
Level key



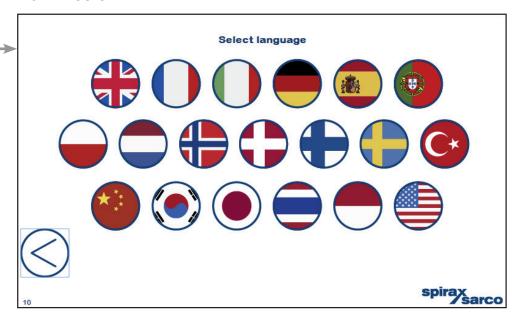




Pre-commission alarm

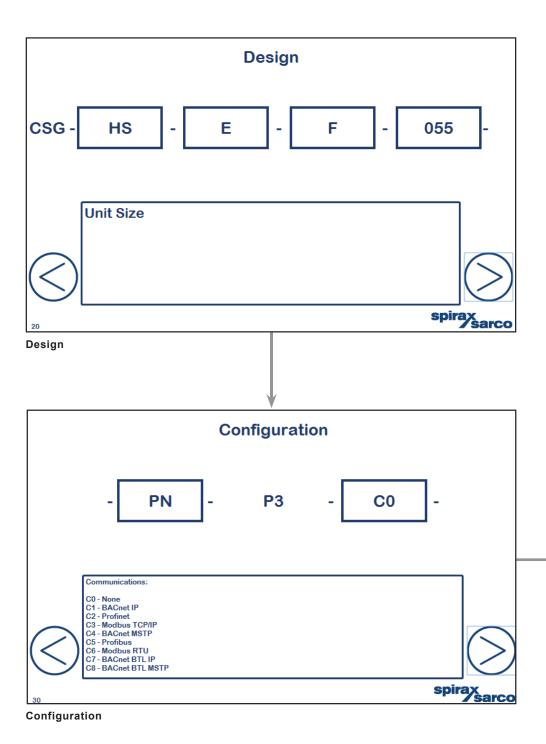


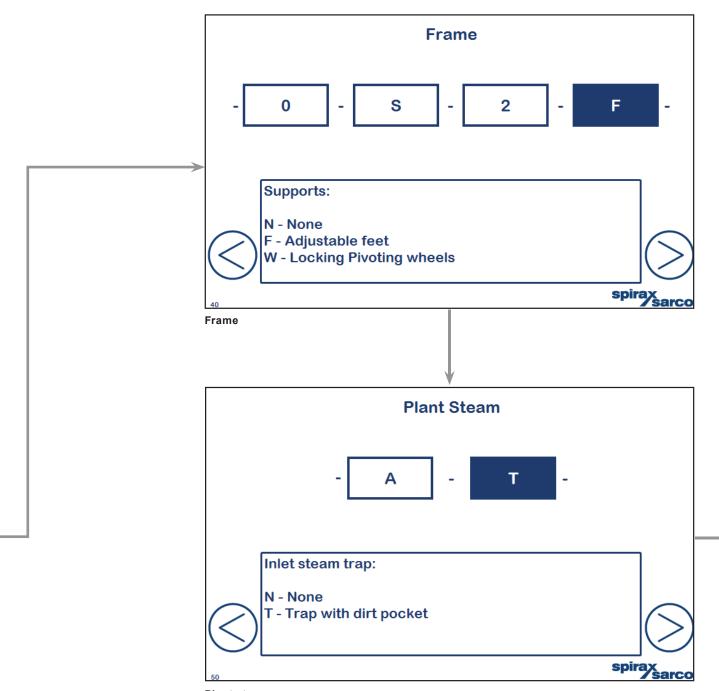
Commission

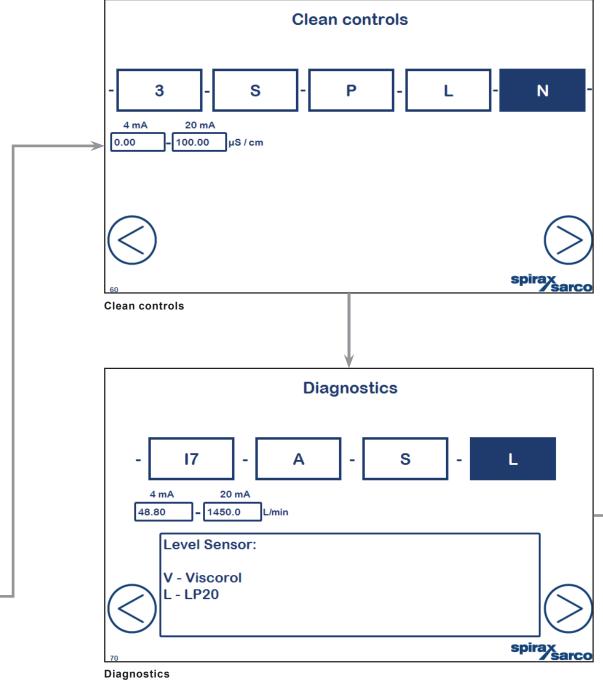


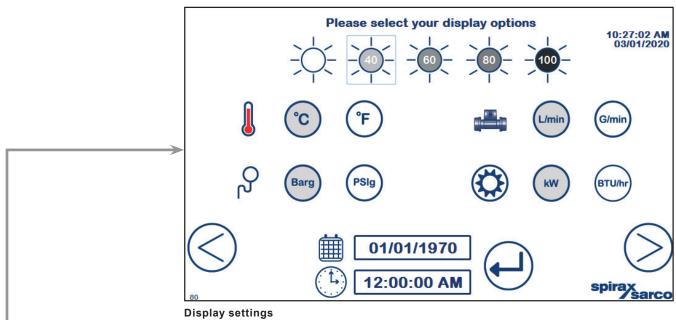
10.1 Commissioning screens

The commissioning screens allow users to input the configuration of the CSG-HS into the control system using the model specific nomenclature. These are generated at the point of ordering and must be referenced to ensure correct operation of the CSG-HS.









