

SPC30, SPC35

Single-Loop PID Process Controllers

Installation and Maintenance Instructions



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1. Safety information

Important Information

Please read this section thoroughly before using and observe the mentioned safety warnings fully. Safety warnings are categorized as "Warning" or "Caution". Failure to follow the instructions may result in a safety hazard.

	WARNING Mishandling may lead to minor or serious personal injury, fire, and/or property damage.
	CAUTION Mishandling may cause injury to the user or property damage.

If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

1.1 Limitations in Use

This product is a process controller which was developed, designed and manufactured on the premise that it would be used for general machinery.

In particular, if this product is to be used for applications that require the utmost safety as described below, please take into consideration of the safety of the entire system and the machine by adopting such means as a fail-safe design, a redundancy design as well as the conducting of periodical inspections.

- Safety devices for the purpose of protecting the human body
- Direct control of transportation equipment
- Airplanes
- Space equipment
- Atomic equipment, etc.

Please do not use this product for applications which directly involve human lives.

1.2 Installation and Wiring

This equipment must only be used under its intended conditions

If accessible Safety Extra Low Voltage (SELV) circuits are to be connected to Signal input terminal, SSR Drive output terminal, Current output terminal or Communication (RS485) terminal, ensure to provide a basic insulation between the SELV circuits and these terminals (For example, use transformer which has a basic insulation or higher degree of insulation). The basic insulation requires a clearance at least 1.5 mm and a creepage of at least 3.0 mm. If such insulation is not provided, the UL61010 and EN61010 safety compliance may become invalid.

Please observe the following instructions to meet the requirements of safety standard. Failure to observe these instructions violates safety standards. (This product is not a safety equipment.)

Install a recommended fuse, which is specified in the instruction manual, between the external main power (mains circuit) and this equipment.

Whole this equipment must be mounted in an enclosure in order to prevent the electric shock and spread of fire.

Be sure to install an appropriate external protective circuit to prevent excessive temperature rise etc.

When performing wiring work, be sure to turn the power off and to wear protection gloves or safety glasses, to prevent an electric shock.

Set proper parameter input signals which correspond to each input to be connected. Be careful not to confuse voltage input with current input, or vice versa.

Do not use this equipment for the measurement of circuits which falls under measurement categories II, III, or IV.

Do not use this equipment for measurement of signals to which a voltage over 30 VRMS or over 60 V DC is applied.

To avoid risk that anyone may come into contact with the terminal while the instrument is energized, the terminal cover must be fitted to prevent an electric shock. Before removing a terminal cover, turn off all the power.

Note the insulation class for this equipment.

Before installing, please confirm that the insulation class for equipment meets usage requirements, A power switch or a circuit breaker should be:

- Installed within the power supply facility.
- Properly installed within easy reach of an operator.
- Properly installed within easy reach of an operator.

Electrical wiring must be made by the qualified personnel only and in accordance with your local and national standards.

For power supply wiring, use wire equal to 600V vinyl insulated wire or above.

To prevent damage and failure of the equipment, provide the rated power voltage.

To prevent shock and equipment failure, do not turn the power ON until all wiring is complete.

Before turning on power, confirm that clearance space has been secured to prevent shock or fire.

Do not touch the terminal while the machine is on. Doing so risks shock or equipment errors.

Never disassemble, convert, modify or repair this equipment. Doing so risks abnormal operation, shock or fire.

If any failure occurs, please contact the manufacturer and return the product.

Output relay is the part has a limited life. When output relay contact comes to the end of its life, it might remain on-state, or off-state. For safety, use a protective circuit outside.

Change the setting as necessary so as the equipment to meet your application. Please note that the improper settings may result in overheat or unexpected damage.

Control output 1: heating control

Symbols on the instrument read this installation manual thoroughly before using the product, and use the product safely.

Ambient temperature	-10 °C to 50 °C
Ambient humidity	90% RH or below (with no condensation)
Overvoltage category	II
Pollution degree	2
Recommended fuse	250VAC, 0.1A T(Time-Lag) for 100 to 240V AC Power supply, 400V DC/400V AC, 1A T(Time-Lag) for 24V DC/24V AC Power supply
Usage environment	Indoor use
Altitude	up to 2000 m

Note that the insulation class for this equipment is as follows. Before installing, please confirm that the insulation class for equipment meets usage requirements.

SPC30

Power source	Internal circuit
	Process value input
	Control output 1 (current)
Alarm output 1 to 2 (relay contact, shared common)	Communication (RS-485)

SPC35

Power source	Internal circuit
	Process value input
	Control output 1 (current)
Alarm output 1 to 2 (relay contact, shared common)	Communication (RS-485)

1.3 Maintenance

When installing or removing the equipment, turn the power OFF. Otherwise, shock, operational errors or failures may be caused.

Periodic maintenance is recommended for continuous and safe use of this equipment.

Some parts installed on this equipment have a limited life and/or may deteriorate with age.

The warranty period for this unit (including accessories) is three years after the date of manufacture, if the product is used properly.

1.4 Installation



CAUTION

Mishandling may cause injury to the user or property damage

Cautions when Installing

Please avoid installing in the following locations:

- Where the ambient temperature falls outside the range of -10 to 50 °C when equipment is in use. (If the power supply is 200V AC, the recommended maximum ambient temperature is 45 °C.)
- With rapid temperature changes, leading to dew condensation
- With corrosive gases (especially sulfide gas, ammonia, etc.) or flammable gases.
- With vibration or shock directly. (Vibration and shock may cause output relay malfunction.)
- Locations in contact with water, oil, chemicals, steam or hot water. (If the equipment gets wet, there is a risk of electric shock or fire.)
- With high concentrations of atmospheric dust, salt or iron particles.
- With large inductive interference, resulting in static electricity, magnetic fields or noise
- In direct sunlight.
- That build up heat from radiant heat sources, etc.

Recommended site conditions

- A place where the ambient humidity during operation is between 45 to 85%RH

About EMC standard

- This equipment is a class A, for industrial locations, equipment. Do not use this equipment in domestic establishment, such as residential areas, or it may cause radio interference. If you use this equipment in domestic locations, take adequate measures on the outside of the equipment to reduce radio interference.
- Under the requirement of EMC standard, the maximum length of external cable including a sensor to be connected to this equipment is 30 m. Do not connect the sensor longer than 30 m.

Caution

In order to aid heat dissipation, do not block the sides of the equipment.
Do not block the air vents on the top and bottom of the case

Cautions for Wiring

For thermocouple input, use the designated compensation lead; for resistance bulb input, use wires with small lead wire resistance and without any resistance difference among the three wires.

To avoid noise conductor effects, input signal wires should be separated from electric power lines or load lines.

Input signal wire and output signal wire should be separated each other. And both should be shield wire.

If there is a lot of noise from the power source, adding an insulation transducer and using a noise filter is recommended.

Always attach a noise filter to a panel that is grounded securely, and keep the wiring between the noise filter output side and the measuring equipment power terminal wiring to a minimum length.

Please do not attach fuses and switches, etc. to the noise filter output wiring; otherwise the filter's effectiveness will be decreased.

Twisting the power wires is effective when connecting the wires. (The shorter the pitch of the twist, the more effective the connection is against noise.)

Operation preparation time is required for the contact output when power is turned on. If using it as a signal to an external interlock circuit, please couple it with a delayed relay.

Concerning the output relay, connecting the maximum rated load will shorten the product's life; so please attach an auxiliary relay. If the output operation frequency is high, selecting a SSR drive output type is recommended. Proportionate cycles] Relay output: 30 seconds or more, SSR drive output: 1 second or more

When inductive loads such as magnetic opening/closing equipment, etc. as relay output equipment are connected, use of a surge absorber is recommended in order to protect the contacts against opening/closing surges and to ensure long-term use

Recommended specification for the surge absorber:

Attachment position: between the relay control output contacts.

Key Operation Cautions/Error Operations

The alarm function does not work properly when an error takes place unless the settings are made correctly. Always verify its setting before operation.

If the input wiring breaks, the display will read "UUUU" or "LLLL". When replacing the sensor, always turn the power OFF

Others

- Please do not wipe the equipment with organic solvents such as alcohol or benzene, etc. If wiping is necessary, use a neutral cleaning agent.
- Do not use mobile phones near this equipment (within 50 cm). Otherwise a malfunction may result.
- Trouble may occur if the equipment is used near a radio, TV, or wireless device.
- This equipment should be treated as an industrial waste when it is disposed of.

Voltage	Nominal varistor voltage
100V	240V
200V	470V

2. General product information

2.1 Description

The SPC3x is a microprocessor-based temperature and process controller designed for industrial control applications. It features a 50 ms sampling period, high-accuracy process indication, and universal input support for thermocouples, RTDs, and analogue signals.

The controller incorporates advanced PID control algorithms, high-resolution signal processing, and precise input measurement technology to deliver stable control performance, rapid response to process disturbances, and reliable operation across a wide range of temperature and process control applications

2.2 Options

Product Code	Description
SPC30AEY2-FV1G7	SPC30, 1 x Current Output, 2 x Alarm Output, 100-240V AC
SPC30AEY2-FVMG7	SPC30, 1 x Current Output, 2 x Alarm Output, 100-240V AC, RS-485 Modbus
SPC35AEY2-FV1G7	SPC35, 1 x Current Output, 2 x Alarm Output, 100-240V AC
SPC35AEY2-FVMG7	SPC35, 1 x Current Output, 2 x Alarm Output, 100-240V AC, RS-485 Modbus

2.3 Key features and options

- Single-loop PID control for temperature and pressure applications
- Tier 2 positioning below GS-X, optimised for cost-sensitive installations
- Simple configuration for local setup and commissioning
- Fixed, application-focused configurations to reduce selection and specification risk
- Available Modbus variants for basic digital communication needs
- Compact, robust design suitable for industrial environments
- Global compliance alignment to support international deployment (EU and CN)



Fig. 2.1 SPC30 and SPC35

2.4 Order Codes SPC3x

				Example
SPC3		Single-Loop PID Process Controller		SPC3
5	Size	0	= 48 x 48 mm	0
		5	= 48 x 96 mm	
6	-	A	= Not used	A
7	Control Output	E	= Current Output	E
8	Control Output	Y	= None	Y
9	Revision Code	2	= 2	2
10	Alarm Output	F	= 2 Points	F
11	Power Supply	V	= 100 to 240 V AC, English	V
12	Communications	1	= None	1
		M	= RS-485 Communication	
13	-	G	= Not used	G
14	-	7	= Not used	7

SPC30 - without ModBus RS485

	5	6	7	8	9		10	11	12	13	14
SPC3	0	A	E	Y	2	-	F	V	1	G	7

SPC35 - with ModBus RS485

	5	6	7	8	9		10	11	12	13	14
SPC3	5	A	E	Y	2	-	F	V	M	G	7

3. Installation

3.1 Installation Guide

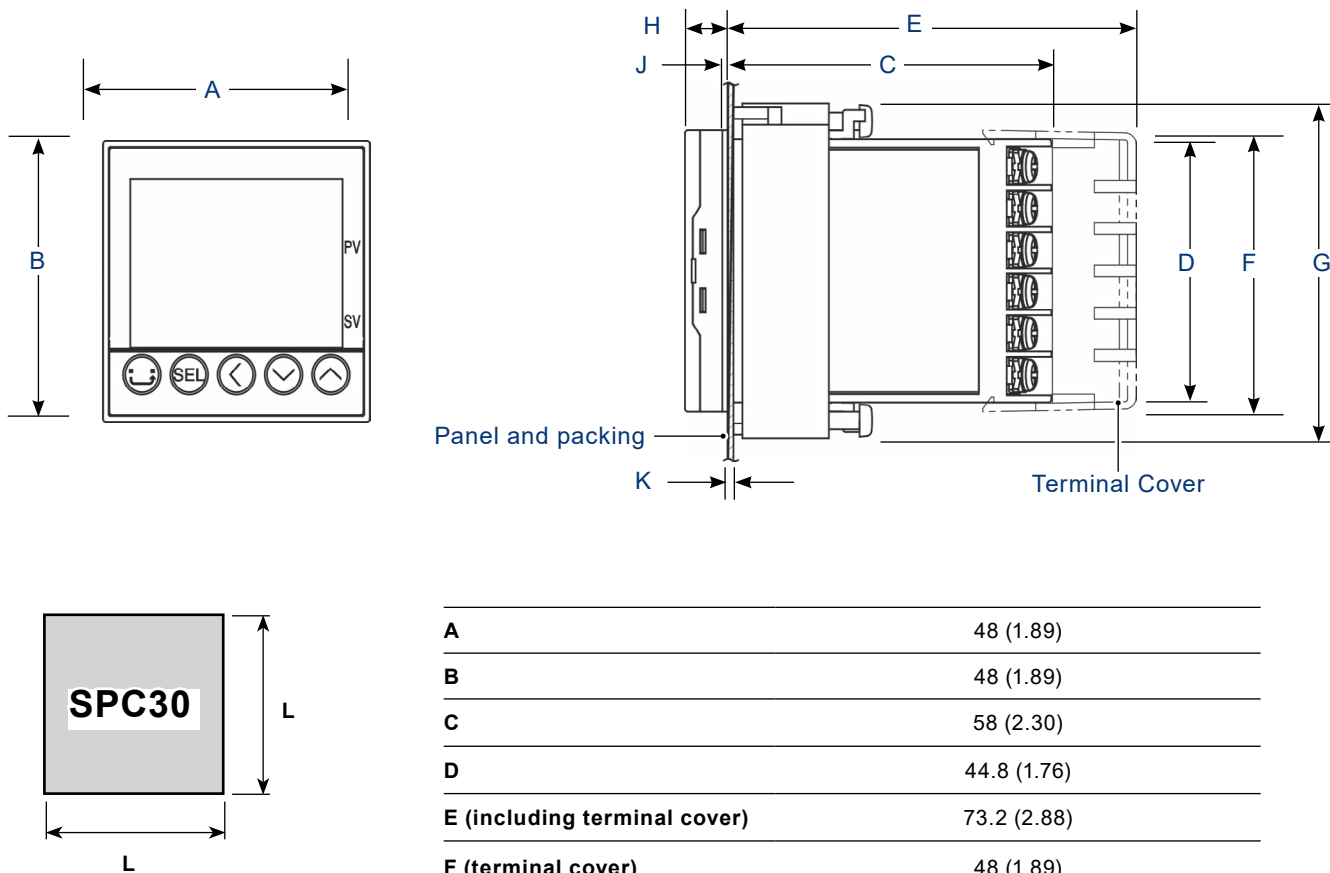
Confirmation of model Code	Confirm that the model delivered matches your order. Model Specification (section 2)
↓	
Installation and Mounting	External Dimensions (section 3.2) Panel cutout (section 3.2) Panel mounting dimensions (section 3.2) Installation and Mounting (section 3.5)
↓	
Wiring	Terminal connection diagram (section 3.6 and 3.7) Wiring (section 3.6 and 3.7)
↓	
Power ON	
↓	
Display and Operations Parameter List Functions of the Controller	Changing set value Basic operations Parameters List Parameter setting Basic operation (section 4.1) Changing SV (set value) (section 4.2) PID (Control parameters) (section 7.2)
↓	
Advanced Usage	Setting of input sensor and input range Selecting control method Controlling through auto-tuning Parameter setting Setup parameters (section 7.7) Control parameters (section 7.2) Auto tuning (section 7.1.5) Self tuning control (section 6.4)
↓	
Operation	
↓	
Error Indications	Display during equipment error TROUBLESHOOTING (section 7)



CAUTION

Wait 30 minutes for the controller to be stabilized thermally. Operations such as measurements should be started after the equipment has been energized at least for 30 minutes.

3.2 Dimensions and panel cut-out (approximate in mm and inches)



A	48 (1.89)
B	48 (1.89)
C	58 (2.30)
D	44.8 (1.76)
E (including terminal cover)	73.2 (2.88)
F (terminal cover)	48 (1.89)
G	57 (2.24)
H	7.7 (0.30)
J	1.0 (0.04)
K (panel thickness)	1 < t < 8
L (Panel Cut Out)	45mm -0.0, +0.5 (1.77 -0.0, +0.02)

Fig. 3.2.1 SPC30 Dimensions

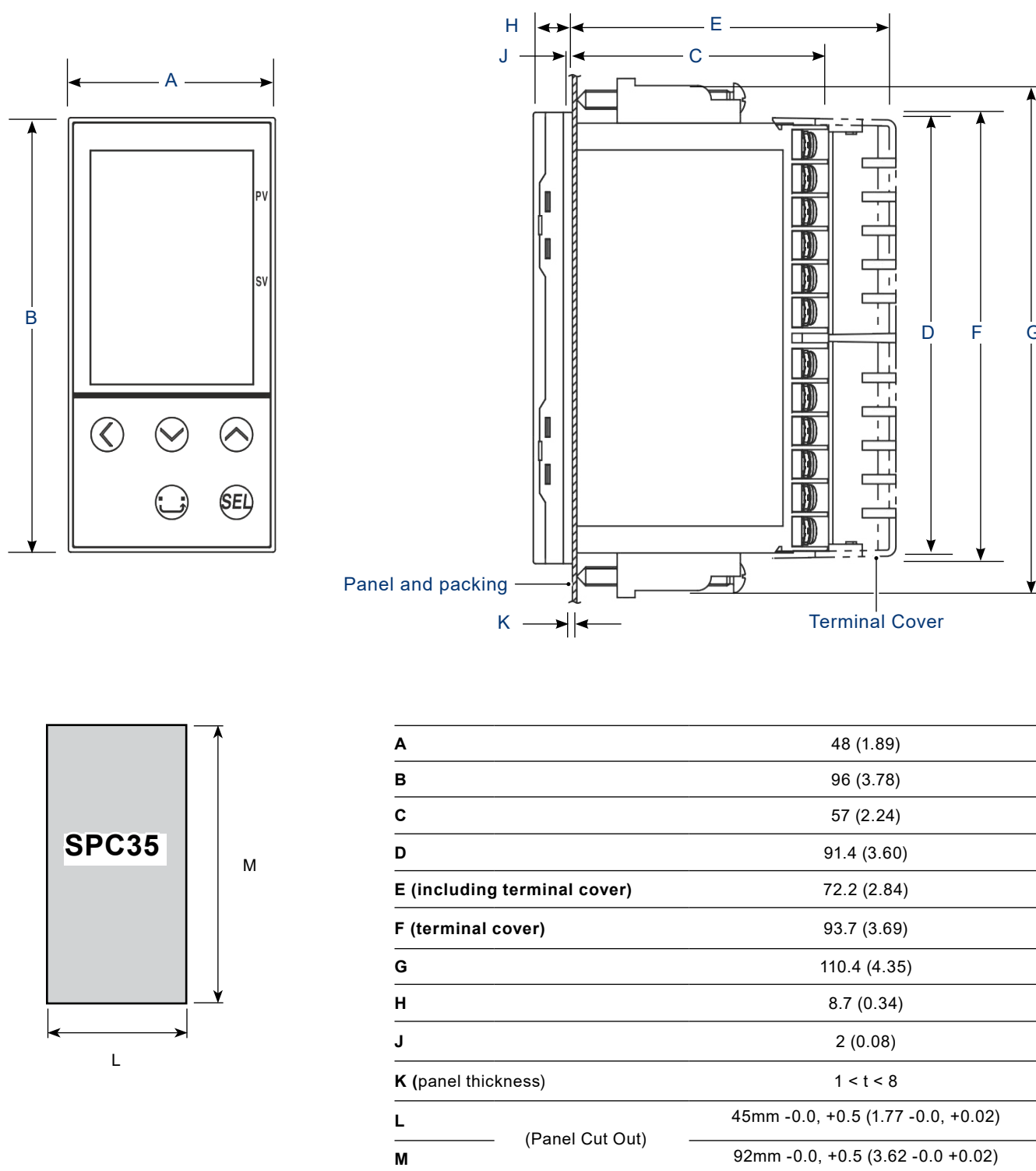


Fig. 3.2.2 SPC35 Dimensions

3.3 Recommended minimum spacing of controllers (not to scale)

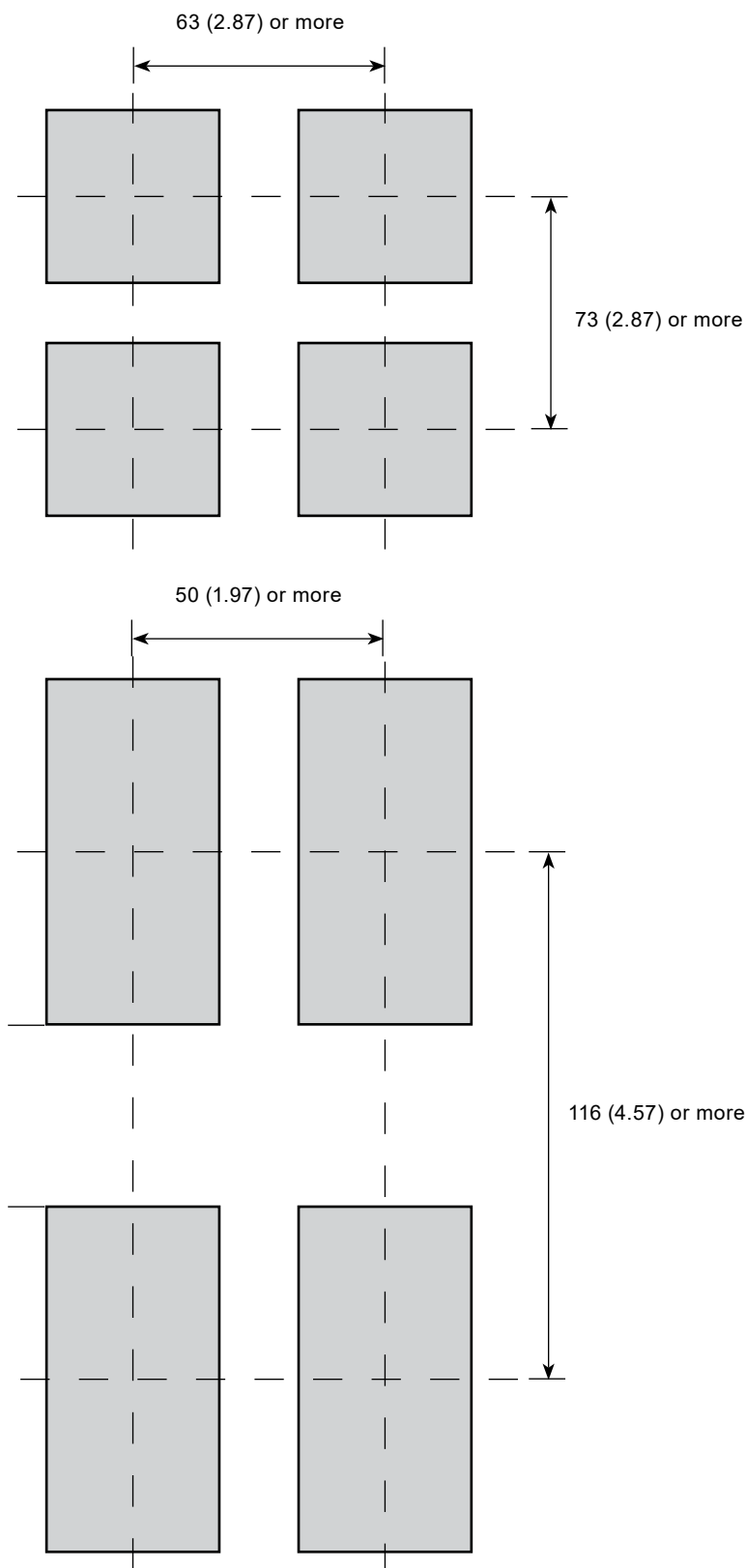


Fig. 3.4.1 Panel Cut Outs

3.4 Installation into panel

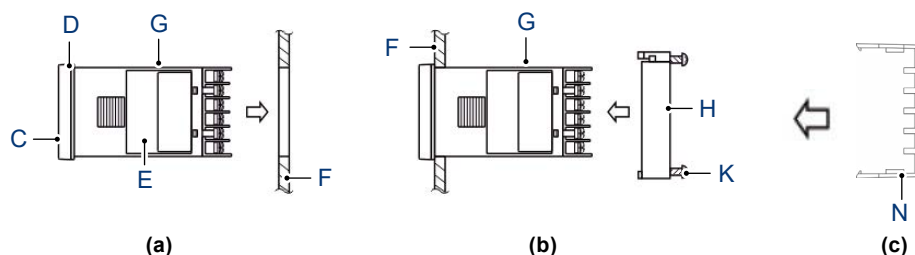


Fig. 3.5.1 SPC30 Installation

C	Front
D	Packing
E	Case
F	Panel
G	Unit
H	Mounting Bracket
J	Mounting fixture
K	Screw
L	Case (Bad)
M	Case (Good)
N	Terminal Cover

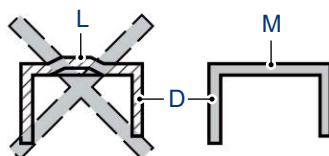


Fig. 3.5.2 Packing

- 1 Insert the controller unit into the panel cutout from the front, and then put the mounting bracket from the rear.
- 2 The mounting bracket should be pushed in until the controller is securely fixed to the panel. If there is a slight gap remaining, gently tighten the two screws until the gap disappears. (Make sure not to over tighten the screws, as doing so may result in the mounting bracket separating from the stopper.)
- 3 The front of this equipment is waterproof in compliance with NEMA-4X standards (IP66- equivalent).
- 4 To effect waterproof, the included packing is shall be attached between the controller and the panel according to the guidelines below. (Incorrect attachment may cause the equipment to lose its waterproof capabilities.)
- 5 As shown in Fig.5(a), insert to the panel after attaching the packing to the equipment case.
- 6 As shown in Fig.5(b), tighten the fixture screws so that no gaps can remain between the equipment face, the packing and the panels. Once finished, confirm that there are no changes in shape such as displaced or improperly-fitted packing, etc. as shown in Fig.6.
- 7 If the panel does not have enough strength, gaps may develop between the packing and the panel to lose waterproofing capabilities.
- 8 **Note:** The terminal cover (N) must be fitted for safety protection and to meet IP rating.

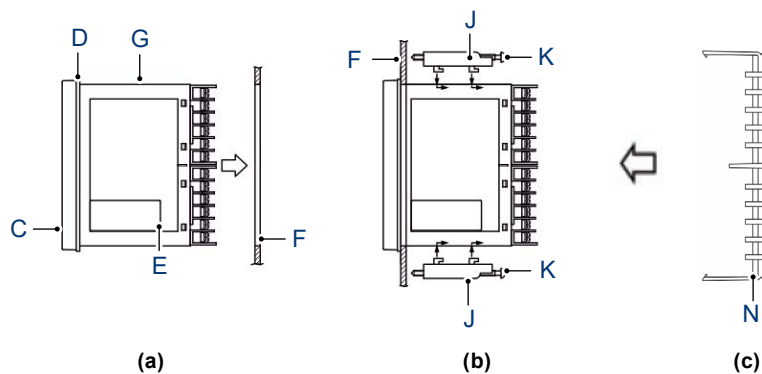


Fig. 3.5.3 SPC35 Installation

C	Front
D	Packing
E	Case
F	Panel
G	Unit
H	Mounting Bracket
J	Mounting fixture
K	Screw
L	Case (Bad)
M	Case (Good)
N	Terminal Cover

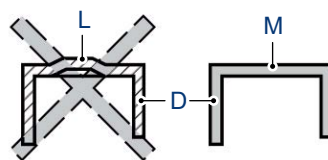


Fig. 3.5.4 Packing

- 1 Attach the controller with the included fixtures (2 pieces) to the top and bottom, and tighten with a screwdriver.
- 2 The clamp torque is approximately 0.15 N/m (1.5 kg/cm)
- 3 It is designed such that overtightening will cause left/right cracking to the central area of the Fixtures and hence reduce the torque.
- 4 Cracking to the central area will not cause any problems in terms of usability of the equipment. (However, do exercise caution in not applying too much torque because the casing is made of plastic.)
- 5 The front of this equipment is waterproof in compliance with NEMA-4X standards (IP66- equivalent).
- 6 To effect waterproof, the included packing is shall be attached between the controller and the panel according to the guidelines below. (Incorrect attachment may cause the equipment to lose its waterproof capabilities.)
- 7 As shown in Fig.7(a), insert to the panel after attaching the packing to the equipment case..
- 8 As shown in Fig.7(b), tighten the fixture screws so that no gaps can remain between the equipment face, the packing and the panels. Once finished, confirm that there are no changes in shape such as displaced or improperly-fitted packing, etc. as shown in Fig.8.
- 9 If the panel does not have enough strength, gaps may develop between the packing and the panel to lose waterproofing capabilities.
- 10 **Note:** The terminal cover (N) must be fitted for safety protection and to meet IP rating.

3.5 Rear terminals SPC30

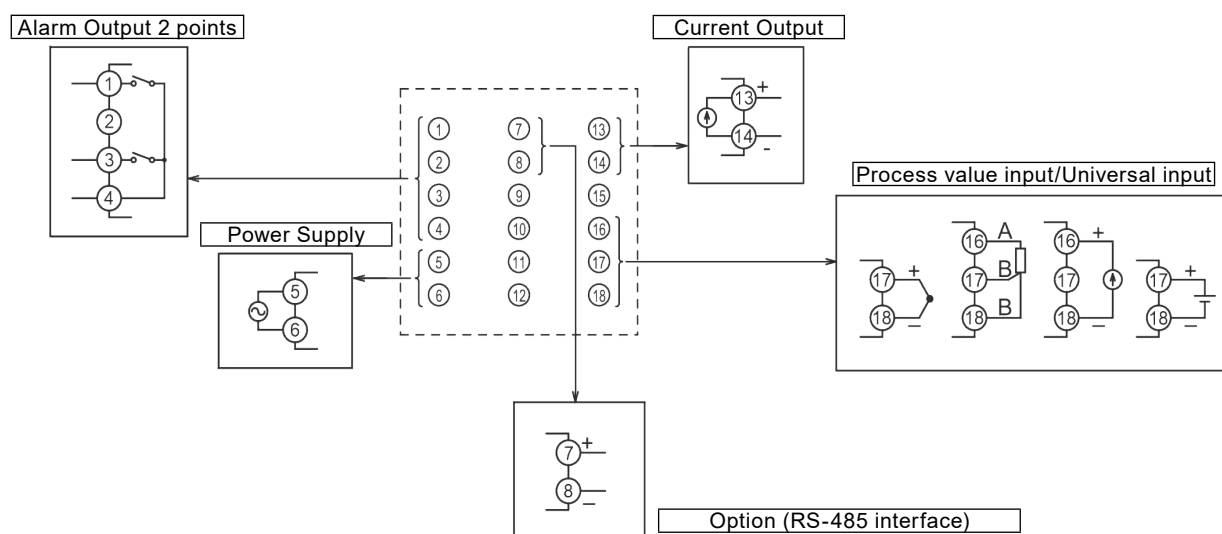


Fig. 3.6.1 SPC30 Connections

3.6 Rear terminals SPC35

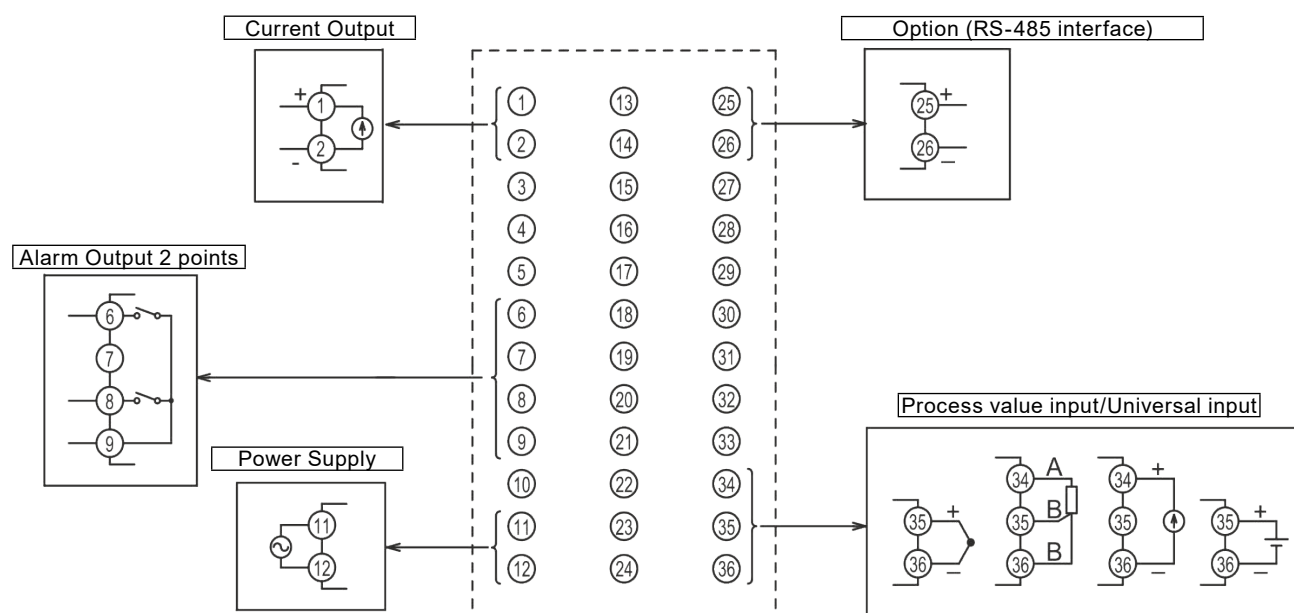
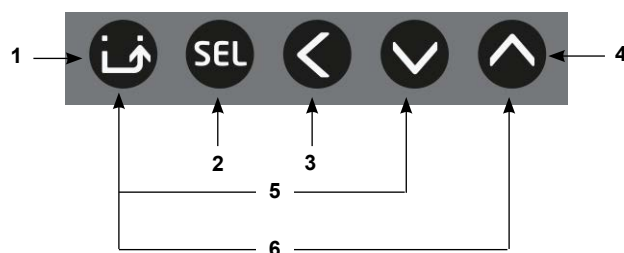


Fig. 3.7.1 SPC35 Connections

3.7 Front Panel Display Operation

SPC30

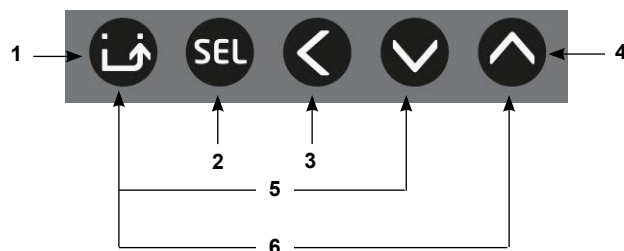


1	User Key 	Press this key once in PV/SV display to switch between SV display and MV display. Press and hold this key in PV/SV display to start the assigned function. (No function is allocated at the factory.) Press this key once in operation control mode, channel-selection mode, or setup mode to return to PV/SV display.
2	SEL Key 	Press this key once in operation mode to move to operation control mode. Press and hold this key in operation mode to move to channel selection mode. Press this key once in channel selection mode to move to setup mode. Press and hold this key in setup mode to move to channel selection mode. Press this key once in parameter selection submode of setup mode to enter parameter editing submode. Press this key once in parameter editing submode to save the change and return to parameter selection submode.
3	◀ Key 	Use this key to select the digit when changing values.
4	(▲,▼) Key 	Use this key to change SV value when in PV/SV screen. Press this key in operation control mode, channel selection mode, or setup mode, to change parameters to be displayed. Use this key to edit parameter when in parameter setting submode.
5	USER+▲ Key	Press and hold this key in PV/SV display to start the assigned function. (The factory set function for this key is switching between RUN and standby.)
6	USER+▼ Key	Press and hold this key in PV/SV display to start the assigned function. (The factory set function for this key is switching between start/stop of auto-tuning.)

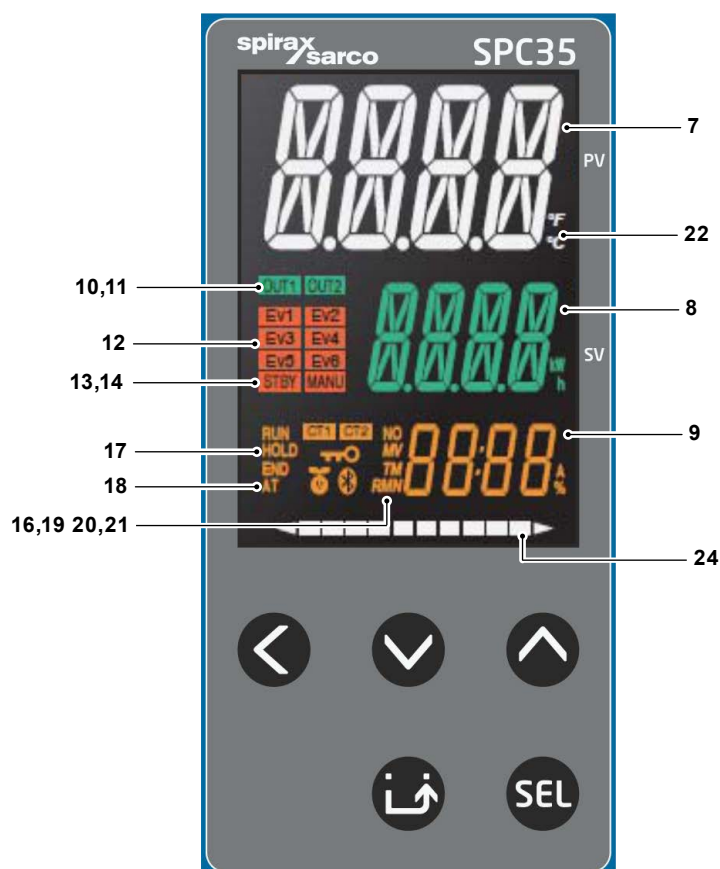


7	Process value (PV)	Indicates process value. Shows parameter name when in parameter setting.
8	Set Point (SV)	Shows set point. Shows parameter set value when in parameter setting.
9	Screen No.	Shows screen No. when in parameter setting.
10	OUT 1 Indicator	Lights during control output 1 is ON.
11	OUT 2 Indicator	Lights during control output 2 is ON
12	EV 1, EV 2, EV 3 indicators	Lights during digital output 1 to 3 are ON.
13	STBY indicator	Lights during standby
14	MANU indicator	Lights during manual mode
15	Lock indicator	Lights during key lock
16	No. indicator	Lights during indicating screen No.
17	RUN/HOLD/END indicators	Lights during ramp/soak operation.
18	AT indicator	Lights during auto tuning
19	MV indicator	Lights during MV is indicated on SV display
20	TM indicator	Lights during the time is indicated on SV display
21	RMN indicator	Lights during remaining time is indicated on SV display.
22	°C/°F indicator	Shows the temperature unit under use.
23	%, kW/h indicator	Shows the unit being applied to values on SV screen during the operation mode.
24	Bar Graph display	Displays a bar graph of control output (MV) during operation

3.8 Front Panel Display Operation SPC35



1	User Key	Press this key once in PV/SV display to switch between SV display and MV display. Press and hold this key in PV/SV display to start the assigned function. (No function is allocated at the factory.) Press this key once in operation control mode, channel-selection mode, or setup mode to return to PV/SV display.
2	SEL Key	Press this key once in operation mode to move to operation control mode. Press and hold this key in operation mode to move to channel selection mode. Press this key once in channel selection mode to move to setup mode. Press and hold this key in setup mode to move to channel selection mode. Press this key once in parameter selection submode of setup mode to enter parameter editing submode. Press this key once in parameter editing submode to save the change and return to parameter selection submode.
3	◀ Key	Use this key to select the digit when changing values.
4	(▲, ▼) Key	Use this key to change SV value when in PV/SV screen. Press this key in operation control mode, channel selection mode, or setup mode, to change parameters to be displayed. Use this key to edit parameter when in parameter setting submode.
5	USER+▲ Key	Press and hold this key in PV/SV display to start the assigned function. (The factory set function for this key is switching between RUN and standby.)
6	USER+▼ Key	Press and hold this key in PV/SV display to start the assigned function. (The factory set function for this key is switching between start/stop of auto-tuning.)



7	Process value (PV)	Indicates process value. Shows parameter name when in parameter setting.
8	Set Point (SV)	Shows set point. Shows parameter set value when in parameter setting.
9	Screen No.	Shows screen No. when in parameter setting.
10	OUT 1 Indicator	Lights during control output 1 is ON.
11	OUT 1 Indicator	Lights during control output 2 is ON
12	EV 1, EV 2, EV 3 indicators	Lights during digital output 1 to 3 are ON.
13	STBY indicator	Lights during standby
14	MANU indicator	Lights during manual mode
15	Lock indicator	Lights during key lock
16	No. indicator	Lights during indicating screen No.
17	RUN/HOLD/END indicators	Lights during ramp/soak operation.
18	AT indicator	Lights during auto tuning
19	MV indicator	Lights during MV is indicated on SV display
20	TM indicator	Lights during the time is indicated on SV display
21	RMN indicator	Lights during remaining time is indicated on SV display.
22	°C/°F indicator	Shows the temperature unit under use.
23	%, kW/h indicator	Shows the unit being applied to values on SV screen during the operation mode.
24	Bar Graph display	Displays a bar graph of control output (MV) during operation

4. Operation



The following table provide correspondence between digital characters used for the display of the controller and alphanumerical characters.

Alphabet Letter	Digital Character
A	<i>A</i>
B	<i>b</i>
C	<i>C</i>
D	<i>d</i>
E	<i>E</i>
F	<i>F</i>
G	<i>G</i>
H	<i>H</i>
I	<i>I</i>
J	-

Alphabet Letter	Digital Character
K	<i>K</i>
L	<i>L</i>
M	<i>M</i>
N	<i>N</i>
O	<i>o</i>
P	<i>P</i>
Q	-
R	<i>R</i>
S	<i>S</i>
T	<i>t</i>

Alphabet Letter	Digital Character
U	<i>U</i>
V	<i>V</i>
W	<i>W</i>
X	<i>X</i>
Y	<i>Y</i>
Z	-

Number	Digital Character
1	<i>1</i>
2	<i>2</i>
3	<i>3</i>
4	<i>4</i>
5	<i>5</i>

Number	Digital Character
6	<i>6</i>
7	<i>7</i>
8	<i>8</i>
9	<i>9</i>
0	<i>0</i>

4.1 Basic Operations

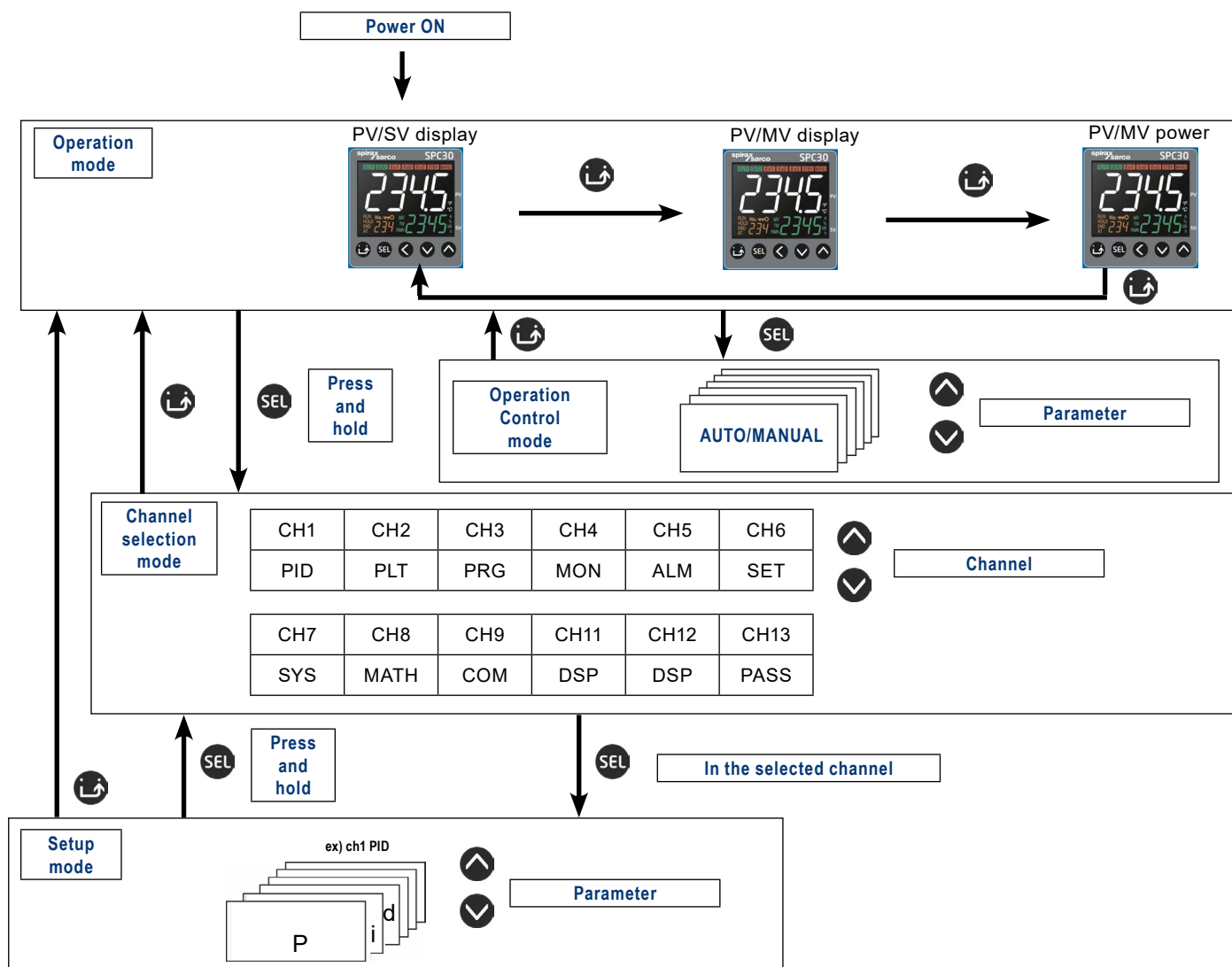


Fig. 4.1.1 Basic Operation

Operation Mode

In this mode the normal operation is performed. The process value (PV) and the set value (SV) are displayed. The device starts in this mode when you turn on the power. You can change the set value (SV) in this mode. You can check the output value (MV) and the amount of electric power by switching the screen.

