1. Safety information
2. General product information
3. Installation
4. Commissioning
5. Operation
6. Maintenance
7. Spare parts
1. Safety information

Safe operation of this product can only be guaranteed if it is properly installed, commissioned, used and maintained by qualified personnel (see Section 1.11) in compliance with the operating instructions. General installation and safety instructions for pipeline and plant construction, as well as the proper use of tools and safety equipment must also be complied with.

1.1 Intended use
Referring to the Installation and Maintenance Instructions, name-plate and Technical Information Sheet, check that the product is suitable for the intended use/application. The product listed below complies with the requirements of the European Pressure Equipment Directive 97/23/EC and carries the CE mark when so required. The product falls within the following Pressure Equipment Directive category:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product</th>
<th>Group 1 Gases</th>
<th>Group 2 Gases</th>
<th>Group 1 Liquids</th>
<th>Group 2 Liquids</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DCV41 DN15 - DN25</td>
<td>SEP</td>
<td>SEP</td>
<td>SEP</td>
<td>SEP</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

i) Check material suitability, pressure and temperature and their maximum and minimum values. If the maximum operating limits of the product are lower than those of the system in which it is being fitted, or if malfunction of the product could result in a dangerous overpressure or overtemperature occurrence, ensure a safety device is included in the system to prevent such over-limit situations.

ii) Determine the correct installation situation and direction of fluid flow.

iii) Spirax Sarco products are not intended to withstand external stresses that may be induced by any system to which they are fitted. It is the responsibility of the installer to consider these stresses and take adequate precautions to minimise them.

iv) Remove protection covers from all connections and protective film from all name-plates, where appropriate, before installation on stream or other high temperature applications.

1.2 Access
Ensure safe access and if necessary a safe working platform (suitably guarded) before attempting to work on the product. Arrange suitable lifting gear if required.

1.3 Lighting
Ensure adequate lighting, particularly where detailed or intricate work is required.

1.4 Hazardous liquids or gases in the pipeline
Consider what is in the pipeline or what may have been in the pipeline at some previous time. Consider: flammable materials, substances hazardous to health, extremes of temperature.

1.5 Hazardous environment around the product
Consider: explosion risk areas, lack of oxygen (e.g. tanks, pits), dangerous gases, extremes of temperature, hot surfaces, fire hazard (e.g. during welding), excessive noise, moving machinery.
1.6 The system
Consider the effect on the complete system of the work proposed. Will any proposed action (e.g. closing isolation valves, electrical isolation) put any other part of the system or any personnel at risk?
Dangers might include isolation of vents or protective devices or the rendering ineffective of controls or alarms. Ensure isolation valves are turned on and off in a gradual way to avoid system shocks.

1.7 Pressure systems
Ensure that any pressure is isolated and safely vented to atmospheric pressure. Consider double isolation (double block and bleed) and the locking or labelling of closed valves. Do not assume that the system has depressurised even when the pressure gauge indicates zero.

1.8 Temperature
Allow time for temperature to normalise after isolation to avoid the danger of burns and consider whether protective clothing (including safety glasses) is required.
Viton seat:
If the Viton seat has been subjected to a temperature approaching 315°C (599°F) or higher it may have decomposed and formed hydrofluoric acid. Avoid skin contact and inhalation of any fumes as the acid will cause deep skin burns and damage the respiratory system.

1.9 Tools and consumables
Before starting work ensure that you have suitable tools and/or consumables available. Use only genuine Spirax Sarco replacement parts.

1.10 Protective clothing
Consider whether you and/or others in the vicinity require any protective clothing to protect against the hazards of, for example, chemicals, high/low temperature, radiation, noise, falling objects, and dangers to eyes and face.

1.11 Permits to work
All work must be carried out or be supervised by a suitably competent person. Installation and operating personnel should be trained in the correct use of the product according to the Installation and Maintenance Instructions. Where a formal 'permit to work' system is in force it must be complied with. Where there is no such system, it is recommended that a responsible person should know what work is going on and, where necessary, arrange to have an assistant whose primary responsibility is safety. Post 'warning notices' if necessary.

1.12 Handling
Manual handling of large and/or heavy products may present a risk of injury. Lifting, pushing, pulling, carrying or supporting a load by bodily force can cause injury particularly to the back. You are advised to assess the risks taking into account the task, the individual, the load and the working environment and use the appropriate handling method depending on the circumstances of the work being done.
1.13 Residual hazards
In normal use the external surface of the product may be very hot. If used at the
maximum permitted operating conditions the surface temperature of some products
may reach temperatures of 300°C (572°F).
Many products are not self-draining. Take due care when dismantling or removing
the product from an installation (refer to 'Maintenance instructions').

1.14 Freezing
Provision must be made to protect products which are not self-draining against
frost damage in environments where they may be exposed to temperatures below
freezing point.

1.15 Disposal
This product is recyclable. No ecological hazard is anticipated with the disposal of this
product providing due care is taken, EXCEPT:

Viton seat:
- Waste parts can be landfilled, when in compliance with National and Local regulations.
- Parts can be incinerated, but a scrubber must be used to remove Hydrogen
  Fluoride, which is evolved from the product and with compliance to National and
  Local regulations.
- Parts are insoluble in aquatic media.