10.2 Home screen

The home screen (100) gives the user the ability to quickly view the essential parameters and run status of the CSG-HS. Additionally, more detailed parameters and process values are quickly and easily accessible.

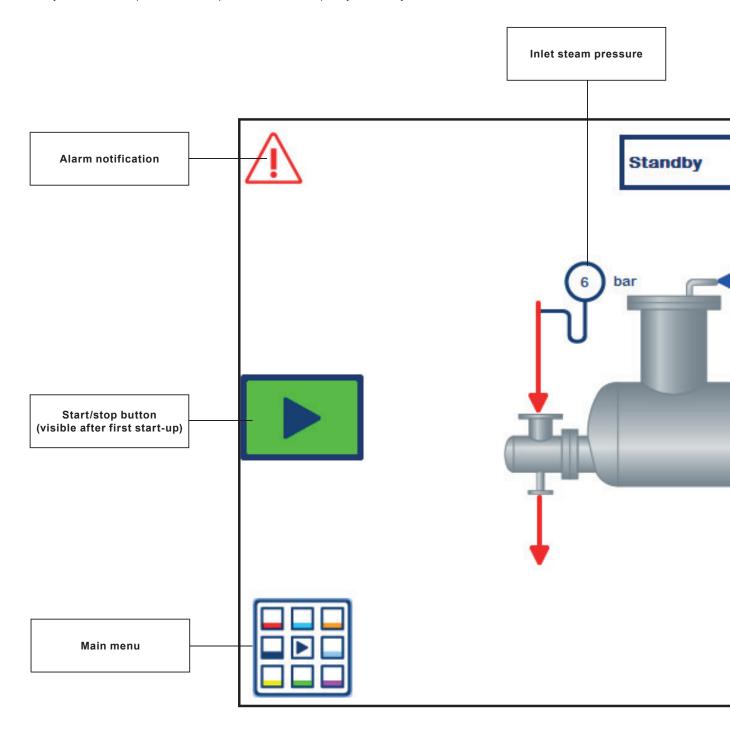
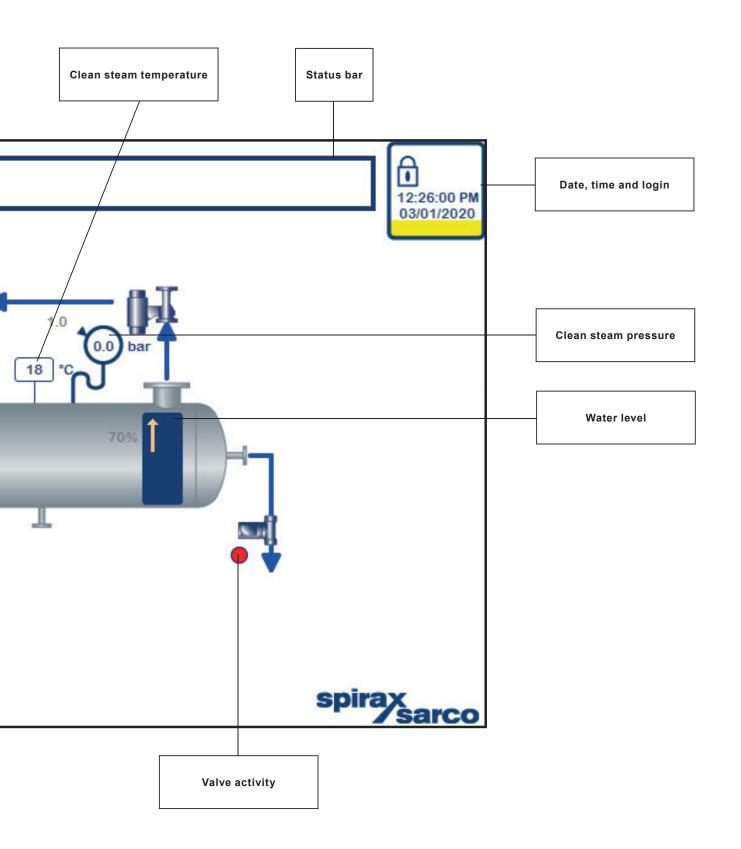
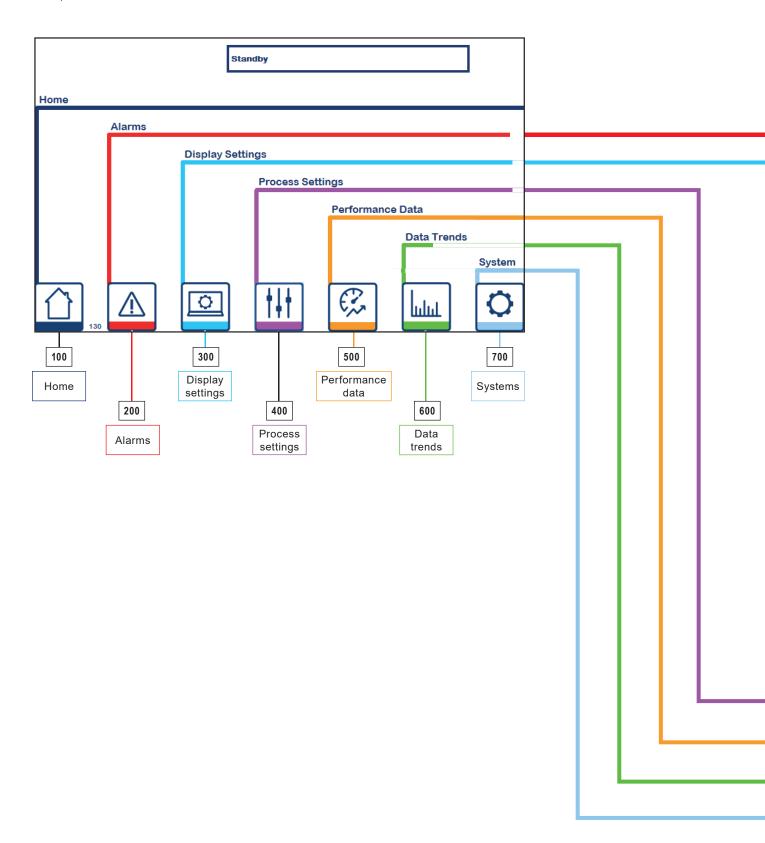