Operation Control Mode

In this mode you can put the device to standby or change the alarm set value.

Channel Selection mode

In this mode you can select the parameter channel to be displayed.

Setup mode

In this mode you can setup each parameter. This mode includes the parameter selection submode and the parameter editing submode, which can be switched by SEL key. In the parameter selection submode, you can switch between parameters by using Δ /V keys. In the parameter editing submode, you can change parameter values by using Δ /V keys.

4.2 Changing values on operation screen

Changing SV (set values)

- 1 Change the display to PV/SV display (shown when you turn on the power).
- 2 Change the SV with the   keys.
- 3 Press the  key to save the values.
(The value will be automatically saved after 3 seconds even if a key is not pressed.)

Changing MV (control output values)

- 1 Change the display to PV/MV display (MAN lamp is lit).
(Pressing the  key in manual mode toggles between PV/SV display and PV/MV display.)
- 2 Change the MV with the   keys. (Changes are reflected to the MV as it is changed.)
- 3 See section 6.8 for more about changing to manual mode.

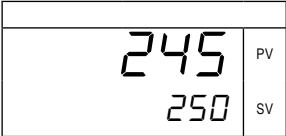
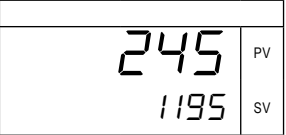
4.2.1 Changing SV (set value)

Description

- The SV is a target value for control.
- SV must be within the range between SVL (lower limit) and SVH (upper limit) which belong to Pid parameter.

Related parameters: SVL, SVH see section 4.2.8

Setting example - Changing the SV from 250 °C to 1195 °C

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Use the   keys to change SV to 1195.
	3. Press the  key to save the change. (The change will be saved after three seconds, even if you do not press any key.)
	

4.3 Setting the Process Controller

4.3.1 Input setting

Set the type and the range for input sensor. Input can be set in the setup menu (

For more on input types, input scaling, decimal point location, and input codes, see Table 1

INPUT SETTING - Choose an input type ("PVt")

Check the type of the thermocouple or resistance device that is to be used.



INPUT SETTING - Set the PV scaling (input range) ("PVb"/"PVf")

Set Pvb to the lower limit of the temperature range and PvF to the upper limit.

It is recommended to set the values at the standard range, even though they can be set at values beyond of it.

There is no standard range for DC voltage or DC current input. (-1999 to 9999, lower limit < upper limit)



INPUT SETTING - Set the decimal point location ("PVd")

Sets whether or not to display digits after the decimal point. Two digits can also be displayed after the decimal point when using 1 to 5V DC, and 4 to 20mA DC.



PV scaling and decimal point location can be used with the factory settings.

4.3.2 Output setting

OUTPUT SETTING - Sets the range of the control output (OUT1)

0 to 20mA or 4 to 20mA DC

4.3.3 Control Setting

Sets controls to normal operation or reverse operation. Reverse operation: As the process value (PV) rises, the control output (MV) becomes smaller. Used to heat the control object.

Normal operation: As the process value (PV) rises, the control output (MV) becomes larger. Used to cool the control object.

Set the normal or reverse operation ("REV").

Choose the option required (shown in table) for heat and cool to suit your system.

rEv	Control output 1
rv--	Reverse
no--	Normal
rvno	Reverse
norv	Normal
rrvv	Reverse
nono	Normal

5. Parameter List

The following tables explain each channel parameter.

The list also shows the operational range of set values for parameters that are limited.

When the PV input lower limit (Pvb), PV input upper limit (PvF), or decimal place position (Pvd) is changed, reconfigure all the initial parameter setting values.

When the parameter that has **RST** on its Remarks column is changed, turn off the power once, and then re-start the controller.

5.1 Operation control parameter

Parameter			Function	Setting range	Initial value	Remarks
No.	Disp	Name				
1	<i>MAN</i>	Switchover between auto and manual mode	Switchover between auto and manual modes	oFF (auto)/on(manual)	oFF	This parameter is not displayed in default setting. If you need to change this parameter, change the setting of "Ch11 dSP" so that it appears.
2	<i>SLBY</i>	Switchover between RUN and standby	Switchover the operation mode between RUN and standby	oFF(RUN)/on(standby)	oFF	
3	<i>REM</i>	Local/remote switchover	Switches the operation between local/remote SV.	LoCL (local)/ REM (remote)	LoCL	
4	<i>PRG</i>	Ramp soak control command	Changes ramp soak run states	oFF (stop)rUn (run)hLd (hold)	oFF	Displays End (when ending) or GS (during guaranty soak).
5	<i>AL</i>	Auto-tuning run command	Runs auto-tuning.	oFF (stop/finish) on (normal type) L-oN (low PV type)	oFF	
6	<i>LACH</i>	Alarm output latch release command	Cancels the alarm output latch state	oFF/rST (latch resets)	oFF	
7	<i>SVN</i>	SV selection	Chooses the SV No. used for control	LoCL Sv1 Sv2 Sv3 Sv4 Sv5 Sv6 Sv7 di (depending on DI)	LoCL	"When changing the SV with the front key, do not change the "Svn" parameter via communication. Otherwise, the changed SV may not be stored correctly."
8	<i>PLIM</i>	PID selection	Chooses the PID No. used for control	LoCL Pid 1 (PID group No. 1) Pid 2 (PID group No. 2) Pid 3 (PID group No. 3) Pid 4 (PID group No. 4) Pid 5 (PID group No. 5) Pid 6 (PID group No. 6) Pid 7 (PID group No. 7) di (depending on DI)	LoCL	

Note 1: ALRM 2 to ALARM 5 are shown as reference and not available in the current available hardware configurations

Parameter			Function	Setting range	Initial value	Remarks
No.	Disp	Name				
9	<i>AL 1</i>	ALM1 set value	Sets the alarm value for ALM1.	Absolute value alarm: 0 to 100% FS Deviation alarm: -100 to 100% FS	2.50%FS	
10	<i>R1-L</i>					
11	<i>R1-H</i>					
12	<i>AL 2</i>	ALM2 set value	Sets the alarm value for ALM2.	Absolute value alarm: 0 to 100% FS Deviation alarm: -100 to 100% FS	2.50%FS	Note 1
13	<i>R2-L</i>					
14	<i>R2-H</i>					
15	<i>AL 3</i>	ALM3 set value	Sets the alarm value for ALM3.	Absolute value alarm: 0 to 100% FS Deviation alarm: -100 to 100% FS	2.50%FS	Note 1
16	<i>R3-L</i>					
17	<i>R3-H</i>					
18	<i>AL 4</i>	ALM4 set value	Sets the alarm value for ALM4.	Absolute value alarm: 0 to 100% FS Deviation alarm: -100 to 100% FS	2.50%FS	Note 1
19	<i>R4-L</i>					
20	<i>R4-H</i>					
21	<i>AL 5</i>	ALM5 set value	Sets the alarm value for ALM5.	Absolute value alarm: 0 to 100% FS Deviation alarm: -100 to 100% FS	2.50%FS	Note 1
22	<i>R5-L</i>					
23	<i>R5-H</i>					
27	<i>WCmd</i>	Electric power calculation command	Switches among on/off/hold of electric power calculation.	oFF (stop calculation) rUn (run calculation) hLd (suspend calculation)	oFF	
28	<i>LoL</i>	Key lock	Sets the key lock to prevent wrong operation	oFF (no lock) ALL (all lock) PArA (All but SV locked)	oFF	

5.2 Ch1 PID (control parameters)

Parameter			Function	Setting range	Initial value	Remarks
No.	Disp	Name				
50	p	Proportional band (%)	Sets the proportional band of the PID parameter.	0.1 to 999.9%	5.0%	
51	i	Integration time	Sets the integration time of the PID parameter. Setting ""0"" will turn off integration.	0 to 3200 sec	240 sec	
52	d	Differential time	Sets the differential band of the PID parameter. Setting ""0"" will turn off differentiation.	0.0 to 999.9 sec	60.0 sec	
53	$HY5$	ON/OFF control hysteresis	Sets the hysteresis width for the ON/OFF control.	0 to 50%FS	0.25%FS	
54	$CoaL$	Cooling proportional band coefficient	Sets the proportional band coefficient for cooling. Setting ""0.0"" will turn the cooling into an ON/OFF control.	0.0 to 100.0	1.0	
55	db	Dead band (%)	Shifts the cooling proportional band from the set value	-50.0 to 50.0%	0.0%	
56	bRL	Output convergence value (%)	Offset value which is added to the MV output value	-100.0 to 100.0%	0/50 (single/dual)	
57	RR	Anti-reset windup	Sets the range of integration control	0 to 100%FS	100%FS	
58	REV	Normal/reverse operations	Selects single control or dual control. Sets the control action (normal or reverse).	rv-- (heat (reverse)/cool (none)) no-- (heat (normal)/cool (none)) rvno (heat (reverse)/cool (normal)) norv (heat (normal)/cool (reverse)) rvrv (heat (reverse)/cool (reverse)) nono (heat (normal)/cool (normal))	rv--/rvno (single/dual)	[RESET]
59	SVL	SV limit (lower)	Sets the lower limit of SV	0 to 100%FS	0.00%FS	Note 1
60	SVH	SV limit (upper)	Sets the upper limit of SV	0 to 100%FS	0.00%FS	Note 1
61	$EC1$	OUT1 proportion cycle	Sets the proportion cycle of the control output (OUT1)	1 to 150 sec	30 (relay) 2 (SSR) 1 (current)	
62	$EC2$	OUT2 proportion cycle	Sets the proportion cycle of the control output (OUT2)	1 to 150 sec	30 (relay) 2 (SSR) 1 (current)	

Continued on next page

Parameter			Function	Setting range	Initial value	Remarks
No.	Disp	Name				
63	PLC1	OUT1 lower limit	Sets the lower limit of the control output (OUT1)	-5.0 to 105.0%	-5.0%	
64	PHC1	OUT1 upper limit	Sets the upper limit of the control output (OUT1)	-5.0 to 105.0%	105.0%	
65	PLC2	OUT2 lower limit	Sets the lower limit of the control output (OUT2)	-5.0 to 105.0%	-5.0%	
66	PHC2	OUT2 upper limit	Sets the upper limit of the control output (OUT2)	-5.0 to 105.0%	105.0%	
67	PCUL	Type of output limiter	Sets the type of output limiter	0 to 15	0	
73	ALPA	Alpha	Sets 2-degrees-of-freedom coefficient α	-199.9 to 300.0%	40.0%	
74	BETA	Beta	Sets 2-degrees-of-freedom coefficient β	0.0 to 999.9%	100.0%	

Note 1: “SvL” and “Svh” must be set so that SvL < Svh. When you change the values for “SvL” and “Svh”, check SV 1 (“Sv1 Ch2”) through SV 7 (“Sv7 Ch2”).

5.3 Ch2 PLT (PID palette parameters)

Parameter			Function	Setting range	Initial value	Remarks
No	Disp	Name				
100	SV 1	SV1	Sets the SV (set value)	SV limit (lower)(SVL) to SV limit (upper)(SVH) %FS	0%FS	Note 1
101	P 1	Proportional band 1 (%)	Sets the proportional band.	0.1 to 999.9%	5.0%	
102	I 1	Integration time 1	Sets the integration time.	0 to 3200 sec	240 sec	
103	d 1	Differential time 1	Sets the differential time.	0.0 to 999.9 sec	60.0 sec	
104	HYS 1	ON/OFF control hysteresis 1	Sets the hysteresis when using the ON/OFF control.	0 to 50%FS	0.25%FS	
105	CoL 1	Cooling proportional band 1 (%)	Sets the cooling proportional band.	0.0 to 100.0	1.0	
106	db 1	Dead band 1 (%)	Sets the dead band	-50.0 to 50.0%	0.0%	
107	bRL 1	Output convergence value 1 (%)	Offset value which is added to the control output	-100.0 to 100.0%	0/50 (single/dual)	
108	RR 1	Anti-reset windup 1	Sets the anti-reset windup	0 to 100%FS	100%FS	
109	REV 1	Normal/reverse 1	Selects single control or dual control. Sets the control action (normal or reverse).	rv-- (heat (reverse)/cool (none)) no-- (heat (normal)/cool (none)) rvno (heat (reverse)/cool (normal)) norv (heat (normal)/cool (reverse)) rvrv (heat (reverse)/cool (reverse)) nono (heat (normal)/cool (normal))	rv--/rvno (single/dual)	Note 2 [RESET]
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
160	SV 7	SV 7	Sets the SV (set value)	SV limit (lower)(SVL) to SV limit (upper)(SVH) %FS	0%FS	Note 1
161	P 7	Proportional band 7 (%)	Sets the proportional band.	0.1 to 999.9%	5.0%	
162	I 7	Integration time 7	Sets the integration time.	0 to 3200 sec	240 sec	
163	d 7	Differential time 7	Sets the differential time.	0.0 to 999.9 sec	60.0 sec	
164	HYS 7	ON/OFF control hysteresis 7	Sets the hysteresis when using the ON/OFF control.	0 to 50%FS	0.25%FS	
165	CoL 7	Cooling proportional band 7 (%)	Sets the cooling proportional band.	0.0 to 100.0	1.0	
166	db 7	Dead band 7 (%)	Sets the dead band	-50.0 to 50.0%	0.0%	

Continued on next page

Parameter			Function	Setting range	Initial value	Remarks
No	Disp	Name				
167	bRL 7	Output convergence value 7 (%)	Offset value which is added to the control output	-100.0 to 100.0%	0/50 (single/dual)	
168	AR 7	Anti-reset windup 7	Sets the anti-reset windup	0 to 100%FS	100%FS	
169	REV 7	Normal/reverse 7	Selects single control or dual control. Sets the control action (normal or reverse).	rv-- (heat (reverse)/cool (none)) no-- (heat (normal)/cool (none)) rvno (heat (reverse)/cool (normal)) norv (heat (normal)/cool (reverse)) rvrv (heat (reverse)/cool (reverse)) nono (heat (normal)/cool (normal))	rv--/rvno (single/dual)	Note 2 [RESET]
170	REF 1	PID switching point 1	Sets the PID switching point for palette 1.	0 to 100%FS	0%FS	
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
176	REF 7	PID switching point 7	Sets the PID switching point for palette 7.	0 to 100%FS	0%FS	
177	SvMx	Max SV selection number	Choosing SV with the user key sets it to the maximum possible number.	LoCL Sv1 Sv2 Sv3 Sv4 Sv5 Sv6 Sv7 di (depending on DI)	Sv7	
178	PL IN	Max PID selection number	Choosing PID with the user key sets it to the maximum possible number.	LoCL Pid1 Pid2 Pid3 Pid4 Pid5 Pid6 Pid7 di (depending on DI)	Pid7	

Note 1: "SvL" and "Svh" must be set so that SvL < Svh. When you change the values for "SvL" and "Svh", check SV 1 ("Sv1 Ch2") through SV 7 ("Sv7 Ch2").

Note 2: Set the same value as the one for the Normal/Reverse setting ("rEv Ch1").

5.4 Ch 3 PRG (ramp soak parameters)

Parameter			Function	Setting range	Initial value	Remarks
No.	Disp	Name				
200	<i>PLN</i>	Ramp soak operation pattern (Step No.)	Sets which steps to use in the ramp soak operation pattern	0 (uses steps 1 to 8) 1(uses steps 9 to 16) 2(uses steps 17 to 24) 3(uses steps 25 to 32) 4(uses steps 33 to 40) 5(uses steps 41 to 48) 6(uses steps 49 to 56) 7(uses steps 57 to 64) 8(uses steps 1 to 16) 9(uses steps 17 to 32) 10(uses steps 33 to 48) 11(uses steps 49 to 64) 12(uses steps 1 to 32) 13(uses steps 33 to 64) 14(uses steps 1 to 64) di (depending on DI)	14	Note 1
201	<i>ELMU</i>	Ramp soak time units	Sets the units of the ramp soak time	hh.MM (hour:min) MM.SS (min:sec)	hh.MM	
202	<i>SV-1</i>	Ramp soak 1 seg/SV 1	Sets the SV	0 to 100%FS	0%FS	
203	<i>ELR</i>	Ramp soak 1 seg ramp time	Sets the ramp time.	00:00 to 99:59 (hour:min/min:sec)	00:00	
204	<i>ELS</i>	Ramp soak 1 seg soak time	Sets the soak time.	00:00 to 99:59 (hour:min/min:sec)	00:00	
205	<i>SV-2</i>	Ramp soak 2 seg/SV 2	Sets the SV	0 to 100%FS	0%FS	
206	<i>ELR2</i>	Ramp soak 2 seg ramp time	Sets the ramp time.	00:00 to 99:59 (hour:min/min:sec)	00:00	
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
389	<i>ELR63</i>	Ramp soak 63 seg ramp time	Sets the ramp time.	00:00 to 99:59 (hour:min/min:sec)	00:00	
390	<i>ELS63</i>	Ramp soak 63 seg soak time	Sets the soak time.	00:00 to 99:59 (hour:min/min:sec)	00:00	
391	<i>SV64</i>	Ramp soak 64 seg/SV 64	Sets the SV	0 to 100%FS	0%FS	
392	<i>ELR64</i>	Ramp soak 64 seg ramp time	Sets the ramp time.	00:00 to 99:59 (hour:min/min:sec)	00:00	
393	<i>ELS64</i>	Ramp soak 64 seg soak time	Sets the soak time.	00:00 to 99:59 (hour:min/min:sec)	00:00	
394	<i>Mod</i>	Ramp soak mode	Sets the program operation method	0 to 15	0	
395	<i>ESOK</i>	Guaranty soak ON/OFF	Sets the guaranty soak ON or OFF	oFF (guaranty soak off) on (guaranty soak on)	oFF	

Continued on next page

Parameter			Function	Setting range	Initial value	Remarks
No.	Disp	Name				
396	GS-L	Guaranty soak band (Lower)	Sets the lower limit of guaranty soak	0 to 50%FS	1.25%FS	
397	GS-H	Guaranty soak band (Upper)	Sets the upper limit of guaranty soak	0 to 50%FS	1.25%FS	
398	PVSt	PV start	Sets whether or not to start ramp soak with PV.	oFF (PV start off) on (PV start on)	oFF	
399	LoMk	Restore mode	Sets how to restart when the controller is restored after a power loss.	rES (Reset) Con (Continue) ini (Restart)	rES	
400	PMH	Max pattern selection	Sets the maximum pattern number selectable by using the user key.	0 to 14	14	
401	PMN	Min pattern selection	Sets the minimum pattern number selectable by using the user key.	0 to 14	0	

Note 1: Do not change this parameter during the ramp soak operation. Be sure to set "PrG" = "oFF" before changing the parameter.

5.5 Ch 4 MON (monitor parameters)

Parameter			Function	Setting range	Initial value	Remarks
No	Disp	Name				
420	SEAL	Ramp soak progress	Displays the progress of the ramp soak	oFF (ramp soak stopped) 1-rP (ramp in step 1) 1-Sk (soak in step 1) 64rP (ramp in step 64) 64Sk (soak in step 64) End (ramp soak finished)	—	
421	MV1	MV1(%)	Displays the output value of the control output (OUT1)	-5.0 to 105.0%	—	
422	MV2	MV2(%)	Displays the output value of the control output (OUT2)	-5.0 to 105.0%	—	
424	RSV	Remote SV	Shows a remote SV.	-5% to 105%FS	—	
425	EL1	Heater current (A)	Shows a heater current value. (A current value when OUT1 is ON.)	0 to 110.0 A	—	
427	LL1	SSR leak current (A)	Shows a leak current value. (A current value when OUT1 is OFF.)	0 to 110.0 A	—	
429	EM1	Remaining time on timer 1	Displays the remaining time on timer 1	0 to 9999 sec/ 0 to 9999 min	—	
430	EM2	Remaining time on timer 2	Displays the remaining time on timer 2	0 to 9999 sec/ 0 to 9999 min	—	
431	EM3	Remaining time on timer 3	Displays the remaining time on timer 3	0 to 9999 s/0 to 9999 min	—	
435	COMM	Communication status	Displays the communication status.	0 to 9999 times (number of communication times)	—	
436	CUR1	Current (A)	Shows a value measured by CT.	0 to 110.0 A	—	
438	POW	Electric power	Shows a calculated value for electric power.	0.0 to 9999 KW	—	
439	KWH	Power	Displays the calculated amount of electric power.	0.0 to 999.9 Wh	—	
440	REN1	Number of operating times (control relay 1)	Displays the number of times that control relay 1 has operated.	0 to 9999k times	—	
441	REN2	Number of operating times (control relay 2)	Displays the number of times that control relay 2 has operated.	0 to 9999k times	—	
442	RUNE	Operating days	Displays the number of days operated, converted from total operating time.	0 to 5000 days	—	

Continued on next page

Parameter			Function	Setting range	Initial value	Remarks
No	Disp	Name				
443	<i>ERR</i>	Error source	Displays the source of an error	0 bit: PV input underflow (LLLL) 1 bit: PV input overflow (UUUU) 2 bit: PV underrange 3 bit: PV overrange 4 bit: R-SV underrange 5 bit: R-SV overrange 6 bit: Range setting error 8 bit: PV input circuit error 9 bit: R-SV input circuit error 10 bit: CT input circuit error	—	
444	<i>DI</i>	DI input state	Displays the state of DI.	0 bit DI1 1 bit DI2 2 bit DI3	—	
445	<i>ERR</i>	Communication error station number	Shows the station number under a cooperative communication error or a programless communication error.	1 to 31	—	
446	<i>PLNo</i>	Current palette No.	Displays the PID palette No. currently selected.	0-7	—	
447	<i>PLNo</i>	Current pattern No.	Displays the pattern No. of the ramp soak currently selected.	0-15	—	

5.6 Ch 5 ALM (alarm parameters)

Parameter			Function	Setting range	Initial value	Remarks
No.	Disp	Name				
470	<i>ALP</i>	ALM1 alarm type	Set the alarm type for ALM1.	0 to 58	0	Refer to section 6.12 for the detail.
471	<i>ALHY</i>	ALM1 hysteresis	Sets the hysteresis for alarm output 1 ON/OFF	0 to 50%FS	0.25%FS	
472	<i>ALY1</i>	ALM1 delay	Sets the delay before detecting alarm output 1	0 to 9999 [sec/min]	0	
473	<i>ALU1</i>	ALM1 delay time units	Sets the delay time units for alarm output 1	sec (second) Min (minute)	sec	
474	<i>ALP1</i>	ALM1 option	Assigns the optional functions to ALM1 Ones digit: alarm output latch Tens digit: error alarm Hundreds digit: inverted output Thousands digit: hold reset	0000 to 1111	0000	
•	•	•	•	•	•	Note 1
•	•	•	•	•	•	
•	•	•	•	•	•	
490	<i>AL5P</i>	ALM5 hysteresis	Sets the hysteresis for alarm output 5 ON/OFF.	0 to 50%FS	0.25%FS	Refer to Section 6.12 for the detail.
491	<i>AL5HY</i>	ALM5 delay	Sets the delay before detecting alarm output 5.	0 to 9999 [sec/min]	0	Note 1
492	<i>AL5U</i>	ALM5 delay time unit	Sets the delay time unit for alarm output 5.	sec (second) Min (minute)	sec	Note 1
493	<i>AL5U</i>	ALM5 option	Assigns the optional functions to ALM5. Ones digit: alarm output latch Tens digit: error alarm Hundreds digit: inverted output Thousands digit: hold reset	0000 to 1111	0000	Note 1
494	<i>ALP5</i>	ALM5 option	Assigns the optional functions to ALM5 Ones digit: alarm output latch Tens digit: error alarm Hundreds digit: inverted output Thousands digit: hold reset	0000 to 1111	0000	Note 1
500	<i>HB1</i>	HB alarm set value	Sets the value to activate the heater burnout alarm.	0.0 to 100.0 (A)	0.0A	

Continued on next page

Parameter			Function	Setting range	Initial value	Remarks
No.	Disp	Name				
501	<i>Hb IH</i>	HB alarm hysteresis	Sets an ON/OFF hysteresis for the heater burnout alarm.	0.0 to 100.0 (A)	0.5A	
502	<i>HS I</i>	Shorted-load alarm set value	Sets the alarm value for heater shorted load.	0.0 to 100.0 (A)	0.0A	
503	<i>HS IH</i>	Shorted-load alarm hysteresis	Sets an ON/OFF hysteresis for the heater shorted-load alarm.	0.0 to 100.0 (A)	0.5A	
508	<i>LbLM</i>	Loop break detection time	Sets the time before detecting a broken loop	0 to 9999 sec	0 (Off)	
509	<i>LbRb</i>	Loop break detection range (°C)	Sets the temperature range before detecting a broken loop	0.0 to 100.0%FS	2.50%FS	
511	<i>WHRL</i>	Electricity alarm	Sets the value for electricity alarm.	0-9999KWh	0	

Note 1: ALRM2 to ALARM5 are shown as reference and not available in the current available hardware configurations

5.7 CH 6 SET (setup parameters)

Parameter			Function	Setting range	Initial value	Remarks
No.	Disp	Name				
530	PVt	PV input type	Sets the type of input sensor	JPT1: 0.0 to 150.0 °C JPT2: 0.0 to 300.0 °C JPT3: 0.0 to 500.0 °C JPT4: 0.0 to 600.0 °C JPT5: -50.0 to 100.0 °C JPT6: -100.0 to 200.0 °C JPT7: -199.9 to 600.0 °C PT1: 0.0 to 150.0 °C PT2: 0.0 to 300.0 °C PT3: 0.0 to 500.0 °C PT4: 0.0 to 600.0 °C PT5: -50.0 to 100.0 °C PT6: -100.0 to 200.0 °C PT7: -199.9 to 600.0 °C PT8: -200 to 850 °C J1: 0.0 to 400.0 °C J2: -20.0 to 400.0 °C J3: 0.0 to 800.0 °C J4: -100 to 1000 °C K1: 0 to 400 °C K2: -20.0 to 500.0 °C K3: 0.0 to 800.0 °C K4: -200 to 1300 °C R: 0 to 1700 °C B: 0 to 1800 °C S: 0 to 1700 °C T1: -199.9 to 200.0 °C PT2: -199.9 to 400.0 °C E1: 0.0 to 740.0 °C E2: -150.0 to 740.0 °C E3: -200 to 740 °C L: -100 to 850 °C U1: -199.9 to 400.0 °C U2: -200 to 400 °C N: -200 to 1300 °C W: 0 to 2300 °C PL-2: 0 to 1300 °C 0-5 V: 0 to 5 V 1-5 V: 1 to 5 V 0-10: 0 to 10 V 2-10: 2 to 10 V MV: 0 to 100 mV 0-20: 0 to 20 mA 4-20: 4 to 20 mA	K1	[RESET] Refer to table 1 for the detail.
531	PVb	PV input lower limit	Sets the lower limit of PV input	-1999 to 9999	0	[RESET]
532	PVf	PV input upper limit	Sets the upper limit of PV input	-1999 to 9999	400	[RESET]
533	PVd	Decimal point position	Sets the decimal point position for the PV/SV	0: No digit after decimal point 1: 1 digit after decimal point 2: 2 digit after decimal point 3: 3 digit after decimal point	0	[RESET]

Continued on next page

Parameter			Function	Setting range	Initial value	Remarks
No.	Disp	Name				
535	<i>CUT</i>	Square-root extractor cut point	Sets the cut point for square root calculation.	-0.1 to 105.0(%)	-0.1%	
536	<i>PV_{oF}</i>	PV input shift	Sets the amount of shift for PV input	-10 to 10%FS	0.00%FS	
538	<i>LF</i>	PV input filter	Sets the time constant for the PV input filter	0.0 to 120.0 sec	5.0 sec	
543	<i>REMO</i>	Remote SV zero adjustment	Adjusts the zero side of remote SV.	-50 to 50%FS	0.00%FS	Note 1
544	<i>REMS</i>	Remote SV span adjustment	Adjusts the span side of remote SV.	-50 to 50%FS	0.00%FS	Note 1
545	<i>REMR</i>	Remote SV input range	Sets the range for remote SV input.	0-5v: 0 to 5 V 1-5v: 1 to 5 V 0-10: 0 to 10 V 2-10: 2 to 10 V	1-5V	Note 1
546	<i>RLF</i>	Remote SV input filter	Sets the time constant for the RSV input filter	0.0 to 120.0 s	0.0 s	Note 1

Note 1: Remote SV is shown as reference and not available in the current available hardware configurations

5.8 CH 6 SET (setup parameters) (continued)

Parameter			Function	Setting range	Initial value	Remarks
No.	Disp	Name				
547	OUT1	OUT1 range	Sets the range of the control output 1 (OUT1)	0-5v: 0 to 5 V 1-5v: 1 to 5 V 0-10: 0 to 10 V 2-10: 2 to 10 V 0-20: 0 to 20 mA 4-20: 4 to 20 mA	0-10 (voltage) 4-20 (current)	Displayed when OUT1 is current or voltage output.
548	OUT2	OUT2 range	Sets the range of the control output 2 (OUT2)	0-5v: 0 to 5 V 1-5v: 1 to 5 V 0-10: 0 to 10 V 2-10: 2 to 10 V 0-20: 0 to 20 mA 4-20: 4 to 20 mA	0-10 (voltage) 4-20 (current)	Note 1 Displayed when OUT2 is current or voltage output.
549	FALT1	MV1 during FALT	Sets the output value for the control output (MV1) during FALT	-5.0 to 105.0%	-5.0%	
550	FALT2	MV2 during FALT	Sets the output value for the control output (MV2) during FALT	-5.0 to 105.0%	-5.0%	
551	SFALT	MV1 during Soft Start	Sets the value for the control output (MV1) during soft start	-5.0 to 105.0%	105.0%	
553	SFtM	Soft Start set time	Sets the time from startup to the finish of soft start	00:00 to 99:59 (hour:min)	00:00	Be sure to set 0.00 during dual control.
554	SBALT	MV1 during standby	Sets the value for the control output (MV1) during standby	-5.0 to 105.0%	-5.0%	
555	SBALT2	MV2 during standby	Sets the value for the control output (MV2) during standby	-5.0 to 105.0%	-5.0%	
556	SBMD	Standby mode	Sets on/off of the alarm output during standby	0: ALM=OFF, AO=ON 1: ALM=ON, AO=ON 2: ALM=OFF, AO=OFF 3: ALM=ON, AO=OFF	0	[RESET]
557	AO	AO	Selects what to transfer to the analog output.	PV SV MV DV PFb	PV	
558	AO L	AO lower scaling	Sets the AO lower scaling	-100.0 to 100.0%	0.0%	
559	AO H	AO upper scaling	Sets the AO upper scaling	-100.0 to 100.0%	100.0%	
561	VOLT	Fixed voltage value	Sets the voltage for calculating electric power	1 to 500V	100 (100 V)	

Continued on next page

Parameter			Function	Setting range	Initial value	Remarks
No.	Disp	Name				
562	<i>CUR</i>	Current value for simple power calculation	Sets the current value for simple power calculation	0.0 to 100.0A	0 (0.0A)	
564	<i>WdP</i>	Decial point position for electric power	Sets the position of decimal point for calculationed power consumption.	0 : 0 1 : 0.1 2 : 0.01 3 : 0.001	1 : 0.1	Do not change it during calculation.
565	<i>PHY</i>	Power factor for simple calculation	Sets the power factor for simple calculation	0.00 to 1.00	1.00	
566	<i>RYCN</i>	Upper limit of relay contact operation	Sets the upper limit on the number of times a relay contact can operate. If you set it to 0, no alarm will be generated.	0 to 9999	100 (100K times)	
567	<i>oPlM</i>	Upper limit of operating days	Sets the upper limit on the number of days the device operates. If you set it to 0, no alarm will be generated.	0 to 5000	3650 (3650 days)	

Note 1: OUT2 is shown as reference and not available in the current available hardware configurations

5.9 Ch 7 SYS (system parameters)

Parameter			Function	Setting range	Initial value	Remarks
No.	Disp	Name				
590	U#Y1	USER key	Assigns the function to the [USER] key	0 to 29	0	Refer to section 6.13 for the detail.
591	U#Y2	USER + UP key	Assigns the function to the [USER]+ $\wedge$ key	0 to 29	1	
592	U#Y3	USER + DOWN key	Assigns the function to the [USER]+ $\vee$ key	0 to 29	5	
593	dC1	DI-1 function select	Allocates a function to DI-1.	0-48	0	Refer to Section 6.15 or the detail.
594	dC2	DI-2 function select	Allocates a function to DI-2.	0-48	0	
595	dC3	DI-3 function select	Allocates a function to DI-3.	0-48	0	
599	ou1t	OUT1 output type	Selects the content to be output from OUT1	0 to 427	1	Note 1 Refer to section 6.14 for the detail.
600	ou2t	OUT2 output type	Selects the content to be output from OUT2	0 to 427	2	
601	do1t	DO1 output type	Selects the content to be output from DO1.	0 to 427	3	
602	do2t	DO2 output type	Selects the content to be output from DO2.	0 to 427	4	
603	do3t	DO3 output type	Selects the content to be output from DO3.	0 to 427	5	
604	do4t	DO4 output type	Selects the content to be output from DO4.	0 to 427	6	
605	do5t	DO5 output type	Selects the content to be output from DO5.	0 to 427	7	
607	LoU1	LED indicator assignment (OUT1)	Selects the content for OUT1 to indicate.	0 to 427	1	
608	LoU2	LED indicator assignment (OUT2)	Selects the content for OUT2 to indicate.	0 to 427	2	
609	LEv1	LED indicator assignment (Ev1)	Selects the content for EV1 lamp to indicate.	0 to 427	3	
610	LEv2	LED indicator assignment (Ev2)	Selects the content for EV2 lamp to indicate.	0 to 427	4	
611	LEv3	LED indicator assignment (Ev3)	Selects the content for EV3 lamp to indicate.	0 to 427	5	
612	LEv4	LED indicator assignment (Ev4)	Selects the content for EV4 lamp to indicate.	0 to 427	6	
613	LEv5	LED indicator assignment (Ev5)	Selects the content for EV5 lamp to indicate.	0 to 427	7	

Continued on next page

Parameter			Function	Setting range	Initial value	Remarks
No.	Disp	Name				
614	LEV6	LED indicator assignment (Ev6)	Selects the content for EV6 lamp to indicate.	0 to 427	0	Note 1 Refer to section 6.14 for the detail.
615	LS6b	LED indicator assignment (STBY)	Selects the content for STBY lamp to indicate.	0 to 427	12	
616	LMAH	LED indicator assignment (MANU)	Selects the content for MAN lamp to indicate.	0 to 427	13	
617	RMP	Ramp SV ON/OFF	Sets the ramp SV ON/OFF	oFF oN	ON	
618	RMP L	Ramp SV-Decline	Sets the slope for a falling SV during ramp SV operations	0 to 100%FS	0.00%FS	
619	RMP H	Ramp SV-Incline	Sets the slope for a rising SV during ramp SV operations	0 to 100%FS	0.00%FS	
620	RMP U	Ramp SV-slope time unit	Sets the unit of time for the slope during ramp SV operations	hoUr: slope temperature/hour Min: slope temperature/min	hoUr	
621	SVt	Ramp SV - display mode	Displays the SV during ramp operations or the SV goal value on the SV display	rMP: ramping SV TrG: target SV	rMP	
622	CLPL	Control method	Selects the control method.	oNoF: ON/OFF control Pid: PID control FUZY: Fuzy control SELF: Self-tuning control Pid2: PID2 control 2FRE: 2-degrees-of-freedom PID	Pid	
623	PREC5	Valve control mechanism	Selects a valve control mechanism.	SRV1: Servo control 1 SRV2: Servo control 2 PFb: Position feedback control	SRV1 (SrV1: without PFB) PFB (PFb: with PFB)	
626	StMd	Start mode	Sets the operation mode during startup	AUTO: starts in AUTO mode MAN: starts in manual mode REM: starts in remote mode STbY: starts in standby mode	AUTO	
627	dt	Control operation cycle	Sets the control operation cycle.	0.1 to 0.9S, 1 to 99S	0.1S	
628	PLt5	PID palette switching method	Sets the method for switching among PID palette.	0: selected PID No. 1: selected SV No. 2: PV	0	

Note 1: OUT2 and DO1 to DO5 are shown as reference and not available in the current available hardware configurations

5.10 Ch 8 MATH (calculation parameters)

Parameter			Function	Setting range	Initial value	Remarks
No.	Disp	Name				
650	MATH	Simple calculation ON/OFF	Sets ON/OFF of simple calculation	OFF ON	OFF	Note 1

Note 1: Refer to the operation manual for the detail of calculation functions.

5.11 Ch 9 COM (communication parameters)

Parameter			Function	Setting range	Initial value	Remarks
No.	Disp	Name				
760	CLYP	Communication type	Selects a type of communication.	0: MODBUS RTU 1: Cooperative operation 2: Programless communication	0	[RESET] Note 1
761	STNo	Station No.	Sets the station number.	0 to 255 (0: unresponsive communication)	1	[RESET]
762	SPEd	RS-485 baud rate	Sets the baud rate	96: 9600 bps 192: 19200 bps 384: 38400 bps 115K: 115 Kbps	96	[RESET]
763	PRLY	RS-485 parity	Sets the parity check	none odd even	odd	[RESET]
764	INLY	RS-485 response interval	Widen the time interval of receiving response. (Set value × 20 ms)	0 to 100	1 (20 ms)	[RESET]
767	SEC	Communication permissions	Sets whether or not overwriting is possible from the master side (PC, etc.)	r: Read only rW: Read/overwrite permitted	rW	[RESET]
769	UA01	MODBUS user address setting 1	Sets the MODBUS user address		30001	[RESET]
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
800	UA32	MODBUS user address setting 32			30001	[RESET]

Note 1: Refer to the communication instruction manual (MODBUS) for the detail of communication functions.

5.12 Ch 10 PFB (PFB parameters)

Parameter			Function	Setting range	Initial value	Remarks
No.	Disp	Name				
870	PGRP	PFB dead band	Sets the dead band for PFB.	0.0% to 100.0%	5.0%	
871	LRVL	Valve stroke time	Sets the full-stroke time for the motorized valve.	5 s to 180 s	30 s	
873	LRAL	PFB input adjustment command	Adjusts the zero/span for PFB input.	0 (none/forcibly terminate) 1 (zero adjustment) 2 (span adjustment) 3 (automatic adjustment)	—	

5.13 Ch 11 DSP (parameter mask)

Parameter			Function	Setting range	Initial value	Remarks
No.	Disp	Name				
—	—	Parameter mask	Sets the parameters to be displayed/not displayed.	OFF/diSP	Values differ depending on the model.	

5.14 Ch 12 CFG (configuration parameters)

Parameter			Function	Setting range	Initial value	Remarks
No.	Disp	Name				
940	<i>toUt</i>	Operation timeout (return to PV/SV display)	Sets the time until the display returns to PV/SV screen from setting screen.	15S: 15 sec 30S: 30 sec 60S: 60 sec 5M: 5 min 10M: 10 min non	60S	
942	<i>SoFk</i>	Blinking SV during Soft Start	Sets whether or not to blink SV during Soft Start.	oFF: OFF oN: ON	ON	
943	<i>ALMF</i>	Blinking PV/SV at ALM	Sets whether or not to blink PV/SV when alarm becomes ON.	0: PV display (no change) 1: PV and alarm status, alternately 2: blinking PV 3: alarm status	0	
944	<i>LoFF</i>	Display timeout	Sets the time until the display automatically turns off.	oFF: Not use 15s: Auto-off after 15 sec. 30s: Auto-off after 30 sec. 1M: Auto-off after 1 min. 5M: Auto off after 5 min.	oFF	
945	<i>dSPt</i>	PV/SV Display off	Sets ON/OFF of PV and SV display	0: PV and SV ON 1: SV OFF 2: PV OFF 3: PV and SV OFF 4: PV, SV, and indicators OFF (all OFF) 5: SV OFF (relights for 5 sec. by pressing any key) 6: PV OFF (relights for 5 sec. by pressing any key) 7: PV and SV OFF (relights for 5 sec. by pressing any key) 8: PV, SV, and indicators OFF (relights for 5 sec. by pressing any key)	0	
946	<i>FRLt</i>	Blinking PV at input error	Sets whether or not to blink PV at an input error	0: PV blinks at an input error 1: No blink	0	
947	<i>bLcT</i>	Brightness	Sets the brightness of LED backlight	0 to 3	3	(3 is the brightest)
948	<i>bLoH</i>	Control at burnout	Sets whether to continue or to stop control when the device detects a burnout of PV input	oFF: stops control oN: continues control	oFF	
950	<i>PLDi</i>	Model code	Shows model code	-	P	

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Parameter			Function	Setting range	Initial value	Remarks
No.	Disp	Name				
951	PL02				X	
952	PL03				F	
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
962	PL13				*	
963	PSE	Reset	Resets the controller	oFF: No reset rST: Performs reset	oFF	
965	VER1	Software version	Shows the software version	—	—	
966	VER2					
967	VER3					
968	VER4					

5.15 Ch 13 PASS (password parameters)

Parameter			Function	Setting range	Initial value	Remarks
No.	Disp	Name				
990	PAS1	Password1 setup	Sets password 1.	0000 to FFFF	0000	
991	PAS2	Password2 setup	Sets password 2.	0000 to FFFF	0000	
992	PAS3	Password3 setup	Sets password 3.	0000 to FFFF	0000	

6. Functions

This controller has six types of control function. Select according to type and use.



The ramp soak function ( section 6.9), and SV selection function ( section 6.10.4) cannot be combined.

Control Functions

ON/OFF (2-position) control	Turns the control output ON/OFF according to the size relationship of PV and SV Can build a control system out of simple elements such as SSR. Suitable when accuracy is not requested.	section 6.1
PID Controls	PID calculation and controls proceed according to the previously set PID parameters. PID parameters can be set manually or through auto- tuning (AT). It is the most basic control in this equipment.	section 6.2
Fuzzy PID Control	PID control with function that reduces the amount of overshoot during control. It is effective when you want to suppress overshoot when SV is changed, even if you may take a long time to reach the target value.	section 6.3
Self-tuning Control	Automatically calculating PID control according to the control target or SV change. It is effective when the control conditions change frequently.	section 6.4
PID2 Control	In case which the power supply of the control target goes ON → OFF → ON, this PID2 control can suppress the amount of overshoot during control target turns OFF→ ON.	section 6.5
2-degrees-of-freedom control	Suppresses the amount of overshoot during PID control. It uses SV filter which is effective in reducing overshoot after a SV change or at startup.	section 6.6

6.1 ON/OFF (2-position) Control

Acts as an ON/OFF control when "CLRL" = oNoF ("SYS [h]").

ON/OFF control switches the control output to ON (100%) or OFF (0%) according to the size relationship of PV and SV. The output hysteresis can be set under the parameter "HYS" ("PID [h]").

6.1.1 Reverse Operation (heat control)

Method used to control the electrical heating furnace. Set the "HYS" to an appropriate value according to the control target.

Parameter	Set value
"CLRL"	oNoF
"REV"	rv--
"HYS"	arbitrary (factory setting: 1 °C)

6.1.2 Normal Operation (cooling control)

Method used to control the cooling machine

Parameter	Set value
"CLRL"	oNoF
"REV"	no--
"HYS"	arbitrary (factory setting: 1 °C)



- During ON/OFF control, the P, I and D settings do not affect control.
- The manual operation during ON/OFF control will become MV=100% when the ☀ key is pressed, and MV=0% when the ☹ key is pressed.
- If the hysteresis width is narrow, and PV and SV are nearly equal, the output may frequently switch ON and OFF. Note that it may affect the operation life of the contact output.

6.2 PID Controls

PID controls run as long as the parameter is set to "EPL" = PId ("SYS Ch"). The PID controls calculate PID based on the set values for parameters "P", "I", "D", and "RR", and output the calculated result (-5% to 105%). Each parameter can be set either by manually tuning the values or by running auto-tuning (AT) to automatically set the values.

Refer to



For more details on auto-tuning, see Auto-tuning section 6.7

Display the system menu ("SYS Ch").

Display the control parameter ("EPL") and choose PID controls ("Pid").

Press the **SEL** key to set the value.

6.3 Fuzzy PID Control

Related to normal PID controls, fuzzy PID control acts with small overshoot. You will need to run auto-tuning to set the PID parameter when using fuzzy control.

Setting fuzzy PID control

Display the system menu ("SYS Ch").

Display the control parameter ("EPL") and choose fuzzy ("Fuzzy").

Press the **SEL** key to set the value.

Refer to



For more details on auto-tuning, see Auto-tuning section 6.7

6.4 Self-tuning Control

Self-tuning Control is a control which automatically calculates the value of PID, under the condition that the control target or set value (SV) changes.

Self-tuning is especially effective for situations when a high level of control is not needed, but auto-tuning cannot be run due to frequent changes in the control target conditions.



When a high level of control is required, choose PID control, fuzzy PID control, or PID2 control.