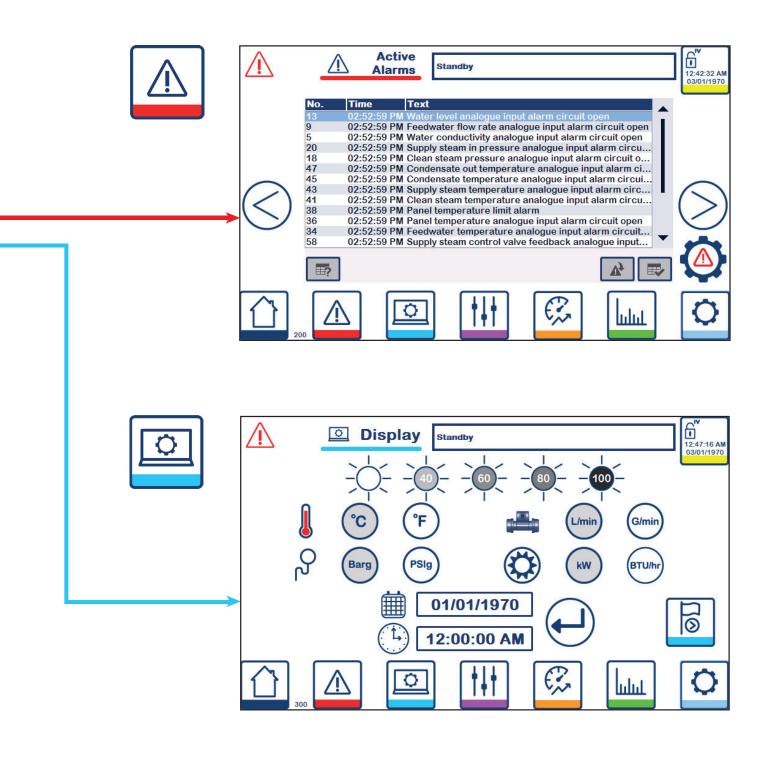
Fig. 10

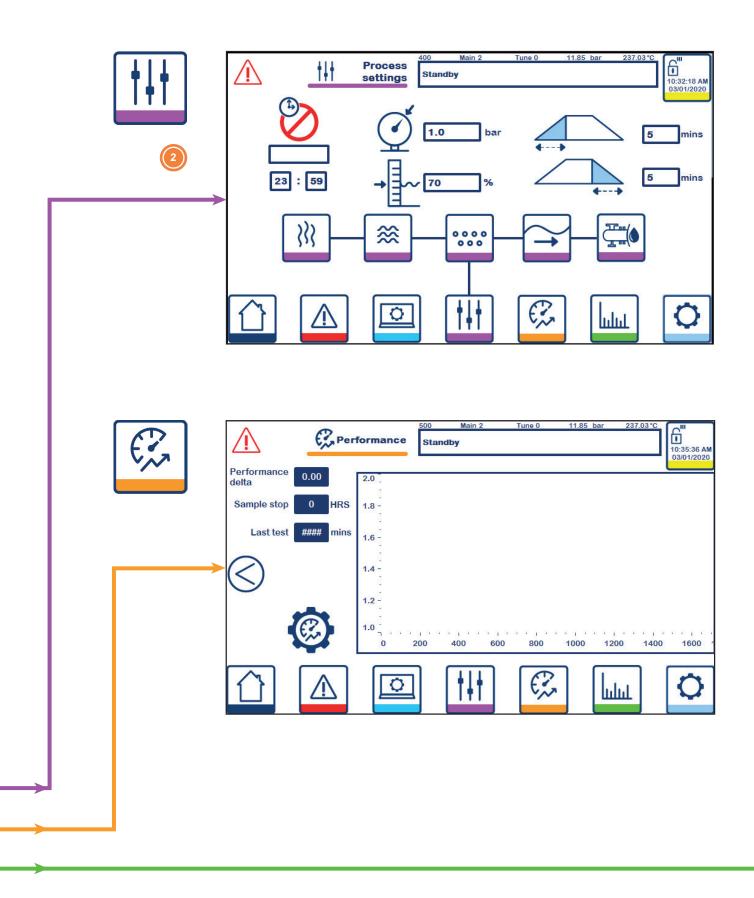


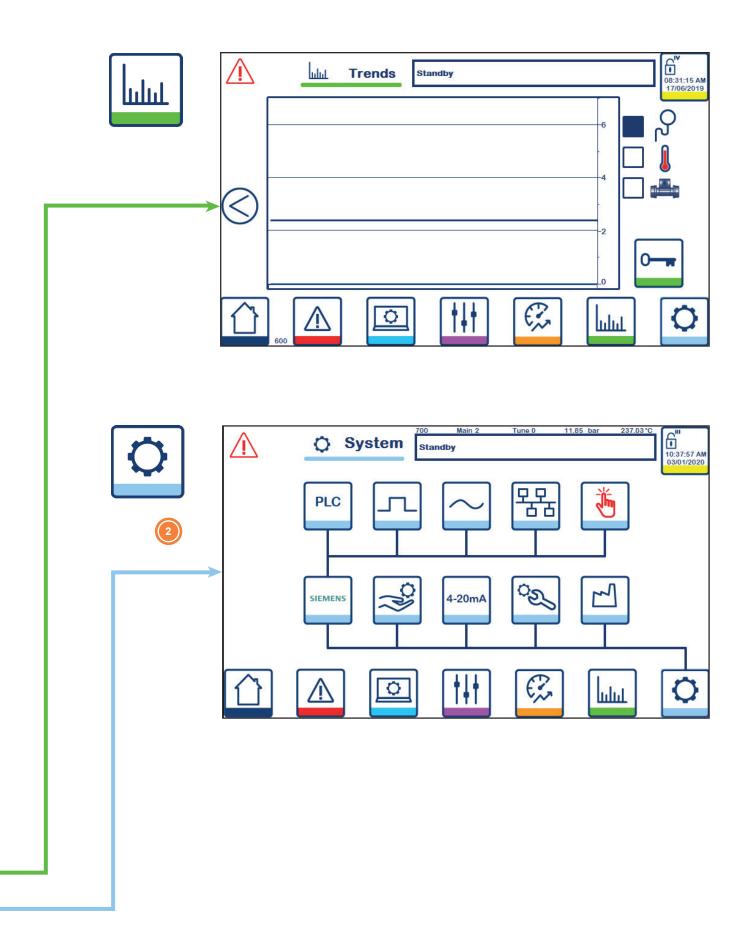
10.3 Main menu

By selecting the Main Menu button from the Home screen, the user has access to settings, alarms and diagnostics screens. These are split in to 6 sub-menus as described below.





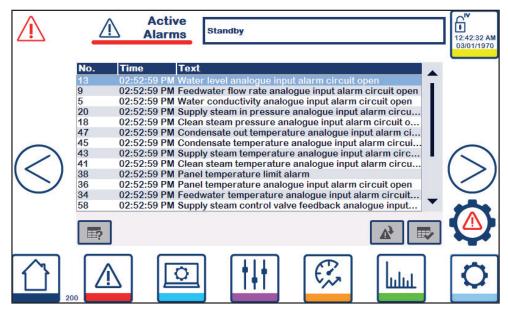




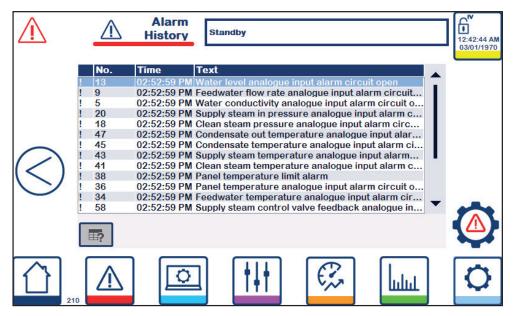
10.4 Alarms

The alarm screens display active and historic alarms as well as all the settings for the diagnostics alarms.

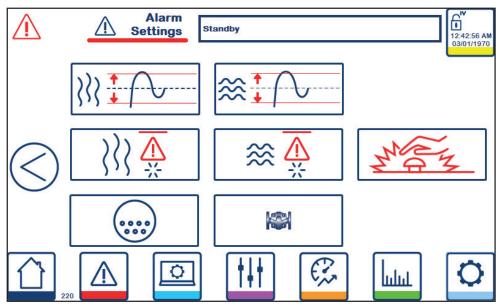