Conditions where self-tuning can be used

Self-tuning is used in the following situations:

- When temperature rises when the power is turned on
- When temperature rises when SV changes (or when the controller decides it is necessary)
- When the controller decides it is necessary because the controls have become unstable

Conditions where self-tuning cannot be used

Self-tuning cannot be used in the following situations:

- During control standby
- During auto-tuning
- During ramp soak progress
- When there is error input
- When set for dual output
- When any of the P, I, D, Ar parameters are set to manual
- During manual mode
- During soft start progress

Conditions to halt self-tuning

Halt self-tuning in the following situations:

- When there is a change in SV (This includes the case where SV changes because of the ramp soak function, remote SV function, or ramp SV.)
- When self-tuning has not finished after running for nine or more hours

6.4.1 Setting self-tuning

- Turn on power of the controller and set the SV.
- Display the system menu ("SYS CH").
- Display the controller parameter ("CTRL") and choose self-tuning ("SELF").
- Press the **SEL** key to set the value.
- Turn off power of the controller.
- Turn on power of the control target equipment and the controller.
- Turn on power of the control equipment first. Self-tuning will begin.

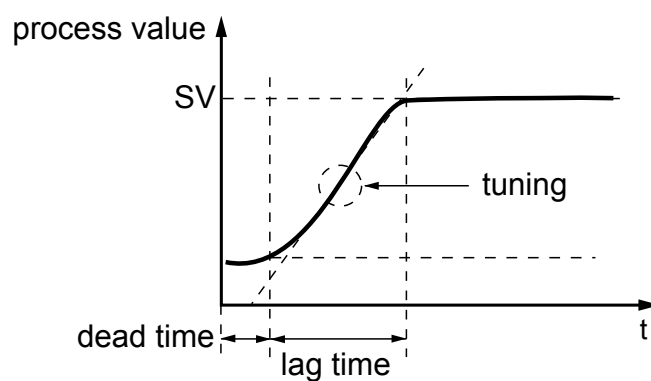


Fig. 6.4.1



- The equipment will not tune correctly if power of the controller is turned on first.
- To reset self-tuning, set the control method to PID ("PID") once before changing back to self-tuning.

6.5 PID2 Control

In the case which the power supply of the control target goes ON → OFF → ON, this PID2 control can suppress the amount of overshoot. This control introduces an algorithm to prevent the calculated PID result from becoming a miscalculation, even when the control loop is open.

You will need to run auto-tuning to set the PID parameter when using PID2 control.

- Features of PID2 Control

6.5.1 Setting PID2 control

- Display the system menu ("SYS CH").
- Display the control parameter ("Ctrl") and choose PID2 ("PID2").
- Press the **SEL** key to set the value.

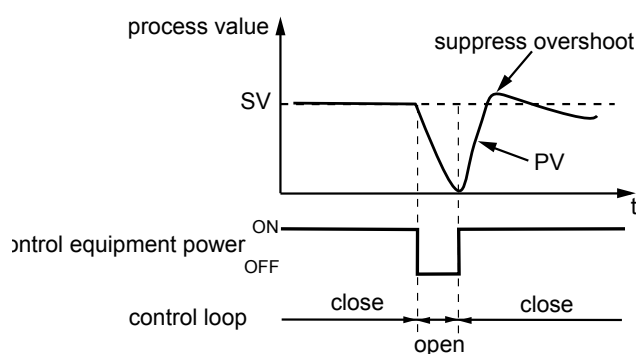


Fig. 6.5.1

6.6 2-Degrees-of-Freedom PID Control

Suppresses the amount of overshoot during PID control. It uses the SV filter which is effective in reducing overshoot after a SV change or at startup.

Controllability in 2-degrees-of-freedom PID control is different depending on the setting of the coefficient α and β .

When the coefficient $\alpha = 100.0\%$ and coefficient $\beta = 0.0\%$, the system performs the normal PID control.

You can adjust the coefficient α and β as follows:

1. Set the coefficient α to 40.0% and β to 100.0%. (factory default setting)
2. Perform a control to check the response (small overshoot).

If overshoot is not reduced by this measure, adjust the coefficient α and β in accordance with the following table.

We recommend you to fix the coefficient α to 40.0% because it usually requires no adjustment.

Control result	Coefficient β	coefficient α
Large overshoot	Raise coefficient β by 20%	Lower coefficient α by 10%
Small overshoot	Lower coefficient β by 20%	Raise coefficient α by 10%

6.6.1 Setting 2-degrees-of-freedom PID control

- Display the system menu ("SYS [h7]").
- Display the control parameter ("Ctrl") and choose 2-degrees-of-freedom PID ("2FRE").
- Press the  key to set the value.

6.7 Auto-tuning

Run auto-tuning to set the PID parameter automatically.

"RL" set value	Behavior	Function
"oFF "	Stop/Finish	Stops or finishes auto-tuning.
"oH"	Normal type	The standard auto-tuning for SV reference. Choose this auto-tuning in most situations.
"L -oH"	Low PV type	Auto-tuning for SV-10% reference. Choose this when you want to suppress the overshoot when tuning.

• Normal type

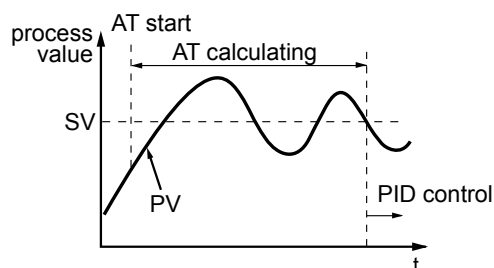


Fig. 6.7.1

• Low PV type

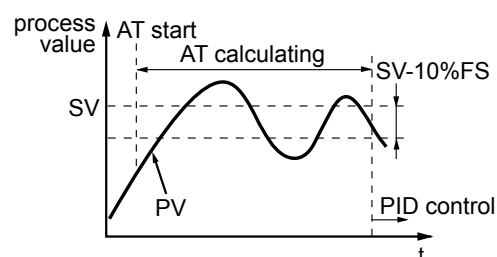


Fig. 6.7.2



Set the following parameters before running auto-tuning.

- PV input type/PV input upper limit/PV input lower limit/Decimal position/PV input filter in the setup channel menu ("SEt CH")
- OUT1 proportion cycle (OUT2 proportion cycle) in the PID channel menu ("PID CH").

6.7.1 Running auto-tuning

Display auto-tuning ("RL") and choose the tuning type.

Choose the standard type ("o#") or low PV type ("L-o#") according to the control target

Press the **SEL** key to start auto-tuning.

AT lamp point will blink at the bottom of the display during auto-tuning.

When auto-tuning has successfully completed, blinking AT lamp will turn off and overwrites the PID.



- PID parameter which is set after auto tuning has finished normally will be maintained even when the power is turned off. However, the PID value will not be changed if the power is turned off during auto-tuning. In this case, rerun auto-tuning.
- The equipment will use ON/OFF (2 position) control during auto-tuning, so there may be a large change in PV according to the process. Do not use auto-tuning for processes that do not permit a large change in PV. Do not use auto-tuning for processes such as pressure control and flow control that have a fast response.
- Auto-tuning is not behaving normally if it has not finished after four or more hours have passed. In these cases, recheck parameters such as input/output wiring, control output behavior (normal/ reverse), and input sensor type.
- Rerun auto-tuning if there is a large change in SV, a change in the PV input type, or a change in the control target conditions that reduces the effectiveness of the controls.
- You can run auto-tuning when the control type is set to "fuzzy" or "PID2".
- You cannot run auto-tuning in manual mode.
- When using the PID selection function, the auto-tuning result for the selected PID group is stored.
- Auto tuning is forcibly terminated when SV changes because of the ramp soak function, remote SV function, or ramp SV.

6.8 Manual Output

Allows the control output to be manually set at an arbitrary value.

- Manual Mode Display
MV indicator lights during manual mode and during parameter setting.
- Switchover between Auto and Manual
Modes can be changed by three methods: the front key (user key), communication function, or the parameter "MAN".
- MV output flow diagram
(MV output priority processing)

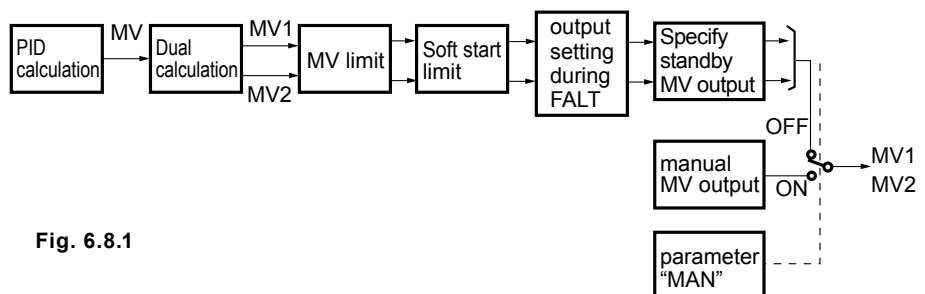


Fig. 6.8.1



- MV limit does not apply to the MV output during manual operation, FALT, or standby.
(Take extra caution when MV performs flash protection during combustion control by using the overlimit function.)

6.9 Ramp Soak Function

Automatically runs after setting the times for the SV changes.

You can choose up to 64 steps for the SV setting and 15 types of ramp soak operation patterns.

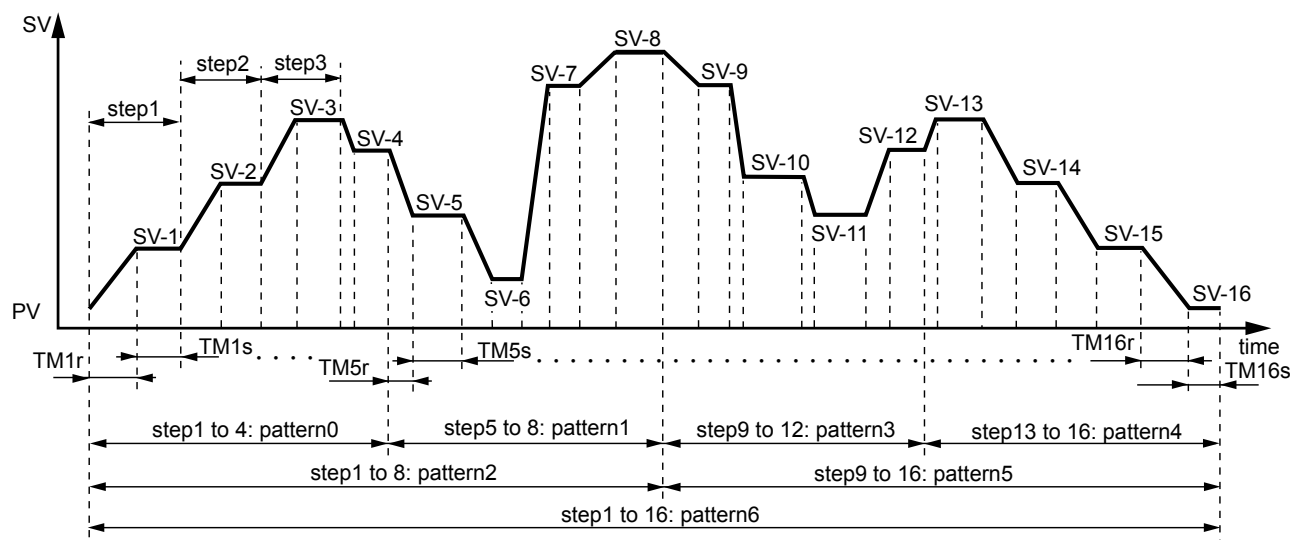


Fig. 6.9.1



- When using the system in the restore mode ("EaHt") = continue ("EaH") in the ramp/soak menu ("PRG Ch3"), do not set the ramp/soak control command ("PRGd") of the operation menu to hold ("Hld") during the ramp period at the beginning of the pattern.
- When PV start ("PVSt") of the ramp/soak menu ("PRG Ch3") is on ("on"), set the pattern parameter ("PLN") of ramp/soak ("PRG Ch3") to "PLN" = 0, 2, 6 (setting that starts with 1 seg ramp).
- Do not set the Startup mode ("StMd") = standby mode ("Stby") of the sys-tem menu ("Sys Ch7") and the restore mode ("EaHt") = continue ("EaH") of the ramp/soak menu ("PRG Ch3") at the same time.

6.9.1 Creating a ramp soak operation pattern

Set the following items to create a pattern.

Pattern	Sets which steps to use from the following 15 types.	Steps 1 to 8 Steps 9 to 16 Steps 17 to 24 Steps 25 to 32 Steps 33 to 40 Steps 41 to 48 Steps 49 to 56 Steps 57 to 64 Steps 1 to 16 Steps 17 to 32 Steps 33 to 48 Steps 49 to 64 Steps 1 to 32 Steps 33 to 64/ Steps 1 to 64
Target SV	Sets the controlled temperature.	
Ramp time	Sets the time to reach the target SV from the current SV.	
Soak time	Sets the time to maintain the specified SV.	

The following steps will explain how to run the specified pattern 0 in SV-1 to SV-8:

- Display the ramp soak menu ("PRG [h3]").
- Display pattern parameter ("PLN") and choose pattern 0 ("0").
Run SV-1 through SV-8.
- Display the time parameter ("ELMU") and choose minute:second ("MMSS").
Sets the units of time. Besides minute:second ("MMSS"), you can also choose hour:minute ("HHMM").
- Display the target value ("SV - I") and set the target temperature.
- Display the ramp time parameter ("ELM IR") and set the ramp time.
- Display the soak time parameter ("ELM IS") and set the soak time.
- Repeat steps 4 through 7 and set the remaining parameters.

6.9.2 Running ramp soak

The following steps explain how to run ramp soak:

- Display program parameter ("PRG") and choose RUN ("RUN").
- Ramp soak starts running from the current PV.



- To interrupt the ramp soak operation, choose HOLD ("HLD") in step 2. To cancel the interruption, choose RUN ("RUN") again.
- "End" will display when ramp soak has completed.

6.9.3 Guarantee soak

This function guarantees the soak time. Only soak time within the specified range of temperature for SV is counted towards soak time. As seen in the figure below, only the sum of the shaded areas is counted as soak time. The operation moves onto the next step when the total soak time equals the specified soak time.

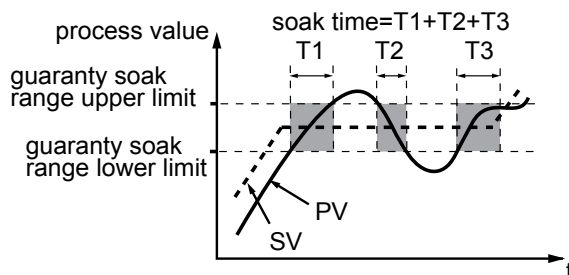


Fig. 6.9.3

The following steps will explain how to set an example guaranty soak range with an upper limit of 5 °C and a lower limit of 3 °C.

- Display the ramp soak menu ("PRG H3").
- Display guaranty ON/OFF parameter ("G5ok") and choose on ("on").
- Display the guaranty soak lower limit parameter ("G5-L") and set the lower limit (in this example, set it to 3 °C).
- Display the guaranty soak upper limit parameter ("G5-H") and set the upper limit (in this example, set it to 5 °C).
- Press the **SEL** key to set the value.

6.9.4 Mode setting

Sets how you want to run ramp soak.

The following items can be set.

Power On Start	Ramp Soak starts running from the current PV.
Ending Output	Shows the ending output after ramp soak has been completed.
OFF Output	Shows the output during OFF after ramp soak has been completed.
Repeat Behavior	After finishing the last step in ramp soak, the process starts again from 1st step.

You can choose from the following 16 types of modes according to the combination of run method options.

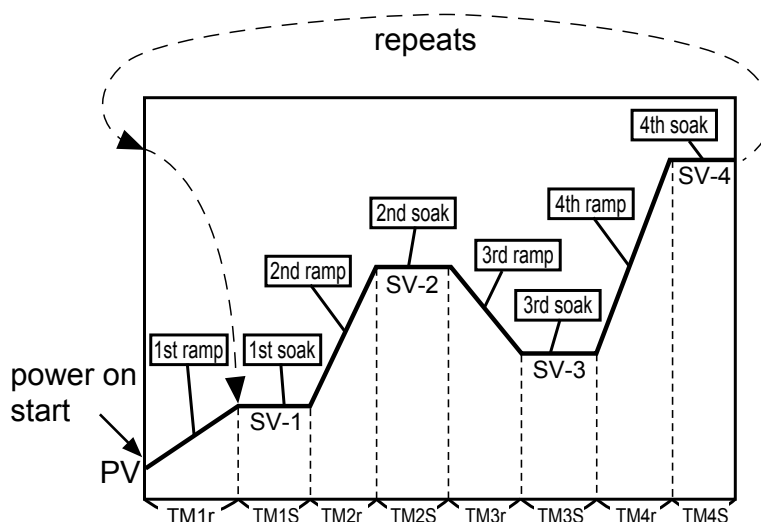


Fig. 6.9.4

Setting	Power On Start	Ending Output	OFF Output	Repeat Behavior
"0"	Off	Continuous control	Continuous control	Off
"1"	Off	Continuous control	Continuous control	On
"2"	Off	Continuous control	Standby	Off
"3"	Off	Continuous control	Standby	On
"4"	Off	Standby	Continuous control	Off
"5"	Off	Standby	Continuous control	On
"6"	Off	Standby	Standby	Off
"7"	Off	Standby	Standby	On
"8"	On	Continuous control	Continuous control	Off
"9"	On	Continuous control	Continuous control	On
"10"	On	Continuous control	Standby	Off
"11"	On	Continuous control	Standby	On
"12"	On	Standby	Continuous control	Off
"13"	On	Standby	Continuous control	On
"14"	On	Standby	Standby	Off
"15"	On	Standby	Standby	On

6.9.5 PV start

When the ramp soak starts (RUN), this function searches the first point where the measurement value (PV) and the program pattern match, and starts operation at that point.

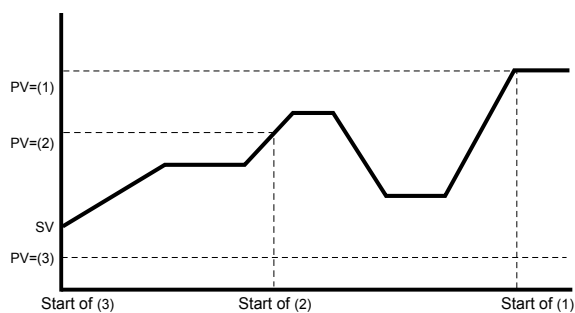


Fig. 6.9.5

If the measurement value does not match the pattern as with $PV = (3)$, the normal operation starts.

6.10 Other Functions

6.10.1. Soft start function

When turning on the equipment (including the controller), the soft start function suppresses the MV to become maximum output. It places an upper limit on MV output for a specified amount of time after power is turned on.

This function is useful for effects such as suppressing the heater output during equipment startup, and makes load lightened.

After the specified time has passed after switching on the equipment (or if SFTM = 0), the soft start function ends and normal controls begin.

Display	Parameter	Function
"SFo1" (SFo1)	MV1 soft start output set value	Places a limit on MV1 output after power is turned on for a time period set in SFTM.
"SFTM" (SFTM)	Soft start set time	Sets the time for soft start to function after turning power on. Setting "0" will turn off soft start.

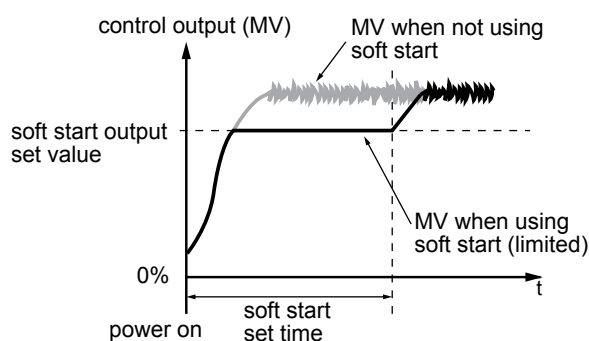


Fig. 6.10.1



The soft start function cannot be used simultaneously with the dual control



During manual mode, the manual output value has priority, but soft start will continue to keep track of the set time period.

Use the following steps to set soft start output set value and set time.

- Display the setup menu ("SEL Ch5").
- Display the setup menu ("SFo1").
- Display soft start set time ("SFTM") and set the time.
- Press the **SEL** key to set the value.
- Turn off the power once, and then re-start the controller to begin soft start. (When the soft start function is turned on, the lower display will alternate showing SoFT and SV.)

Note: Do not use auto-tuning at the same time.

6.10.2. Error output function

When the error output specification function has concluded that the equipment has an error, it halts the controls and maintains the control output at a previously specified value. There is an error in PV if any of the following conditions occur:

Burnout upper limit/burnout lower limit/underage ($PV < -5\% \text{ FS}$)/overage ($105\% < PV$)

Use the following steps to set this function.

- Display the setup menu ("SEL CH5").
- Display FALT output 1 set value ("FLa1") and set the output value.
- For dual control, set "FLa2" the same way.
- Press the **SEL** key to set the value.

6.10.3. Standby output function

Sets the control output value and the alarm output for standby mode.

- Use the following steps to set this function.
- Display the setup menu ("SEL CH5").
- Display the standby mode setting ("SbMa") and set the alarm output for standby mode.

Refer to



For the combinations of ON/OFF settings, see CH6 Setup parameters section 5.7

- Display the standby control output 1 set value ("Sbo1") and set the output value. For dual control, set "Sbo2" the same way.
- Press the **SEL** key to set the value.

6.10.4. Ramp SV function

The ramp SV function suppresses a sudden change in SV (step change) when changing SV. It allows SV to change smoothly according to the set slope of temperature per unit of time. This smooth SV change allows you to minimize the effect of the change on controls. You can set both inclining temperature and declining temperature slopes, and choose from "minutes" or "hours" for the time units. You can also choose for the SV display to show the current value or the target value during ramp SV.

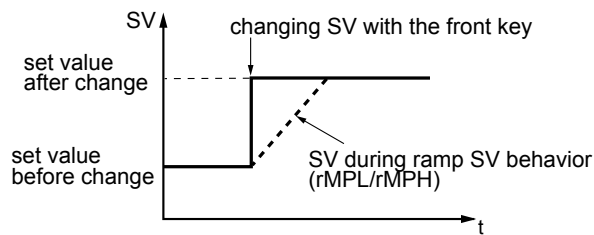


Fig. 6.10.4 (a)

The SV lamp will blink while ramp SV is running. (When not displaying parameters or Ch.) When you turn on the power while ramp SV

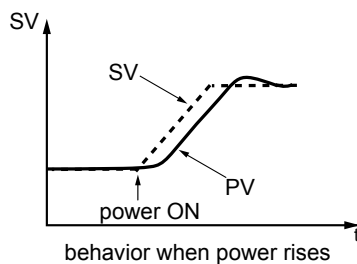


Fig. 6.10.4 (b)

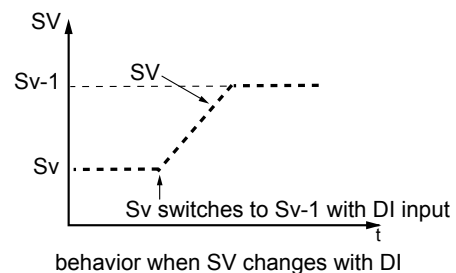


Fig. 6.10.4 (c)

is in effect, ramp SV will begin using the starting value of PV (PV start). Use the following steps to set this function.

- Display the system menu ("SYS Ch 7")
- Set both ramp SV decline ("RMPL") and incline ("RMPH").
- Set the unit of time for the slope ("RMPLU") during ramp SV.
- Press the **SEL** key to set the value.



- Ramp SV can be used with remote SV or SV selection functions.
- Ramp SV cannot be used at the same time with ramp soak.
- Coming out of a standby state will begin PV start.
- Make sure to check the controller's parameters after changing PV scale.



If the power is turned on during the input error, or released standby, the ramp SV operates differently from the normal PV start.

State at PV start	Operation
Standby	PV tracking (Maintains the state where SV=PV. The SV ramp function does not operate.)
Auto or manual	Starts the ramp SV from the current SV (PV start is off)

6.10.5. SV selection function

The SV selection function can record and switch up to eight sets of SV information to the palette menu settings. It is effective when the SV used during a process are numerous and the set values have been previously decided.

Use the following steps to save SV information.

- Display the palette menu ("PLt Lh2")
- Display SV setting 1 ("SV 1") and set SV1.
- Set SV setting 2 through SV setting 7 in the same way as necessary.
- Press the **SEL** key to set the value.

The following four methods can switch SV.

- Parameter "SV#"/press the user key/DI function/overwrite parameter "SV#" via the communication function
- Switch Using Parameter "SV#"

Display the operation control mode.

Display the selected SV number ("SV#") and choose the SV No.

Press the **SEL** key to set the value.

- Switch Using the User Key

Display the palette menu ("PLt Lh2")

Display max selected SV number ("SV#") and set the SV number by choosing it with the user key.

Display the user key function setting ("U#") and set it to SV selection function.

On the PV/SV display, pressing the user key will switch you from the currently selected SV to the next SV.

- Switch Using Parameter "SV#" via the Communication Function
- In the communication, overwrite the set value to the selected SV number ("SV#").

6.10.6. PID selection function



When switching the normal and reverse operation by using the PID selection function, be sure to turn off the system power beforehand for safety reasons (Do not switch normal and reverse operation during control).

The SV selection function can record and switch up to eight sets of PID parameters from the palette menu settings. It is effective when the control equipment changes the target often and must frequently change the PID parameters.

Use the following steps to save PID information.

- Display the palette menu ("PLt Ch")
- Display proportional bandwidth setting 1 ("P i") and set P1.
- Set "i i" and "d i" in the same way.
- Set the following parameters as necessary: ON/OFF control hysteresis ("HYS i"), cooling proportional band ("Col i"), dead band ("db i"), balance ("bRL i"), anti-reset windup ("RR i"), and normal/reverse setting ("REV i")
- Press the **SEL** key to set the value.

The PID parameter selection (P, i, d, normal and reverse settings) can be changed by the same four methods as the SV selection function.

- Switch Using Parameter "PL i"

Display the operation control mode.

Display the selected PID number ("PL i") and choose the PID No.

Press the **SEL** key to set the value.

- Switch Using the User Key

Display the palette menu ("PLt Ch2")

Display max selected PID number ("PL i") and set the PID number by choosing it with the user key.

Display the user key function setting ("U#Y i") and set it to SV selection function.

On the PV/SV display, pressing the user key will switch you from the currently selected SV to the next SV.



When the user key function code is 27 (SV No.+1, PID No.+1 (send)) and the initial PID No. and SV No. are different, the first time you press the user key, PID No. will become the same as SV No. Also the SVMX parameter value becomes the maximum selectable number for PID No. and SV No.

- Switch Using Parameter "PL i" via the Communication Channel • In the communication, overwrite the set value to the selected SV number ("PL i").

6.10.7. Startup mode function

The startup mode specification function sets the controller to start up in any of auto mode, manual mode, remote mode or standby mode.

It is used when you want to start up in manual mode.

Use the following steps to set this function.

- Display the system menu ("SYS Ch 7")
- Display the startup mode ("StMd") and choose the operational mode.
- Choose from auto or manual.
- Press the  key to set the value.

After changing the above setting, restarting the controller will start it in the selected mode.



When starting up in manual, the MV becomes 0%.

6.10.8. User function key

Pressing the  key in the parameter screen will immediately return you to the PV/SV display, regardless of assigned function.

Holding the  key,  key +  key, or  key +  key down for about a second in PV/SV display or PV/MV display will run the assigned function.



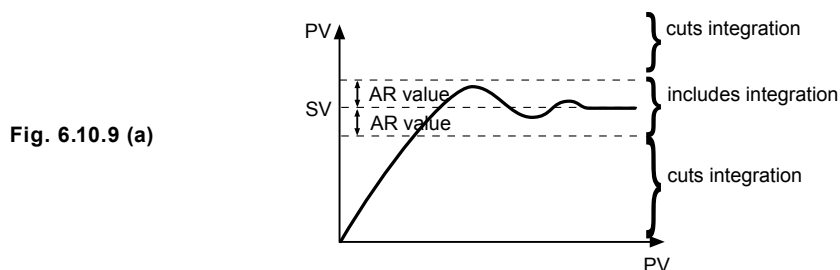
For functions that can be assigned, see 12 USER key assignment section 6.13

Use the following steps to set this function.

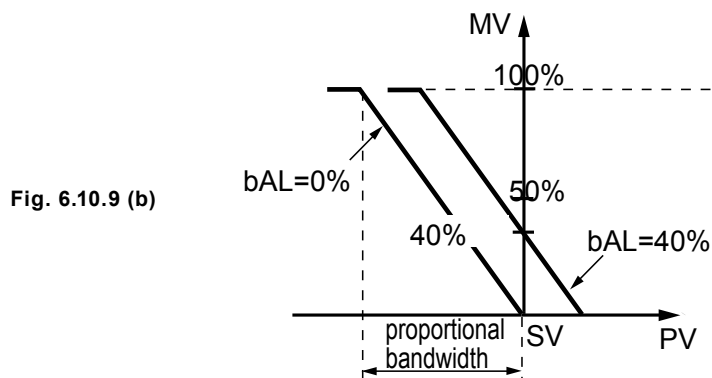
- Display the system menu ("SYS Ch 7")
- Display the assign user key specification ("U#Y I") and choose the function.
- Press the  key to set the value.

6.10.9. bAL and Ar functions

The anti-reset windup function ("Ar") cuts integration that falls outside of the Ar set range that is centered around SV. Running auto-tuning will set the optimum values for P, i, and d parameters, as well as Ar.



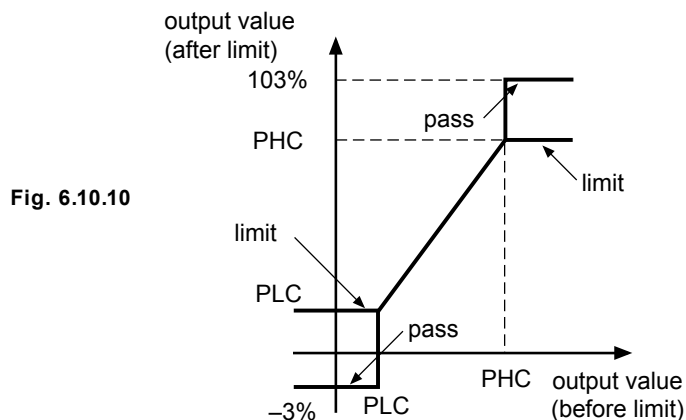
The output convergence value function ("bAL") outputs to PV and SV a calculated result of the PID computed MV plus the bAL offset. (The factory setting of bAL is 0% for single output, 50% for dual output.)



Ar1 to Ar7 and bAL1 to bAL7 have the same function as in each PID group.

6.10.10. MV limit functions

The MV limit function allows you to choose whether to limit the MV or let it pass through maximum and minimum MV.



6.11 Input Range and Codes (standard range)

Table 1 - Input Range and Codes (Standard range)

Input type		Input code (PVT)	Measurement range (°C) (PVb, PVF)	Minimum input increment (°C)	Measurement range (°F) (PVb, PVF)	Minimum input increment (°F)
RTD JIS (IEC)	JPt 100	JPT1	0.0 to 150.0	0.1	32.0 to 302.0	0.1
		JPT2	0.0 to 300.0	0.1	32.0 to 572.0	0.1
		JPT3	0.0 to 500.0	0.1	32.0 to 932.0	0.1
		JPT4	0.0 to 600.0	0.1	32 to 1112	1
		JPT5	-50.0 to 100.0	0.1	-58.0 to 212.0	0.1
		JPT6	-100.0 to 200.0	0.1	-148.0 to 392.0	0.1
		JPT7	-199.9 to 600.0	0.1	-328 to 1112	1
	Pt 100	PT1	0.0 to 150.0	0.1	32.0 to 302.0	0.1
		PT2	0.0 to 300.0	0.1	32.0 to 572.0	0.1
		PT3	0.0 to 500.0	0.1	32.0 to 932.0	0.1
		PT4	0.0 to 600.0	0.1	32 to 1112	1
		PT5	-50.0 to 100.0	0.1	-58.0 to 212.0	0.1
		PT6	-100.0 to 200.0	0.1	-148.0 to 392.0	0.1
		PT7	-199.9 to 600.0	0.1	-328 to 1112	1
		PT8	-200 to 850	1	-328 to 1562	1

Table 1 - Input Range and Codes (Standard range) (continued)

Thermocouple	J	J1	0.0 to 400.0	0.1	32.0 to 752.0	0.1
		J2	-20.0 to 400.0	0.1	-4.0 to 752.0	0.1
		J3	0.0 to 800.0	0.1	32 to 1472	1
		J4	-100 to 1000	1	-148 to 1832	1
	K	K1	0 to 400	0.1	32 to 752	0.1
		K2	-20.0 to 500.0	0.1	-4.0 to 932.0	0.1
		K3	0.0 to 800.0	0.1	32 to 1472	1
		K4	-200 to 1300	1	-328 to 2372	1
	R	R	0 to 1700	1	32 to 3092	1
	B	B	0 to 1800	1	32 to 3272	1
	S	S	0 to 1700	1	32 to 3092	1
	T	T1	-199.9 to 200.0	0.1	-199.9 to 392.0	0.1
		T2	-199.9 to 400.0	0.1	-199.9 to 752.0	0.1
	E	E1	0.0 to 800.0	0.1	32 to 1472	1
		E2	-150.0 to 800.0	0.1	-238 to 1472	1
		E3	-200 to 800	1	-328 to 1472	1
	L	L	-100 to 850	1	-148 to 1562	1
	U	U1	-199.9 to 400.0	0.1	-199.9 to 752.0	0.1
		U2	-200 to 400	1	-328 to 752	1
	N	N	-200 to 1300	1	-328 to 2372	1
	W	W	0 to 2300	1	32 to 4172	1
	PL-II	PL-2	0 to 1300	1	32 to 2372	1
DC voltage	0 to 5 V DC	0-5V	-1999 to 9999 (Range where scaling is allowed)	—	-1999 to 9999 (Range where scaling is allowed)	—
	1 to 5 V DC	1-5V				
	0 to 10V DC	0-10				
	2 to 10V DC	2-10				
	0 to 100mV DC	MV				
DC current	0 to 20 mA DC	0-20	-1999 to 9999 (Range where scaling is allowed)	—	-1999 to 9999 (Range where scaling is allowed)	—
	4 to 20 mA DC	4-20				

6.12 Alarm Action Type Codes

Table 2 - 1-point alarm

Type	A1Tp to A5Tp	Alarm Type	Action diagram
	0	No alarm	—
Absolute value alarm	1	High alarm	
	2	Low alarm	
	3	High alarm (with hold)	
	4	Low alarm (with hold)	
Deviation alarm	5	High alarm	
	6	Low alarm	
	7	High/Low alarm	
	8	High alarm (with hold)	
	9	Low alarm (with hold)	
	10	High/Low alarm (with hold)	
Zone alarm	11	High/Low deviation alarm	

Table 3 - Dual Set Value Alarm Codes

Type	A1Tp to A5Tp	Alarm Type	Action diagram
High/Low limit alarm	16	High/Low absolute alarm	
	17	High/Low deviation alarm	
	18	High absolute/Low deviation alarm	
	19	High deviation/Low absolute alarm	
	20	High/Low absolute alarm (with hold)	
	21	High/Low deviation alarm (with hold)	
	22	High absolute/Low deviation alarm (with hold)	
	23	High deviation/Low absolute alarm (with hold)	

Table 3 - Dual Set Value Alarm Codes (continued)

Zone alarm	24	High/Low absolute alarm	
	25	High/Low deviation alarm	
	26	High absolute/Low deviation alarm	
	27	High deviation/Low absolute alarm	
	28	High/Low absolute alarm (with hold)	
	29	High/Low deviation alarm (with hold)	
	30	High absolute/Low deviation alarm (with hold)	
	31	High deviation/Low absolute alarm (with hold)	

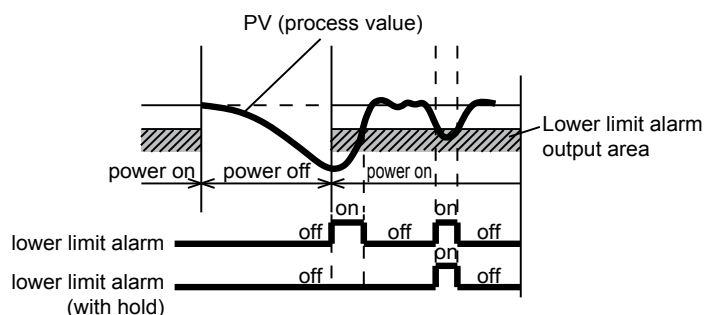
Table 4 - Timer Code, other

Type	A1Tp to A5Tp	Alarm Type	Action diagram
Timer	32	ON delay timer	
	33	OFF delay timer	
	34	ON/OFF delay timer	
Ramp soak delay start	35	Delay start ON	
Open circuit and short circuit	37	Open loop alarm	
	38	Heater burnout alarm (Optional CT is required)	
	41	Shorted load alarm (Optional CT is required)	
Power	45	Amount of electric energy	
Maintenance	46	Preventive maintenance. The number of times that the relay has operated (MV1, MV2)	
	47	Preventive maintenance. Operated hours	



What is alarm with hold?

The alarm will not turn ON immediately when the process value gets into the alarm band and enters again. If without hold, alarm may turn ON when starting up.





- When alarm action code is changed, alarm set value may also become different from previous settings.
- When alarm action type code is changed, turn off the power once, and then re-start the controller, before starting control.
- ALn: AL1 to AL5 show the alarm set values
- ALnh: AL1h to AL5h show the alarm set values
- ALnL: AL1L to AL5L show the alarm set values
- dLYn: dLY1 to dLY5 show the alarm delay on set values

* Other than the alarm setting, each of the event output functions can be assigned to DO1 to 5.
For more details on each of the event output functions, refer to 13. OUT, DO, indicators assignment section 6.14.



ALRM2 to ALARM5 are shown as reference and not available in the current available hardware configurations

6.13 USER key assignment

UkY 1 to 3 set value	Key function
0	No function
1	Switchover between STBY ON/OFF
2	Switchover between Auto/Manual
3	Switchover between Locul/Remote
4	Setting unavailable
5	Starts AT (standard)
6	Starts AT (low PV)
7	Setting unavailable
8	Ramp SV HOLD
9	Ramp soak RUN/OFF
10	Ramp soak RUN/HOLD
11	Setting unavailable
12	Latch release (all)
13	Latch release (ALM1)
14	Latch release (ALM2)
15	Latch release (ALM3)

UkY 1 to 3 set value	Key function
16	Latch release (ALM4)
17	Latch release (ALM5)
19	Start timer (ALM1)
20	Start timer (ALM2)
21	Start timer (ALM3)
22	Start timer (ALM4)
23	Start timer (ALM5)
25	SVNo. + 1 (send)
26	PID No. + 1 (send)
27	Setting unavailable
28	Ramp soak pattern No. + 1 (send)
29	SV No. + 1, PID No. + 1 (send)

6.14 OUT, Alarm output, indicators assignment

OUT (Relay/SSR)	OUT (Current/ Voltage)	Alarm output	Indicator	Category	Function
oU1T, oU2T	oU1T oU2T	do1T, do2T, do3T, do4T, do5T	LoU1, LoU2, LEV 1 to 3, LSTb, LMAN		
0	0	0	0		None
1	1	1	1	Control output	MV1 (heating)
2	2	2	2		MV2 (cooling)
3	—	3	3	Alarm output (see Note 1)	Alarm 1
4	—	4	4		Alarm 2
5	—	5	5		Alarm 3
6	—	6	6		Alarm 4
7	—	7	7		Alarm 5
10	—	10	10	Status output	During auto-tuning startup
11	—	11	11		Normal
12	—	12	12		Standby
13	—	13	13		During manual mode
14	—	14	14		During remote SV operation
15	—	15	15		During ramp SV
16	—	16	16		System error
20	—	20	20	Ramp soak event output	OFF
21	—	21	21		RUN
22	—	22	22		HOLD
23	—	23	23		GS (Guaranty soak)
24	—	24	24		END
170	—	170	170	Ramp soak Time signal	Time signal (step 1 ramp)
171	—	171	171		Time signal (step 1 soak)
172	—	172	172		Time signal (step 2 ramp)
173	—	173	173		Time signal (step 2 soak)
• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •		• • •
294	—	294	294		Time signal (step 63 ramp)
295	—	295	295		Time signal (step 63 soak)
296	—	296	296		Time signal (step 64 ramp)
297	—	297	297		Time signal (step 64 soak)

Continued on next page

OUT (Relay/SSR)	OUT (Current/ Voltage)	Alarm output	Indicator	Category	Function
oU1T, oU2T	oU1T oU2T	do1T, do2T, do3T, do4T, do5T	LoU1, LoU2, LEV 1 to 3, LSTb, LMAN		
300	—	300	300	Ramp soak Relative time signal	Time signal (1st step ramp)
301	—	301	301		Time signal (1st step soak)
302	—	302	302		Time signal (2nd step ramp)
303	—	303	303		Time signal (2nd step soak)
• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •		• • •
424	—	424	424		Time signal (63rd step ramp)
425	—	425	425		Time signal (63rd step soak)
426	—	426	426		Time signal (64th step ramp)
427	—	427	427		Time signal (64th step soak)

Note 1: ALRM2 to ALARM5 are shown as reference and not available in the current available hardware configurations

6.15 Digital input (DI) function

You can allocate one of the following functions to each of DI1, DI2, and DI3. These functions are activated by external DI signals.

No.	Function	Action	ON	OFF	Criteria
0	No function	No action	—	—	—
1	Standby ON/OFF switchover	Switches between Standby ON/OFF.	Standby	Cancels Standby	Edge
2	Auto/manual switchover	Switches the control output action between auto/manual.	Manual	Auto	Edge
3	Local/remote switchover	Switches SV between local/remote.	Remote	Local	Edge
4	No function	Not for use.	—	—	—
5	Auto tuning (standard) start	Runs standard auto-tuning.	Start	Stop	Edge
6	Auto tuning (low-PV) start	Runs low-PV type auto-tuning.	Start	Stop	Edge
7	Ramp SV ON/OFF	Enables or disables ramp SV.	Disable	Enable	Edge
8	Ramp SV hold	Switches between ramp SV hold and hold cancel.	Hold	Hold cancel	Edge
9	Ramp soak RUN/OFF	Switches between ramp soak RUN/OFF.	RUN	OFF	Edge
10	Ramp soak RUN/HOLD	Switches between ramp soak RUN/HOLD.	RUN	HOLD	Edge
11	No function	Not for use.	—	—	—
12	Unlatch (all)	Cancels all the alarm latches.	Unlatch	—	Edge
13	Unlatch (alarm 1)	Unlatches the alarm 1.			
14	Unlatch (alarm 2)	Unlatches the alarm 2.			
15	Unlatch (alarm 3)	Unlatches the alarm 3.			
16	Unlatch (alarm 4)	Unlatches the alarm 4.			
17	Unlatch (alarm 5)	Unlatches the alarm 5.			
18	No function	Not for use.	—	—	—
19	Timer (alarm 1)	Runs the timer for the alarm 1.	Timer ON	Timer OFF	Level
20	Timer (alarm 2)	Runs the timer for the alarm 2.			
21	Timer (alarm 3)	Runs the timer for the alarm 3.			
22	Timer (alarm 4)	Runs the timer for the alarm 4.			
23	Timer (alarm 5)	Runs the timer for the alarm 5.			
24	No function	Not for use.	—	—	—
25	SV No. + 1	Increases the SV number by 1.	+1	—	Level
26	SV No. + 2	Increases the SV number by 2.	+2	—	Level
27	SV No. + 4	Increases the SV number by 4.	+4	—	Level
28	PID No. + 1	Increases the PID number by 1.	+1	—	Level
29	PID No. + 2	Increases the PID number by 2.	+2	—	Level
30	PID No. + 4	Increases the PID number by 4.	+4	—	Level

31	SV No. + 1, PID No. + 1	Increases both the SV number and PID number by 1.	+1	—	Level
32	SV No. + 2, PID No. + 2	Increases both the SV number and PID number by 2.	+2	—	Level
33	SV No. + 4, PID No. + 4	Increases both the SV number and PID number by 4.	+4	—	Level
34	Ramp soak OFF	Stops ramp soak operation.	OFF	—	Edge
35	Ramp soak RUN	Runs ramp soak.	RUN	—	Edge
36	Ramp soak HOLD	Holds ramp soak.	HOLD	—	Edge
37	Pattern No. + 1	Increases the pattern number by 1.	+1	—	Level
38	Pattern No. + 2	Increases the pattern number by 2.	+2	—	Level
39	Pattern No. + 4	Increases the pattern number by 4.	+4	—	Level
40	Pattern No. + 8	Increases the pattern number by 8.	+8	—	Level
41	DI soft start	Starts DI soft start.	Start	—	Edge
42	No function	Not for use.	—	—	—
43	Delay start (alarm 1)	Enables delay start with the delay time = dLY1.	Delay start enable		—
44	Delay start (alarm 2)	Enables delay start with the delay time = dLY2.	Delay start enable		—
45	Delay start (alarm 3)	Enables delay start with the delay time = dLY3.	Delay start enable		—
46	Delay start (alarm 4)	Enables delay start with the delay time = dLY4.	Delay start enable		—
47	Delay start (alarm 5)	Enables delay start with the delay time = dLY5.	Delay start enable		—
48	No function	Not for use.	—	—	—



Digital input (DI) function shown as reference and not available in the current available hardware configurations

7. Parameter functions and Setting procedures

7.1 Operation mode

7.1.1 MAN Auto/manual switchover (001)

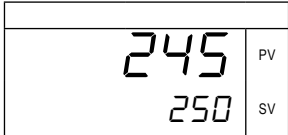
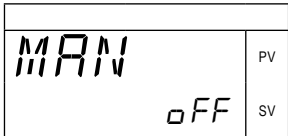
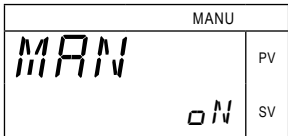
Description

Manual control allows you to set the control output to any value.