Active alarms (200) remains on screen until they are acknowledged by the user.



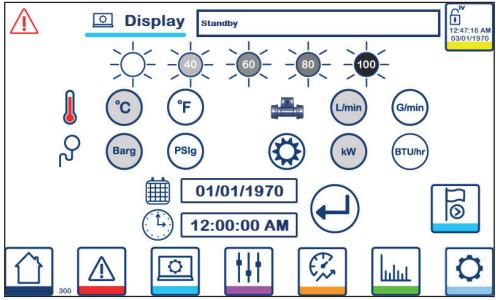
Alarms history (210) provides an historic log of previous alarms including time and date stamp for clarification and diagnosis. A rolling total of 1024 alarms are retained until a power cycle of the CSG-HS.



Alarm settings (220)

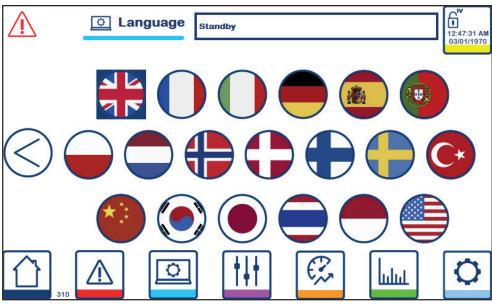
10.5 Display settingsThe display settings screen, as well as altering the display units for the HMI, the user can also alter the time, date and language.