- Range: oFF (auto)/on(manual)
- MANU indicator lights during manual operation.
- In this screen, only the switchover between auto/manual is available. Manual operation of control output is available on PV/MV screen.

Note: This parameter is not displayed in default setting. To use this parameter, change the setting of "CH11 dSP".

Setting example - Changing the mode from Auto to Manual

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press the SEL key to move to operation mode.
	3. Press the SEL key to enter MAN mode. (The lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	
	4. Use   the keys to change oFF to oN.
	5. Press the SEL key to save the change. The mode switches from the auto mode to the manual mode. (MANU indicator turns on.)
	6. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.1.2 StbY RUN/Standby switchover (002)

Description

Allows you to switch between operation mode and standby mode.

The following items used during standby can be set beforehand.

- Control output (-5.0 to 105.0%)
- Alarm output (ON/OFF)
- Transfer output (ON/OFF)

You can set the detail of standby mode in "Standby mode".

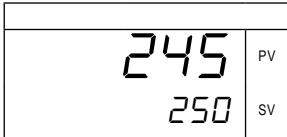
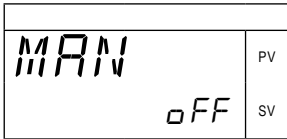
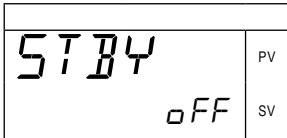
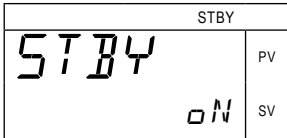
Related parameters:

- SbMd (Section 7.7.17), Sbo1(Section 7.7.16), Sbo2 (Section 7.7.16)

Point:

- When "hold alarms" is on, the hold function activates when you switch the standby setting from on to off.
- If the instrument is put into standby during auto tuning, the auto tuning is canceled. To complete auto-tuning, turn standby mode off and restart auto tuning.
- When the controller switches to standby mode, the ON delay timer will be reset. It will begin again when standby mode is turned off.

Setting example - Switching to Standby mode

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press the SEL key to move to operation mode.
	3. Use the ▲ ▼ the to change MAN to StbY.
	4. Press the SEL key to enter StbY mode. (The lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change oFF to oN.
	6. Press the SEL key to save the change. Now the controller is in the Standby Mode. (STBY indicator turns on.)
	7. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.1.3 REM Remote/local switchover (003)

Description

The following will switch you between local SV and remote SV operation. In remote SV operation, SV is controlled by an external SV input (RSV).

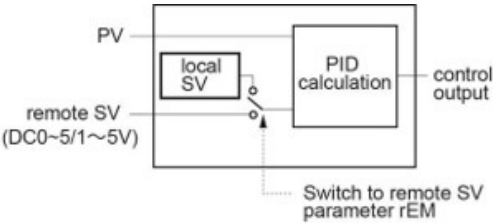


Fig. 7.1.13

Note:

During remote operation, you cannot change the SV by using UP/DOWN keys on the front panel. Remote SV is shown as reference and not available in the current available hardware configurations

Setting example - Switching to Standby mode

Display	Operating Procedure
245 250 PV SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
MAN oFF PV SV	2. Press the  key to move to operation mode.
REM LoCL PV SV	3. Use the   keys to change MAN to REM.
REM LoCL PV SV	4. Press the  key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
REM LoCL PV SV	5. Use the   keys to change LoCL to REM.
REM LoCL PV SV	6. Press the  key to save the change. Remote SV mode starts
REM LoCL PV SV	7. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display RSV appears on the screen number indication area.
245 250 PV SV	

7.1.4 PRoG Ramp Soak control command (004)

Description

Allows you to switch between Ramp/soak states.
You can select among the following three state.

- oFF (stop): Ramp/soak is stopped.
- RUN (start): Ramp/soak starts.
- HLd (hold): Ramp/soak hold. To release the hold, select "RUN" again.

The parameter information changes automatically depending on the ramp/soak state.

- GS (Guaranty soak ON): Guaranty soak is activated and PV is out of guaranty soak setting range.
- ENd (end): Ramp/soak has finished.

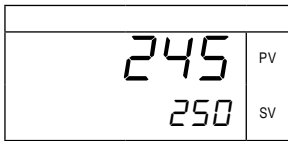
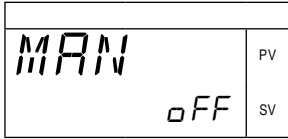
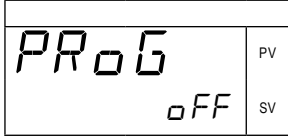
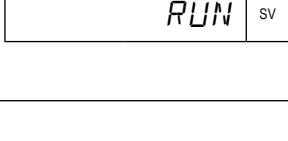
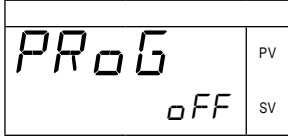
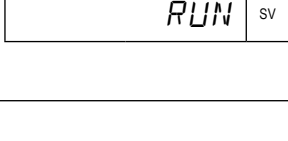
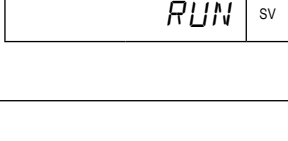
During ramp soak operation, one of RUN, HOLD, or END indicators light according to the state of ramp soak.

During ramp soak operation, on-going step No. and "r" (ramp) or "-" (soak) are displayed on the screen No. area of operation screen (PV/SV screen).

For example, "2r" appears during step 2 ramp, and "2-" during step 2 soak.

Related parameters: PRG (CH3) (Section 7.4)

Setting example - Ramp Soak command is carried out

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press the SEL key to move to operation mode.
	3. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change MAN to PRoG.
	4. Press the SEL key to enter PRoG mode. (The lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change oFF to oN.
	6. Press the SEL key to save the change. Ramp Soak command is carried out.
	7. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

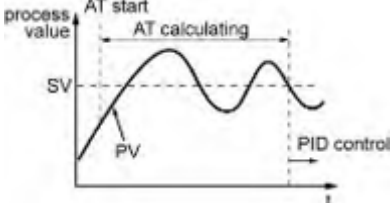
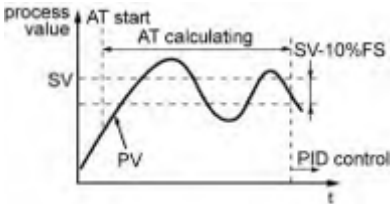
7.1.5 AT Auto tuning (005)

Description

Running auto-tuning automatically sets the optimal PID.

- Setting range
 - oFF: Stop/Finish
 - oN: starts auto tuning (normal type)
 - L-oN: starts auto tuning (low-PV type)

There are the following two types in auto-tuning.

Normal type	Performs ON/OFF operation with SV as the baseline to calculate PID.	 Fig. 7.1.15 (a)
Low-PV type	Performs ON/OFF operation with SV-10% to calculate PID. Use the this setting if you want to prevent overshoot.	 Fig. 7.1.15 (b)

- When auto tuning is normally completed, the automatically set PID parameter value is maintained even if the power is turned off. If the power is turned off during auto tuning, the auto-tuning function is invalidated with PID parameters unchanged. In such a case, start again from the beginning.
- Since ON-OFF operation (2-position operation) is performed during auto tuning, PV may fluctuate greatly depending on the process. Do not perform auto tuning for the processes where large fluctuation of PV is not allowed. Do not perform auto tuning, either, for the processes where the response is quick, such as pressure control or flow rate control.
- If auto tuning does not end after 4 hours, it means that tuning may not be completed successfully. Check input/output wiring and parameters such as control output (forward, reverse) and input sensor type.
- When you change SV or PV input type, or when operation does not work properly due to the change in operating conditions, perform auto tuning again.
- You can run auto-tuning when the control type is set to "fuzzy" or "PID2".
- You cannot run auto-tuning during manual mode.
- When you are using the PID selection function, the auto-tuning result for the selected PID group is stored.
- Auto tuning is forcibly terminated when SV is changed by the ramp soak function, remote SV function, or ramp SV.

Note:

Since ON/OFF control is performed during auto-tuning, overshoot against the SV may occur. To reduce the overshoot, execute the auto-tuning with [L-on] (Low PV).

Related parameters: CtRL (CH7) (Section 7.8.5)

Setting example - Running Auto-tuning

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
MAN PV oFF SV	2. Press the  key to move to operation mode.
	3. Use the   keys to change MAN to At.
	4. Press the  key to enter At mode. (The lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
At PV oFF SV ↓	5. Use the   keys to change oFF to oN.
At PV oN SV	6. Press the  key to save the change. Auto tuning starts. AT indicator lamp blinks.
	7. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.1.6 LACH Alarm output latch release (006)

Description

Allows you to cancel the alarm Latch.

- Setting range
 - oFF: keeps the latch on
 - oN: releases latch

Setting example - Releasing alarm output latch

Display	Operating Procedure
245PV250SV MANPVoFFSV LACHPVoFFSV ↓ RStSV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown. 2. Press the SEL key to move to operation mode. 3. Use the ^ v keys to change MAN to LACH. 4. Press the SEL key to enter LACH mode. (The lower part of the screen begins to blink.) 5. Use the ^ v keys to change oFF to RSt. 6. Press the SEL key to save the change. The alarm latch has been canceled 7. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.1.7 SVN SV selection (007)

Description

Allows you to easily switch SV among the following.

- Setting range: LoCL, SV1, SV2, SV3, SV4, SV5, SV6, SV7, di

To use this function, you need to configure SVs (SV1 to SV7) in the PID palette parameters. It is recommended to activate the ramp SV before changing SV number so that control disorders can be reduced.

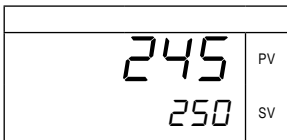
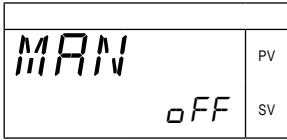
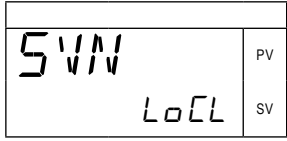
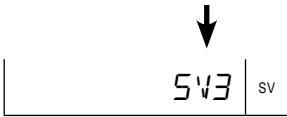
Related parameters: RMP (CH7) (Section 7.8.3)

Note:

Changing the SV number will not change the control parameters (PID, etc).

When changing the SV value with the front panel key, do not change the "Svn" parameter via communication. Otherwise, the changed SV may not be stored correctly.

Setting example - Changing SV Number

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press the SEL key to move to operation mode.
	3. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change MAN to SVN.
	4. Press the SEL key to enter SVN mode. (The lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change LoCL to SV3.
	6. Press the SEL key to save the change. The SV used for control is now set to "SV3".
	7. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.1.8 PLN1 PID selection (008)

Description

Allows you to easily switch PID No. among those you configured in the PID palette parameters. This allows you to change the PID according to the change of SV or control target.

- Range: LoCL, Pid1, Pid2, Pid3, Pid4, Pid5, Pid6, Pid7, di

Setting example - Changing PID Number

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV MAN PV oFF SV PLN1 PV LoCL SV ↓ Pid1 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown. 2. Press the  key to move to operation mode. 3. Use the   keys to change MAN to PLN1. 4. Press Use the   keysto enter PLN1 mode. (The lower part of the screen begins to blink.) 5.Use the   keys to change LoCL to Pid1. 6. Press the  key to save the change. The PID calculation parameter used for control is now set to Pid1. 7. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.1.9	AL1	A1-L	A1-H	Alarm settings (009 to 011) (012 to 014) (015 to 017) (018 to 020) (021 to 023)
	AL2	A2-L	A2-H	
	AL3	A3-L	A3-H	
	AL4	A4-L	A4-H	
	AL5	A5-L	A5-H	

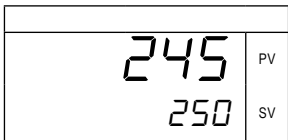
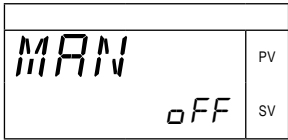
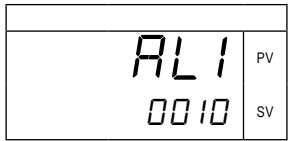
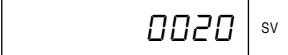
Description

Allows you to set the values for alarm 1 to alarm 5.

- Setting range: absolute value alarm: 0% to 100% FS
deviation alarm: -100% to 100% FS

Related parameters: CH5 Alarm parameters (Section 7.6)

Setting example - Setting alarms

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press the SEL key to move to operation mode.
	3. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change MAN to AL1.
	4. Press the SEL key to enter AL1 mode. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	5. Use the ◀ ▲ ▼ keys to change 10 to 20.
	6. Press the SEL key to save the change. The alarm value is now set to 20 °C.
	7. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.1.10 WCMd Electric power calculation command (027)

Description

Allows you to switch the electric power calculation status among the following three modes.

oFF: Stops calculation. (Calculated amount of electric power will be cleared.)

RUN: Calculates the amount of electric energy.

HLd: Suspend the calculation. (Calculated value of electric power will be retained.)

Related parameters: CH6 Setup parameters (Section 7.7)

Setting example - Switching electricity power calculation status

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV MAN PV oFF SV WCMd PV oFF SV ↓ RUN SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown. 2. Press the  key to move to operation mode. 3. Use the   keys to change MAN to WCMd. 4. Press the  key to enter WCMd mode. (The lower part of the screen begins to blink.) 5. Use the   keys to change oFF to RUN. 6. Press the  key to save the change. Calculates the amount of electric energy. 7. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.1.11 LoC Key lock (028)

Description

Prevents SV parameters from being changed.
The following three settings are available:

oFF: No lock

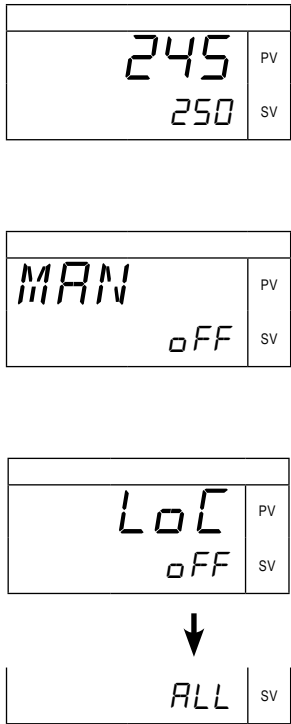
ALL: All locked

PARA: All but SV locked

The channel menu can be displayed even when key lock is active.

Related parameters: Accidental operation can also be prevented with a password. See CH13 Password parameters (Section 7.14).

Setting example - Setting Key Lock

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown. 2. Press the SEL key to move to operation mode. 3. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change MAN to LoC. 4. Press the SEL key to enter LoC mode. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.) 5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change oFF to ALL. 6. Press the SEL key to save the change. Key Lock is now activated. 7. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.2 CH1 PID (Control parameters)

7.2.1 P Proportional band (050)

i Integration time (051)

d Differential time (052)

Description

Allows you to set PID (Proportional Band, Integration Time, Differential Time).

Setting range

P: 0.1 to 999.9%

I: 0 to 3200 seconds

D: 0.0 to 999.9 seconds

The following control methods are available with PID settings.

ON/OFF control (2-position control)	When the control method CtRL is set to oNoF, ON/OFF control is used. Use the this function when you want to run simple control without worrying about the controllability.
Low-PV typePID control	Use this function when you want to control with high controllability. P, I, and D should be adjusted to optimal values for the control target, although Pid can be activated with $P \neq 0$, $I \neq 0$, and $D \neq 0$. In normal situations, run auto-tuning to optimally adjust P, I, and D before using this function.
PI control	When $P \neq 0$, $I \neq 0$, and $D = 0$, D control is turned off and PI control is used.
P control	When $P \neq 0$ and $I = 0$, $D = 0$, I and D controls are turned off and P control is used. In principle, P control generates offset and PV does not agree with SV. In this case, adjust the output convergence value "bAL".

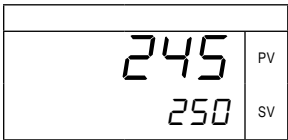
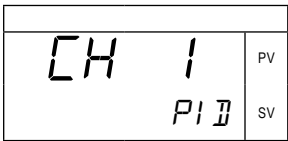
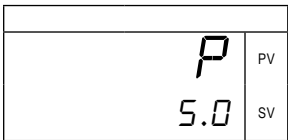
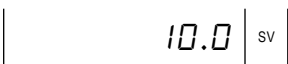
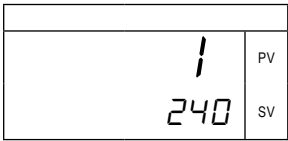
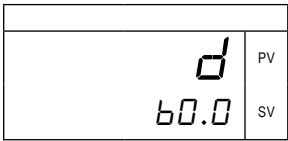
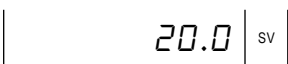
Running auto-tuning automatically sets the optimal PID. See "AT Auto tuning (005) " (Section 7.1.5)

The PID settings configured by auto-tuning are generally considered to be optimal settings. If you want to change the responsiveness, adjust PID manually.

Generally, control becomes unstable when "P" is set too small. On the other hand, setting it too big makes the response slow. Set the hysteresis for the ON/OFF (2-position) control with the parameter "hyS".

Note: Do not perform auto tuning during ON/OFF control.

Setting example - Setting P = 10.0%, I = 100sec., D = 20sec.

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the SEL key to enter CH1 (PID parameters). P is displayed.
	4. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change 5.0 to 10.0.
	6. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	7. Use the ▼ key to display i(integration time).
	8. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	9. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change 240 to 100.
	10. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	11. Use the ▼ key to display d(differential time).
	12. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	13. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change 60.0 to 20.0.
	14. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	15. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.2.2 HYS ON/OFF control hysteresis (053)

Description

Allows you to set the hysteresis for ON/OFF (2 position) control

- Setting range: 0.0 to 50.0% FS

The controllability varies with the size of the hysteresis.

- Small hysteresis**
- High-precision control
 - Frequency of output relays is high, so lifespan becomes short.
- Large hysteresis**
- Low-precision control
 - Frequency of output relays is low, so lifespan is relatively long.

The relationship between SV and hysteresis in normal and reverse operation is shown below.

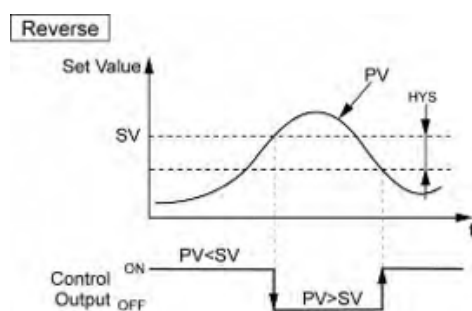


Fig. 7.2.2 (a)

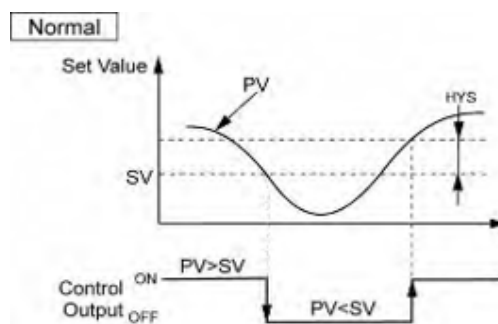
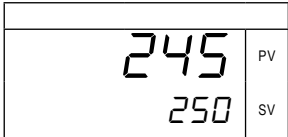
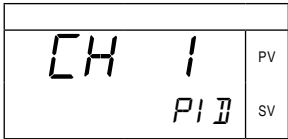
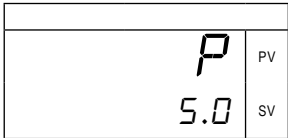
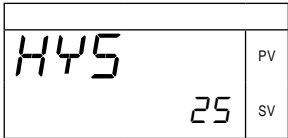
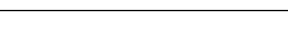


Fig. 7.2.2 (b)

- During ON/OFF control, the i and d settings do not affect control.
- If the hysteresis width is narrow, and PV and SV are nearly equal, the output may frequently switch on and off. Note that it may affect the life of the contact.

Setting example - Changing the hysteresis range from 25%FS to 30%FS

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the SEL key to enter CH1 (PID parameters). P is displayed.
	4. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change P to HYS.
	5. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	6. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change 25 to 30.
	7. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	8. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.2.3 Cool Cooling proportional band coefficient (054)

Description

Allows you to set the proportional band coefficient for cooling.

- Setting range: 0.0 to 100.0

The relationship between heating control output and cooling control output is outlined below.

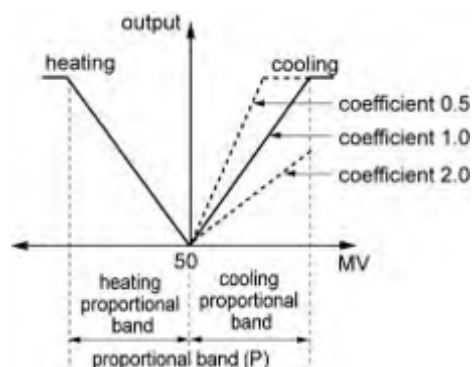


Fig. 7.2.3 (a)

Cooling proportional band is set after the optimal value for heating proportional band is set.

$$\text{Cooling proportional band} = (\text{Proportional band } P/2) \times \text{Coefficient}$$

The following example shows how the cooling proportional band is calculated.

Example: Calculating the coefficient that will give a cooling proportional band of 10% when proportional band(P) = 50% with full scale cooling

$$10\% = (50\%/2) \times \text{Coefficient}$$

$$\text{Coefficient} = 0.4$$

To set cooling as a secondary operation, set "Cool" to 0.0.

With two outputs set as P=0.0 and Cool=0.0, heating and cooling outputs become ON/OFF actions (3-position control). In this situation, the ON/OFF hysteresis is 0.5% FS (fixed) for heating and cooling outputs. The point of operation for the heating output can be shifted with the "HYS" parameter. The point of operation for the cooling output can be shifted with the "db" parameter.

The relationship between SV and hysteresis in normal and reverse operation is shown below.

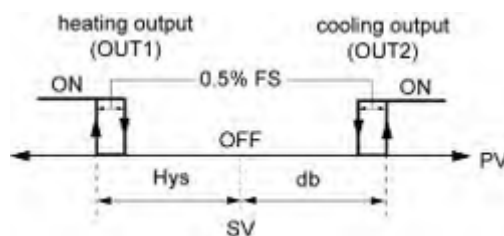


Fig. 7.2.3 (b)

Setting example - Changing cooling proportional band coefficient from 1.0 to 2.5

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
CH 1 PV PI SV	2. Press and hold the  key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
P PV 5.0 SV	3. Press the  key to enter CH1 (PID parameters). P is displayed.
Cool PV 1.0 SV ↓ 2.5 SV	4. Use the   keys to change P to Cool. 5. Press the  key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.) 6. Use the   keys to change 1.0 to 2.5. 7. Press the  key to save the change. 8. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.2.4 db Dead band (055)

Description

Shifts the cooling proportional band against the set value as follows.

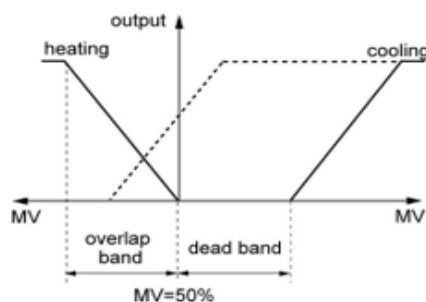


Fig. 7.2.4

"db" is called dead band when the value is positive, and overlap band when the value is negative.

- Range: -50% to 50%

"db" is measured as a percentage of MV and can be converted to a percentage deviation by the following formula.

$$DB [\%] = \text{deviation} \times 100/P [\%]$$

Example: Proportional Band (P) = 5.0%, with a desired dead band of 1% deviation from SV:

$$DB [\%] = 1.0 \times 100/5.0 = 20 [\%]$$

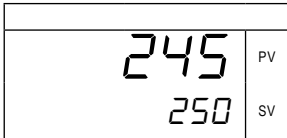
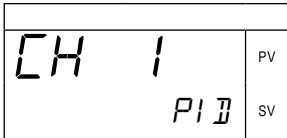
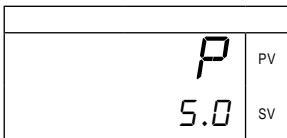
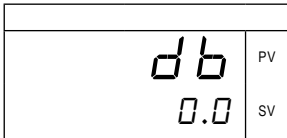
Dead band = 20 (%)

Note: When the dead band is set, MV for the cooling output will be limited to -5.0%, and the output may reach less than 105.0%.

At this time, the output upper limit is represented as the equation below

Output upper limit [%] = $-2 \times (DB-55)/Cool$ (does not exceed 105.0%) Example: When the DB = 20[%] and the Cool = 2, the cooling output will be limited to 35.0%

Setting example - Setting Dead band to 1.5%

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the SEL key to enter CH1 (PID parameters). P is displayed.
	4. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change P to db.
	5. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	6. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change 0.0 to 1.5.
	7. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	8. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.2.5 bAL Output convergence value (056)

Description

Output convergence value is a function that adds an offset to MV value.

- Setting range bAL: -100 to 100%

By this function, the bAL offset is added to original MV which is the result of PID calculation determined by PV and SV, and the total value is outputted as MV.

(The factory setting of bAL is 0% for single output, 50% for dual output.)

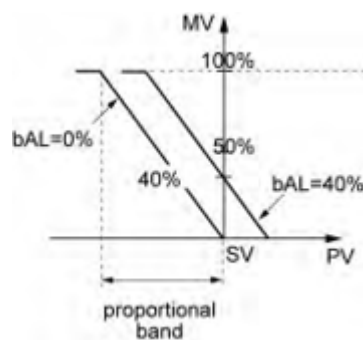


Fig. 7.2.5

Setting example - Changing Output convergence value from 0.0% to 3.0%

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV CH 1 PV PI SV P PV 5.0 SV bAL PV 0.0 SV ↓ 3.0 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown. 2. Press and hold the  key to display CH1 (PID parameters). 3. Press the  key to enter CH1 (PID parameters). P is displayed. 4. Use the   keys to change P to bAL. 5. Press the  key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.) 6. Use the   keys to change 0.0 to 3.0. 7. Press the  key to save the change. 8. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.2.6 AR Anti-reset windup (057)

Description

Anti-reset windup is a function that limits the range of valid integration to control overshooting.

Setting range Ar: 0 to 100% FS

- The anti-reset windup function ("AR") cuts integration that falls outside of the Ar set range that is centered around SV. It is automatically set to the optimum value when auto-tuning is activated

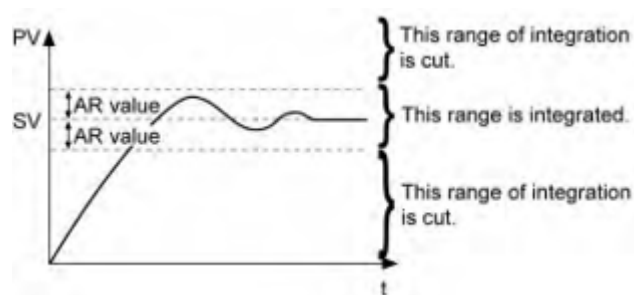
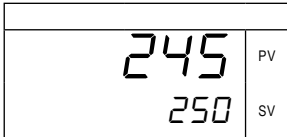
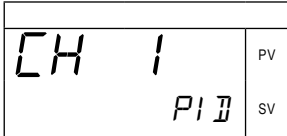
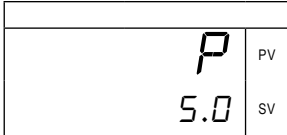
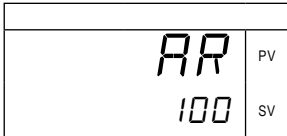
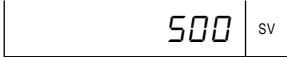


Fig. 7.2.6

Setting example - Changing the anti-reset windup to 500 °C

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the SEL key to enter CH1 (PID parameters). P is displayed.
	4. Use the   keys to change P to AR.
	5. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	6. Use the   keys to change 100 to 500.
	7. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	8. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.2.7 REV Normal/reverse operation (058)

Description

Specifies whether the control operations are normal or reverse.

- Setting range

RV_ _:	heat (reverse)/cool (none)
No_ _:	heat (normal)/cool (none)
RVNo:	heat (reverse)/cool (normal)
NoRV:	heat (normal)/cool (reverse)
RVRV:	heat (reverse)/cool (reverse)
NoNo:	heat (normal)/cool (normal)

Most temperature control is done with heating in reverse and cooling in normal.

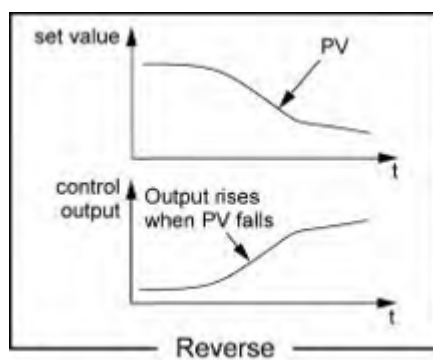


Fig. 7.2.7 (a)

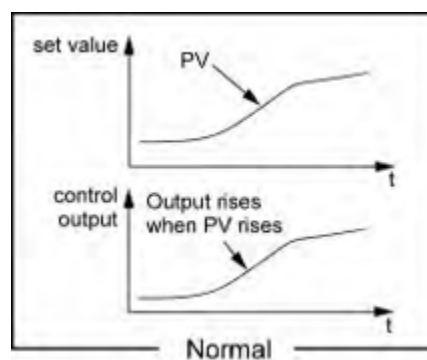
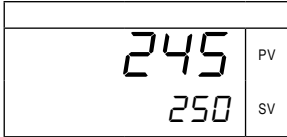
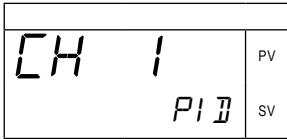
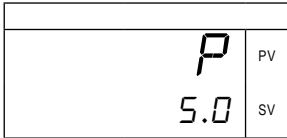
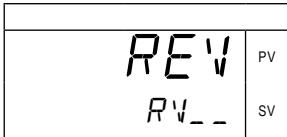


Fig. 7.2.7 (b)

Setting example - Setting the heating control to reverse, cooling control to normal action

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the SEL key to enter CH1 (PID parameters). P is displayed.
	4. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change P to REV.
	5. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	6. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change RV__ to RVNo.
	7. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	8. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.2.8 | | | | |------------|-----------------------|--------------| | SVL | SV lower limit | (059) | | SVH | SV upper limit | (060) |

Description

These parameters specify the setting range of the SV (Setting value). You can set any value within the measurement range.

- Setting range: 0 to 100% FS (Upper/Lower)

The relationship between SV limits and the measurement range is as follows:

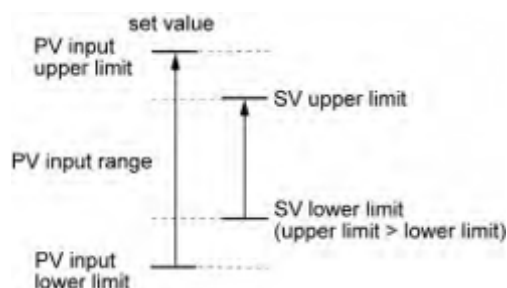


Fig. 7.2.8

Notes:

- Before setting SVH/SVL, be sure to set the following parameters in CH6 Setup parameters. PV lower limit (PVb)/PV upper limit (PVF)
- SVs set before setting the SV limits (Local SV, Palette SV, etc.) are affected by new SV limits.
- Make sure to set the value of SVh greater than SVL.

Setting example - Setting the lower SV limit to 50 °C

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
CH 1 PV PI 1 SV	2. Press and hold the  key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
P PV 5.0 SV	3. Press the  key to enter CH1 (PID parameters). P is displayed.
SVL PV 0 SV	4. Use the   keys to change P to SVL.
PV SV	5. Press the  key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
PV 50 SV	6. Use the   keys to change 0 to 50.
	7. Press the  key to save the change.
	8. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.2.9

tC1

tC2

OUT1 proportional cycle (061)
OUT2 proportional cycle (062)

Description

When using contact output and SSR drive output with PV input inside the proportional band, output will switch between ON and OFF at regular intervals.

- These intervals are called proportional cycles. OUT1 and OUT2 can be set separately.
- Setting range: 1 to 150

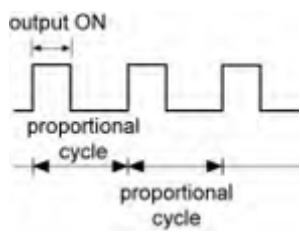


Fig. 7.2.9

The following are the recommended settings for each control output.

Contact output	The shorter the proportional cycle, the finer the control, however shorter proportional cycles also shorten the lifespan of the contact points and operating device. Keep a balance between controllability and controller lifespan when adjusting the proportional cycles. Approx.: 30 sec
SSR drive output	Because there are no mechanical parts, use a short proportional cycle if the operating device is working properly. Approx.: 1 or 2 seconds

Notes:

- TC2 is only valid when there are dual outputs.
- The proportional cycle for the current output is same as the blinking cycle of OUT indicator (approximately 1 second).

Setting example - Setting OUT1 proportional cycle to 60 sec

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
CH 1 PV PI 1 SV	2. Press and hold the  key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
P PV 5.0 SV	3. Press the the  key to enter CH1 (PID parameters). P is displayed.
tC1 PV 30 SV ↓	4. Use the   keys to change P to tC1.
60 SV	5. Press the  key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	6. Use the   keys to change 30 to 60.
	7. Press the  key to save the change.
	8. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.2.10	PLC1	PHC1	OUT1 Upper/Lower Limits	(063, 064)
	PLC2	PHC2	OUT2 Upper/Lower Limits	(065, 066)

Description

This parameter specifies the upper and lower limits for output control.

- Setting range

Output	Lower limit	Upper limit	Setting range
OUT1	PLC1	PHC1	-5.0 to 105.0%
OUT2	PLC2	PHC2	-5.0 to 105.0%

Related parameters: CH1 "Type of Output Limiter" (Section 7.2.11)

Notes:

- Be sure to set the values so that PHC is greater than PLC.
- OUT2 is shown as reference and not available in the current available hardware configurations

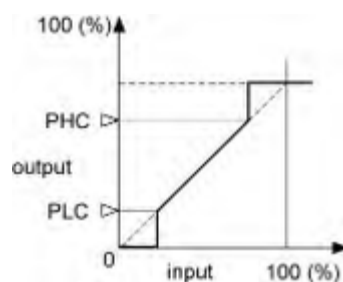
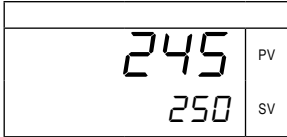
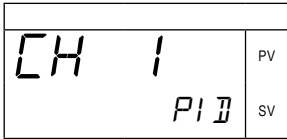
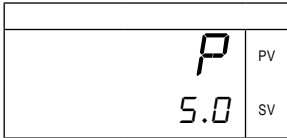
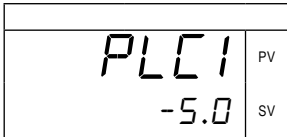


Fig. 7.2.10

Setting example - Setting OUT1 lower limit to 5%

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the SEL key to enter CH1 (PID parameters). P is displayed.
	4. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change P to PLC1.
	5. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	6. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change -5.0 to 5.0.
	7. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	8. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.2.11 PCUt Type of output limiter (067)

Description

You can choose whether to apply the limit on the output value or let it exceed the limit. The output changes according to the limit, as follows.

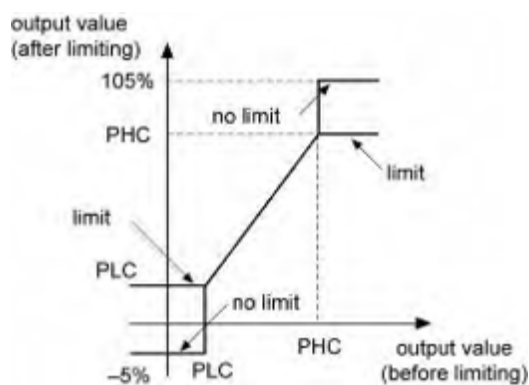
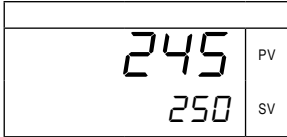
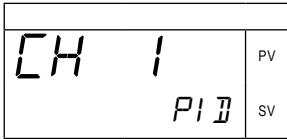
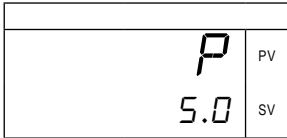


Fig. 7.2.11

Setting range

Setting	Output 1 (OUT1)		Output 2 (OUT2)	
	Lower limit	Upper limit	Lower limit	Upper limit
0	-5%	105%	-5%	105%
1	limit	105%	-5%	105%
2	-5%	limit	-5%	105%
3	limit	limit	-5%	105%
4	-5%	105%	limit	105%
5	limit	105%	limit	105%
6	-5%	limit	limit	105%
7	limit	limit	limit	105%
8	-5%	105%	-5%	limit
9	limit	105%	-5%	limit
10	-5%	limit	-5%	limit
11	limit	limit	-5%	limit
12	-5%	105%	limit	limit
13	limit	105%	limit	limit
14	-5%	limit	limit	limit
15	limit	limit	limit	limit

Setting example - Setting to keep all the outputs within limits

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the SEL key to enter CH1 (PID parameters). P is displayed.
	4. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change P to PCUT.
	5. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	6. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change 0 to 15 (limit all).
	7. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	8. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.2.12 ALPA 2-degrees-of-freedom coefficient α (073)

bEtA 2-degrees-of-freedom coefficient β (074)

Description

These coefficients are used to suppress overshoot generated in PID control.

The 2-degrees-of-freedom PID system of this instrument adopts set value (SV) filter method, which is effective in suppressing overshoot at the time of setting change or start-up.

If ALPA (α) is set to 100.0%, and bEtA (β) to 0.0%, ordinary PID control (1 degree of freedom PID) is performed.

Adjust ALPA (α) and bEtA (β) as follows.

(1) Set ALPA (α) to 40.0%, and bEtA (β) to 100.0%. (Factory default setting)

(2) Perform control and check responsiveness (overshoot volume).

If overshoot cannot be improved in this stage, adjust ALPA (α) and bEtA (β), following the definition listed in the following table.

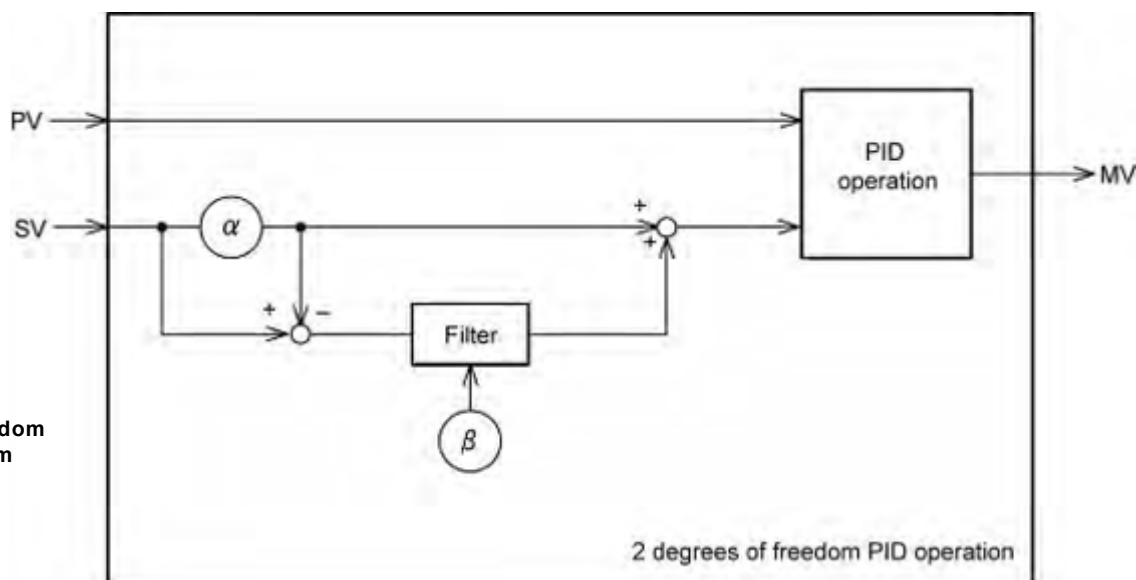
Generally, ALPA (α) does not require adjustment. Therefore, it is recommended to use the instrument with ALPA (α) set to 40.0%.

Result of control	bEtA	ALPA
Large overshoot	Increase BETA (β) by 20%	Decrease ALPA (α) by 10%
Small overshoot	Decrease BETA (β) by 20%	Increase ALPA (α) by 10%

Setting range

ALPA	-300.0 to 300.0
bEtA	0.0 to 900.0

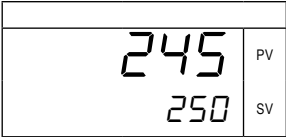
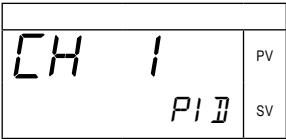
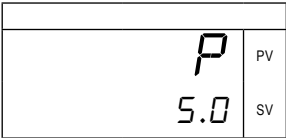
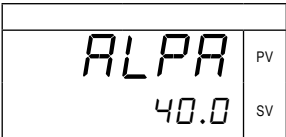
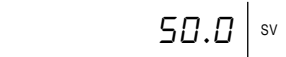
Fig. 7.2.12
2 degrees of freedom
PID block diagram



Notes:

- Changing ALPA (α) should be performed during manual mode.
- Before changing ALPA (α) setting, set bEtA (β) to 0.0%. First, change ALPA (α) setting, and then set bEtA (β) to desired value. Improper procedure may cause output (target value) to increase temporarily, thus posing danger.
- The purpose of this function is to suppress overshoot generated in ordinary PID control. Overshoot may not always be eliminated.

Setting example - Setting the 2-degrees-of-freedom coefficient α to 50.0%

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3.. Press the SEL key to enter CH1 (PID parameters). P is displayed.
	4. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change P to ALPA.
	5. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	6. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change 40.0 to 50.0.
	7. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	8. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.3 CH2 PLT (PID palette parameters)

PID palette parameters are used to register SVs, PIDs, and other control parameters. Up to seven sets of SVs and PIDs can be stored, and you can toggle among them by simply selecting their numbers.

This is very useful when operating conditions change frequently.

The palette menu (CH2) consists of the following function blocks:

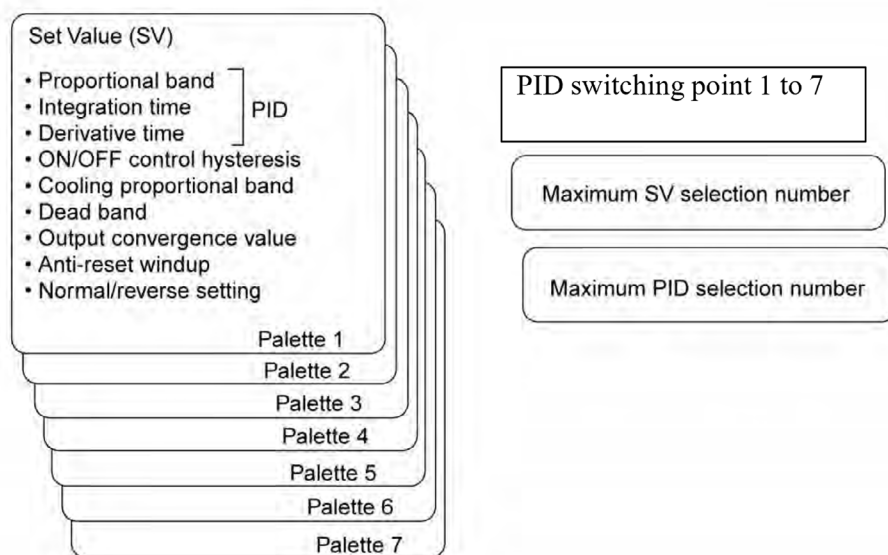


Fig. 7.3.1 PID Palette function block

To change the SV No. or PID No., refer to "SV selection" (Section 7.1.7), "PID selection" (Section 7.1.8).

7.3.1 SV1 to SV7 Set Value (100 to 160)

Description

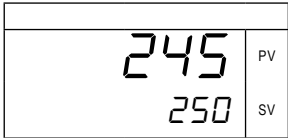
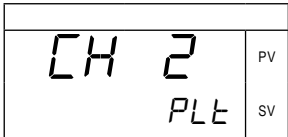
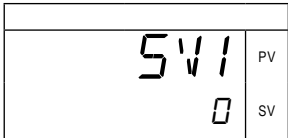
Up to seven SVs (SV1-SV7) can be recorded. Recorded SVs can be invoked by the SV selection ("Svn") parameter in the operation menu.

Setting range: SV lower limit (SVL) to SV upper limit (SVH) %FS

It is recommended to activate the ramp SV before changing SV number, so that control disorders can be reduced.

Related parameters: "SV selection" (Section 7.1.7)

Setting example - Setting SV1 to 300 °C

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the  key to access CH2 (PID palette parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH2 (PID palette parameters). SV1 (set value) is displayed.
	5. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	6. Use the   keys to change 0 to 300.
	7. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	8. To set SV2 to SV7, press the  key in the step 4 and then repeat steps 5 to 7.
	9. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.3.2

P1	to	P7	Proportional band (101 to 161)
i1	to	i7	Integration time (102 to 162)
d1	to	d7	Differential time (103 to 163)

Description

These parameters allow you to configure PID. Up to seven types of PID (palettes 1 to 7) can be recorded. Recorded PIDs can be called from selected PID number ("PLN1") in the operation menu CH1.

- Setting range

Proportional band (P):	0.0 to 999.9%
Integration time (I):	0 to 3200 seconds
Differential time (D):	0.0 to 999.9 seconds

Related parameters: "Proportional Band, Integration Time, Differential Time (CH1)" (page 41)

When a PID No. is changed, the following parameters change to match it.

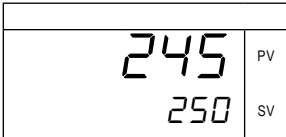
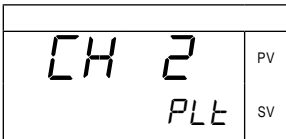
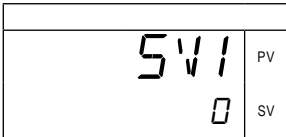
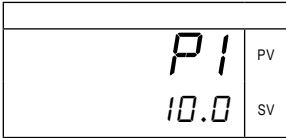
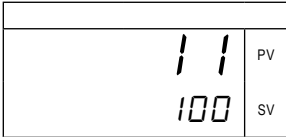
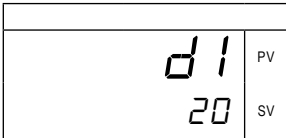
- ON/OFF control hysteresis
- Cooling proportional band
- Dead band
- Output convergence value
- Anti-reset windup
- Normal/reverse operation

Running auto-tuning will automatically set to the PID No. selected in the PID selection parameter.

Notes:

- For safety, make sure to turn off the power before switching the normal/reverse operations by using the PID selection function. (Do not switch between normal and reverse while operation.)
- If "(PID No. +1, SV No. +1(increment))" function is executed under the "PID No. ≠ SV No.", PID No. and SV No. is automatically set to the same value.
- PID is switched per palette. You cannot combine the values of PID among palettes.

Setting example - Setting P = 10.0%, I = 100 sec., D = 20 sec.

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the ✓ key to access CH2 (PID palette parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH2 (PID palette parameters). SV1 (set value) is displayed.
	5. Use the ↑ ✓ keys to change SV1 to P1.
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ↑ ✓ keys to change 5.0 to 10.0.
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Use the ✓ key to change 100 to 20.
	10. Repeat the same steps to set Pid2 to Pid7.
	10. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.3.3 HYS1 to HYS7 ON/OFF control hysteresis (104 to 164)

Description

This parameter allows you to set the hysteresis width for the ON/OFF control. Up to seven types of hysteresis (for palettes 1 to 7) can be recorded. Recorded hysteresis can be called by PID selection ("PLN1") in the operation mode.

- Setting range: 0 to 50% FS

Related parameters: "ON/OFF control hysteresis" (Section 7.3.3)

Setting example - Setting the ON/OFF control hysteresis 1 to 3 °C

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV CH 2 PV PLt SV SV1 PV 0 SV HYS1 PV 1 SV ↓ 3 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown. 2. Press and hold the  key to display CH1 (PID parameters). 3. Press the  key to access CH2 (PID palette parameters). 4. Press the  key to enter CH2 (PID palette parameters). SV1 (set value) is displayed. 5. Use the   keys to change SV1 to HYS1. 6. Press the  key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.) 7. Use the  key to change 1 to 3. 8. Press the  key to save the change. 9. Repeat the same steps to set HYS2 to HYS7. 10. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.3.4 CoL1 to CoL7 Cooling Proportional Band (105 to 165)

Description

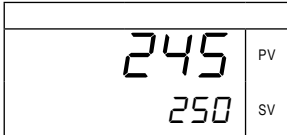
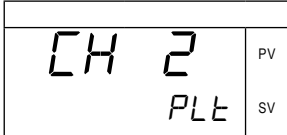
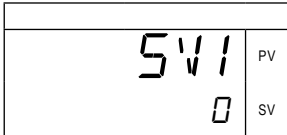
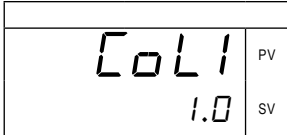
Allows you to set the cooling proportional band when dual outputs are selected. Up to seven types of cooling proportional band (for palettes 1 to 7) can be recorded.

Recorded cooling proportional band can be called from PID selection ("PLN1") in the operation mode.

- Setting range: 0.0% to 100.0%

Related parameters: "Cooling Proportional Band Coefficient" (Section 7.2.3)

Setting example - Setting the Cooling proportional band 1 to 5.0%

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the ▼ key to access CH2 (PID palette parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH2 (PID palette parameters). SV1 (set value) is displayed.
	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change SV1 to CoL1.
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change 1.0 to 5.0.
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Repeat the same steps to set CoL2 to CoL7.
	10. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.3.5 db1 to db7 Dead band (106 to 166)

Description

Allows you to set the dead band when dual outputs are selected. Up to seven types of dead band (for palettes 1 to 7) can be recorded.

Recorded dead band can be called from PID selection ("PLN1") in the operation mode.

- Setting range: -50.0% to 50.0%

Related parameters: "Dead Band" (Section 7.2.4)

Setting example - Setting Dead band 1 to 7.0%

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV CH 2 PV PLt SV SV1 PV 0 SV db1 PV 0.0 SV 7.0 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown. 2. Press and hold the  key to display CH1 (PID parameters). 3. Press the  key to access CH2 (PID palette parameters). 4. Press the  key to enter CH2 (PID palette parameters). SV1 (set value) is displayed. 5. Use the   keys to change SV1 to db1. 6. Press the the  key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.) 7. Use the   keys to change 0.0 to 7.0. 8. Press the  key to save the change. 9. Repeat the same steps to set db2 to db7. 10. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.3.6 bAL1 to bAL7 Output convergence value (107 to 167)

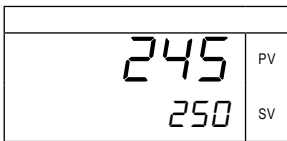
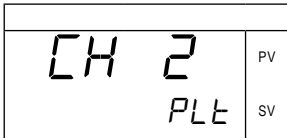
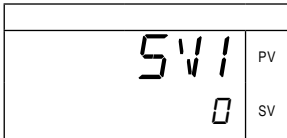
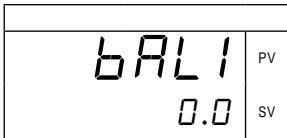
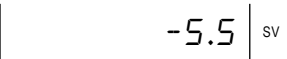
Description

Allows you to set the output convergence value. Up to seven types of output convergence value (for palettes 1 to 7) can be recorded. Recorded output convergence value can be called from PID selection ("PLN1") in the operation mode.

- Setting range: -100.0% to 100.0%

Related parameters: "Output Convergence Value" (Section 7.2.5)

Setting example - Setting Output convergence value 1 to -5.5%

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the key to access CH2 (PID palette parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH2 (PID palette parameters). SV1 (set value) is displayed.
	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change SV1 to bAL1.
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change 0.0 to -5.5.
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Repeat the same steps to set bAL2 to bAL7.
	10. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.3.7 AR1 to AR7 Anti-reset windup (108 to 168)

Description

Allows you to set the anti-reset windup. Up to seven types of anti-reset windup (for palettes 1 to 7) can be recorded. Recorded anti-reset windup can be called from PID selection ("PLN1") in the operation mode.

- Setting range: 0.0% to 100.0%

Related parameters: "Anti-reset windup" (Section 7.2.6)

Setting example - Setting the anti-reset windup 1 to 50 FS

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV CH 2 PV PLt SV SV1 PV 0 SV AR1 PV 100 SV 50 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown. 2. Press and hold the  key to display CH1 (PID parameters). 3. Press the  key to access CH2 (PID palette parameters). 4. Press the  key to enter CH2 (PID palette parameters). SV1 (set value) is displayed. 5. Use the   keys to change SV1 to AR1. 6. Press the  key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.) 7. Use the   keys to change 100 to 50. 8. Press the  key to save the change. 9. Repeat the same steps to set AR2 to AR7. 10. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.3.8 REV1 to REV7 Normal/reverse (109 to 169)

Description

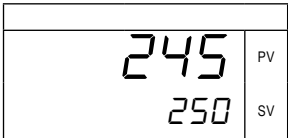
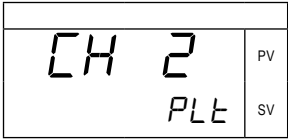
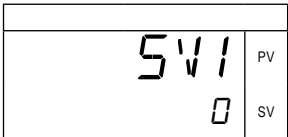
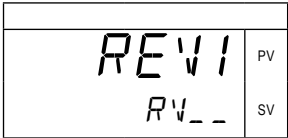
Allows you to set the normal/reverse setting. Up to seven types of normal/reverse settings (for palettes 1 to 7) can be recorded. Recorded normal/reverse settings can be called from PID selection ("PLN1") in the operation mode.

Range	Control operation
RV__	heat (reverse)/cool (none)
No__	heat (normal)/cool (none)
RVNo	heat (reverse)/cool (normal)

Range	Control operation
NoRV	heat (normal)/cool (reverse)
RVRV	heat (reverse)/cool (reverse)
NoNo	heat (normal)/cool (normal)

Related parameters: "Normal/Reverse" (CH1) (Section 7.2.7)

Setting example - Setting the normal/reverse 1 to heat (reverse)/ cool (normal)

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the ▼ key to access CH2 (PID palette parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH2 (PID palette parameters). SV1 (set value) is displayed.
	5. Use the ▲▼ keys to change SV1 to REV1.
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ▲▼ keys to change "RV" to "RVNo".
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Repeat the same steps to set REV2 to REV7.
	10. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.3.9 REF1 to REF7 PID palette switching point (170 to 176)

Description

This parameter allows you to set threshold value at which the controller automatically switches among PID palettes.

- Setting range: 0 to 100% FS

Related parameters: PID palette switching method (CH 7) (Section 7.8.11)

Setting example - Setting the PID palette switching point 1 to 30% FS

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV CH 2 PV PLt SV SV1 PV 0 SV REF1 PV 0 SV 30 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown. 2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters). 3. Press the ▼ key to access CH2 (PID palette parameters). 4. Press the SEL key to enter CH2 (PID palette parameters). SV1 (set value) is displayed. 5. Use the ▲▼ keys to change SV1 to REF1. 6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.) 7. Use the ▲▼ keys to change 0 to 30. 8. Press the SEL key to save the change. 9. Repeat the same steps to set REF2 to REF7. 10. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.3.10 SVMX Max SV selection number (177)

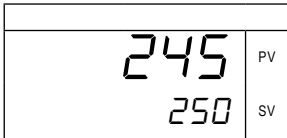
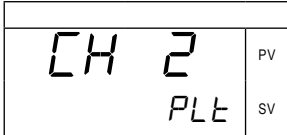
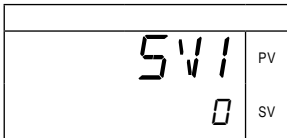
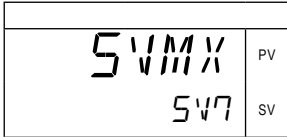
Description

Allows you to set the maximum SV number that can be selected via the USER key.

- Setting range: SV1 to SV7, LoCL, di

Related parameters: "User key assignment" (CH 7) (Section 7.8.1)

Setting example - Setting the max. SV selection number to SV4

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the ▼ key to access CH2 (PID palette parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH2 (PID palette parameters). SV1 (set value) is displayed.
	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change SV1 to SVMX.
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change SV7 to SV4.
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	10. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.3.11 PL1M Max PID selection number (178)

Description

Allows you to set the maximum PID number that can be selected via the USER key.

- Setting range: Pid1 to Pid7, LoCL, di

Related parameters: "User key assignment" (CH 7) (Section 7.8.1)

Setting example - Setting the max. PID selection number to PID6

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
CH 2 PV PLt SV	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the ▼ key to access CH2 (PID palette parameters).
SV1 PV 0 SV	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH2 (PID palette parameters). SV1 (set value) is displayed.
PL1M PV PId7 SV	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change SV1 to PL1M.
PIdb SV	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change "Pid7" to "Pid6".
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	10. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

SV1

PV

0

SV

PL1M

PV

PId7

SV

PId6

SV

7.4 CH3 PRG (Ramp soak parameters)

This function automatically runs according to SVs and the times for the SV changes configured previously. You can choose up to 64 steps for SV setting and 14 types of operation patterns.

- Ramp: Changing SV towards a target SV
- Soak: Maintains a SV

The ramp/soak parameters (CH3) consists of the following function blocks.

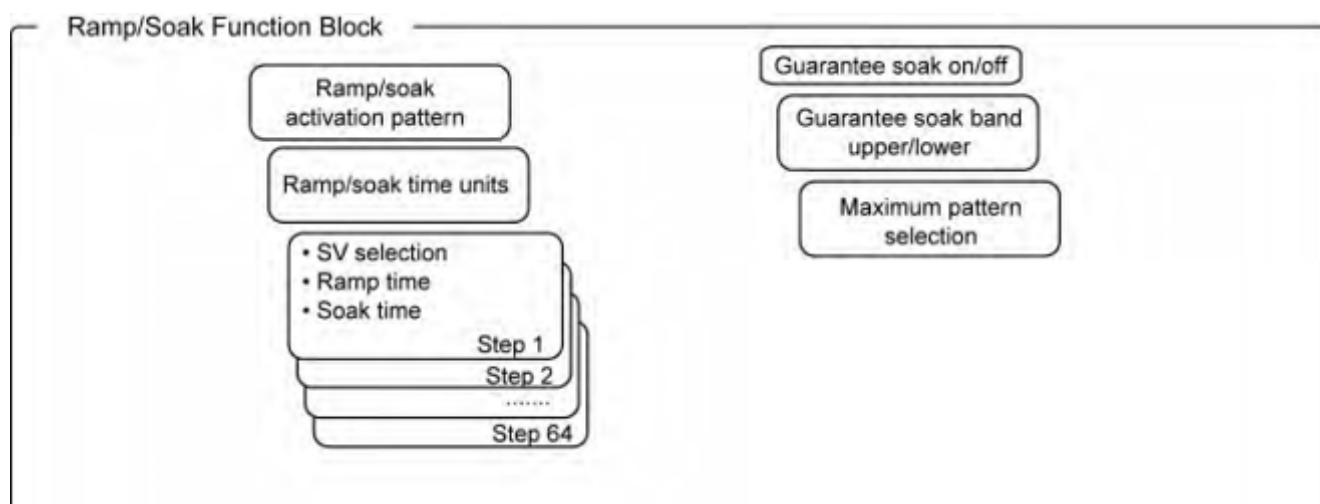


Fig. 7.4.1 (a)

7.4.1 PtN Ramp/soak operation pattern (Step No.) (200)

Description

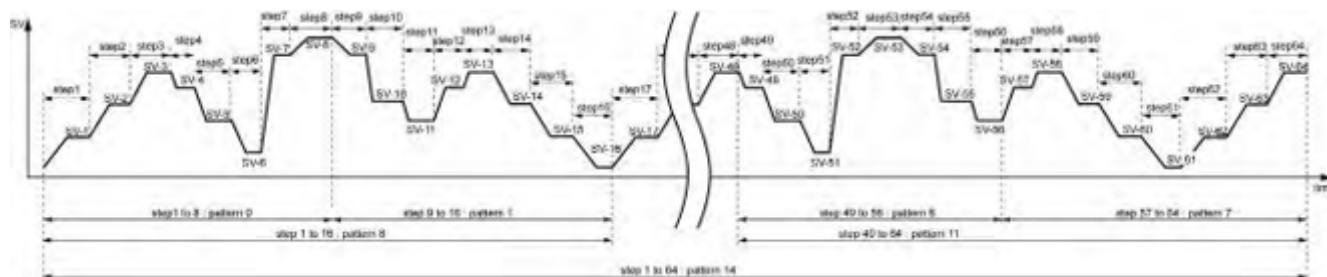


Fig. 7.4.1 (b)

The 64-step ramp/soak patterns are divided into 15 segments. You can choose any one to use.

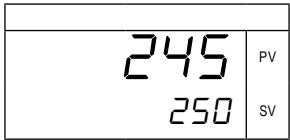
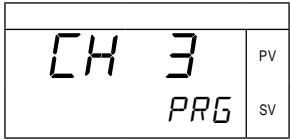
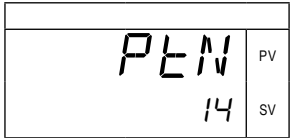
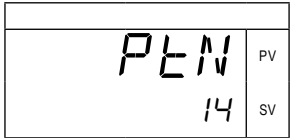
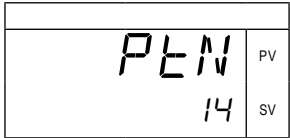
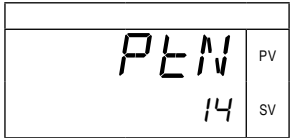
Setting range

0	steps 1 to 8	8	steps 1 to 16
1	steps 9 to 16	9	steps 17 to 32
2	steps 17 to 24	10	steps 33 to 48
3	steps 25 to 32	11	steps 49 to 64
4	steps 33 to 40	12	steps 1 to 32
5	steps 41 to 48	13	steps 33 to 64
6	steps 49 to 56	14	steps 1 to 64
7	steps 57 to 64	di	depending on di

Note:

Do not change this parameter during the ramp soak operation. Be sure to set "PRG" = "OFF" before changing the parameter.

Setting example - Setting the Ramp/Soak Activation Pattern to steps 1 to 8

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the ▼ key to access CH3 (Ramp soak parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH3 (Ramp soak parameters). PtN (Ramp soak operation pattern) is displayed.
	5. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	6. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change 14 to 0.
	7. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	10. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.4.2 tiMU Ramp/soak time units (201)

Description

Allows you to set the time units for Ramp/soak operation.

- Setting range: HH : MM(hour:min) MM : SS(min:sec)

Notes:

- Time units can not be set separately for each step.
- All steps use the same unit of time.

Setting example - Setting the time unit to MM:SS

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
CH 3 PV PRG SV	2. Press and hold the  key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
PtN PV 14 SV	3. Press the  key to access CH3 (Ramp soak parameters).
PtN PV 14 SV	4. Press the  key to enter CH3 (Ramp soak parameters). PtN (Ramp soak operation pattern) is displayed.
tiMU PV HH:MM SV	5. Use the   keys to change PtN to tiMU.
MM:SS SV	6. Press the  key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the   keys to change HH:MM to MM:SS.
	8. Press the  key to save the change.
	10. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.4.3	SV-1	to	SV64	Ramp soak seg1 SV1 to seg64 SV64	(202 to 391)
	tM1R	to	t64R	Ramp soak seg1 ramp time to seg64 ramp time	(203 to 392)
	tM1S	to	t64S	Ramp soak seg1 soak time to seg64 ramp time	(204 to 393)

Description

Sets the ramp soak SV, ramp time and soak time.

Setting range:

SV	SV lower limit (SVL) to SV upper limit (SVH) %FS
Ramp time	00:00 to 99:59 (hour:min/min:sec)
Soak time	00:00 to 99:59 (hour:min/min:sec)

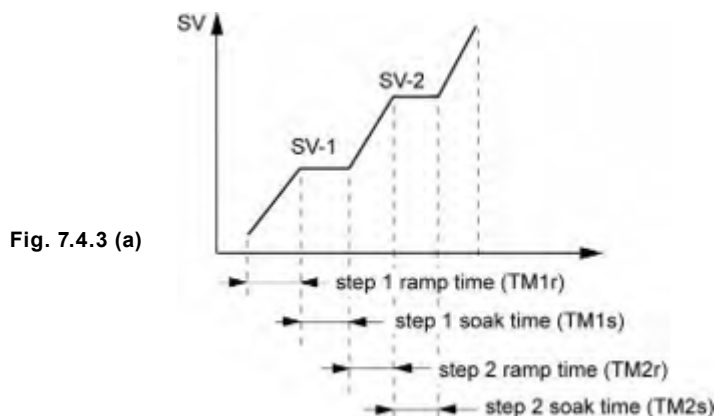


Fig. 7.4.3 (a)

The segment that both ramp time and soak time are set to 0.00 will be skipped. (Example)

SV-1: 50	SV-2: 200	SV-3: 100
TM1r: 0.10	TM2r: 0.00	TM3r: 1.00
TM1S: 0.05	TM2S: 0.00	TM3S: 0.75

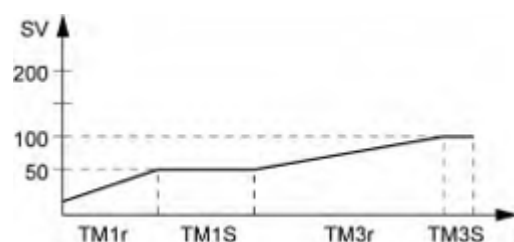


Fig. 7.4.3 (b)

The SV limit function (SV-h, SV-L) is in effect while ramp/soak is running.

The set value (SV-n) does not change, but the value is limited during ramp/soak. For the above reason, the value may not change at the set times and the ramp soak runs with the following pattern.

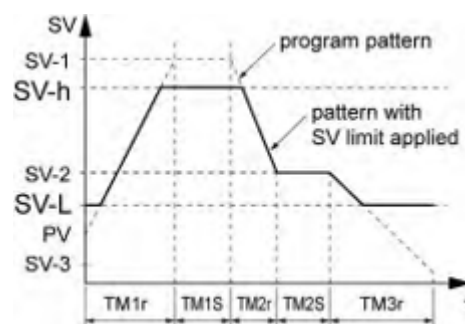
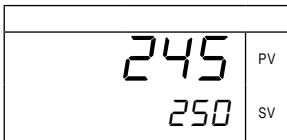
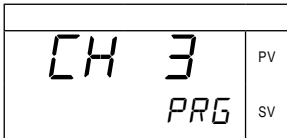
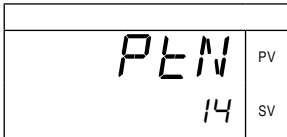
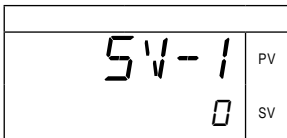
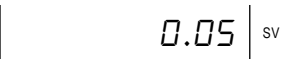


Fig. 7.4.3 (c)

Setting example - Setting SV1, ramp time, and soak time for step1

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the ✓ key to access CH3 (Ramp soak parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH3 (Ramp soak parameters). PtN (Ramp soak operation pattern) is displayed.
	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change PtN to SV-1.
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change 0 to 50.
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change SV-1 to tM1R.
	10. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	11. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change 0 to 0.10.
	12. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	13. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change tM1R to tM1S.
	14. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	15. Use the ▲ ▼ key to change 0 to 0.05.
	16. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	17. Repeat the same steps for step 2 to step 64.
	18. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.4.4 Mod Ramp soak mode (394)

Description

Allows you to set the method of ramp/soak operation.

The following items can be set.

Power-on start	Starts ramp/soak with the current PV when the main unit is turned on.
END time output	Maintains the same state as at the end of ramp/soak when ramp/soak is complete.
oFF time output	Switches to the OFF state when ramp/soak is complete.
Repeat operation	Repeats ramp/soak from step 1 when the last step finishes.

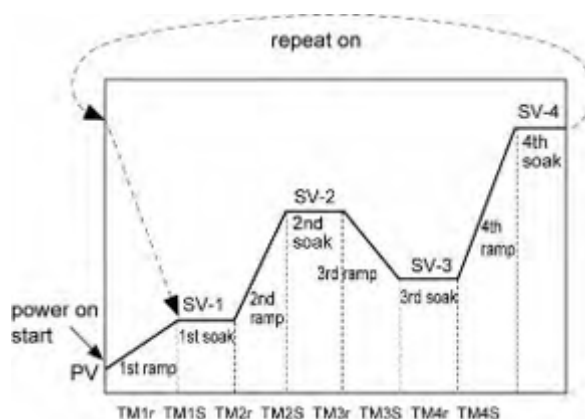


Fig. 7.4.4

You can choose from the following 16 modes.

MOD	Power-on start	Ending output	OFF output	Repeat behavior
0	none	Maintain control	Maintain control	none
1	none	Maintain control	Maintain control	on
2	none	Maintain control	Standby Mode	none
3	none	Maintain control	Standby Mode	on
4	none	Standby Mode	Maintain control	none
5	none	Standby Mode	Maintain control	on
6	none	Standby Mode	Standby Mode	none
7	none	Standby Mode	Standby Mode	on
8	on	Maintain control	Maintain control	none
9	on	Maintain control	Maintain control	on
10	on	Maintain control	Standby Mode	none
11	on	Maintain control	Standby Mode	on
12	on	Standby Mode	Maintain control	none
13	on	Standby Mode	Maintain control	on
14	on	Standby Mode	Standby Mode	none
15	on	Standby Mode	Standby Mode	on

- When not in repeat operation, the last SV value is held when ramp/soak finishes.

Setting example - Setting the ramp soak mode to 1

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
CH 3 PV PRG SV	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
PtN PV 14 SV	3. Press the ▼ key to access CH3 (Ramp soak parameters).
Mod PV 0 SV ↓ SV	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH3 (Ramp soak parameters). PtN (Ramp soak operation pattern) is displayed.
	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change PtN to Mod.
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change 0 to 1.
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.4.5	GSoK	Guarantee soak	(395)
	GS-L	Guarantee soak band (lower)	(396)
	GS-H	Guarantee soak band (upper)	(397)

Description

This function guarantees the soak time. Soak time is counted down only when PV is in the certain temperature range.

As seen in the figure below, only the sum of the shaded areas is counted as soak time. The operation moves onto the next step when the total soak time has reached the specified soak time.

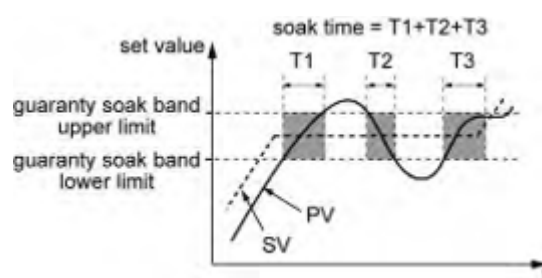
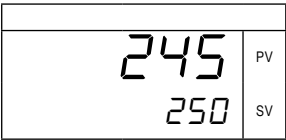
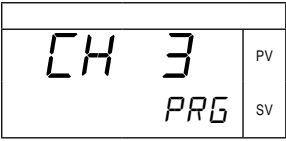
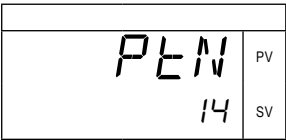
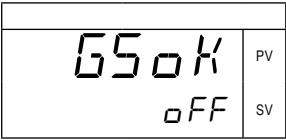
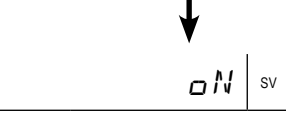
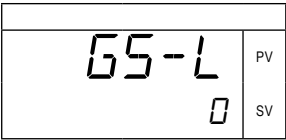
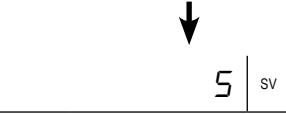
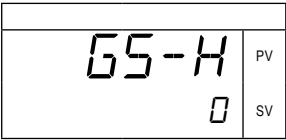
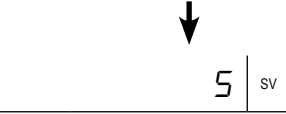
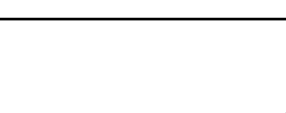


Fig. 7.4.5

Setting range:

Guarantee soak	on/off
Guarantee soak upper limit	0 to 50% FS
Guarantee soak lower limit	0 to 50% FS

Setting example - Setting guaranty soak to ON and upper/lower limits to 5 °C

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the ▼ key to access CH3 (Ramp soak parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH3 (Ramp soak parameters). PtN (Ramp soak operation pattern) is displayed.
	5. Use the ▲▼ keys to change PtN to GSoK.
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ▲▼ keys to change "oFF" to "oN"..
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Use the ▲▼ keys to change GSoK to GS-L.
	10. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	11. Use the ▲▼ keys to change 0 to 5.
	12. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	13. Use the ▲▼ keys to change GS-L to GS-H.
	14. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	15. Use the ▲▼ keys to change 0 to 5.
	16. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	17. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.4.6 PVSt PV start (398)

Description

When the ramp soak starts (RUN), this function searches the first point where the measurement value (PV) and the program pattern match, and starts operation at that point.

If the measurement value does not match the pattern as with (3), the normal operation starts.

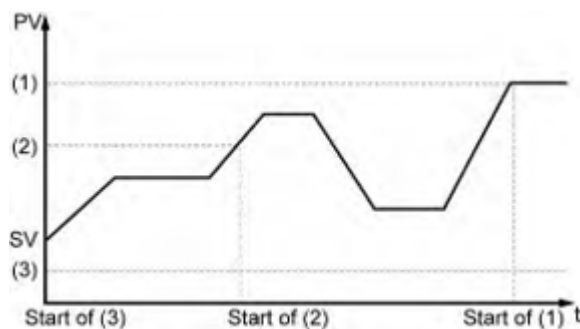


Fig. 7.4.6

Setting range: oN (PV start on), oFF (PV start off)

Setting example - Setting the time unit to MM:SS

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the ▼ key to access CH3 (Ramp soak parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH3 (Ramp soak parameters). PtN (Ramp soak operation pattern) is displayed.
	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change PtN to tIMU.
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change HH:MM to MM:SS.
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.4.7 CoNt Restore mode (399)

Description

This parameter specifies the ramp soak operation when the power is restored after being interrupted due to power outage or other reasons.

Setting range

- RES:** Does not operate ramp soak.
- CoN:** Resumes the operation from the status of the time at which power is turned off. (It can restore the state to five minutes before maximum.)
- iNi:** Starts the Ramp/Soak from the first step again.

Note: Do not change this parameter during the ramp soak operation. Be sure to set “PRG” = “oFF” before changing the parameter.

Setting example - Setting the restore mode so that the device resumes the operation

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
CH 3 PV PRG SV	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
PtN PV 14 SV	3. Press the ▼ key to access CH3 (Ramp soak parameters).
CoNt PV RES SV ↓ CoNt SV	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH3 (Ramp soak parameters). PtN (Ramp soak operation pattern) is displayed.
	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change PtN to CoNt.
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change "RES" to "CoNt".
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.4.8 **PtNM** Max pattern selection (400)

PMiN Min pattern selection (401)

Description

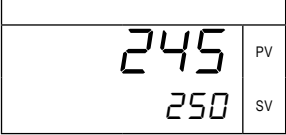
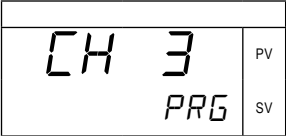
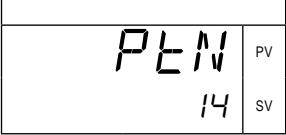
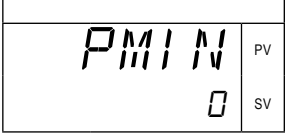
Sets the max./min. pattern number that can be selected when proceeding the Ramp/soak activation pattern with USER keys.

- Setting range: 0 to 14
- Related parameters: Ramp soak operation pattern (CH 3) (Section 7.4.1)

User key assignment (CH 7) (Section 7.8.1)

Note: Do not set a value for Min pattern selection that is larger than the value for Max pattern selection.

Setting example - Setting the min. number to 2 and max. number to 4

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the ▼ key to access CH3 (Ramp soak parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH3 (Ramp soak parameters). PtN (Ramp soak operation pattern) is displayed.
	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change PtN to PtNM.
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change 14 to 4.
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change PtNM to PMiN.
	10. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	11. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change 0 to 2.
	12. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	13. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.5 CH4 MON (Monitor parameters)

7.5.1 StAt Ramp soak progress (420)

Description

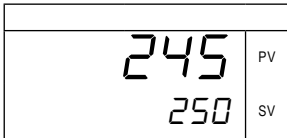
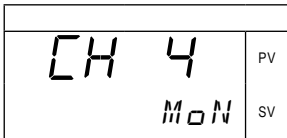
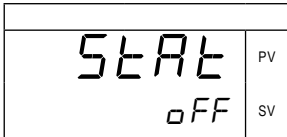
Displays the progress of the ramp soak.

The ramp soak status are indicated as follows.

Display	Status
oFF	Ramp soak is stopped
1-RP	Step 1 ramp
1-St	Step 1 soak
2-RP	Step 2 ramp
2-St	Step 2 soak
⋮	⋮
64RP	Step 64 ramp
64St	Step 64 soak
ENd	Ramp soak is finished

Related parameters: Ramp soak parameters (CH 3) (Section 7.4)

Setting example - Checking ramp soak progress

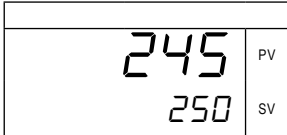
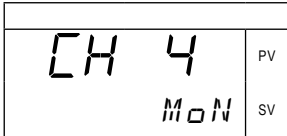
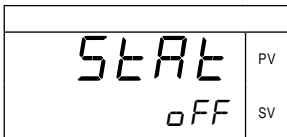
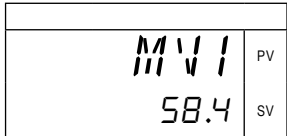
Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the  key to access CH4 (Monitor parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH4 (Monitor parameters). StAt (Ramp soak progress) is displayed.
	5. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.5.2 MV1, MV2 Control output (MV1, MV2) (421, 422)

Description

Displays the output values (OUT1/OUT2).

Setting example - Checking the output value (OUT1)

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the  key to access CH4 (Monitor parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH4 (Monitor parameters). StAt (Ramp soak progress) is displayed.
	5. Use the   keys to change StAt to MV1. The output value of OUT1 is displayed.
	6. Repeat the same steps to check the output value of OUT2.
	7. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.5.3 PFb PFB input value (423)

Description

Motorized valve opening will be displayed when using position feedback (PFB) as the control.

Setting example - Checking the PFB input value

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
CH 4 PV MON SV	2. Press and hold the  key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the  key to access CH4 (Monitor parameters).
StAt PV oFF SV	4. Press the  key to enter CH4 (Monitor parameters). StAt (Ramp soak progress) is displayed.
	5. Use the   keys to change “StAt” to “PFb”. The input value for PFB is displayed.
PFb PV 19.5 SV	6. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display..

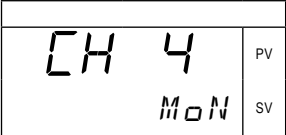
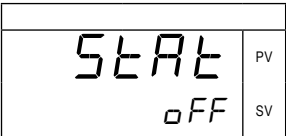
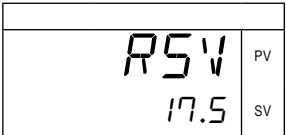
7.5.4 RSV Remote SV (424)

Description

Displays the remote SV input value.

Note: Remote SV is shown as reference and not available in the current available hardware configurations

Setting example - Checking the remote SV input value

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the ▼ key to access CH4 (Monitor parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH4 (Monitor parameters). StAt (Ramp soak progress) is displayed.
	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change "StAt" to "RSV". The input value for remote SV is displayed.
	6. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.5.5 Ct1 Heater current (425)

Description

Display the Heater current value.
(The current value measured during the control output 1 is ON is indicated.)

Setting example - Checking the heater current value

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
CH 4 PV MON SV	2. Press and hold the  key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the  key to access CH4 (Monitor parameters).
StAt PV oFF SV	4. Press the  key to enter CH4 (Monitor parameters). StAt (Ramp soak progress) is displayed.
	5. Use the   keys to change "StAt" to "Ct1". The input value for heater current is displayed.
Ct 1 PV 25.5 SV	6. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

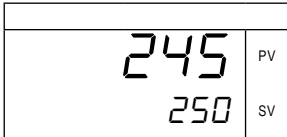
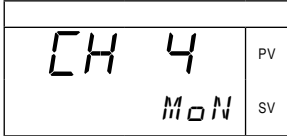
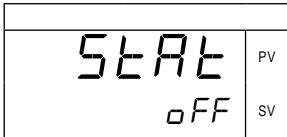
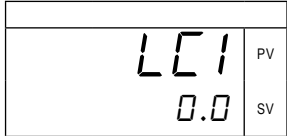
7.5.6 LC1 Leak current (427)

Description

Display the Leak current value.

(The current value measured during the control output 1 is OFF is indicated.)

Setting example - Checking the leak current value

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the ▼ key to access CH4 (Monitor parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH4 (Monitor parameters). StAt (Ramp soak progress) is displayed.
	5. Use the ▲▼ keys to change "StAt" to "LC1". The leak current value is displayed.
	6. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.5.7 tM1 to tM5 Remaining time on timer (429 to 433)

Description

Displays the remaining time on timer.
Related parameters: ALM hysteresis, ALM delay, ALM delay time units (CH 5) (Section 7.6.1)

Setting example - Checking the remaining time on the timer 1

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
CH 4 PV MON SV	2. Press and hold the  key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the  key to access CH4 (Monitor parameters).
StAt PV OFF SV	4. Press the  key to enter CH4 (Monitor parameters). StAt (Ramp soak progress) is displayed.
tM1 PV 8 SV	5. Use the   keys to change “StAt” to “tM1”. The remaining time on the timer 1 is displayed.
	6. Repeat the same steps to check the remaining times of the timer2 and the timer 3.
	7. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display..

7.5.8 CoMM Communication status (435)

Description

Counts the number of communication times.
If the counter has reached 9999, it restarts counting from zero.

Setting example - Checking the count

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
CH 4 PV MON SV	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the ▼ key to access CH4 (Monitor parameters).
StAt PV OFF SV	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH4 (Monitor parameters). StAt (Ramp soak progress) is displayed.
	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change StAt to CoMM. Communication count is displayed.
CoMM PV 0 SV	6. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.5.9 CUR1 Current (436)

Description

Displays the electric current value measured with CT.
(The value is independent of the control output 1.)

Note: Remote CUR1 Current is shown as reference and not available in the current available hardware configurations

Setting example - Checking the leak current value

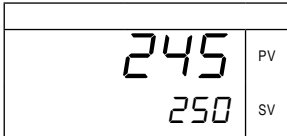
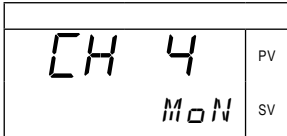
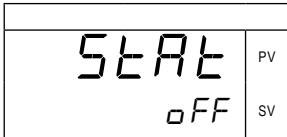
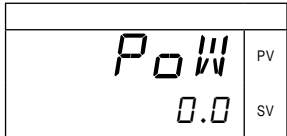
Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
CH 4 PV MON SV	2. Press and hold the  key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the  key to access CH4 (Monitor parameters).
StAt PV oFF SV	4. Press the  key to enter CH4 (Monitor parameters). StAt (Ramp soak progress) is displayed.
	5. Use the   keys to change “StAt” to “CUR1”. The current value is displayed.
CUR1 PV 0.0 SV	6. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.5.10 PoW Electric power (438)

Description

Displays the calculated amount of electric power (kW).

Setting example - Checking the electric power

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the ▼ key to access CH4 (Monitor parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH4 (Monitor parameters). StAt (Ramp soak progress) is displayed.
	5. Use the ▲▼ keys to change "StAt" to "PoW". The electric power is displayed.
	6. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.5.11 KWH Power (439)

Description

Displays the calculated amount of electric power.

Setting example - Checking the amount of electric power

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
CH 4 PV MON SV	2. Press and hold the  key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the  key to access CH4 (Monitor parameters).
StAt PV oFF SV	4. Press the  key to enter CH4 (Monitor parameters). StAt (Ramp soak progress) is displayed.
	5. Use the   keys to change StAt to KWH. The amount of electric power is displayed.
KWH PV 1.2 SV	6. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.5.12 RCN1, RCN2 Number of operating times (440, 441)

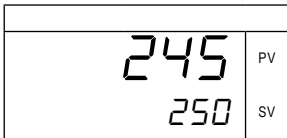
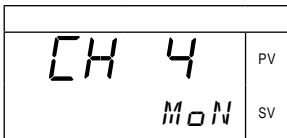
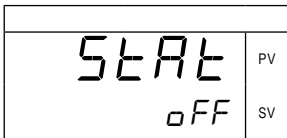
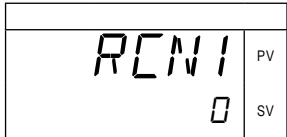
Description

Displays the number of times that control output relay 1 or 2 has operated.

The number is displayed in increments of 1000.

(For example, when 1 is displayed, it means the relay has operated 1000 times.)

Setting example - Checking the number of operating times (control relay 1)

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the  key to access CH4 (Monitor parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH4 (Monitor parameters). StAt (Ramp soak progress) is displayed.
	5. Use the   keys to change StAt to RCN1. The number of times that control output relay 1 has operated is displayed.
	6. Repeat the same steps to check the number of operating times of control output relay 2.
	7. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.5.13 RUNt Operating days (442)

Description

Displays the number of days that the controller has been operated.

Setting example - Checking the number of days the controller has operated

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
CH 4 PV MON SV	2. Press and hold the  key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the  key to access CH4 (Monitor parameters).
StAt PV oFF SV	4. Press the  key to enter CH4 (Monitor parameters). StAt (Ramp soak progress) is displayed.
	5. Use the   keys to change StAt to RUNt. The number of days that the controller has operated is displayed.
RcN1 PV 10 SV	6. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

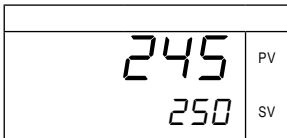
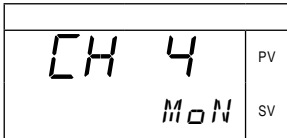
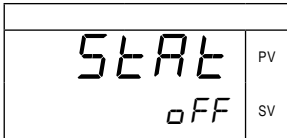
7.5.14 FALt Error source (443)

Description

Displays the source of an error. (with hexadecimal number)

0 bit	PV input underflow (LLLL)
1 bit	PV input overflow (UUUU)
2 bit	PV under range
3 bit	PV over range
4 bit	RSV under range
5 bit	RSV over range
6 bit	Range setting error
8 bit	PV input circuit error
9 bit	RSV input circuit error
10 bit	CT & PFB input circuit error
11 bit	PFB input underrange
12 bit	PFB input overrange

Setting example - Checking the error source

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters). 3. Press the ▼ key to access CH4 (Monitor parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH4 (Monitor parameters). StAt (Ramp soak progress) is displayed.
	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change StAt to FALt. The error source is displayed. (with hexadecimal number).
	6. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.5.15 Di DI input state (444)

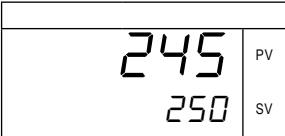
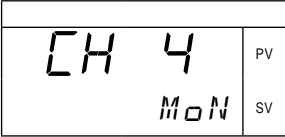
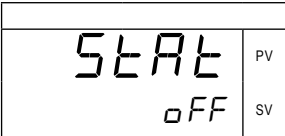
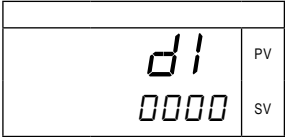
Description

Displays the state of DI (with hexadecimal number).

0 bit	DI 1
1 bit	DI 2
2 bit	DI 3
3 bit	DI 4
4 bit	DI 5

Note: DI 1 to DI 5 are shown as reference and not available in the current available hardware configurations

Setting example - Checking the DI input state

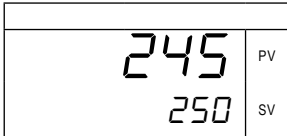
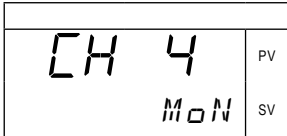
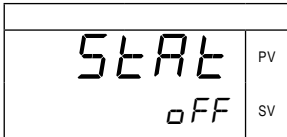
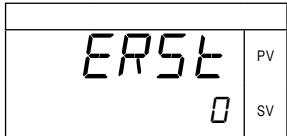
Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the  key to access CH4 (Monitor parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH4 (Monitor parameters). StAt (Ramp soak progress) is displayed.
	5. Use the   keys to change “StAt” to “di”. The DI input state is displayed in hexadecimal.
	6. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.5.16 ERSt Communication error station number (445)

Description

Shows the station number under error and the detail of error during cooperative communication or programless communication.

Setting example - Checking the station number under communication error

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the  key to access CH4 (Monitor parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH4 (Monitor parameters). StAt (Ramp soak progress) is displayed.
	5. Use the   keys to change "StAt" to "ERSt". The station number under communication error is displayed.
	6. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.5.17 PLNo Current PID No. (446)

Description

Displays the PID palette No. currently selected.

Setting example - Checking the PID number currently selected

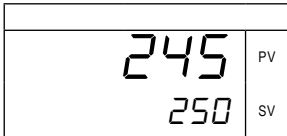
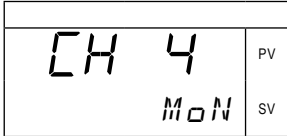
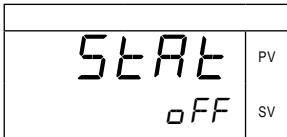
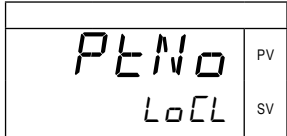
Display	Operating Procedure
245 250 PV SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
CH 4 MON PV SV	2. Press and hold the  key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the  key to access CH4 (Monitor parameters).
StAt oFF PV SV	4. Press the  key to enter CH4 (Monitor parameters). StAt (Ramp soak progress) is displayed.
	5. Use the   keys to change “StAt” to “PLNo”. The PID number currently selected is displayed.
PLNo LoCL PV SV	6. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.5.18 PtNo Current pattern No. (447)

Description

Displays the ramp soak pattern No. currently selected.

Setting example - Checking the pattern number currently selected

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the  key to access CH4 (Monitor parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH4 (Monitor parameters). StAt (Ramp soak progress) is displayed.
	5. Use the   keys to change "StAt" to "PtNo". The currently selected pattern number is displayed
	6. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.6 CH5 ALM (Alarm parameters)

The alarm parameters (CH5) consists of the following function blocks.