Display settings (300)





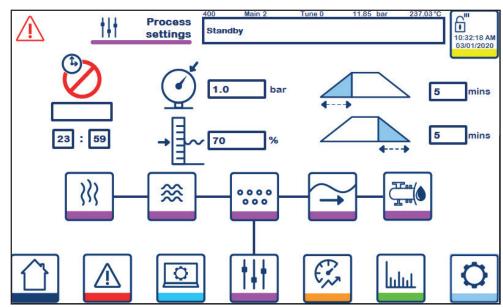
Language (310)

10.6 Process settings

The settings available across the process settings screens directly affect the running of the CSG-HS and the effective output of clean steam.



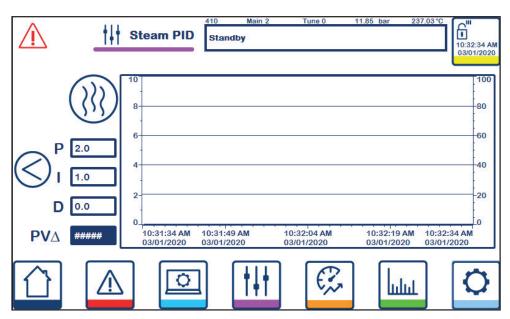




Main process set-points (400). Including clean steam pressure, water level, ramp up time and ramp down time.



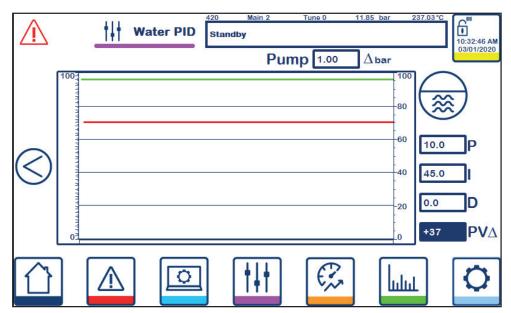




Steam PID settings (410) also includes a live PID graph showing the process and control values, and the process set-point.



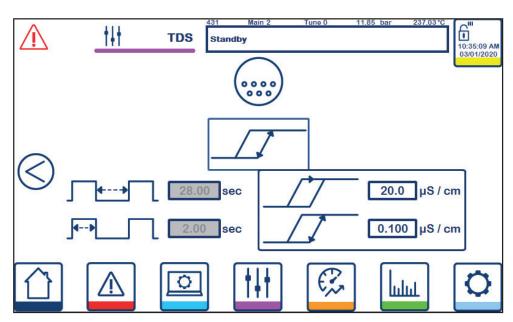




Water PID settings (420) also includes the pump offset value and a live PID graph showing the process and control values, and the process set-point.



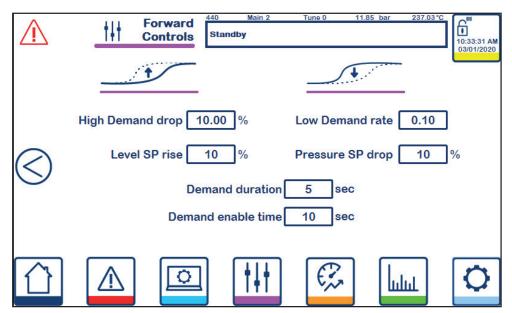




TDS settings (430-432) allows the user to set and select the TDS control they require.



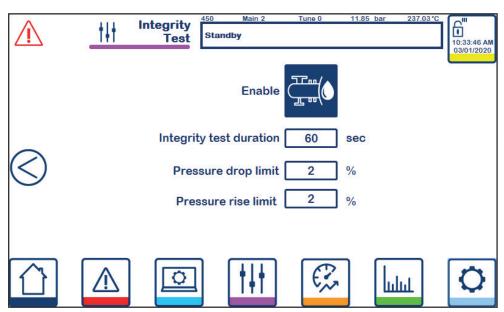




Forward controls (440)



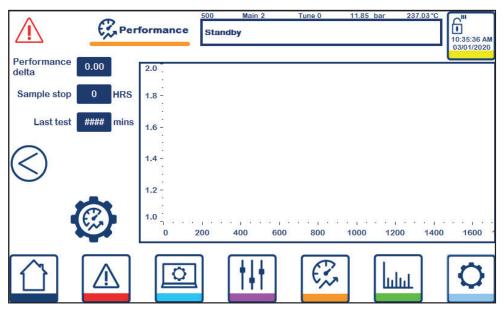




Integrity test (450)

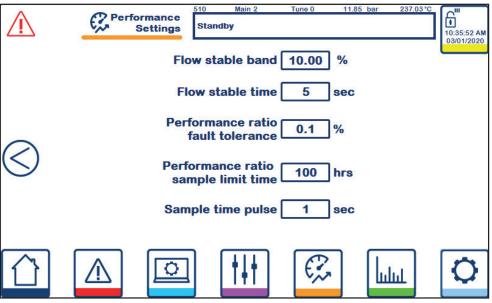
10.7 Performance data

The performance data screen will only display the performance profile of the CSG-HS whist in Running mode and once sufficient data has been collected. If the Performance Monitoring options pack has not been installed, no information will be available.



Performance data (500), as well as showing the current performance profile of the CSG-HS also shows the current data sample and data times.