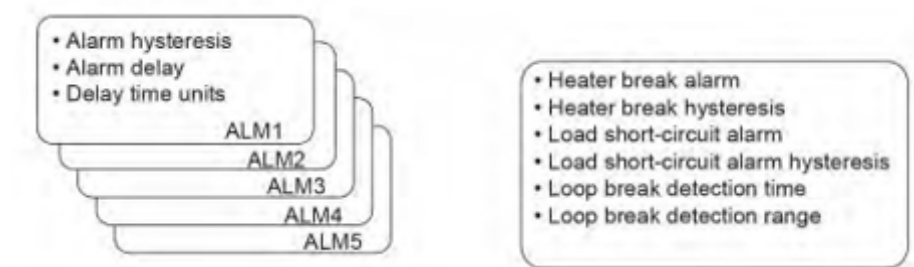


Fig. 7.6.1 Alarm function blocks

SPC30 can use ALM1 to ALM3.

SPC35 can use ALM1 to ALM5.

Alarm threshold values are set under ALM1 to ALM5 in the Operation control parameters.

Note: ALM2 to ALM5 are shown as reference and not available in the current available hardware configurations

7.6.1 A1tP to A5tP Alarm type (470, 475, 480, 485, 490)

Description

Set the alarm type for ALM1 to ALM5.

You can select the alarm type from the below tables.

1-point alarm see Table 2 - 1-point alarm, page 73

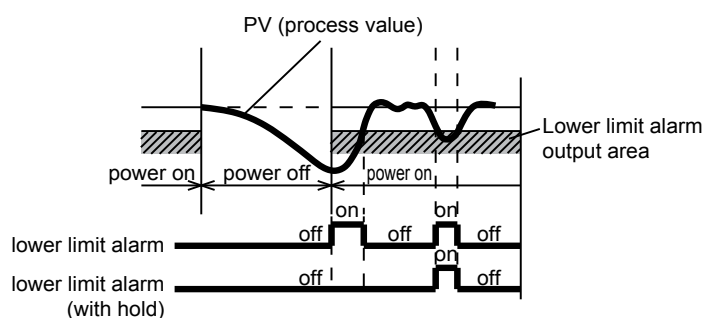
2-point alarm, see Table 3 - Dual Set Value Alarm Codes , page 74

Timers and others, see Table 4 - Timer Code, other page 76



What is alarm with hold?

The alarm will not turn ON immediately when the process value gets into the alarm band and enters again. If without hold, alarm may turn ON when starting up.

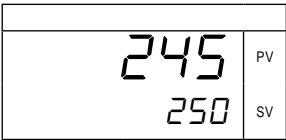
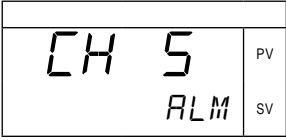
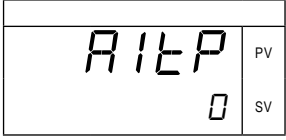


Notes:

- ALM2 to ALM5 are shown as reference and not available in the current available hardware configurations
- When alarm action code is changed, alarm set value may also become different from previous settings.
- When alarm action type code is changed, turn off the power once, and then re-start the controller, before starting control.
- ALn: indicates the alarm set values (AL1 to AL5).
- ALnh: indicates the alarm set values (A1-H to A5-H).
- ALnL: indicates the alarm set values (A1-L to A5-L).
- dLYn: indicates the alarm delay set values (dLY1 to dLY5).

You can assign different event output functions for DO1 to DO5, other than alarm functions.
Refer to "CH.7 OUT, DO, and LED indicator assignment" for event output functions.

Setting example - Setting the type of the alarm 1 to "upper limit deviation alarm with hold"

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the  key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the  key to access CH5 (Alarm parameters).
	4. Press the  key to enter CH5 (Alarm parameters). A1tP (alarm type) is displayed
	5. Press the  key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	6. Use the   keys to change 0 to 8.
	7. Press the  key to save the change.
	8. Repeat the same steps to set the type for the alarm 2 to the alarm 3.
	9. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.6.2	A1HY	to	A5HY	Alarm hysteresis	(471, 476, 481, 486, 491)
	dLY1	to	dLY5	Alarm delay	(472, 477, 482, 487, 492)
	dL1U	to	dL5U	Alarm delay time units	(473, 478, 483, 488, 493)

Description

Alarm parameter settings are as follows:

Alarm hysteresis	Specifies alarm detection width and recovery width. Setting range: 0 to 50% FS
Alarm delay time	Specifies the amount of time from the occurrence of the alarm to the sounding of the alarm. Setting range: 0 to 9999 (sec/min)
Alarm delay time units	Specifies the unit of time (sec/min) used for the alarm delay Setting range: sec/min

The alarm and hysteresis are related as follows.

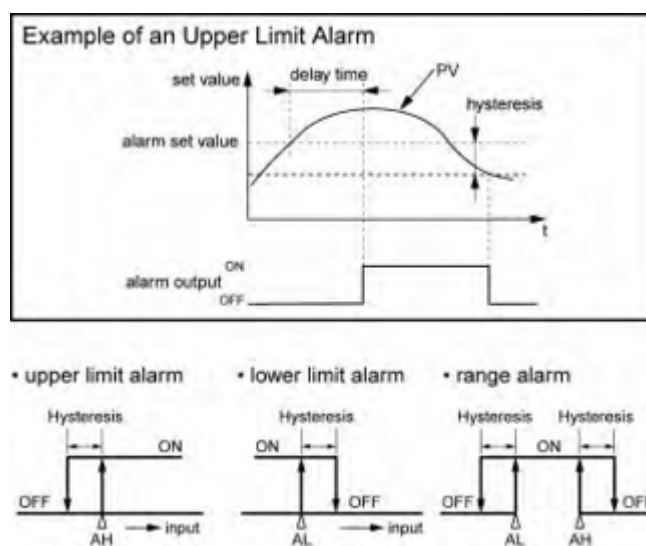
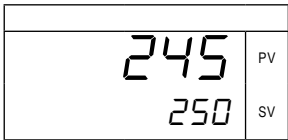
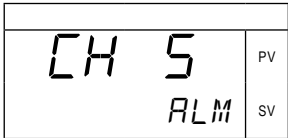
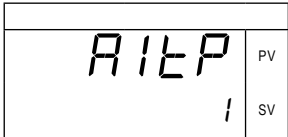
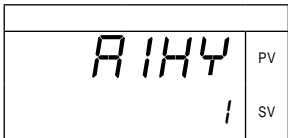
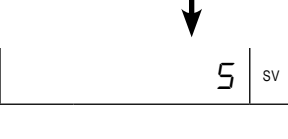
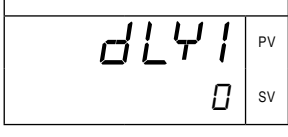
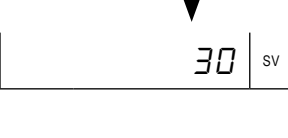
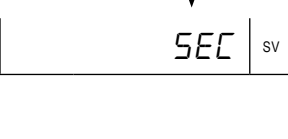


Fig. 7.6.2

Note: A1HY to A5HY are shown as reference and not available in the current available hardware configurations

Setting example - Setting the Alarm 1 hysteresis to 5 °C, delay time to 30, and delay time unit to seconds

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the ✓ key to access CH5 (Alarm parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH5 (Alarm parameters). A1tP (alarm type) is displayed.
	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change A1tP to A1HY.
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change 1 to 5.
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change A1HY to dLY1.
	10. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	11. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change 0 to 30.
	12. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	13. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change dLY1 to dL1U.
	14. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	15. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change MIN to SEC.
	16. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	17. Repeat the same steps to set the hysteresis, delay time, and delay time unit for the alarm 2 to the alarm 3.
	18. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.6.3 AoP1 to AoP5 Alarm option (474, 470, 484, 489, 494)

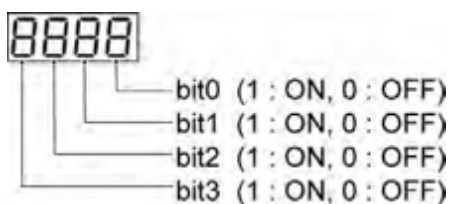
Description

You can set the optional functions to the alarm 1 to the alarm 5, if you need. The four types of optional functions are assigned for each bit.

- Setting range: 0000 to 1111

The inverted output alarm can be imitated in software by changing from SPST contact to SPDT contact. It becomes SPST contact when power is cut.

Alarms are set per bit.



bit	Function	Description
bit 0	Alarm latch	Latches (maintains) the state when an event occurs.
bit 1	Input error alarm	Outputs when an input error ("UUUU" or "LLLL" is displayed) occurs. Set the alarm type to "0" to use this function.
bit 2	Inverted output function	Inverts the output and outputs from the DO terminal when an event occurs.
bit 3	Hold reset function	When an alarm with hold is applied, the hold function is reset when any of the following actions occur: SV change/alarm type change/alarm set value change/standby cancel/power off and on

Note: AoP2 to AoP5 are shown as reference and not available in the current available hardware configurations

Setting example - Adding the alarm latch and the converted output function to the alarm 1

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV CH 5 PV ALM SV A1tP PV 1 SV AoP1 PV 0000 SV 0101 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown. 2. Press and hold the  key to display CH1 (PID parameters). 3. Use the  key to access CH5 (Alarm parameters). 4. Press the  key to enter CH5 (Alarm parameters). A1tP (alarm type) is displayed 5. Use the   keys to change A1tP to AoP1. 6. Press the  key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.) 7. Use the   keys to change 0000 to 0101. 8. Press the  key to save the change. 9. Repeat the same steps to set the optional functions for the alarm 2 to the alarm 3. 10. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.6.4 Hb1 Heater break alarm set value (500)

Hb1H Heater break alarm hysteresis (501)



Hb1 and Hb1H are shown as reference and not available in the current available hardware configurations, as CT input not included.

Description

This function controls whether the heater break alarm is active.

The heater break alarm includes the following settings:

Heater break alarm Settings	The electric current set value at which the alarm trips. - Range: 0.0A to 100.0A
Heater break alarm hysteresis	The detection and recovery width of the heater break alarm hysteresis. - Range: 0.0A to 100.0A

The following connection diagram includes CT connections.

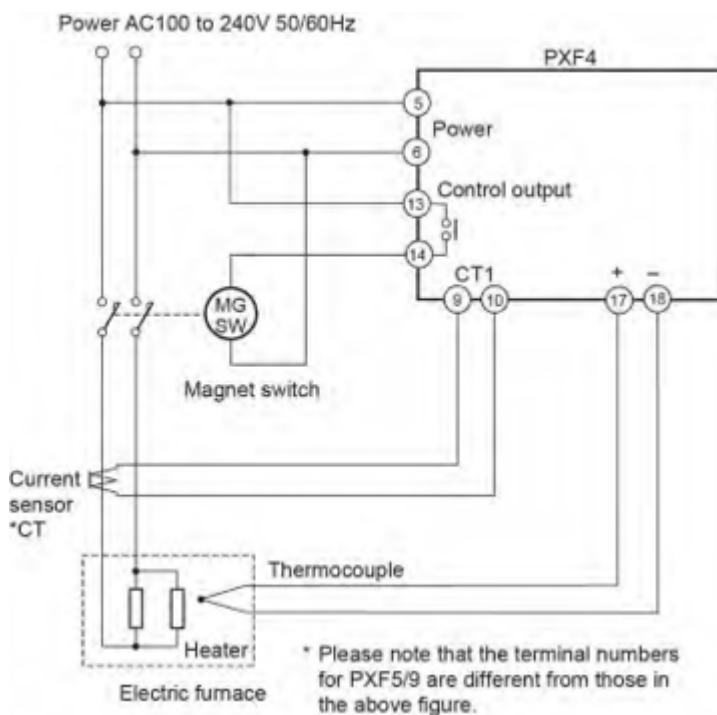


Fig. 7.6.4 (a)

- The relationship between the heater disconnect alarm settings and hysteresis is shown below

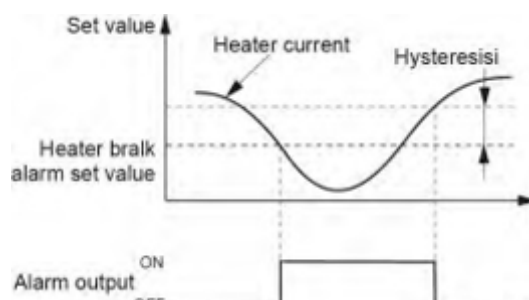


Fig. 7.6.4 (b)

Notes:

- This is not used when the heater is controlled by thyristor phase angle control.
- When the margin of error is large due to low heater capacity, the problem is resolved by doubling the current to increase the sensitivity. (Be sure to double the setting value in such cases.)
- If there are multiple CTs, make sure to use the same procedure for each of them.

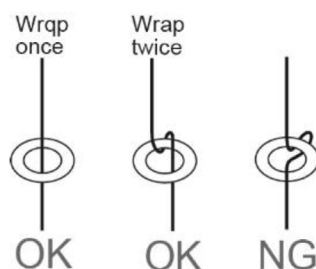


Fig. 7.6.4 (c)

- The heater break detector CT is connected as shown below:

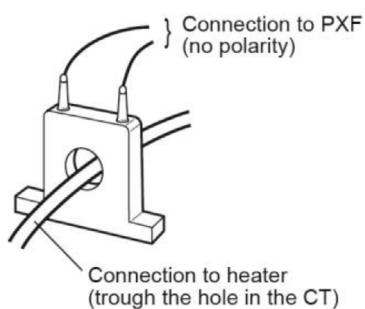
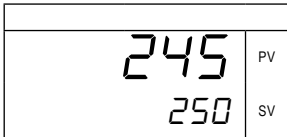
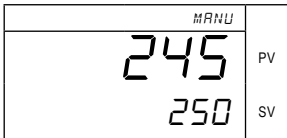
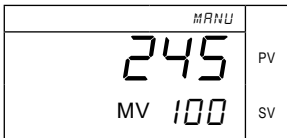
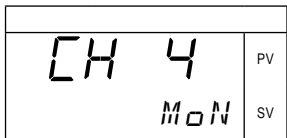
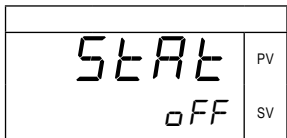
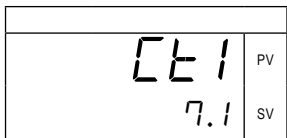
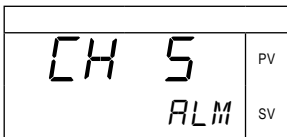


Fig. 7.6.4 (d)

- The heater break alarm is effective only for a singlephase power supply. It cannot be used for a threephase power supply.
- The heater current detection is available only after the control output 1 has been working for at least 0.3 seconds.
- The heater break alarm is not available when the control output 1 is current or voltage output.

Setting example - Setting the HB alarm to 5A and the HB alarm hysteresis to 2A

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Switch to manual mode. (Refer to "Auto/manual switchover" on Section 7.1.1.)
	3. In MV display, use the  key to set the control output (MV) to 100%.
	4. Press and hold the  key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	5. Use the  key to access CH4 (Monitor parameters).
	6. Press the  key to enter CH4 (Monitor parameters). StAt (Ramp soak progress) is displayed.
	7. Use the   keys to change "StAt" to "Ct1" (heater current). Check the value of CT1. (The appropriate trigger value for HB alarm is 70 to 80% of the current value.)
	8. Press the  key to switch to CH1 (PID parameters).
	9. Use the  key to access CH5 (Alarm parameters).

Continued on next page

Display	Operating Procedure
A1tP 1 PV SV	10. Press the SEL key to enter CH5 (Alarm parameters). A1tP (alarm type) is displayed 11. Use the   keys to change "A1tP" to "Hb1" (Heater alarm set value) 12. Press the  key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.) 13. Use the   keys to change "0.0" to "5.0". 14. Press the  key to save the change. 15. Use the   keys to change "Hb1" to "Hb1H" (HB alarm hysteresis). 16. Press the  key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.) 17. Use the   keys to change "0.0" to "2.0". 18. Press the  key to save the change. 19. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display. Applicable current transformers: single-phase - 1~30A : CTL-6-S-H - 20~100A : CTL-12-S36-8F
Hb1 5.0 PV SV	
Hb1H 2.0 PV SV	

7.6.5	HS1	Shorted-load alarm set value	(502)
	HS1H	Shorted load alarm hysteresis	(503)



HS1 and HS1H are shown as reference and not available in the current available hardware configurations, as SSR outputs not included.

Description

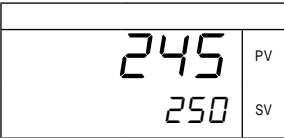
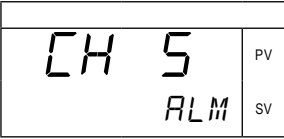
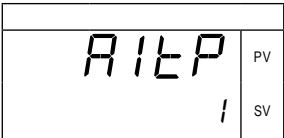
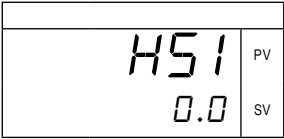
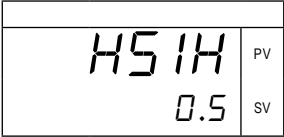
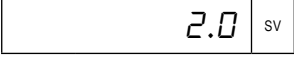
These are the functions to detect short-circuiting of the SSR or Conductor.

The setting items of the load short-circuit alarm are as follows:

Load shortcircuit alarm setting	Sets the electrical current value at which to detect a load short-circuit alarm. - Range: 0.0A to 100.0A
Load shortcircuit alarm hysteresis	Sets the space between the detection and restoration of the load short-circuit alarm. - Range: 0.0A to 100.0A

- The current detection is available only after the control output 1 has been inactive for at least 0.3 seconds.
- The shorted-load alarm is not available when the control output 1 is current or voltage output.

Setting example - Setting the shorted-load alarm set value to 5A and the shorted load alarm hysteresis to 2A

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Use the ▼ key to access CH5 (Alarm parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH5 (Alarm parameters). A1tP (alarm type) is displayed
	5. Use the ▲▼ keys to change "ALtP" to "HS1".
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ▲▼ keys to change "0.0" to "5.0".
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Use the ▲▼ keys to change "HS1" to "HS1H".
	10. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	11. Use the ▲▼ keys to change "0.0" to "2.0".
	12. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	13. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.6.6 **LbtM** Loop break detection time (508)

LbAb Loop break detection range (509)

Description

This function detects if the control loop is broken.

This checks the change of control output and PV to determine if the loop is broken.

The loop break detector has the following functions.

Loop break detection time	Specifies how much time must pass before the loop is determined to be broken. Setting range: 0 to 9999 sec.
Loop break detection range	Sets the temperature range before detecting a broken loop Setting range: 0.0 to 100.0% FS

Loop break detection time and width are related as follows:

Example of Loop Break Detection in Reverse Operation

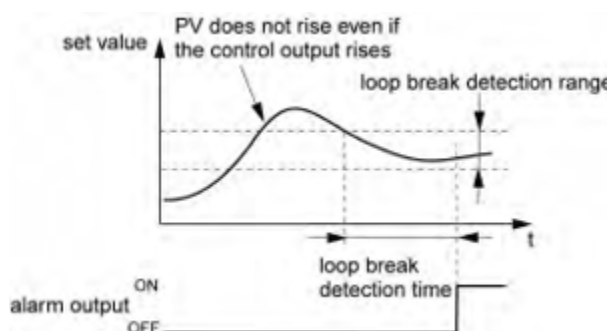
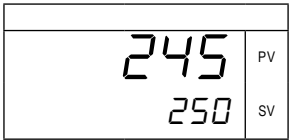
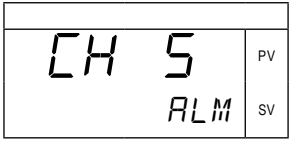
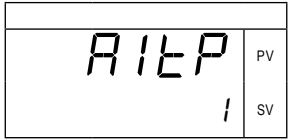
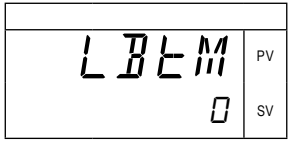
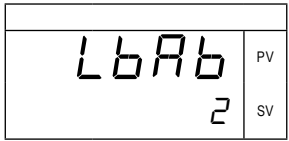


Fig. 7.6.6

Note: If there is an abnormal input (UUUU, LLLL) or an input setting error (Err), the alarm sounds even before the loop break detection time period.

Setting example - Setting the loop break detection time to 600 sec. and detection range to 20 °C

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Use the ↓ to access CH5 (Alarm parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH5 (Alarm parameters). A1tP (alarm type) is displayed
	5. Use the ↑ ↓ change A1tP to LbtM.
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ↑ ↓ change 0 to 600.
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Use the ↑ ↓ change LbtM to LbAb.
	10. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	11. Use the ↑ ↓ change 2 to 20.
	12. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	13. Press the ↶ to return to the PV/SV display.

7.6.7 WHAL Electricity alarm (511)

Description

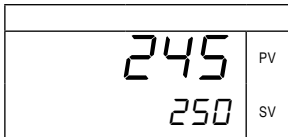
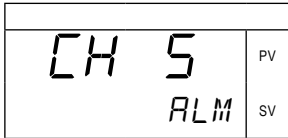
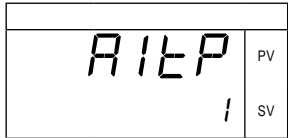
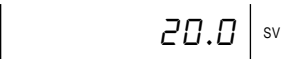
Allows you to set the value for electricity alarm.

The electricity alarm will be activated when the amount of electric power has reached the setpoint.

Setting range

Decimal point position for electric power (WdP)	Setting range
0	0 to 9999 kWh
0.1	0.0 to 999.9 kWh
0.01	0.00 to 99.99 kWh
0.001	0.000 to 9.999 kWh

Setting example - Setting the electricity alarm to 20.0 kWh

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Use the ↓ key to access CH5 (Alarm parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH5 (Alarm parameters). A1tP (alarm type) is displayed
	5. Use the ↑ ↓ keys to change A1tP to WHAL.
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	
	7. Use the ↑ ↓ keys to change 10.0 to 20.0.
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.7 CH6 SET (Setup parameters)

7.7.1 PVt PV input type (530)

Description

Allows you to select PV input source from thermocouples, RTD, and others.

Note: The connection to the terminal block differs with types of input (thermocouple/RTD/voltage or current input). Check the Instruction Manual.

Setting example - Changing the input from thermocouple K to thermocouple R

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV CH 6 PV SEt SV PVt PV K1 SV ↓ R SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown. 2. Press and hold the  key to display CH1 (PID parameters). 3. Use the  key to access CH6 (Setup parameters). 4. Press the  key to enter CH6 (Setup parameters). PVt (PV input type) is displayed. 5. Press the  key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.) 6. Use the   keys to change K1 to R. 7. Press the  key to save the change. 8. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.7.2	PVb	PV input lower limit (531)
	PVF	PV input upper limit (532)

Description

Allows you to set the upper/lower limit of PV input within the measurement range.
Setting range: -1999 to 9999

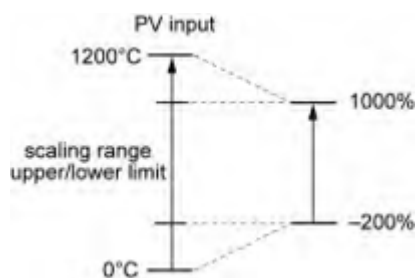


Fig. 7.7.2

Notes:

- Be sure to set the values so that PVF is greater than PVb.
- Be sure to set the values so that the subtraction of PVb from PVF is less than 10000 with no decimal point.

Setting example - Setting the PV input upper limit to 1000 °C and lower limit to 200 °C

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
CH 6 PV SEt SV	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Use the ▼ key to access CH6 (Setup parameters).
PVt PV KI SV	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH6 (Setup parameters). PVt (PV input type) is displayed.
PVb PV 0 SV	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change PVt to PVb.
200 SV	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change 0 to 200.
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
PVF PV 400 SV	9. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change PVb to PVF.
1000 SV	10. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	11. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change 400 to 1000.
	12. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	13. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

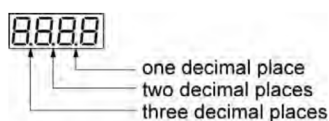
7.7.3 PVd Decimal point position (533)

Description

Sets the decimal point position for the PV.

Setting range

- 0: No digit after decimal point
- 1: 1 digit after decimal point
- 2: 2 digit after decimal point
- 3: 3 digit after decimal point



- Two, three decimal places are available only when the input is voltage/current.
- If you change the setting from numerals without decimal point to numerals with decimal point, the measurement range is limited to the range from -199.9 °C through 999.9 °C. For example, if you make the above change when the range is from 0 through 1300 °C, the range will become the one from 0.0 through 999.9 °C

Setting example - Setting the PV display with one decimal place

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Use the ▼ key to access CH6 (Setup parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH6 (Setup parameters). PVt (PV input type) is displayed.
	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change PVt to PVd.
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change 0 to 1.
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.7.4 CUt Square-root extractor cut point (535)

Description

Square root extractions

- To convert differential pressure to flow rate, square root extraction is used.

Where the differential pressure is small, the differential pressure to the router cut point is handled as zero, because under such a condition flow fluctuation or noise affects largely on readings.



Fig. 7.7.4

Setting range: -0.1 to 105.0% (Setting -0.1% cancels square root extraction)

Setting example - Setting the cut point to 1.0

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
CH 6 PV SEL SV	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
PVt PV K1 SV	3. Use the ▼ key to access CH6 (Setup parameters).
CUT PV -0.1 SV	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH6 (Setup parameters). PVt (PV input type) is displayed.
CUT PV -0.1 SV	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change PVt to CUT.
CUT PV -0.1 SV	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
CUT PV 1.0 SV	7. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change -0.1 to 1.0.
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.7.5 PVoF PV input shift (536)

Description

This function shifts PV input before display.

This function can be used to make the SV value correspond with other instruments.

Setting range: -10 to 10% FS

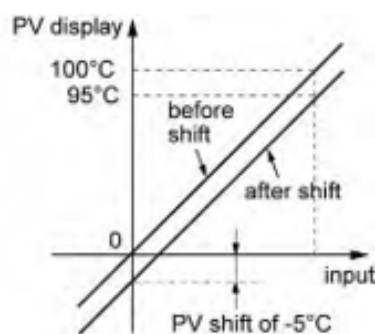


Fig. 7.7.5

Setting example - Setting the PV input shift to -5.0 °C

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Use the ▼ key to access CH6 (Setup parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH6 (Setup parameters). PVt (PV input type) is displayed.
	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change PVt to PVoF.
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change 0 to -5.0.
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.7.6 SVoF SV shift (537)

Description

This function specifies the SV shift.
This is used to eliminate remaining offset when using P control.

- Controls act on the calculated SV with SV offset.
- Alarm determination acts on the displayed SV without SV offset.
- Range: -50% to 50%

Setting example - Setting the SV shift to 7 °C

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
CH 6 PV SEt SV	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Use the ▼ key to access CH6 (Setup parameters).
PVt PV KI SV	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH6 (Setup parameters).PVt (PV input type) is displayed.
	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change "PVt" to "SVoF".
SVoF PV 0.0 SV	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
7.0 SV	7. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change "0.0" to "7.0".
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.7.7 tF PV input filter (538)

Description

This low-pass filter function reduces noise and signal fluctuation.

Setting range

0.0 to 120.0 sec. (input filter time constant)

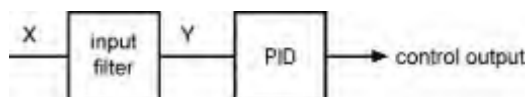


Fig. 7.7.7 (a)

If the input filter time constant is set to 5 and input is changed from 0 to 100%, the PV display gradually changes, and it takes about 5 seconds for the value to change from 0 to 63.2%, as shown in the figure below.

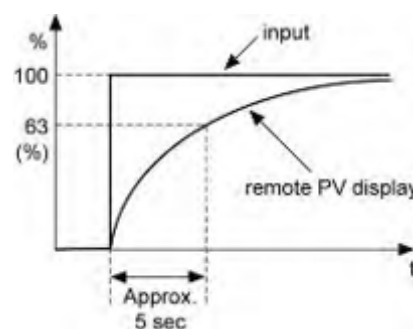


Fig. 7.7.7 (b)

Note: The factory setting for input filter time constant is 5%. Do not change this value unless absolutely necessary.

Setting example - Setting the PV input filter time constant to 10 seconds

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Use the ▼ key to access CH6 (Setup parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH6 (Setup parameters).PVt (PV input type) is displayed.
	5. Use the ▲▼ keys to change PVt to tF.
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ▲▼ keys to change 5 to 10
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.7.8 **AdJ0** PV display zero adjustment (539)

AdJS PV display span adjustment (540)

Description

This is the procedure for adjusting the PV display zero/span.

Set the following equipment before using these parameters or starting revisions.

- mv Generator
 - 1V to 5V (for voltage/current input)
 - 0mV to 100mV (for thermocouple input)
- Dial resistance unit
 - 100.0 to 400.0 (for resistance thermometer bulb input)
- Range: -50.0% to 50.0% FS (zero/span)

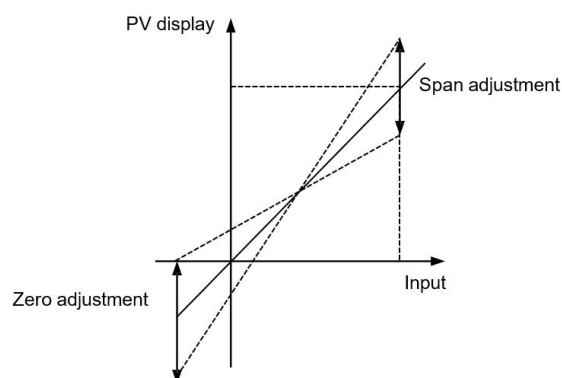
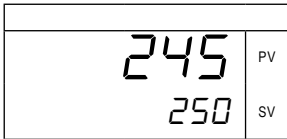
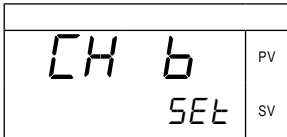
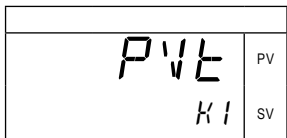
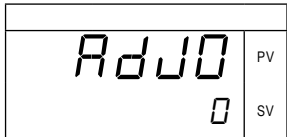
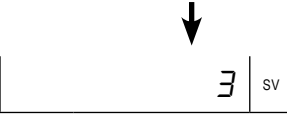
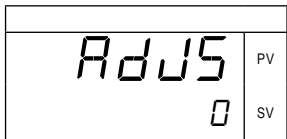
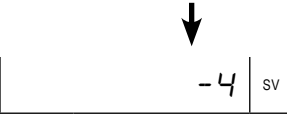


Fig. 7.7.8

Notes:

- Set the zero/span adjustment value to "0" to restore the factory setting.
- The user correction function operates independently from the controller adjustment value. Setting this value to 0 returns the settings to the factory settings

Setting example - Adjusting zero and span in PV display

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Confirm the accuracy of PV display by checking PV display when an mV generator or a dial resistor is set to 0% and 100%. This example assumes a zero deviation of -3 °C and a span deviation of 4 °C. Note: Before using thermocouple input, make sure that cold junction compensation is off. See "Cold junction compensation" on Section 7.7.9. 2. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	3. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters). 4. Use the ▼ key to access CH6 (Setup parameters).
	5. Press the SEL key to enter CH6 (Setup parameters). PVt (PV input type) is displayed.
	6. Use the ▲▼ keys to change "PVt" to "Adj0". 7. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	8. Use the ▲▼ keys to change "0" to "3". 9. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	10. Use the ▲▼ keys to change "Adj0" to "Adj5". 11. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	12. Use the ▲▼ keys to change "0" to "-4". 13. Press the SEL key to save the change. 14. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display. 15. By using an mV generator or a dial resistor, input the values corresponds to 0% and 100% to check errors of PV display. Fix the errors, if any.

Caution: Be sure to set the cold junction compensation back to "ON" when using thermocouple input.

7.7.9 RCJ Cold junction compensation (541)

Description

This is the procedure for turning cold junction compensation on or off when using input from a thermocouple sensor. This setting should be left "ON" during normal operation. It should only be turned off when cold junction compensation is being performed externally or you wish to record temperature differences.

Range

- oN: Cold junction compensation on
- oFF: Cold junction compensation off

Setting example - Setting the cold junction compensation to OFF

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV CH 6 PV SEt SV PVt PV KI SV RCJ PV oN SV ↓ oFF SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown. 2. Press and hold the  key to display CH1 (PID parameters). 3. Use the  key to access CH6 (Setup parameters). 4. Press the  key to enter CH6 (Setup parameters).PVt (PV input type) is displayed. 5. Use the   keys to change "PVt" to "RCJ". 6. Press the  key. 7. Use the   keys to change "oN" to "oFF". 8. Press the  key to save the change. 9. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.7.10	REMO	Remote SV zero adjustment (543)
	REMS	Remote SV span adjustment (544)

Description

This function adjusts remote SV zero/span.

Use this function to match zero/span to an output gauge.

Range:

-50% to 50% FS (zero/span)

If the input range is 1 V to 5 V, zero and span adjustment shall be as follows.

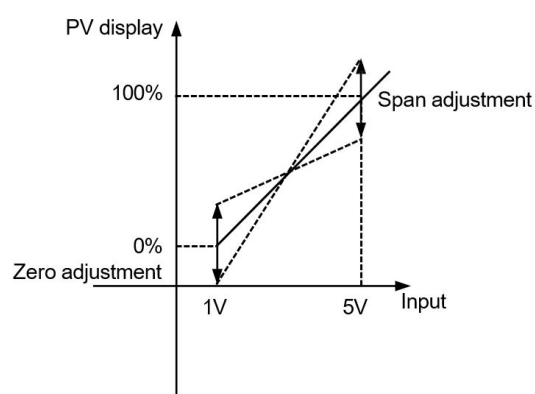
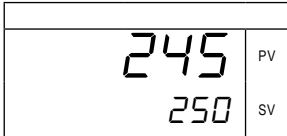
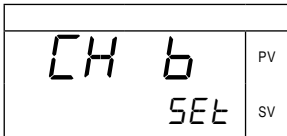
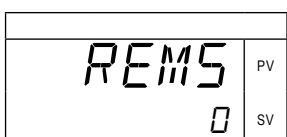


Fig. 7.7.10

Setting example - Adjusting zero and span in PV display

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Confirm the accuracy of PV display by checking PV display when an output gauge or a dial resistor is set to 0% and 100%. This example assumes a zero deviation of -5% and a span deviation of 7%. See "Remote SV" on Section 7.7.11.
	2. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	3. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	4. Use the ✓ key to access CH6 (Setup parameters).
	5. Press the SEL key to enter CH6 (Setup parameters). PVt (PV input type) is displayed.
	6. Use the ↑ ✓ keys to change "PVt" to "REM0".
	7. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	8. Use the ↑ ✓ keys to change "0" to "5".
	9. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	10. Use the ↑ ✓ keys to change "PVt" to "REMS".
	11. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	12. Use the ↑ ✓ keys to change "0" to "-7".
	13. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	14. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.
	15. By using a device on output side, input the values corresponds to 0% and 100% to check errors of remote SV display. Fix the errors, if any.

7.7.11 REMR Remote SV input range (545)



Remote SV is shown as reference and not available in the current available hardware configurations

Description

This is the procedure for specifying the remote SV input range.

Range

- 0-5V: 0V to 5V
- 1-5V: 1V to 5V
- 0-10: 0V to 10V
- 2-10: 2V to 10V

Setting example - Setting the remote SV input range to 0-5V

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Use the ▼ key to access CH6 (Setup parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH6 (Setup parameters).PVt (PV input type) is displayed.
	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change "PVt" to "REMR".
	6. Press the SEL key.
	7. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change "1-5V" to "0-5V".
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.7.12 RtF Remote SV input filter (546)

Description

This low-pass filter function reduces noise and signal wavering.

Range

0.0 sec to 120.0 sec (input filter damping)

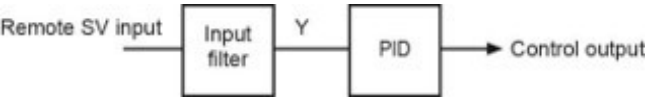


Fig. 7.7.12 (a)

When the input suddenly steps from 0% to 100% with the input filter constant set to 5 seconds, the remote SV display will change slowly and take 5 seconds to change from 0% to 63.2%.

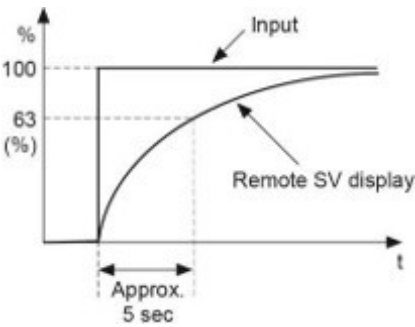


Fig. 7.7.12 (b)

Notes:

- Remote SV is shown as reference and not available in the current available hardware configurations
- The factory setting for input filter damping is 5%. Do not change this unless absolutely necessary.

Setting example - Setting the remote SV input filter to 10.0 s

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
CH 6 PV SEL SV	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
PVt PV K1 SV	3. Use the ▼ key to access CH6 (Setup parameters).
PVt PV K1 SV	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH6 (Setup parameters). PVt (PV input type) is displayed.
RtF PV 0.0 SV	5. Use the ▲▼ keys to change "PVt" to "RtF".
10.0 SV	6. Press the SEL key.
	7. Use the ▲▼ keys to change "0.0" to "10.0".
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.7.13 | | |-----| | C1R | | C2R | OUT1 range (547) OUT2 range (548)

Description

Allows you to set the range of the control output 1(OUT1, OUT2).

Setting range

- 0-5V: 0 to 5 V
- 1-5V: 1 to 5 V
- 0-10: 0 to 10 V
- 2-10: 2 to 10 V
- 0-20: 0 to 20 mA
- 4-20: 4 to 20 mA

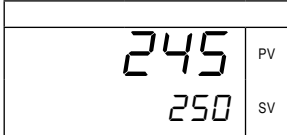
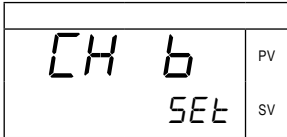
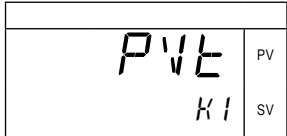
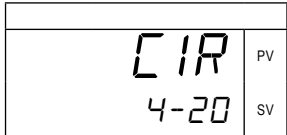
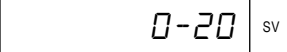
Note:

OUT2 is shown as reference and not available in the current available hardware configurations

If you have selected current output for the output 1 and the output 2 in model selection, do not set this parameter to 0-5V, 1-5V, 0-10, or 2-10.

If you have selected voltage output for the output 1 and the output 2 in model selection, do not set this parameter to 0-20 or 4-20. Wrong settings may cause malfunction.

Setting example - Setting OUT1 range to 0-20 mA

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Use the ↓ key to access CH6 (Setup parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH6 (Setup parameters). PVt (PV input type) is displayed.
	5. Use the ↑ ↓ keys to change PVt to C1R.
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ↑ ↓ keys to change "4-20" to "0-20".
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.7.14

FLo1

FLo2

MV1 during FALT

MV2 during FALT

(549)

(550)

Description
Allows you to specify the control output values when the controller falls into FALT (input error).

Setting range:
-5.0% to 105.0% (OUT1/OUT2)

Note
OUT2 is shown as reference and not available in the current available hardware configurations

Setting example - Setting the OUT1/OUT2 during FALT to 5%

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
CH 6 PV SEt SV	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
PVt PV KI SV	3. Use the ▼ key to access CH6 (Setup parameters).
FLo1 PV -5.0 SV	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH6 (Setup parameters). PVt (PV input type) is displayed.
↓	5. Use the ▲▼ keys to change PVt to FLo1.
5.0 SV	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
FLo2 PV -5.0 SV	7. Use the ▲▼ keys to change -5 to 5.
↓	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
5.0 SV	9. Use the ▲▼ keys to change FLo1 to FLo2.
	10. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	11. Use the ▲▼ keys to change -5 to 5.
	12. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	13. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.7.15 **SFo1** **MV1 during soft start (551)**

SFtM **Soft start set time (553)**

Description

This function controls the maximum output produced when turning on the equipment (including the controller). The controls place an upper limit on the output for a set time period after the power is turned on.

This function is useful for effects such as suppressing the heater output during equipment startup, or lightening the load. After the specified time has passed after switching on the equipment (or if SFtM = 0), the soft start function ends and normal controls begin.

Parameter	Function
SFo1	OUT1 is limited for the time period specified in SFtM after the power is turned on.
SFtM (in hh:mm)	Sets the time for soft start to function after turning power on. Setting "0" will turn off soft start.

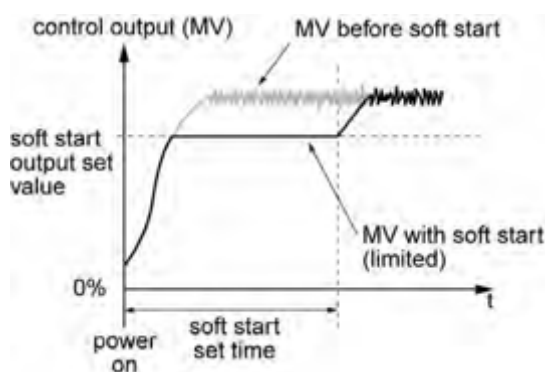


Fig. 7.7.15

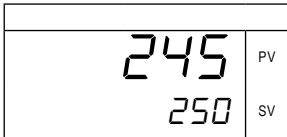
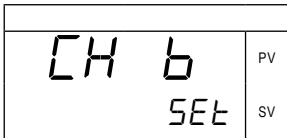
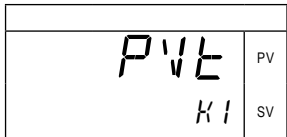
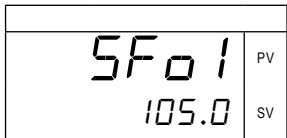
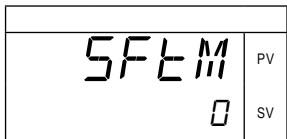
During manual mode, the manual output value has priority, but soft start will continue to keep track of the set time period.

Note:

The soft start function cannot be used when there are dual outputs.

Do not use self-tuning during soft start. The soft start may not be controlled correctly.

Setting example - Setting OUT1 during soft start to 5%, and time to 30 minutes

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Use the ▼ key to access CH6 (Setup parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH6 (Setup parameters).PVt (PV input type) is displayed.
	5. Use the ▲▼ keys to change PVt to SFo1.
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ▲▼ keys to change 105.0 to 5.0.
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Use the ▲▼ keys to change SFo1 to SFtM.
	10. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	11. Use the ▲▼ keys to change 0 to 30.
	12. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	13. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.7.16 Sbo1 MV1 during standby (554)

Sbo2 MV2 during standby (555)

Description

Allows you to set the control output values used during standby mode.

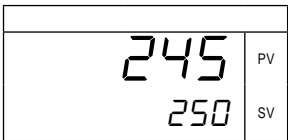
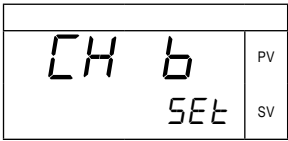
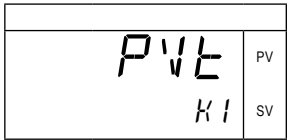
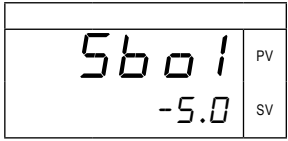
Setting range

-5.0% to 105.0% (OUT1/OUT2)

Note

OUT2 is shown as reference and not available in the current available hardware configurations

Setting example - Setting OUT1 during standby to 5%

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Use the ▼ key to access CH6 (Setup parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH6 (Setup parameters). PVt (PV input type) is displayed.
	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change PVt to Sbo1.
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change -5.0 to 5.0.
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Repeat the same steps to set OUT2 during standby.
	10. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.7.17 SbMd Standby mode (556)

Description

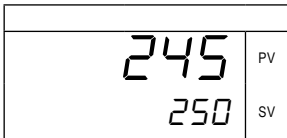
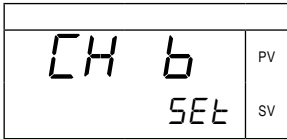
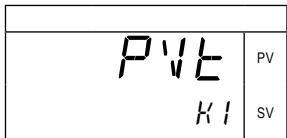
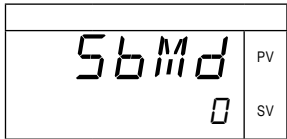
Allows you to specify the alarm action during standby.

Select the alarm action and transfer output during standby among the following four combinations.

Setting range

SbMd	Alarm action	Transfer output
0	Suspends the alarm action. (alarm output OFF)	Continues to output.
1	Keeps the alarm action ON	Continues to output.
2	Suspends the alarm action. (alarm output OFF)	Outputs -5% value.
3	Keeps the alarm action ON	Outputs -5% value.

Setting example - Setting the alarm action to be continued during standby

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Use the ▼ key to access CH6 (Setup parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH6 (Setup parameters). PVt (PV input type) is displayed.
	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change PVt to SbMd.
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change 0 to 1.
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.7.18 Aot AO output type (557)

Description

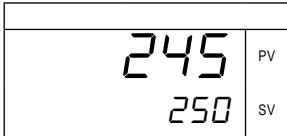
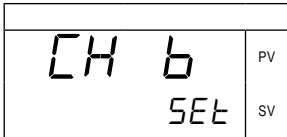
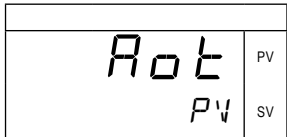
This is the procedure to specify what output is retransmitted.