Performance data settings (510) allows users to alter the sampling process and performance tolerance.

10.8 Data trends

The live data displayed on the Trends screen is grouped in to similar process values.



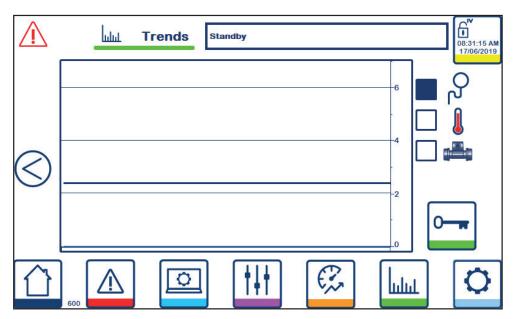
Pressure variables.
All currently installed pressure sensors.



Temperature variables. All currently installed temperature sensors.



Flow variable from FA01 if installed.



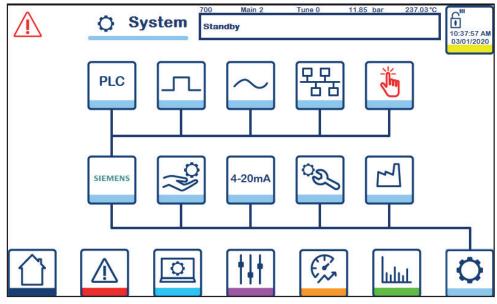
Trends (600) provided a live feed of the selected process variables.

10.9 System

System related controls and settings are available for the advanced user to alter the CSG-HS away from a pre-configured settings.







System sub menu (700)

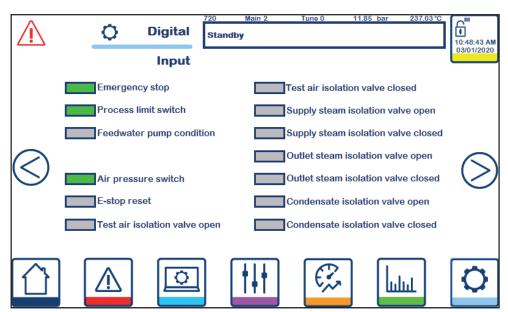




PLC status (710) displays any PLC error codes and the stored PLC date and time.



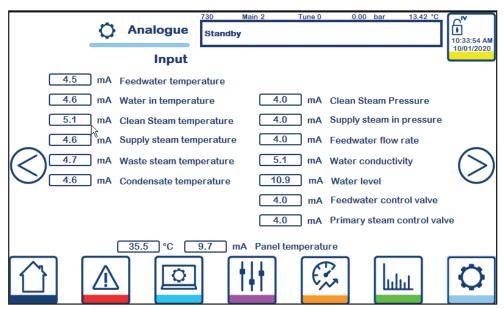




Digital Input status (720) and digital output status (721)



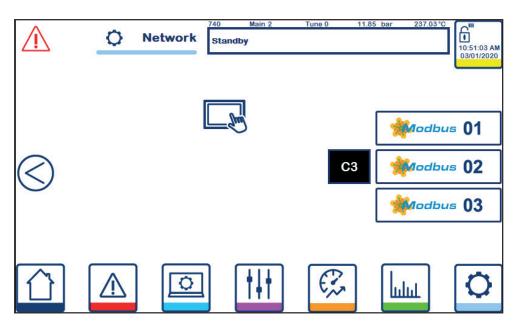




Analogue input status (730) and analogue output status (731)

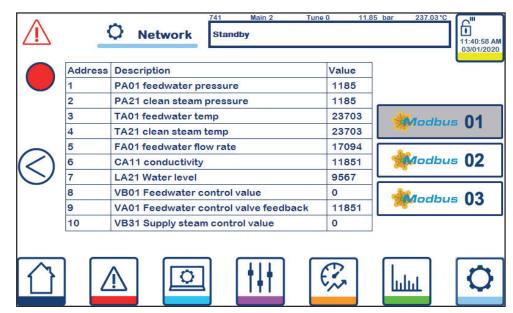






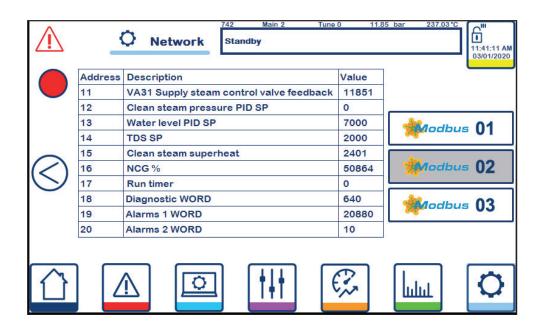
Network status (740)



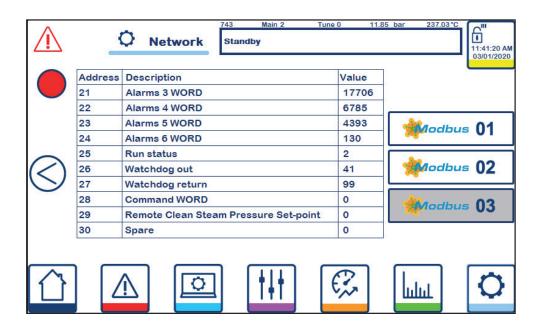


Communications tables and status (741-745)