The following five settings are available:

Range - Pv: Measurement

- Sv: Set value
- Mv: Control output
- Dv: Variable (PV-SV)
- PFB: Position Feedback (Do not select this if you ordered the version without PFB input.)

Setting example - Setting the AO output type to SV

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Use the ▼ key to access CH6 (Setup parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH6 (Setup parameters). PVt (PV input type) is displayed.
	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change "PVt" to "Aot".
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change "PV" to "SV".
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.7.19	AoL	AO lower scaling	(558)
	AoH	AO upper scaling	(559)



AO lower and upper scaling are shown as reference and not available in the current available hardware configurations as re-transmission input not available

Description

This is the procedure for specifying the upper and lower limits of re-transmission input.

Range

-100% to 100% FS (Upper/lower limit)

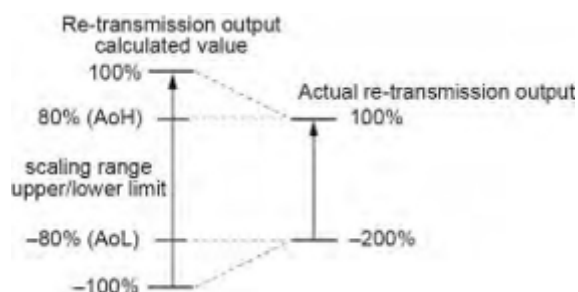


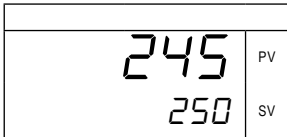
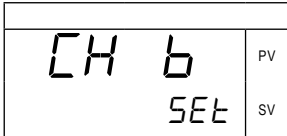
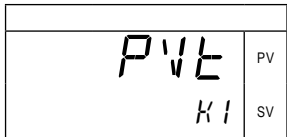
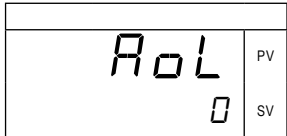
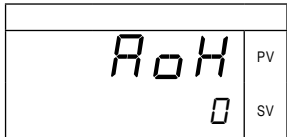
Fig. 7.7.19

Calculate the set value with the following equation. (Use the example set value below as a reference.)

- Set value (%) = $(A \div B) \times 100$ [%]
 $A = (\text{Desired temperature}) - (\text{Set value of parameter "PVb"})$
 $B = (\text{Set value of parameter "PVF"}) - (\text{Set value of "PVb"})$
- When the value of the re-transmission output type (ex: SV) is equal to the AoL set value, the re-transmission output will be 0% (output).
- When the value of the re-transmission output type (ex: SV) is equal to the AoH set value, the re-transmission output will be 100% (output).

Note: Make sure to set the value of AoH greater than AoL.

Setting example - Setting the AO lower scaling to -80%, upper scaling to 80%

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Use the ▼ key to access CH6 (Setup parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH6 (Setup parameters).PVt (PV input type) is displayed.
	5. Use the ▲▼ keys to change "PVt" to "AoL".
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ▲▼ keys to change "0" to "-80".
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Use the ▲▼ keys to change "PVt" to "AoH".
	10. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	11. Use the ▲▼ keys to change "0" to "80".
	12. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	13. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.7.20	VoLt	Fixed voltage value	(561)
	CRU	Current value for simple power calculation	(562)
	iMiN	Electric current nullification point	(563)
	WdP	Decimal point position for electric power	(564)
	PHY	Power factor for simple calculation	(565)



7.7.20 is shown as reference and not available in the current available hardware configurations as control output is not relay

Description

These parameters are used for calculating the amount of electric power, based on the time duration that the control output relay 1 has operated.

- The amount of electric power is calculated by the following expression, with Fixed voltage value (VoLt), Current value for simple calculation (CUR), and Power factor for simple calculation (Phy).
Amount of electric energy (kWh) = $\Sigma (\text{OUT1ON} \times \text{VoLt} \times \text{CUR} \times \text{Phy})$ OUT1ON: percentage of time that the control output relay 1 has operated
- The amount of electric power is displayed with the decimal point position set in Decimal point position for electric power (WdP).
- If the amount of electric power has reached the maximum value (9999) during calculation, the device restarts calculation from zero.
- The calculated amount of electric power is saved on the nonvolatile memory every 5 minutes.

[Fixed voltage value (VoLt)]

Allows you to set the voltage value to be applied on the controlled device when the control output relay 1 is activated.
Setting range: 1 to 500 V

[Current value for simple power calculation (CUR)]

Allows you to set the current which flows through the controlled device when the control output relay 1 is activated. If you set to 0.0, power calculation is carried out based on the current value measured by CT.
Setting range: 0.0 to 100.0 A

[Electric current nullification point (iMiN)]

Allows you to set the value below which the current value measured by CT to be used for power calculation is nullified.
The current value below the setpoint is treated as 0 A in power calculation.
Setting range: 0.0 A to 100.0 A

[Decimal point position for electric power (WdP)]

Allows you to set the decimal point position for electric energy. The maximum value of electric energy changes with the decimal point position.

Setting range: 0 to 3

Decimal point position	Max. electric energy
0	9999 (kWh)
1	999.9 (kWh)

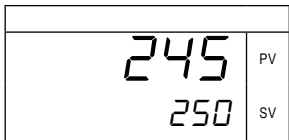
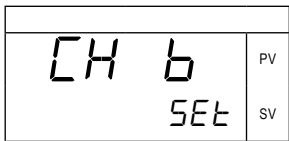
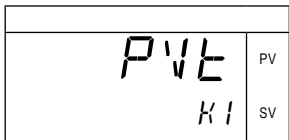
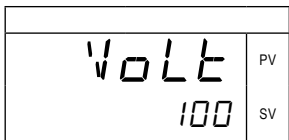
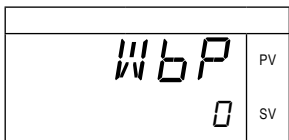
Decimal point position	Max. electric energy
2	99.99 (kWh)
3	9.999 (kWh)

[Power factor for simple calculation (PHY)]

Allows you to set the power factor for calculating electric power.

Setting range: 0.00 to 1.00

Setting example - Setting the voltage to 150 V, current to 1.2 A, decimal place to 0.01

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Press the ▼ key to access CH6 (Setup parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH6 (Setup parameters). PVt (PV input type) is displayed.
	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change PVt to VoLt.
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change 100 to 150.
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change VoLt to CUR.
	10. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	11. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change 0 to 1.2.
	12. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	13. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change CUR to WbP.
	14. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	15. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change 0 to 2.
	16. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	17. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.7.21 RYCN Upper limit of relay contact operation (566)

Description

Allows you to set the upper limit on the number of times that the control output relay 1 and 2 can operate. The alarm will be activated when the control output relay 1 or 2 has operated the number of times you set.

- You can set the upper limit of operating times in increments of 1000.
(For example, if you set this parameter to 1, the alarm will be activated when the relay worked 1000 times.)
- If you set it to 0, no alarm will be generated.
- The numbers of times that the control output relays have operated are saved on the nonvolatile memory every 10 minutes.

Note:

RYCN is shown as reference and not available in the current available hardware configurations as control output is not available as relay

Setting example - Setting the upper limit of contact operation to 20 thousand times

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
CH 6 PV Set SV	2. Press and hold the  key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Use the  key to access CH6 (Setup parameters).
PVt PV K1 SV	4. Press the  key to enter CH6 (Setup parameters). PVt (PV input type) is displayed.
	5. Use the   keys to change PVt to RYCN.
RYCN PV 10 SV  20 SV	6. Press the  key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the   keys to change 10 to 20.
	8. Press the  key to save the change.
	9. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

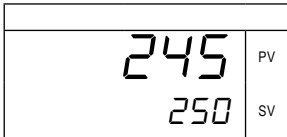
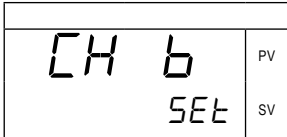
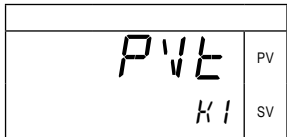
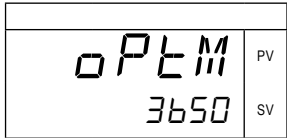
7.7.22 oPtM Upper limit of operating days (567)

Description

Allows you to set the upper limit on the number of days that the device can operate. The alarm will be activated when the number of operating days has reached the setpoint.

- You can set the upper limit of operating days in days.
(For example, if you set this parameter to 1, the alarm will be activated when the device worked 1 day.)
- If you set it to 0, no alarm will be generated.
- The number of operating days is saved on the nonvolatile memory every 10 minutes.

Setting example - Setting the upper limit of operating days to 100 days

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Use the ▼ key to access CH6 (Setup parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH6 (Setup parameters). PVt (PV input type) is displayed.
	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change PVt to oPtM.
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change 3650 to 100.
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.8 CH7 SYS (System parameters)

7.8.1 UKY1, UKY2, UKY3 USER key assignment

UKY1 USER key assignment (590)

UKY2 USER key assignment (591)

UKY3 USER key assignment (592)

Description

Allows you to assign functions to each USER key.

UKY1	USER key
UKY2	USER key + v key
UKY3	USER key + ^ key

Allows you to assign functions to each USER key.

Setpoint ^{*1}	Function
0	No function
1	Switchover between STBY ON/OFF
2	Switchover between Auto/Manual
3	Switchover between Local/Remote.
5	Starts AT (standard)
6	Starts AT (low PV)
8	Ramp SV RUN/HOLD switchover
9	Ramp soak RUN/OFF switchover
10	Ramp soak RUN/HOLD switchover
12	Latch release (all)
13	Latch release (ALM1)
14	Latch release (ALM2)
15	Latch release (ALM3)

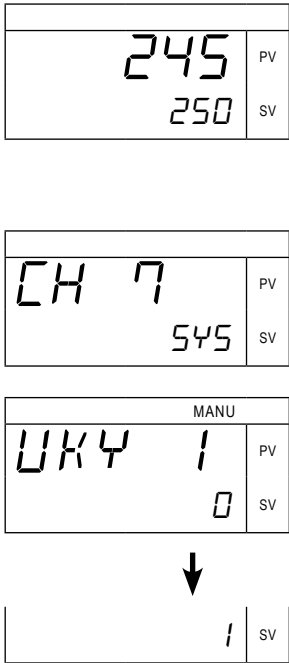
Setpoint ^{*1}	Function
16	Latch release (ALM4)
17	Latch release (ALM5)
19	Start timer (ALM1)
20	Start timer (ALM2)
21	Start timer (ALM3)
22	Start timer (ALM4)
23	Start timer (ALM5)
25	SVNo + 1 (send) ^{*2}
26	PIDNo. + 1 (send) ^{*2}
28	Ramp soak pattern No. + 1 (send) ^{*3}
29	(SV No.,PID No.) + 1 (send) ^{*2}

Notes: ^{*1} Enter the numbers only listed in this table.

^{*2} When the number has reached the maximum, it returns to zero.

^{*3} When the number has reached the maximum, it returns to the minimum number.

Setting example - Assigning the switchover between STBY ON/OFF to the USER key

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown. 2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters). 3. Use the ▼ key to access CH7 (System parameters). 4. Press the SEL key to enter CH7 (System parameters). UKY1 (USER key assignment) is displayed.. 5. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.) 6. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change 0 to 1. 7. Press the SEL key to save the change. 8. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.8.2 di1 to di5 DI function select (593 to 597)



di1 to di5 are shown as reference and not available in the current available hardware configurations, as digital outputs are not available

Description

You can allocate one of the following functions to each of DI1 to DI5. These functions are activated by external DI signals.

No.	Function	Action	ON	OFF	Criteria
0	No function	No action			
1	Standby ON/OFF switchover	Switches between Standby ON/OFF.	Standby	Cancels Standby	Edge
2	Auto/manual switchover	Switches the control output action between auto/manual.	Manual	Auto	Edge
3	Local/remote switchover	Switches SV between local/remote.	Remote	Local	Edge
4	Setting prohibited				
5	Auto tuning (standard) start	Runs standard autotuning.	Start	Stop	Edge
6	Auto tuning (lowPV) start	Runs lowPV type autotuning.	Start	Stop	Edge
7	Ramp SV ON/OFF	Enables or disables ramp SV.	Disable	Enable	Edge
8	Ramp SV hold	Switches between ramp SV hold and hold cancel.	Hold	Hold cancel	Edge
9	Ramp soak RUN/OFF	Switches between ramp soak RUN/OFF.	RUN	OFF	Edge
10	Ramp soak RUN/HOLD	Switches between ramp soak RUN/HOLD.	RUN	HOLD	Edge
11	Setting prohibited				
12	Unlatch (all)	Cancels all the alarm latches.	Unlatch		Edge
13	Unlatch (alarm 1)	Unlatches the alarm 1.			
14	Unlatch (alarm 2)	Unlatches the alarm 2.			
15	Unlatch (alarm 3)	Unlatches the alarm 3.			
16	Unlatch (alarm 4)	Unlatches the alarm 4.			
17	Unlatch (alarm 5)	Unlatches the alarm 5.			
18	Setting prohibited				
19	Timer (alarm 1)	Runs the timer for the alarm 1.	Timer ON	Timer OFF	Level
20	Timer (alarm 2)	Runs the timer for the alarm 2.			
21	Timer (alarm 3)	Runs the timer for the alarm 3.			
22	Timer (alarm 4)	Runs the timer for the alarm 4.			
23	Timer (alarm 5)	Runs the timer for the alarm 5.			
24	Setting prohibited				

No.	Function	Action	ON	OFF	Criteria
25	SV No. + 1	Increases the SV number by 1.	+ 1		Level
26	SV No. + 2	Increases the SV number by 2.	+ 2		Level
27	SV No. + 4	Increases the SV number by 4.	+ 4		Level
28	PID No. + 1	Increases the PID number by 1.	+ 1		Level
29	PID No. + 2	Increases the PID number by 2.	+ 2		Level
30	PID No. + 4	Increases the PID number by 4.	+ 4		Level
31	SV No. + 1, PID No. + 1	Increases both the SV number and PID number by 1.	+ 1		Level
32	SV No. + 2, PID No. + 2	Increases both the SV number and PID number by 2.	+ 2		Level
33	SV No. + 4, PID No. + 4	Increases both the SV number and PID number by 4.	+ 4		Level
34	Ramp soak OFF	Stops ramp soak operation.	OFF		Edge
35	Ramp soak RUN	Runs ramp soak.	RUN		Edge
36	Ramp soak HOLD	Holds ramp soak.	HOLD		Edge
40	Pattern No. + 8	Increases the pattern number by 8.	+ 8		Level
41	DI soft start	Starts DI soft start.	Start		Edge
42	Setting prohibited				
43	Delay start (alarm 1)	Enables delay start with the delay time = dLY1.	Delay start enabled		
44	Delay start (alarm 2)	Enables delay start with the delay time = dLY2.	Delay start enabled		
45	Delay start (alarm 3)	Enables delay start with the delay time = dLY3.	Delay start enabled		
46	Delay start (alarm 4)	Enables delay start with the delay time = dLY4.	Delay start enabled		
47	Delay start (alarm 5)	Enables delay start with the delay time = dLY5.	Delay start enabled		
48	Setting prohibited				

Notes:

When the DI function for edge operation is selected please note the following:

- When the power to the unit is turned on with DI turned on, the ON edge is accepted and the selected function is performed.
- When the power to the unit is turned on with DI turned off, the OFF edge is rejected and the selected function is not performed.

Setting example - Setting the DI1 function to “standby ON/OFF switchover”

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
CH 7 PV 545 SV	2. Press and hold the  key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
MANU UKY 1 PV 0 SV	3. Use the  key to access CH7 (System parameters).
	4. Press the  key to enter CH7 (System parameters). UKY1 (USER key assignment) is displayed..
	5. Use the   keys to change “UKY1” to “di1”.
MANU d11 PV 0 SV  1 SV	6. Press the  key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the   keys to change 0 to 1.
	8. Press the  key to save the change.
	9. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.8.3 Outputs

- oU1t OUT1 output type (599)
- oU2t OUT2 output type (600)
- do1t to do3t Output type (DO1 to DO3) (601 to 603)
- LoU1 LED indicator assignment (OUT1) (607)
- LoU2 LED indicator assignment (OUT2) (608)
- LEV1 to LEV6 LED indicator assignment (EV1 to EV6) (609 to 614)
- LStb LED indicator assignment (STBY) (615)
- LMAN LED indicator assignment (MAN) (616)

Note: Only OUT1 is available and as current output only, other output options are not available in the current available hardware configurations

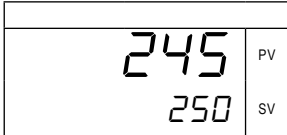
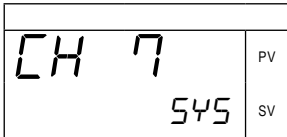
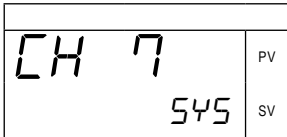
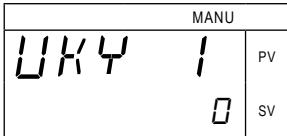
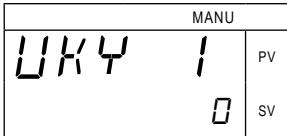
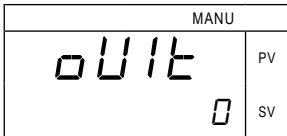
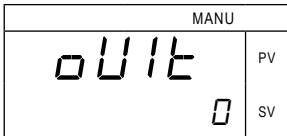
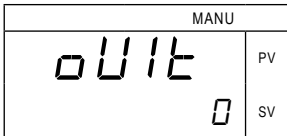
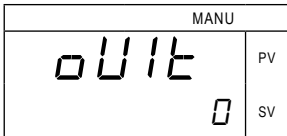
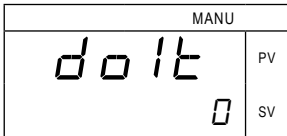
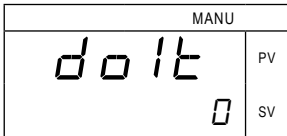
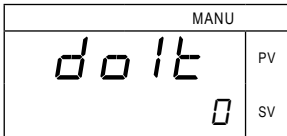
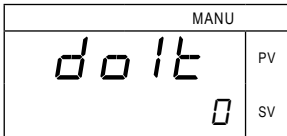
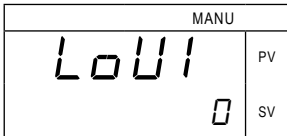
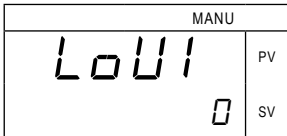
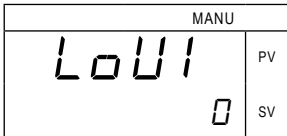
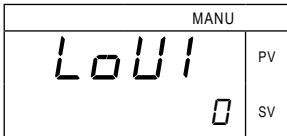
Description

You can select what to be output from each output terminal, and what each indicator lamp means. Select numbers from the table below.

OUT (relay/SSR)	OUT (current voltage)	DO	Indicator lamps Set value	Category	Function
oU1T, oU2T	oU1T, oU2T	do1T, do2T, do3T, do4T, do5T	LoU1, LoU2, LEV 1 to 6, LSTb, LMAN		
0	0	0	0		None
1	1	1	1	Control output	MV1 (heating)
2	2	2	2		MV2 (cooling)
3		3	3	Alarm output	Alarm 1
4		4	4		Alarm 2
5		5	5		Alarm 3
6		6	6		Alarm 4
7		7	7		Alarm 5
10		10	10	Status output	During autotuning startup
11		11	11		Normal
12		12	12		Standby
13		13	13		During manual mode
15		15	15		During ramp SV
16		16	16		System error
20		20	20	Ramp soak Event output	OFF
21		21	21		RUN
22		22	22		HOLD
23		23	23		GS (Guaranty soak)
24		24	24		END

- Notes:**
- Enter the numbers only listed in this table.
 - Use only 0, 1, or 2 for current and voltage output.
 - When you select control output for an indicator, the indicator blinks at the intervals of "tC1" and "tC2".

Setting example - Setting MV1 to be output from OUT1 , alarm output 1 from DO1, alarm output 1 from OUT1 indicator

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Use the ↓ key to access CH7 (System parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH7 (System parameters). UKY1 (USER key assignment) is displayed..
	5. Use the ↑ ↓ keys to change "UKY1" to "oU1t".
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ↑ ↓ keys to change 0 to 1.
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Use the ↑ ↓ keys to change oU1t to do1t.
	10. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	11. Use the ↑ ↓ keys to change 0 to 3.
	12. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	13. Use the ↑ ↓ keys to change do1t to LoU1.
	14. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	15. Use the ↑ ↓ keys to change 0 to 3.
	16. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	17. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.8.3 Ramps

RMP Ramp SV ON/OFF (617)

RMPL Ramp SV-decline (618)

RMPH Ramp SV-incline (619)

RMPU Ramp SV-slope time unit (620)

Description

This function changes a SV to the new value at the preset ramp rate.

SV changes smoothly, not stepwise. Incline and decline rates can be set independently.

Setting range

Ramp SV-incline/decline: 0% to 100% FS/ °C

Ramp SV-slope time unit: hoUr (slope temperature/hour), Min (slope temperature/min)

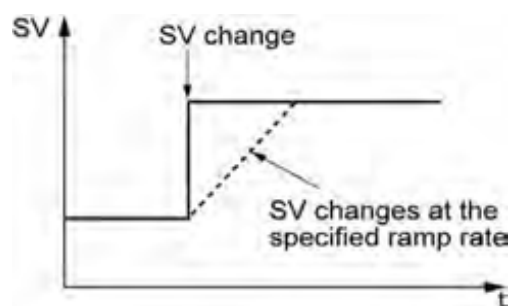
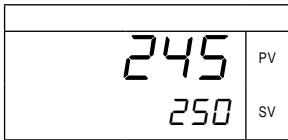
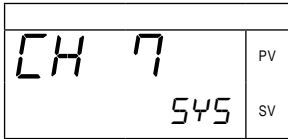
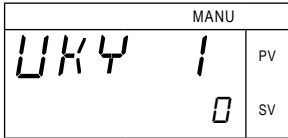
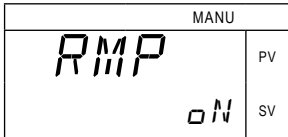
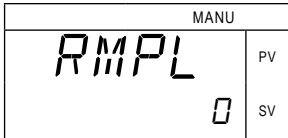
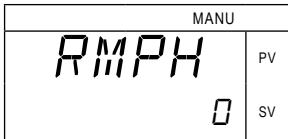
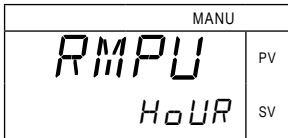
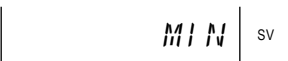


Fig. 7.8.3

Setting example - Setting the ramp SV incline to 10 °C/min, and decline to 5 °C/min

Display	Operating procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Use the ▼ key to access CH7 (System parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH7 (System parameters). UKY1 (USER key assignment) is displayed..
	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change "UKY1" to RMP.
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	8. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change RMP to RMPL.
	9. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	10. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change 0 to 5.
	11. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	12. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change RMPH to RMPH.
	13. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	14. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change 0 to 10.
	15. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	16. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change RMPH to RMPU.
	17. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	18. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change HoUR to MiN.
	19. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	20. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.8.4 SVt Ramp SV display mode (621)

Description

Selects which to display between the SV during ramp operations or the SV goal value..

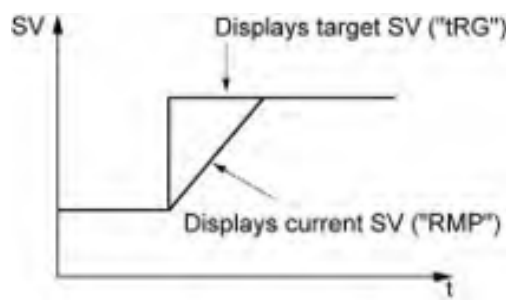


Fig. 7.8.4

Setting example - Setting the target SV to be displayed

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
CH 7 PV 545 SV	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
UKY1 PV 0 SV	3. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to access CH7 (System parameters).
UKY1 PV 0 SV	4. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
UKY1 PV 0 SV	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change UKY1 to SVt.
UKY1 PV 0 SV	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
UKY1 PV 0 SV	7. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change RMP to tRG.
UKY1 PV 0 SV	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
UKY1 PV 0 SV	9. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.8.5 CtRL Control method (622)

Description

This controller has six control functions. Select the best control method for your application.

ON/OFF (2position) control	Switches output control ON/OFF according to the SV/PV magnitude relationship. Control systems can be built from simple elements such as SSR. This is appropriate for situations which require a low degree of accuracy.
PID control	PID calculation and controls proceed according to the previously set PID parameters. PID parameters can be set manually or through autotuning (AT). It is the most basic control in this equipment.
Fuzzy control	Reduces the amount of overshoot during control. It is effective when you want to suppress overshoot while changing SV, even during processes where it may take a long time to reach the target value.
Self tuning control	Adds controls while automatically calculating PID to meet the control target or changing SV. It is effective when the control conditions change frequently.
PID2 control	Suppresses the amount of overshoot during control for processes that turn the control target off and then on again. It is effective when the control target turns on and off while power flows continuously to the controller.
2-degree-of freedom PID control	The function is used to suppress overshoot generated in PID control. The 2 degrees of freedom PID system of this instrument adopts set value (SV) filter method, which is effective at suppressing overshoot at the time of setting change or power ON.

(1) ON/OFF (2-position) control (oNoF)

When you set the control method (CtRL) to oNoF, the device uses ON/OFF control.

In ON/OFF control, the controller switches the control output between ON (100%) and OFF (0%) according to the SV/PV magnitude relationship. You can set the output hysteresis in the control parameters (CH2 PLT)

Reverse Operation (Heating)

Method used to control the electrical heating furnace. Set the HYS to an appropriate value according to the control target.

Parameter	Set value
CtRL	oNoF
REV	RV_ _
HYS	optional (default: 1 °C)

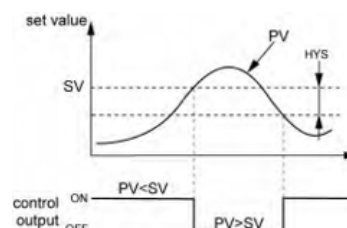


Fig. 7.8.5 (a)

Normal operation (Cooling)

Method used to control the cooling machine.

Parameter	Set value
CtRL	oNoF
REV	No_ _
HYS	optional (default: 1 °C)

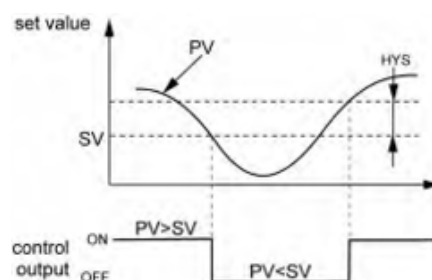


Fig. 7.8.5 (b)

- During ON/OFF control, the P, I and D settings do not affect control.
- In the manual operation during ON/OFF control, MV displayed by pressing UP key is 100%, and MV displayed by pressing DOWN key is 0%.
- If the hysteresis width is narrow, and PV and SV are nearly equal, the output may frequently switch on and off. Note that it may affect the of the contact life.

(2) PID control (Pid)

Pid control starts when the parameter "CtRL" is "Pid". Pid control calculate Pid and output the result according to the set values of the parameters "P", "i", "d", and "AR". (-5 to 105%)

Each parameter can be set either by manually tuning the values or by running auto-tuning (AT) to automatically set the values.

Related parameters: Auto-tuning (page 33)

(3) Fuzzy control (FUZY)

This control minimizes the overshoot compared to normal PID. Fuzzy control can only be used after auto- tuning has been activated and a PID set.

Related parameters: Auto-tuning (page 33)

(4) Self tuning control (SELF)

Adds controls while automatically calculating PID to meet the control target or changing SV. Self-tuning is especially effective for situations when a high level of control is not needed, but auto-tuning cannot be run due to frequent changes in the control target conditions. If a high degree of control is required, select PID control, fuzzy control or PID2 control.

Conditions where self-tuning can be used

- When temperature rises right after the power is turned on
- When temperature rises after SV change (or when the controller judges it necessary)
- When the controller judges it necessary because the control has become unstable

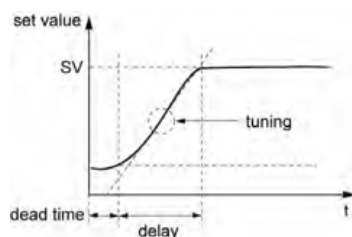


Fig. 7.8.5 (c)

Conditions where self-tuning cannot be used

- During standby
- During ON/OFF (2 setting) control
- During auto-tuning
- During ramp/soak operation
- When input error occurs
- When dual output is used
- When any of the P, I, D, or Ar parameters have been manually configured
- During manual mode
- During soft start

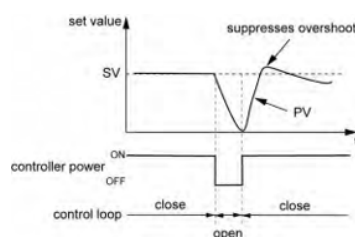


Fig. 7.8.5 (d)

Conditions where self-tuning is halted

- When SV is changed (including when SV is changed by the ramp/soak function, remote SV function, or ramp SV.)
- When self-tuning has not finished after running for nine or more hours
- The equipment will not be tuned properly if power is turned on first.
- When redoing the self-tuning settings, first set the control method to PID ("Pid"), and then set back to self-tuning.

(5) PID2 control (Pid2)

This type of control reduces overshoot during control for processes that turn the control target off and then on again. The algorithm used prevents over integration of the PID calculations even while the control loop is still open. PID2 control can only be used after auto-tuning has been activated and a PID set.

(6) 2-degrees-of-freedom PID (2 FRE)

The 2 degrees of freedom PID system of this instrument adopts set value (SV) filter method, which is effective in suppressing overshoot at the time of setting change or power ON.

The controllability of 2-degrees-of-freedom PID control changes according to the settings of coefficient α and β .

If you set coefficient α to 100.0% and β to 0.0%, normal PID control is operated.

Adjust α and β as follows.

- a) set $\alpha = 40.0\%$, $\beta = 100.0\%$ (Factory default setting)
- b) Perform control and check responsibility (overshoot volume).

If overshoot is not reduced, adjust α and β as follows.

Generally, ALPA (α) does not require adjusting. Therefore, it is recommended to use the instrument with ALPA (α) set to 40.0%.

Result of control	Coefficient β	Coefficient α
Large overshoot	Increase β by 20%	Decrease α by 10%
Small overshoot	Decrease β by 20%	Increase α by 10%

Setting example - Setting the control method to ON/OFF control

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
CH 7 PV 545 SV	2. Press and hold the  key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
UKY1 PV 0 SV	3. Use the  key to access CH7 (System parameters).
	4. Press the  key to enter CH7 (System parameters). UKY1 (USER key assignment) is displayed.
	5. Use the   keys to change UKY1 to SVt.
	6. Press the  key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
REM Ctrl PV Pid SV  oNoF SV	7. Use the   keys to change Pid to oNoF.
	8. Press the  key to save the change.
	9. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.8.6 PRCS Control target (623)



Servo Control and position feedback are not available in the current available hardware configurations.

Description

This controller has three valve control functions.
Select the best function for the current application.

Valve Control Functions

Servo control 1	Controls the motorized valve opening through [OPEN], [CLOSE] connection points.
Servo control 2	Controls the motorized valve opening through [OPEN], [CLOSE] connection points. The opening of the valve can be displayed by reading the open position signal from the motorized valve, but it cannot be used in control output calculations.
Position feedback	Inserts controls by adding the opening signal from the motorized valve to the control calculation results. Controls the motorized valve opening through [OPEN], [CLOSE] connection points. This control can be used when there are opening signals coming from the motorized valve.

(1) Servo Control 1/Servo Control 2

Adjusts and controls the motorized valve opening through [OPEN], [CLOSE] connection points.
In manual mode, press the key to switch between [OPEN] and [CLOSE].
Servo control 1 and servo control 2 have the following differences.

- Servo Control 1: No valve opening display
- Servo Control 2: Has valve opening display

Neither control can be used to control the valve opening itself.

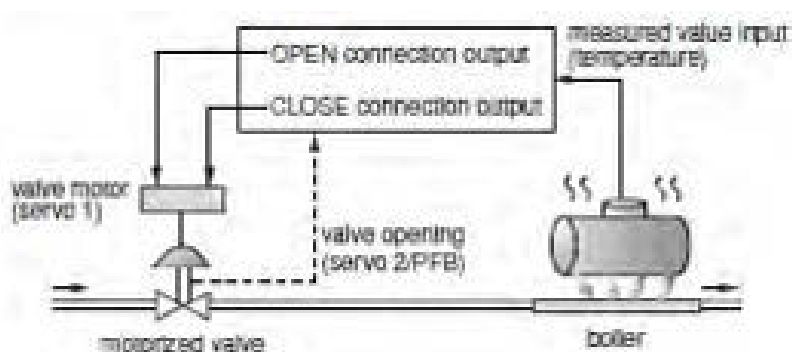


Fig. 7.8.6

Notes:

- Servo control 1 can control the motorized valve even without a valve opening signal from the motorized valve. (The motorized valve opening is estimated from a calculation of the valve stroke time.)
- Servo control 2 adds the valve opening signal display function to servo control 1. Valve position display can be used to automatically or manually adjust zero/span.
- Zero/span adjustment is necessary for using valve position indication.

Setting example - Changing the control target from servo1 to servo2

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
CH 7 PV 545 SV	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
UKY1 PV 0 SV	3. Use the ↓ key to access CH7 (System parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH7 (System parameters). UKY1 (USER key assignment) is displayed.
	5. Use the ↑ ↓ keys to change UKY1 to PRCS.
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
REM PRCS PV SRV1 SV ↓	7. Use the ↑ ↓ keys to change “SRV1” to “SRV2”..
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
SRV2 SV	9. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.8.7 Position Feedback Control (PFB control)



Servo Control and position feedback are not available in the current available hardware configurations.

Description

Position feedback control (PFB) is used to control the position of the motorized valve based on the position signal transmitted from the motorized valve. During manual mode, the controller displays the valve position signal as MV.

Because it is based on the actual valve position, PFB control is more precise than the servo 1/servo 2 control.

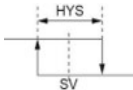
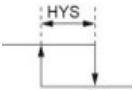
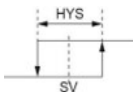
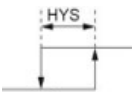
Setting example - Changing to PFB control

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to access CH7 (System parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH7 (System parameters). UKY1 (USER key assignment) is displayed.
	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change UKY1 to PRCS.
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change "SRV1" to "Pfb".
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

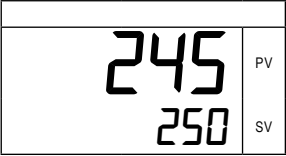
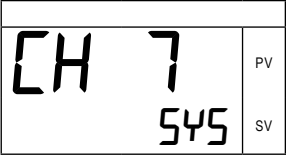
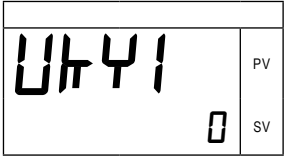
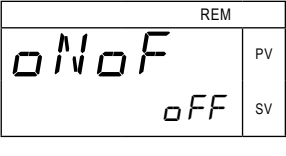
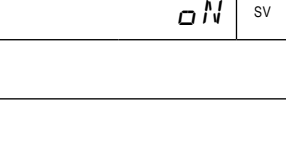
7.8.8 oNoF ONOFF Hysteresis (624)

Description

Selects the hysteresis operation during two state action.
OFF: Performs two state action at SV+HYS/2 and SV-HYS/2.
ON: Performs two state action at SV, SV+HYS and SV, SVHYS.

	oNoF: OFF	oNoF: ON
Reverse		
Normal Operation		

Setting example - Setting the start mode to control output manual mode

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Use the ▼ key to access CH7 (System parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH7 (System parameters). UKY1 (USER key assignment) is displayed.
	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change UKY1 to oNoF.
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change "oFF" to "oN".
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.8.9 StMd Start mode (626)

Description

Allows you to specify the mode that the device starts up.

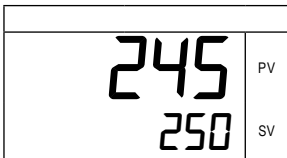
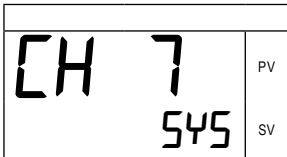
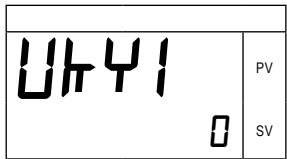
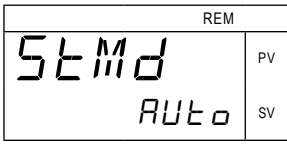
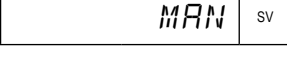
Select from the following four options.

Setting range

AUto	Control output auto mode
MAN	Control output manual mode
REM	Remote SV mode
StbY	Standby Mode

Note: Remote SV is shown as reference and not available in the current available hardware configurations

Setting example - Setting the start mode to control output manual mode

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Use the ▼ key to access CH7 (System parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH7 (System parameters). UKY1 (USER key assignment) is displayed.
	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change UKY1 to StMd.
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change AUto to MAN.
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.8.10 dt Control operation cycle (627)

Description

Allows you to set the control operation cycle.

Note: Be sure to restart the controller after changing the setpoint. Setting range: 0.1 to 0.9 s, 1 to 99 s

Setting example - Setting the control operation cycle to 0.2 seconds.

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
CH 7 PV 545 SV	2. Press and hold the  key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
UKY1 PV 0 SV	3. Use the  key to access CH7 (System parameters).
	4. Press the  key to enter CH7 (System parameters). UKY1 (USER key assignment) is displayed.
	5. Use the   keys to change UKY1 to dt.
REM dt PV 0.1 SV  0.2 SV	6. Press the  key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the   keys to change 0.1 to 0.2.
	8. Press the  key to save the change.
	9. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.8.11 PLtS PID palette switching method (628)

Description

This instrument is provided with 7 groups of control palettes (group of control parameters) in CH2 (PLT), in addition to control parameters in CH1 (PID). Control can be made while switching these control palettes. Select control palette switching method with PLTS parameter.

- 0 (PID selection)** Operation is performed with the control palette set at PLN1 (PID selection).
- 1 (SV selection)** Operation is performed with the control palette of the SV No. selected by SVn.
- 2 (Switch according to PV)** Operation is performed while control palettes are automatically switched depending on the measurement value (PV), with the value set for REF1 to REF7 as threshold.

The following figure shows the relation between the PV reference point and the control palettes.

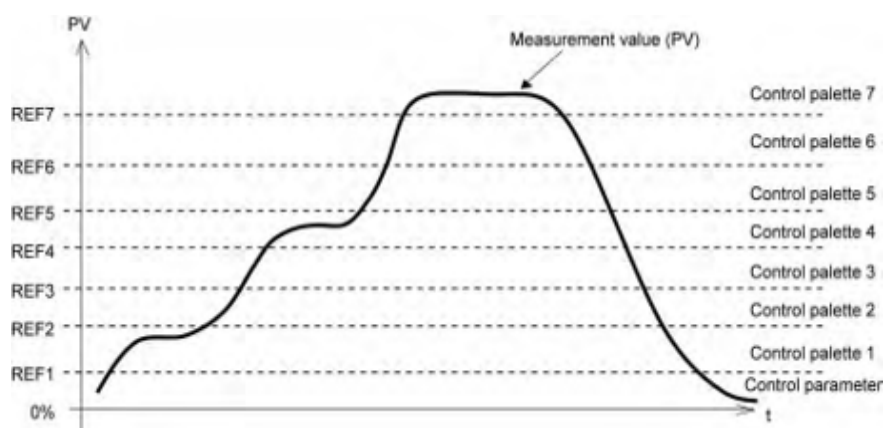


Fig. 7.8.11

Setting example - Switching palettes by SV selection No.

Display	Operating Procedure
245 250 PV SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
CH 7 545 PV SV	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
UKY1 0 PV SV	3. Use the ↓ key to access CH7 (System parameters).
UKY1 0 PV SV	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH7 (System parameters). UKY1 (USER key assignment) is displayed.
UKY1 0 PV SV	5. Use the ↑ ↓ keys to change UKY1 to PLtS.
PLtS 0 PV SV	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
PLtS 0 PV SV	7. Use Use the ↑ ↓ keys to change 0 to 1.
PLtS 0 PV SV	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
PLtS 1 PV SV	9. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.9 CH8 MATH (Calculation parameters)

7.9.1 Calculations

MAtH Simple calculation ON/OFF (650)

W1MA to MAo4 Simple calculation setting and result (651 to 730)

CoN1 to CoNA Constant setting (731 to 740)

Description

The controller can make calculations with alarm outputs or control status, and send calculation results to DO or LED. A calculation is done by combination of function blocks called "wafer".

- You can register 10 wafers maximum.
- There are the following six kinds of calculation in the simple calculation function.

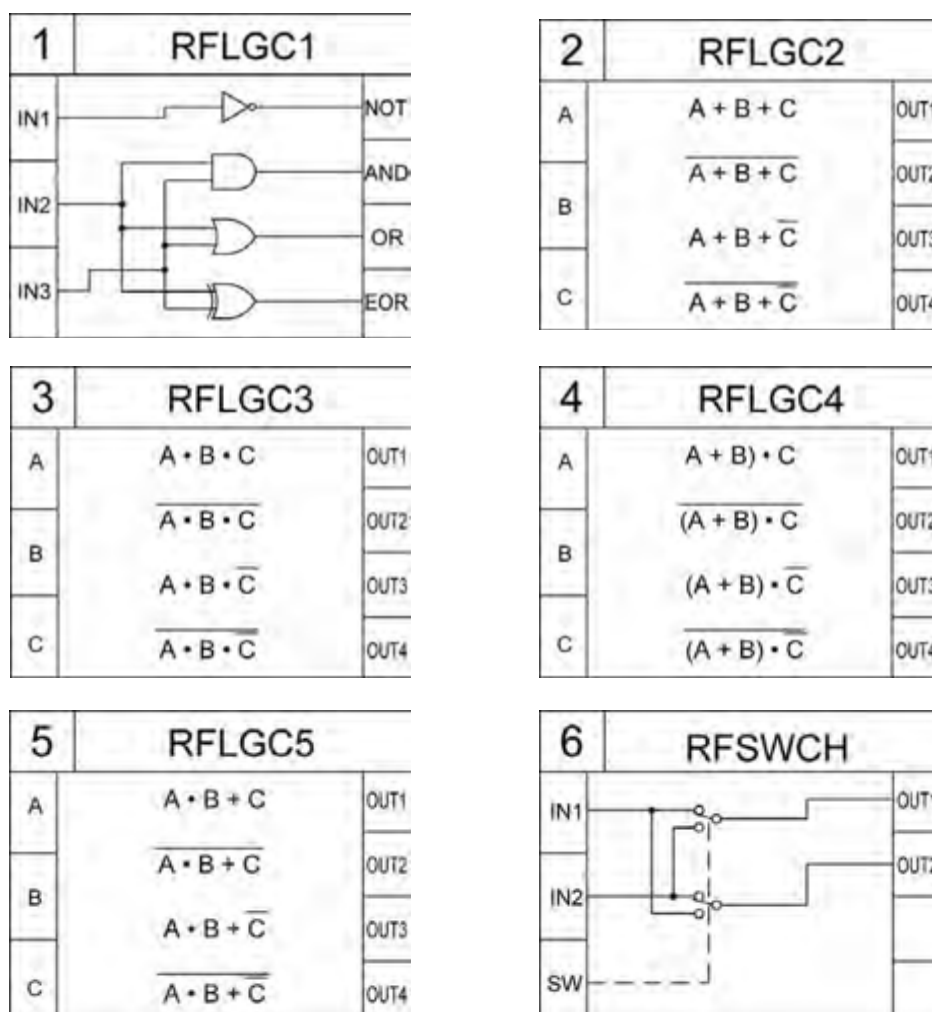


Fig. 7.9.1 (a)

No	Category	Function
0		No input
3	Alarm output	Alarm 1
4		Alarm 2
5		Alarm 3
6		Alarm 4
7		Alarm 5
20	Ramp soak event output	Ramp soak (OFF)
21		Ramp soak (RUN)
22		Ramp soak (HOLD)
23		Guarantee soak (GS)
24		Ramp soak (END)
30	simple calculation result	Simple calculation result wafer 1 output 1
31		Simple calculation result wafer 1 output 2
32		Simple calculation result wafer 1 output 3
33		Simple calculation result wafer 1 output 4
⋮		⋮
66		Simple calculation result wafer 10 output 1
67		Simple calculation result wafer 10 output 2
68		Simple calculation result wafer 10 output 3
69		Simple calculation result wafer 10 output 4
70	Constant	Constant 1
⋮		⋮
79		Constant 10
94	Input error	Underrange
95		Overrange
98		Range setting error
103		Input error
104	Operation information	Auto/manual mode status
105		RUN/standby status
107		Autotuning RUN/STOP
108		Autotuning normal type startup
109		Autotuning lowPV type startup

Continued on next page

No	Category	Function
170	Ramp soak time signal	Time signal (step 1 ramp)
171		Time signal (step 1 soak)
172		Time signal (step 2 ramp)
173		Time signal (step 2 soak)
⋮		⋮
294		Time signal (step 63 ramp)
295		Time signal (step 63 soak)
296		Time signal (step 64 ramp)
297		Time signal (step 64 soak)
300	Ramp soak relative time signal	Time signal (1st step ramp)
301		Time signal (1st step soak)
302		Time signal (2nd step ramp)
303		Time signal (2nd step soak)
⋮		⋮
424		Time signal (63th step ramp)
425		Time signal (63th step soak)
426		Time signal (64th step ramp)
427		Time signal (64th step soak)

(1) Simple calculation ON/OFF (MAtH) (650)

Allows you to switch between ON/OFF of simple calculation.
Setting range: ON, OFF

(2) Calculation setting (wafer 1 to wafer 10) (W1MA to WAMA) (651 to 723)

Allows you to set the contents of wafer calculation.
Setting range: 1 to 6

(3) Input 1 setting (wafer 1 to wafer 10) (W1i1 to WAI1) (652 to 724)

Input 2 setting (wafer 1 to wafer 10) (W1i2 to WAI2) (653 to 725)
Input 3 setting (wafer 1 to wafer 10) (W1i3 to WAI3) (654 to 726)
Sets the input used in wafer calculation.
Setting range: 0 to 347

(4) Output 1 setting (wafer 1 to wafer 10) (W1o1 to WAO1) (655 to 727)

Output 2 setting (wafer 1 to wafer 10) (W1o2 to WAO2) (656 to 728)
Output 3 setting (wafer 1 to wafer 10) (W1o3 to WAO3) (657 to 729)
Output 4 setting (wafer 1 to wafer 10) (W1o4 to WAO4) (658 to 730)
Shows the result of wafer calculation.