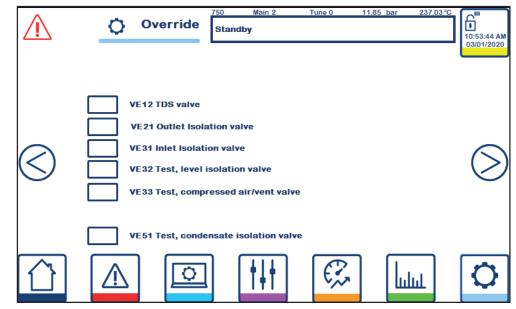












Digital override (750) open and close fitted and available isolation valves (only available in standby mode)



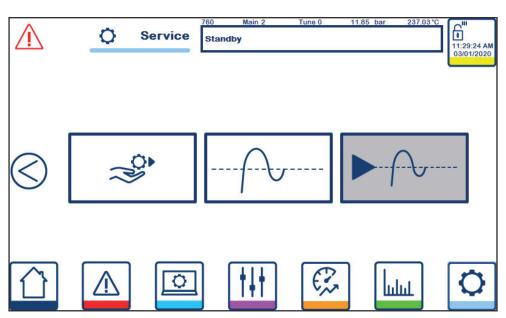




Analogue override (751) enable and move control valves to specific position. (only available in standby mode)



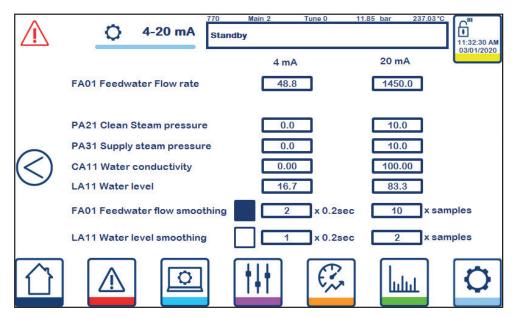




Service (760) allows users to begin service sequence‡, enter PID Tuning mode (only available in standby mode) or Running Tuning mode (only available when in Run mode).



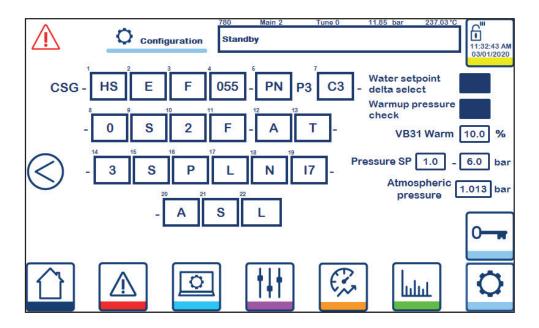




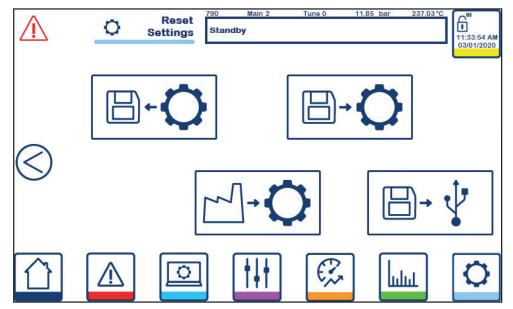
Scaling (770) allows alteration of the 4-20 mA input scaling and the input smoothing of FA01 and LA11 (only available in standby mode).





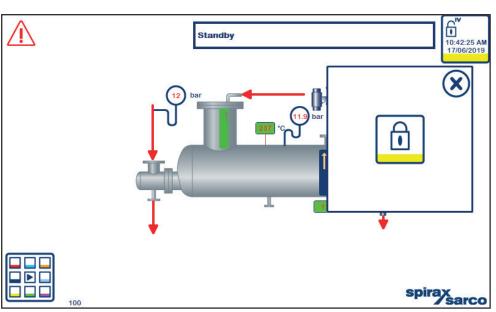






Factory reset (790) allows users to save, load and reset the current settings and configuration of the CSG-HS. (only available in standby mode)





Security screen (800), allows users to logoff from the current user.

11. Appendix

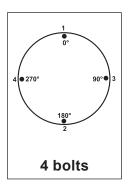
The torquening procedure should follow the steps detailed in this Appendix:

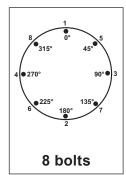
- Lubricate the bolt threads and the nut faces with a suitable lubricant.
- Insert the bolts through the flanges and finger tighten the nuts.
- Number all bolts so that torquing requirements can be followed.
- Apply torque in 20%, 1/5 steps of required final torque, loading all bolts at each step before proceeding to the next step.
- Use rotational tightening until all bolts are stable at final torque level.

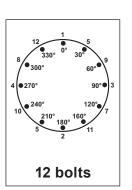
The torque tightening values for the clean steam generator header and deareator flanges are detailed in the following table:

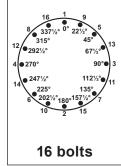
	Header flange bolts			Deaerator flange bolts			
	Quantity	Ø	Torque* (N m)	Quantity	Ø	Torque* (N m)	
GVS400	4	M14	25	12	M20	50	
GVS500	8	M16	40	12	M24	80	
GVS601	12	M16	45	16	M27	125	
GVS602	12	M16	45	16	M27	125	

^{*} Gaskets as per original spare parts









Sequential Order	Rotational Order
1 - 2	1
3 - 4	3
	2
	4

•	
Sequential Order	Rotationa Order
1 - 2	1
3 - 4	5
5 - 6	3
7 - 8	7
	2
	6
	4
	8

Sequential Order	Rotationa Order
1 - 2	1
3 - 4	5
5 - 6	9
7 - 8 9 - 10	3
11 - 12	7
	11
	2
	6
	10
	4
	8
	12

Sequential	Rotationa
Order	Order
1 - 2	1
3 - 4	9
5 - 6	5
7 - 8	13
9 - 10 11 - 12	3
13 - 14	11
15 - 16	7
	15
	2
	10
	6
	14
	4
	12
	8
	16

	Setting	Units	Lower limit	Upper limit	Default	Setting		
	Alarm settings							
}}} : ↑	Clean steam pressure band alarm							
<u>+</u>	High band	%	1.0	10.0	10.0			
•	Low band	%	1.0	10.0	10.0			
	Alert time	sec	1	30	10			
	Alarm time	sec	30	180	30			
≋: ↑ • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Water level band alarm							
<u>*</u>	High band	%	1.0	10.0	10.0			
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Low band	%	1.0	10.0	10.0			
	Alert time	sec	1	30	10			
	Alarm time	sec	30	180	30			
}}}	Clean steam control capacity ala	rm						
<u>^</u>	Alert time	sec	1	60	30			
<u>^</u>	Alarm time	sec	1	60	60			
≈ 🔆	Water level control capacity alar	m						
<u>^</u>	Alert time	sec	1	60	30			
*	Alarm time	sec	1	60	60			
••••	TDS alarm							
****	TDS high time	sec	0	600	600			
© ,	Hysteresis time	sec	0	600	600			
	Water level band alarm							
}}}\	Trap fail open temperature difference	°C			15.0			
	Trap fail closed temperature	°C			15.0			
	Maximum water level valve opening	sec	0.0	20.0	5.0			
	Maximum clean steam valve opening	sec	0.0	20.0	10.0			
†‡†	Process settings							
	Main process							
<u> </u>	Clean steam pressure	bar	1.0	6.0	1.0			
+	Water level	%	60	80	70			
←	Ramp up time	min	2	10	5			
	Ramp down time	min	2	10	5			
	Timed shut-down	time	00:00	23:59	disabled			
333	Clean Steam PID							
	Proportional gain	-	1.0		2.0			
	Integral gain	-	0.0		1.0			
	Derivative gain	-	0.0		0.0			

	Setting	Units	Lower limit	Upper limit	Default	Setting
*	Water level PID					
	Proportional gain	-	1.0		10.0	
	Integral gain	-	0.0		45.0	
	Derivative gain	-	0.0		0.0	
	Pump pressure	∆bar	0.5	2.0	1.0	
0000	TDS (Interval only)					
	Interval time	sec	5.00		28.00	
F	Duration time	sec	0.00		2.00	
0000	TDS (CP10)					
	Interval time	sec	5.00		28.00	
₹	Duration time	sec	0.00		2.00	
	TDS setpoint	μS	10.0		35.0	
	Hysteresis band	μS	0.001	20.000	0.100	
0000	TDS (CP32)					
├-	Interval time	sec	5.00		28.00	
√	Duration time	sec	0.00		2.00	
	TDS setpoint	μS	10.0		35.0	
	Hysteresis band	μS	0.001	20.000	0.100	
$\widetilde{}$	Forward Controls					
	High Demand drop	%	5.00	20.00	10.00	
	Level SP rise	%			10	
	Low Demand rate		0.00	1.00	0.10	
	Pressure SP drop	%			10	
	Demand duration	sec	1	10	5	
	Demand enable time	sec	1	60	10	
	Integrity test				Enable	
	Integrity test duration	sec			60	
	Pressure drop limit	%	-100	-1	-2	
	Pressure rise limit	%	100	1	2	
®	Forward Controls					
	Flow stable band	%			10.00	
	Flow stable time	sec			5	
	Performance ratio fault tolerance	%			0.1	
	Performance ratio sample limit time	hrs			100	
					1	
	Sample time pulse	sec			1	

	Setting	Units	Lower limit	Upper limit	Default	Setting
4-20mA	4-20mA	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
	FA01 4mA	L/min			48.80	
	FA01 20mA	L/min			1450.0	
	PA01 4mA	bar			0.00	
	PA01 20mA	bar			10.0	
	PA21 4mA	bar			0.00	
	PA21 20mA	bar			10.0	
	PA31 4mA	bar			0.00	
	PA31 20mA	bar			10.0	
	CA11 4mA	μS			0.0	
	CA11 20mA	μS			100.0	
	LA11 4mA (Viscorol)	%			0.0	
	LA11 20mA (Viscorol)	%			100.0	
	LA11 4mA (LP20)	%			16.7	
	LA11 20mA (LP20)	%			83.3	
	FA01 Feedwater flow smoothing				Enable	
	FA01 smothing interval	0.2sec			2	
	FA01 smothing samples				10	
	LA11 Water level smoothing				Disable	
	LA11 smothing interval	0.2sec			1	
	LA11 smothing samples				2	
ূহ	Configuration					
	Water setpoint delta select				Enable	
	Warmup pressure check				Enable	
	VB31 warm	%			10.0	
	Pressure SP minimum	bar	0.0	10.0	1.0	
	Pressure SP maximum	bar	0.0	10.0	6.0	
	Atmospheric Pressure	barA			1.013	

Service

For technical assistance contact our nearest Office or Agency or contact directly:

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E-mail: support@it.spiraxsarco.com

Warranty

Ascertained partial or complete non-compliance with these regulations will result in forfeiture of the related warranty.