(5) Constant 1 to constant 10

Allows you to set the constant used in wafer calculation.
Setting range: -32767 to 32767

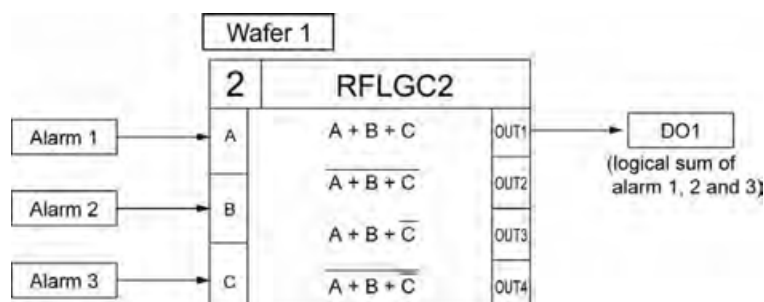
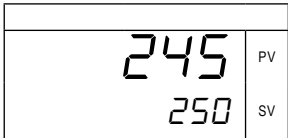
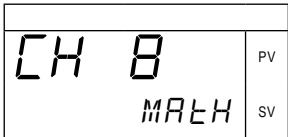
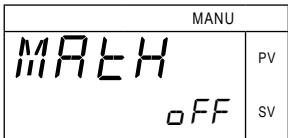
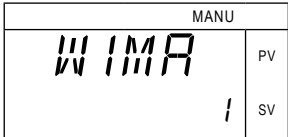


Fig. 7.9.1 (b)

Screen No.	Display	Set value	Description
650	MAtH	ON	Makes the simple calculation.
651	W1MA	2	Carries out the "logical operation wafer 2" on wafer 1.
652	W1i1	1	Enter the Alarm 1 ON/OFF information to the input 1 of wafer 1.
653	W1i2	2	Enter the Alarm 2 ON/OFF information to the input 2 of wafer 1.
653	W1i3	3	Enter the Alarm 3 ON/OFF information to the input 3 of wafer 3.
601	do1t	30	Outputs the output 1 of wafer 1 from DO1.

Note: ALRM2 to ALARM5 are shown as reference and not available in the current available hardware configurations

Setting example - Setting DO1 to output a logical sum of ON/OFF information of Alarm 1, 2, and 3

Display	Operating procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters). 3. Use the ▼ key to access CH8 (System parameters). 4. Press the SEL key to enter CH8 (System parameters). MATH (simple calculation ON/OFF) is displayed.
	5. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	6. Use the ▲▼ keys to change OFF to ON.
	7. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	8. Use the ▲▼ keys to change MATH to W1MA.. 9. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.) 10. Use the ▲▼ keys to change 1 to 2.
	11. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	12. Use the ▲▼ keys to change MATH to W1i1..

Continued on next page

Display	Operating procedure
MANU W111 PV 1 SV MANU W112 PV 2 SV MANU W113 PV 3 SV CH 7 PV 545 SV do1t PV 30 SV	13.Set W1i1 to "1", W1i2 to "2", and W1i3 to "3". 14.Press the  key to save the change. 15.Press the  key to enter CH7 (System parameters). 16. Set do1t to 30. 17.Press the  key to save the change. 18. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display. 19. Turn the power off and on again.

7.10 CH9 COM (Communication parameters)

This device uses an RS-485 interface and can therefore communicate with personal computers, programmable operation indicators, and other devices. These parameters set the communication conditions for sending and receiving data.

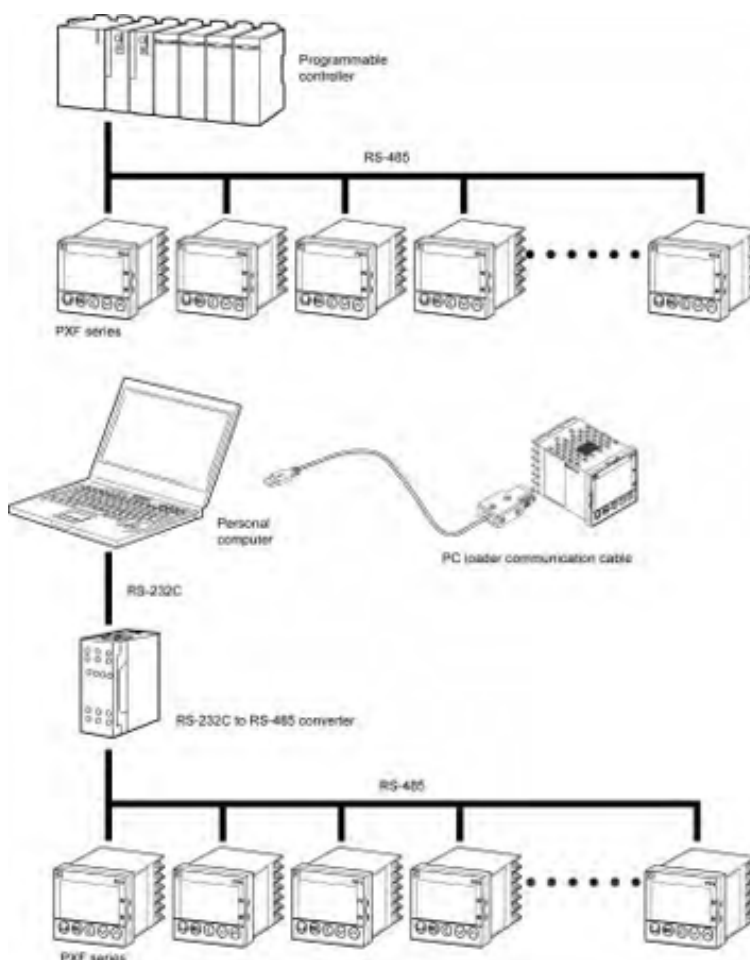


Fig. 7.10.1

Note:

When using an RS-232C to RS-485 converter, make sure to correctly connect the cable between the converter and master. Communication will not occur properly if the connection is incorrect.

Also make sure to correctly set any communication settings (such as communication speed and parity) on the RS-232C and RS-485 converter. Communication will not occur properly if the settings are incorrect.

The following describes the typical communication behavior available when using MODBUS RTU.

The center of communications (personal computer, etc) on a network is called the "master". There can only be one master per network. The other devices on the network (including this device) are called "slaves" (1: N connection communication). Set a station number for each slave so that they do not overlap with each other. Communication consists of the master sending out a message with a station number attached and each slave determining if the message is meant for it. The slave to which the message was sent then responds to the master. Slaves do not initiate communication. A network consists of 1 master and up to 31 slaves (including this device). A network cable can be up to 500m long.

Refer to the "IM-P830-07 SPC30, SPC35 Modbus RS485 Communications" for information on communication procedures, protocol and settings.

7.10.1 CtyP Communication type (760)

Description

Selects the type of communication.

Setting range

0	Modbus RTU
1	Cooperative operation
2	Programless communications

Their functions are as follows: Refer to the "IM-P830-07 SPC30, SPC35 Modbus RS485 Communications" for the detail.

0: MODBUS RTU	Typical master/slave communication is available. A PC or PLC acts as a master, while multiple controllers act as slaves. Communication is made in such a way that the master sends messages to the slaves, and the slaves respond to it.
1: Cooperative operation	When you control one controller, the other controllers follow it. The controller acts as a master, while other controllers act as slaves. When you change the settings of the master controller, a message will be sent to all slave controllers so that they follow the change of the master.
2: Programless communication	PLC can read the data of controllers or write data on controllers without preparing a rudder program. One PLC act as a master, and multiple process controllers act as slaves. Each controller in turn carries out master-slave communication with PLC. The communication protocol is MODBUS RTU.

Note: Be sure to restart the controller after changing set points.

Setting example - Setting the communication to option 2

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV CH 9 PV COM SV CtYP PV 0 SV ↓ 2 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown. 2. Press and hold the  key to display CH1 (PID parameters). 3. Use the  key to access CH9 (Communication parameters). 4. Press the  key to enter CH9 (Communication parameters). CtYP (communication type) is displayed 5. Press the  key (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.) 6. Use the   keys to change 0 to 2. 7. Press the  key to save the change. 8. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.10.2 StNo Station No. (761)

Description

Allows you to set the station number.

Setting range: 0 to 255

(Note that setting the station number to 0 will suspend communication.)
If there are two or more slave devices, make sure that they do not have the same station numbers. If two devices on the same network share a station number, communication becomes unavailable.

Setting example - Setting the station No. to 3

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV CH 9 PV COM SV StNo PV 1 SV 3 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown. 2. Press and hold the  key to display CH1 (PID parameters). 3. Use the  key to access CH9 (Communication parameters). 4. Press the  key to enter CH9 (Communication parameters). StNo (station No.) is displayed. 5. Press the  key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.) 6. Use Use the   keys to change 1 to 3. 7. Press the  key to save the change. 8. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.10.3 SPed RS485 baud rate (762)

Description

Allows you to set the baud rate of RS-485 communication.

Setting range: 96 (9600 bps), 192 (19200 bps), 384 (38400 bps), 115 k (115 kbps)

Note: Be sure to restart the controller after changing the setpoint.

Setting example - Setting the baud rate to 19200 bps

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV CH 9 PV COM SV StNo PV 1 SV SPEd PV 96 SV ↓ 192 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown. 2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters). 3. Use the ▼ key to access CH9 (Communication parameters). 4. Press the SEL key to enter CH9 (Communication parameters). StNo (station No. type) is displayed 5. Use the ▲▼ keys to change StNo to SPed. 6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.) 7. Use the ▲▼ keys to change 96 to 192. 8. Press the SEL key to save the change. 9. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.10.4 PRtY RS-485 parity (763)

Description

Allows you to set the parity check of RS-485 communication.

Setting range: NoNE (no parity), odd, EVEN

Note: Be sure to restart the controller after changing the setpoint.

Setting example - Setting the RS-485 parity to NoNE (no parity)

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
CH 9 PV Com SV	2. Press and hold the  key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
StNo PV / SV	3. Use the  key to access CH9 (Communication parameters).
PRtY PV odd SV ↓ NoNE SV	4. Press the  key to enter CH9 (Communication parameters). StNo (station No. type) is displayed
	5. Use Use the   keys to change StNo to PRtY.
	6. Press the  key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use Use the   keys to change odd to NoNE.
	8. Press the  key to save the change.
	9. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

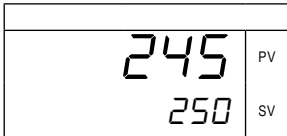
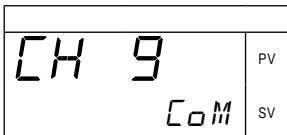
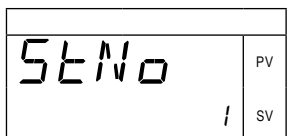
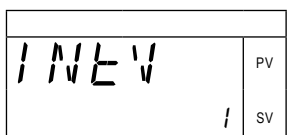
7.10.5 iNtV RS-485 response interval (764)

Description

Allows you to set the time interval before sending response.
Setpoint x 20 ms makes the response interval time.

Setting range: 0 to 100

Setting example - Setting the response interval to 40 ms

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Use the ▼ key to access CH9 (Communication parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH9 (Communication parameters). StNo (station No. type) is displayed
	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change StNo to iNtV.
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change 1 to 2.
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.10.6 SCC Communication permission (767)

Description

Allows you to specify whether the master is permitted or forbidden to write to the slave.

Setting range:

- R: read only
- RW: read/write

Setting example - Setting the response interval to 40 ms

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
CH 9 PV Com SV	2. Press and hold the  key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
StNo PV ! SV	3. Use the  key to access CH9 (Communication parameters).
StNo PV ! SV	4. Press the  key to enter CH9 (Communication parameters). StNo (station No. type) is displayed
StNo PV ! SV	5. Use the   keys to change StNo to SCC.
StNo PV ! SV	6. Press the  key (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
StNo PV ! SV	7. Use the   keys to change RW to R.
StNo PV ! SV	8. Press the  key to save the change.
StNo PV ! SV	9. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.10.7 UA01 to UA32 MODBUS user address setting 1 to 32 (769 to 800)

Description

By registering a MODBUS communication address with the user address area, you can read/write the data of addresses through one communication even if those address are not sequential.

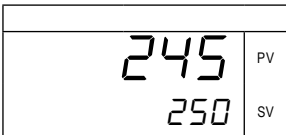
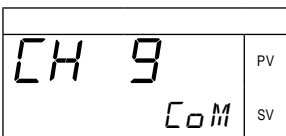
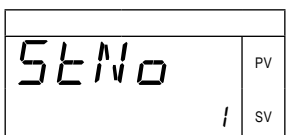
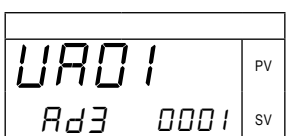
You can register 32 addresses maximum.

The registered addresses are allocated to MODBUS address 45001 to 45032. By reading/writing on MODBUS address 45001 to 45032, you can read/write the data of registered addresses.

Setting range: 30001 to 49999

Note: Be sure to restart the controller after changing the setpoint.

Setting example - Setting the response interval to 40 ms

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Use the ▼ key to access CH9 (Communication parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH9 (Communication parameters). StNo (station No. type) is displayed
	5. Use the ▲▼ keys to change StNo to UA01.
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ▲▼ keys to change 30001 to 30100.
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Repeat the same steps to set other user addresses.
	10. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.10.8 Cooperative operation parameters

CSVG Communication SV gain (801)
CSVs Communication SV shift (802)
kykd Cooperative operation items (803)
APCy All parameters copy (804)

7.10.9 Programless communication parameter

PLSt Target PLC station No. (805)
PAdk PLC registration number allocation rule (806)
MSWt Communication interval between controllers (807)
PLWt Communication interval between PLC and controllers (808)
PLAd Head of PLC registration numbers (809)
SA01 to SA16 Modbus address of data No.1 to No. 16 in setting area (810) to (825)
MA01 to MA16 Modbus address of data No.1 to No. 16 in monitor area (826) to (841)

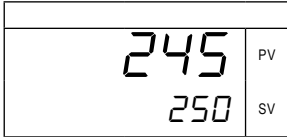
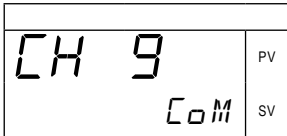
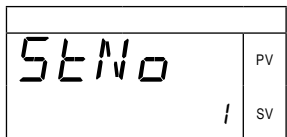
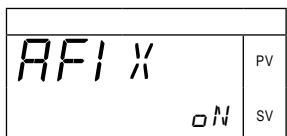
Refer to the "IM-P830-07 SPC30, SPC35 Modbus RS485 Communications" for configuration of cooperative operation parameters and programless communication parameters.

7.10.10 AFix Auto Fix (842)

Description

Sets whether or not to automatically save parameter values that are written via communication onto EEPROM.
Setting range oN: Automatic data save, oFF: No data save

Setting example - No data save

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Use the ▼ key to access CH9 (Communication parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH9 (Communication parameters). StNo (station No. type) is displayed
	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change StNo to AFix.
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change oN to oFF.
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.11 CH10 PFB (PFB parameter)

7.11.1 PGAP PFB dead band (870)

Description

The dead band can be set to not output the valve open or close signal. Using the valve dead band suppresses the motorized valve hatching and allows greater stabilization of the output.

Range: 0.0% to 100.0%

Note: Narrow dead band may cause output chattering.

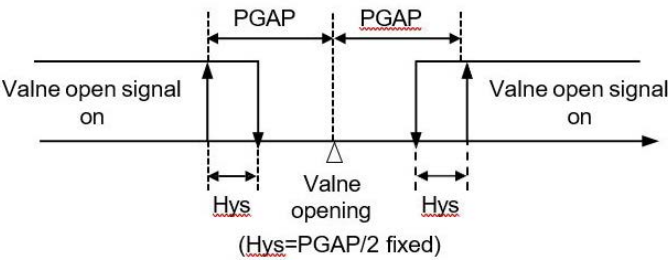


Fig. 7.11.1

Setting example - Setting parameter mask

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
CH 10 PV PFB SV	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Use the ▼ key to access CH10 (PFB parameters).
PGAP PV 0.0 SV	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH10 (PFB parameters). PGAP (PFB dead band) is displayed
	5. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
10.0 SV	6. Use the ▲▼ keys to change 0.0 to 10.0.
	7. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	8. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

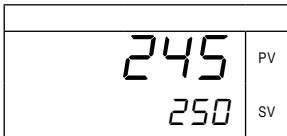
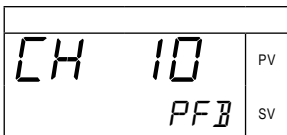
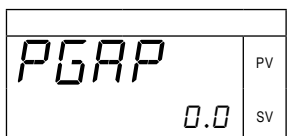
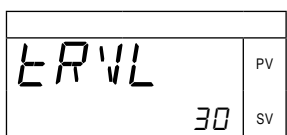
7.11.2 tRVL Valve stroke time (871)

Description

This function controls the time it takes for the motorized valve to go from fully open to fully closed. Refer to the motorized valve maker's catalog for the correct stroke time.

Range: 5 sec to 180 sec

Setting example - Setting the valve stroke time to 50 seconds

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Use the ▼ key to access CH10 (PFB parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH10 (PFB parameters). PGAP (PFB dead band) is displayed
	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change PGAP to tRVL.
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change 30 to 50.
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.11.3 CAL PFB input adjustment (873)

Description

This function adjusts whether PFB input is zero (fully closed) or span (fully opened). There are automatic and manual methods for adjusting.

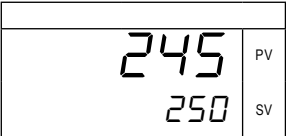
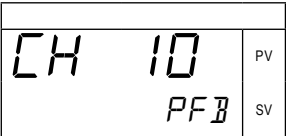
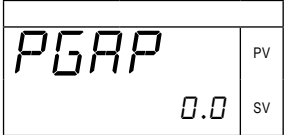
Setting	Function	Explanation
0	None/forcible termination	Ends adjustment immediately
1	Zero adjustment	Manually adjust zero
2	Span adjustment	Manually adjust span
3	Automatic adjustment	Automatically adjusts zero/span

Making Adjustments Manually

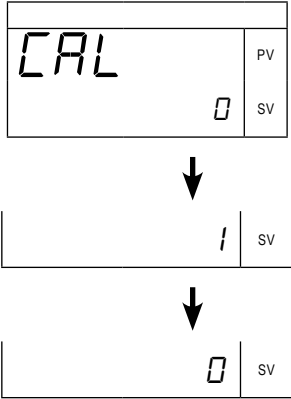
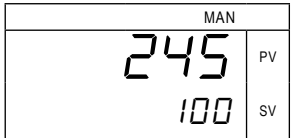
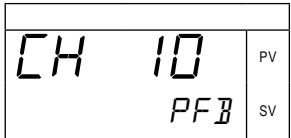
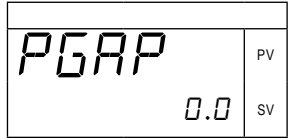
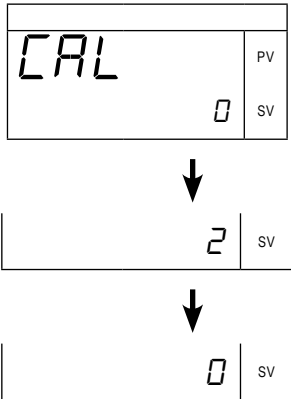
This section explains how to make motorized valve adjustments manually.

Note: Manual adjustment must be set in the order zero (fully closed), then span (fully open). Adjustments cannot be made on just zero or just span.

Setting example - Making the adjustment manually

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Change to the manual mode. (Refer to “auto/manual switchover” in section 7.7.1.)
	3. Press the  key to move to PV/MV display, and press the  key to fully open the motorized valve..
	4. Press the  key to display CH1 (PID parameters). Use the  key to access CH10 (PFB parameters).
	5. Press the  key to enter CH10 (PFB parameters). PGAP (PFB dead band) is displayed.
	6. Use the   keys to change “PGAP” to “CAL”.

Setting example - Making the adjustment manually (continued)

Display	Operating Procedure
	7. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.) 8. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change "0" to "1". 9. Press the SEL key. When the value on SV display automatically changes from "1" back to "0", the zero adjustment is finished.
	10. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display. 11. Fully open the motorized valve by using the ▲ key. 12. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	13. Use the ▼ key to access CH10 (PFB parameters).
	14. Press the SEL key to enter CH10 (PFB parameters). PGAP (PFB dead band) is displayed. 15. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change "PGAP" to "CAL".
	16. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.) 17. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change "0" to "2". 18. Press the SEL key. When the value on SV display automatically changes from "2" back to "0", the span adjustment is finished. 19. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

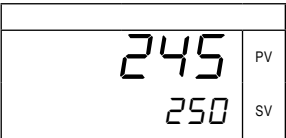
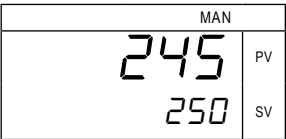
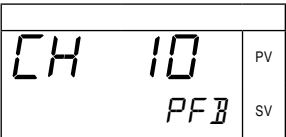
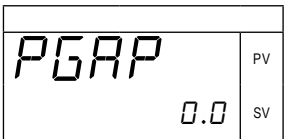
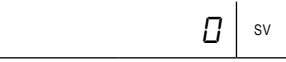
Making the adjustment automatically

The following steps explain how to make adjustments to zero and span automatically.

- In automatic adjustment, the controller fully opens or fully closes the motorized valve to make zero and span adjustment for PFB input. The controller also change the valve stroke time "TrvL" to the optimal value.
- When running automatic adjustment with "CAL" at "3", an adjustment error has occurred if the display changes to "10" or "20". Remove the source of the error and perform adjustment again.

CAL display	Function	Error source	Measures against error
10	Over travel time	Automatic adjustment does not finish within 180 seconds.	The full stroke time greater than 180 seconds cannot be used for the motorized valve. Use a full stroke time within 180 seconds for the motorized valve.
20	PFB span error	There is an error in the span value for PFB input.	Recheck the valve control output and PFB input wire connection.

Setting example - Making the adjustment automatically

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Change to the manual mode. (Refer to "auto/manual switchover" in 7.1.1.)
	3. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	4. Use the ✓ key to access CH10 (PFB parameters).
	5. Press the SEL key to enter CH10 (PFB parameters). PGAP (PFB dead band) is displayed.
	6. Use the ↑ ✓ keys to change "PGAP" to "CAL".
	7. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	8. Use the ↑ ✓ keys to change "0" to "3".
	9. Press the SEL key.
	The motorized valve will automatically move from fully open to fully closed and record those positions. When the value on SV display automatically changes from "3" back to "0", the adjustment is finished.
	10. Press the ↺ key.
	When the value on SV display automatically changes from "1" back to "0", the zero adjustment is finished.

7.12 CH11 DSP (Parameter mask)

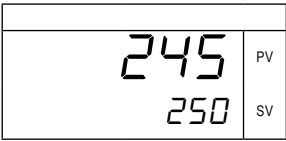
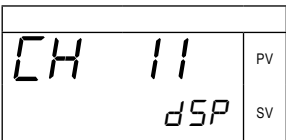
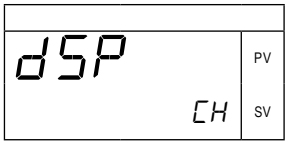
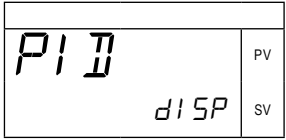
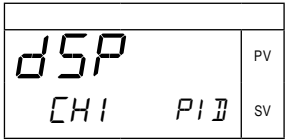
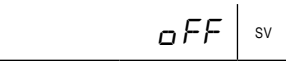
7.12.1 dp01 Parameter mask

Description

The parameter mask allows you to hide unused parameters or to skip over the parameters you want to keep their setpoints. To hide a parameter, change its parameter mask setting from "diSP" to "oFF". You can also select a whole channel to hide.

Note: Do not let the parameters which are not described in this operation manual appear on the screen.

Setting example - Setting parameter mask

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Use the ▼ key to access CH11 (PFB Parameter mask).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH11 (Parameter mask). diSP (parameter mask) is displayed.
To set parameter mask for a whole channel 	5. Press the SEL key.
Use the ▲ ▼ keys to select the CH to hide, and the press the SEL key To set parameter mask for each parameter 	6. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to select CH to which the parameter you want to hide belongs.
	7. Press the SEL key
Use the ▲ ▼ keys to select the parameter to hide, and the press the SEL key 	8. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to select the parameter to hide, and the press the SEL key
	9. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.13 CH12 CFG (Configuration parameters)

7.13.1 toUt Operation timeout (940)

Description

Sets the time until the display returns to the PV/SV screen when no operation is made during setting mode (channel display or parameter display).

Setting range: 15S: 15 sec., 30S: 30 sec., 60S: 60 sec., 5M: 5 min., 10M: 10 min., non: no return

Setting example - Setting the operation timeout to 5 minutes

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV CH 12 PV CFG SV dSP PV CH SV toUt PV 60S SV ↓ 5M SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown. 2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters). 3. Use the ▼ key to access CH12 (Configuration parameters). 4. Press the SEL key to enter CH12 (Configuration parameters). toUt (operation timeout) is displayed. 5. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.) 6. Use the keys to change 60S to 5M. 7. Press the SEL key to save the change. 8. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.13.2 SoFK Blinking SV during soft start (942)

Description

Specifies whether or not to blink “SoFT” on SV display during soft start.

Setting range: oFF: does not display “SoFT” and SV alternately. oN: displays “SoFT” and SV alternately.

Setting example - Setting not to blink SoFt

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV CH 12 PV CFG SV toUt PV CH SV SoFt PV oN SV ↓ oFF SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown. 2. Press and hold the  key to display CH1 (PID parameters). 3. Use the  key to access CH12 (Configuration parameters). 4. Press the  key to enter CH12 (Configuration parameters). toUt (operation timeout) is displayed. 5. Use the   keys to change toUt to SoFt. 6. Press the  key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.) 7. Use the   keys to change oN to oFF. 8. Press the  key to save the change. 9. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.13.3 ALMF Blinking PV/SV at ALM (943)

Description

Specifies the contents displayed when an alarm occurs.

Setting	Function
0	Displays PV (no change)
1	Displays PV and the alarm status alternately
2	Displays flashing PV
3	Displays the alarm status only (PV is not displayed)

The following shows the detail of the contents displayed for each setting.

Setting 0: Displays PV (no change)

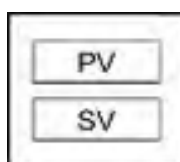


Fig. 7.13.3 (a)

Setting 1: PV and the alarm status are alternately displayed when an alarm or alarms occur.

PV and the alarm number that is activated ("AL1" for the alarm 1 and "AL2" for the alarm 2) are alternately displayed. The alarm number that is activated ("AL1" for the alarm 1, "AL2" for the alarm 2).

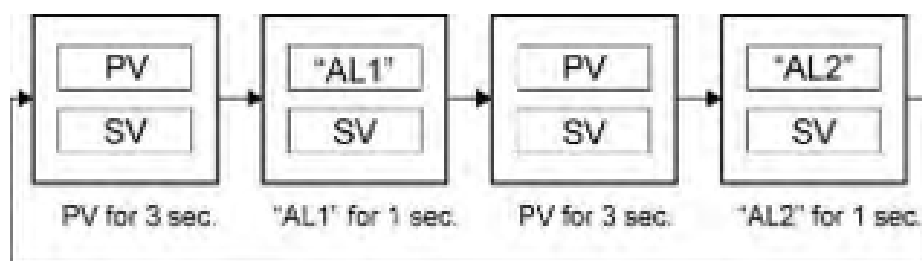


Fig. 7.13.3 (b)

Setting 2: Blinking PV is displayed when an alarm or alarms occur.

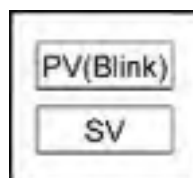


Fig. 7.13.3 (c)

Setting 3: The alarm status is only displayed when an alarm or alarms occur. PV is not displayed.

Will be displayed on PV display area.

The alarm number that is activated ("AL1" for the alarm 1, "AL2" for the alarm 2).

When both of the alarm 1 and 2 are activated, "AL1" and "AL2" are displayed alternately.

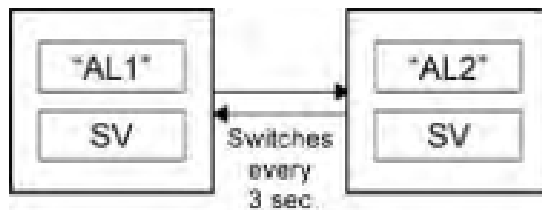


Fig. 7.13.3 (d)

Setting example - Setting to display only the alarm status during an alarm

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Use the ▼ key to access CH12 (Configuration parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH12 (Configuration parameters). toUt (operation timeout) is displayed.
	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change toUt to ALMF.
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change 0 to 3.
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.13.4 LoFF Display timeout (944)

Description

With this function, the displays and indicator lamps are automatically turned off if the specified time passed without any key operation.

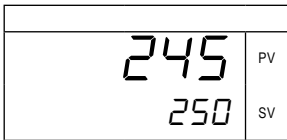
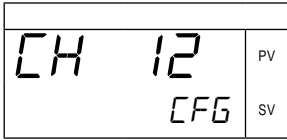
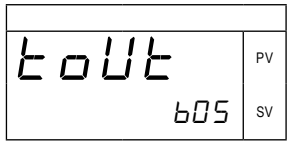
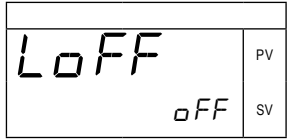
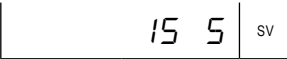
Setting	Function
oFF	Displays stay ON
15 S	Displays are turned off 15 seconds after the last key operation.
30 S	Displays are turned off 30 seconds after the last key operation.
1 M	Displays are turned off 1 minute after the last key operation.
5 M	Displays are turned off 5 minutes after the last key operation.

When the displays are turned off, all the displays and lamps except SV lamp will be turned off and PV lamp blinks.

The displays stay ON during an input error or an alarm status.

PV and SV will be turned on when an input error or an alarm occurs during the displays are turned off.

Setting example - Setting to display only the alarm status during an alarm

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Use the ▼ key to access CH12 (Configuration parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH12 (Configuration parameters). toUt (operation timeout) is displayed.
	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change toUt to LoFF.
	6. Press the SEL key (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	
	7. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change oFF to 15S.
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.13.5 dSPt PV/SV display OFF (945)

Description

This parameter is used to manually turn off the PV, SV, and LED lamps on PV/SV screen.

Setting	Function
0	PV, SV, and LED lamps stay ON
1	SV display OFF.
2	PV display OFF
3	PV and SV displays OFF
4	PV, SV, and LED lamps OFF.
5	SV display OFF (relights for 5 sec. by pressing any key)
6	PV display OFF (relights for 5 sec. by pressing any key)
7	PV and SV displays OFF (relights for 5 sec. by pressing any key)
8	PV, SV, and LED lamps OFF (relights for 5 sec. by pressing any key)

In settings 5 to 8, the displays and lamps stay ON even after 5 seconds, if an input error or an alarm has occurred. PV and SV will be turned on when an input error or an alarm occurs during the displays are turned off.

Setting example - Turning off the PV display

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown. 2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters). 3. Use the ▼ key to access CH12 (Configuration parameters). 4. Press the SEL key to enter CH12 (Configuration parameters). toUt (operation timeout) is displayed. 5. Use the ▲▼ keys to change toUt to dSPt. 6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.) 7. Use the ▲▼ keys to change 0 to 2. 8. Press the SEL key to save the change. 9. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.13.6 FLtF Blinking PV at input error (946)

Description

Allows you to set whether or not to blink PV during an input error (UUUU, LLLL, ERR).

Setting	Function
0	PV blinks during an input error
1	PV does not blink during an input error

Setting example - Setting PV display not to blink during an input error

Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV CH 12 PV CFG SV toUt PV b05 SV FLtF PV 0 SV ! SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown. 2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters). 3. Use the ▼ key to access CH12 (Configuration parameters). 4. Press the SEL key to enter CH12 (Configuration parameters). toUt (operation timeout) is displayed. 5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change toUt to FLtF. 6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.) 7. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change 0 to 1. 8. Press the SEL key to save the change. 9. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

toUt

PV

b05

SV

FLtF

PV

0

SV

!

SV

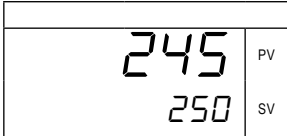
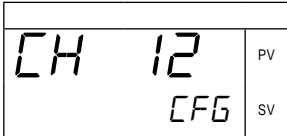
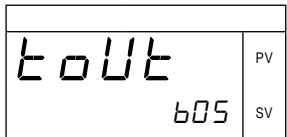
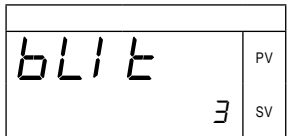
7.13.7 bLit Brightness (947)

Description

Allows you to set the brightness of LED backlight.

Setting range: 0 to 3 (3 is the brightest)

Setting example - Setting the brightness to 0 (the darkest)

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Use the ▼ key to access CH12 (Configuration parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH12 (Configuration parameters). toUt (operation timeout) is displayed.
	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change toUt to bLiT.
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change 3 to 0.
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.13.8 bCoN Control at burnout (948)

Description

Allows you to set whether to continue or to stop control when the device detects a burnout of PV input.

Setting range: oN: continues control oFF: Stop control (control output depends on the set values of FL01 and FL02.)

Setting example - Setting to continue the control at burnout

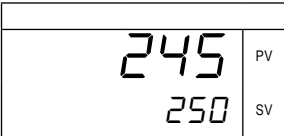
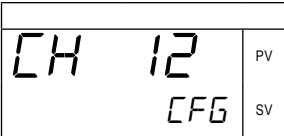
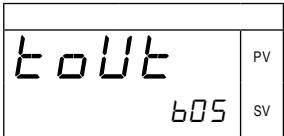
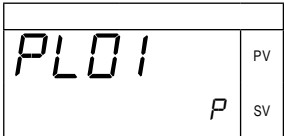
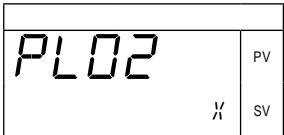
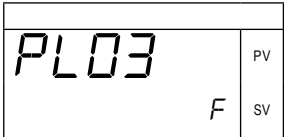
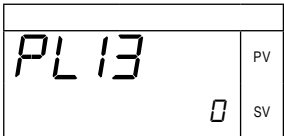
Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
CH 12 PV CFG SV	2. Press and hold the  key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
toUt PV b05 SV	3. Use the  key to access CH12 (Configuration parameters).
bCoN PV oFF SV  oN SV	4. Press the  key to enter CH12 (Configuration parameters). toUt (operation timeout) is displayed.
	5. Use the   keys to change toUt to bCoN.
	6. Press the  key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the   keys to change oFF to oN.
	8. Press the  key to save the change.
	9. Press the  key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.13.9 PL01 to PL13 Model code (950 to 962)

Description

Displays the model code of the controller.

Setting example - Checking the model code

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Use the ▼ key to access CH12 (Configuration parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH12 (Configuration parameters). toUt (operation timeout) is displayed.
	5. Use the ▲ ▼ keys to change toUt to PL01. (The first code is displayed.)
	6. Use the ▼ key to check PL02 to PL13. (The code from the second to the 13th appears in order.)
	
	
	
	7. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.13.10 RSt Reset (963)

Description

Allows you to reset the controller without recycling the power.

Setting range: oFF: do nothing RSt: reset the controller

Resetting the controller is equivalent to turning the power off and on.

Setting example - Resetting the controller

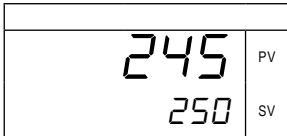
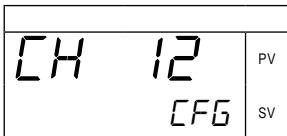
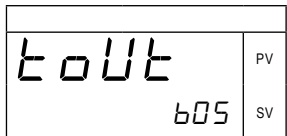
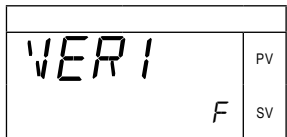
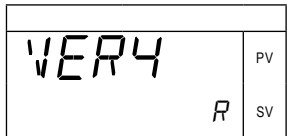
Display	Operating Procedure
245 PV 250 SV	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
CH 12 PV CFG SV	2. Press and hold the  key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
toUt PV 605 SV	3. Use the  key to access CH12 (Configuration parameters).
RSt PV oFF SV ↓ RSt SV	4. Press the  key to enter CH12 (Configuration parameters). toUt (operation timeout) is displayed.
	5. Use the   keys to change toUt to RSt.
	6. Press the  key
	7. Use the   keys to change oFF to RSt.
	8. Press the  key to reset the controller

7.13.11 VER1 to VER4 Software version (965 to 968)

Description

You can check the software version.

Setting example - Checking the software version

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Use the ▼ key to access CH12 (Configuration parameters).
	4. Press the SEL key to enter CH12 (Configuration parameters). toUt (operation timeout) is displayed.
	5. Use the ▲▼ keys to change toUt to VER1.
	6. Press the ▼ key by looking from VER1 through VER4, you can check the software version.
	7. Press the ↺ key to return to the PV/SV display.

7.14 CH13 PASS (Password parameters)

7.14.1 PAS1 to PAS3 Password setup (990 to 992)

Description

Allows you to hide a bundle of channels. Once you set a password, an operator will need to enter the password to see the channels. You can set three passwords maximum: PAS1, PAS2, and PAS3.

Passwords are required at the points shown below. By entering the correct password, you can proceed to the next screen.

Note: If you forget the password, you can use the master password (FEFE) .

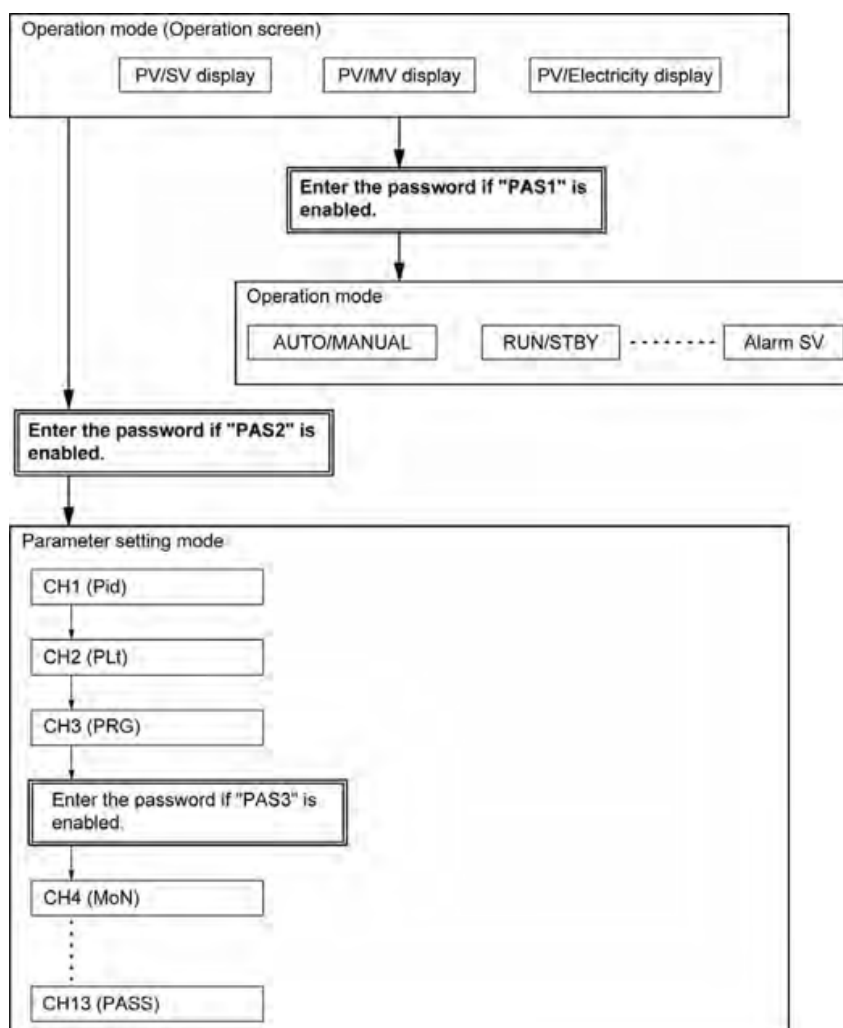
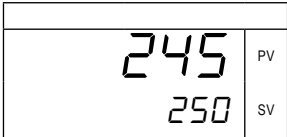
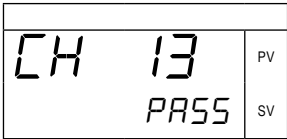
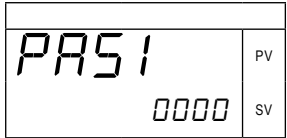
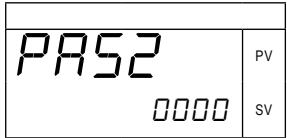


Fig. 7.14.1

Setting example - Checking the software version

Display	Operating Procedure
	1. Check that the PV/SV display is shown.
	2. Press and hold the SEL key to display CH1 (PID parameters).
	3. Use the ↓ key to access CH13 (Password parameters). 4. Press the SEL key to enter CH13 (Password parameters). PAS1 (password1) is displayed.
	5. Use the ↑ ↓ keys to change PAS1 to PAS2.
	6. Press the SEL key. (The first digit of the lower part of the screen begins to blink.)
	7. Use the ↑ ↓ keys to set the password "*****".
	8. Press the SEL key to save the change.
	9. Press the ↶ key to return to the PV/SV display.

8. Troubleshooting

When a trouble occurs, first check the model, wiring, and parameter settings. The following table shows some typical cases and their solutions.

8.1 General Errors

Error	Cause	Solution	Reference Ch. Screen No.
Cannot communicate with the host	Parity does not agree.	Make the parity on the host and the unit the same.	No. 763
	Communication speed does not agree.	Make the communication speed on the host and the unit the same.	No. 762
Parameters you want to view do not appear	Display mask is set.	Check the DSP settings.	Ch. 11
	A password is set.	Cancel the password with the master password.	Ch. 13
Control output is not output even with the power turned on	Soft start is set.	Check the soft start settings.	No. 551 No. 553
	The ramp/soak settings have the output turned OFF.	Check the ramp/soak settings.	No. 004 No. 344
	Standby mode is on.	Check the output settings during standby mode.	No. 002 No. 554 No. 555
Keys do not work	Key lock is set to ON.	Check the key lock settings.	No. 028
	SV limit value is set.	Check the SV limit value settings.	No. 059 No. 060
	The USER key settings have changed.	Check the USER key settings.	No. 590 No. 591 No. 592
Channel parameters cannot be displayed	Password is incorrect.	Cancel the password with the master password.	Ch. 13
	Forgot the password.		
SV blinks when power is turned on	FLTF is set.	Check the FLTF settings.	Ch. 12 No. 946
	ALMF is set.	Check the ALMF settings.	Ch. 7 No. 626
Control does not start even if power is turned on	StMd mode is set to manual output.	Check the StMd settings.	

8.2 Display Error Indications

Display	Possible cause	Control output
<i>UUUU</i>	1. Thermocouple burnout. 2. Resistance bulb sensor (A) burnout. 3. PV exceeds upper limit of the range by 5%FS.	The controller outputs the specified value for an error. (The value can be set in parameter Flo1 or Flo2).
<i>LLLL</i>	1. Resistance bulb sensor B or C wire burnout. 2. Resistance bulb sensor (between A & B or A & C) short. 3. PV is below lower limit of the range by 5%FS. 4. Burnout or short in the voltage input.	
<i>LLLL</i>	PV < -199.9	Control operation is continued Note: Control operation is continued as long as the accuracy is above -5%FS. When the accuracy declines to be lower than -5%FS, the controller outputs the specified value for an error.
<i>Err</i>	Incorrect setting (Pvb/PvF).	The controller outputs the specified value for an error. (The value can be set in parameter Flo1 or Flo2).
PV not displayed	Check the set value of DSPT.	Normal control. NB. The controller does not have to be restarted.
SV not displayed	Check the set value of DSPT.	
Parameters not displayed	Check the settings of Ch11 DSP.	
<i>ALM1</i> <i>ALM2</i> <i>ALM3</i>	Alarm 1, alarm 2, or alarm 3 is occurred under the condition that ALMF is set to 1 or 3.	Normal control.
<i>ALMR</i>	The number that relay has operated reached the RYCN (relay contact life limit) under the condition that ALMF is set to 1 or 3.	
<i>ALMO</i>	OUT 1 Indicator.	