1.16 Returning products
Customers and stockists are reminded that under EC Health, Safety and
Environment Law, when returning products to Spirax Sarco they must provide
information on any hazards and the precautions to be taken due to contamination
residues or mechanical damage which may present a health, safety or environmental
risk. This information must be provided in writing including Health and Safety
data sheets relating to any substances identified as hazardous or potentially
hazardous.
2. General product information

2.1 Description
The DCV41 is an austenitic stainless steel disc check valve with screwed or socket weld end connections. Its function is to prevent reverse flow on a wide variety of fluids for applications in process lines, hot water systems, steam and condensate systems. For oils and gases, a Viton seat is available and for water an EPDM seat is available. Soft seat versions provide a zero leakage rate or bubble tight shut-off, i.e. they meet EN 12266-1 rate A, providing a differential pressure exists. Please note that the soft seat options are not available with socket weld ends.

The shut-off of the standard valve conforms to EN 12266-1 rate E. When a heavy duty spring is installed with an EPDM seat, the valve is suitable for boiler feedwater check applications. A high temperature spring version is available to operate at 400°C (752°F).

Optional extras:
- Heavy duty springs (700 mbar opening pressure) for boiler feed applications.
- High temperature spring.
- Viton soft seats for oil and gas applications - screwed connections only
- EPDM soft seals for water applications - screwed connections only

Note: For further information, see the following Technical Information Sheet, TI-P601-18, which gives full details of:- Materials, sizes and pipe connections, dimensions, weights, operating ranges and capacities.

2.2 Sizes and pipe connections:
½", ¾" and 1"
Screwed BSP to BS 21 parallel
Screwed NPT to ASME B 1.20.1
Socket weld to ASME B 16.11 Class 3000.

Fig. 1 DCV41

Fig. 2 Soft seat option (for screwed version only)
2.3 Pressure / temperature limits

![Steam saturation curve diagram]

The product **must not** be used in this region.

For use in this area use a DCV41 with high temperature spring or DCV41 without spring.

A-B-D High temperature spring and without spring.

E-C-D Standard spring.

### Various options are denoted by a marking on the valve body:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>'N'</td>
<td>High temperature spring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>'W'</td>
<td>Without spring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>'H'</td>
<td>Heavy duty spring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>'V'</td>
<td>Standard spring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>'E'</td>
<td>Standard spring</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

No identification indicates a standard spring with a metal disc.

**Please note:** Special testing to allow lower temperature operation can be provided at extra cost. Consult Spirax Sarco.

### Body design conditions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PMA Max. pressure</td>
<td>49.6 barg @ 38°C (719 psi g @ 100°F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TMA Max. temperature</td>
<td>400°C @ 29.4 barg (752°F @ 426 psi g)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Min. temperature</td>
<td>-29°C (-20°F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PMO Max. pressure</td>
<td>49.6 barg @ 38°C (719 psi g @ 100°F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TMO Max. temperature</td>
<td>With metal seat and high temperature spring 400°C (752°F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Without spring 400°C (752°F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Viton seat 205°C (401°F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>EPDM seat 120°C (248°F)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Minimum operating temperature

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>With metal seat</td>
<td>-29°C (-20°F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>With viton seat</td>
<td>-25°C to +205°C (-13°F to +401°F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>With EPDM seat</td>
<td>-40°C to +120°C (-40°F to +248°F)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Designed for a maximum cold hydraulic test pressure of: 76 bar g (1102 psi g)

* **Note:** Special testing to allow lower temperature operation can be provided at extra cost. Consult Spirax Sarco.
3. Installation

Note: Before actioning any installation observe the 'Safety information' in Section 1.

Referring to the Installation and Maintenance Instructions, name-plate and Technical Information Sheet, check that the product is suitable for the intended installation:

3.1 Check materials, pressure and temperature and their maximum values. If the maximum operating limit of the product is lower than that of the system in which it is being fitted, ensure that a safety device is included in the system to prevent overpressurisation.

3.2 Determine the correct installation situation and the direction of fluid flow.

3.3 Remove protective covers from all connections.

3.4 The DCV41 must be fitted in accordance with the direction of flow arrow indicating correct fluid flow direction. When fitted with a spring they can be installed in any plane. When supplied without spring they must be fitted in a vertical flow line with the flow from bottom-to-top.

Note: Disc check valves are not suitable for use where heavily pulsating flow exists, such as close to a compressor.

3.5 $K_v$ values

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>$\frac{1}{2}''$</th>
<th>$\frac{3}{4}''$</th>
<th>1''</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$K_v$</td>
<td>4.4</td>
<td>7.5</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For conversion

$C_v$ (UK) = $K_v \times 0.97$

$C_v$ (US) = $K_v \times 1.17$

3.6 Opening pressures in mbar

Differential pressures with zero flow for standard and high temperature springs.

→ Flow direction

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>$\frac{1}{2}''$</th>
<th>$\frac{3}{4}''$</th>
<th>1''</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>↑</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>→</td>
<td>22.5</td>
<td>22.5</td>
<td>22.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>↓</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Where lower opening pressures are required, valves without springs can be installed in vertical pipes with bottom-to-top flow.

Without spring

| ↑   | 3  | 2.5 | 4  |

3.7 Welding into pipeline of socket weld variants

A universal weld procedure covering the requirements of different National and International Standards and practices is difficult to provide - specifically regarding the welding procedure, welding conditions (run number, consumable size, current, voltage, polarity), storage of consumables and make / type of consumables due to the abundance of appropriate consumable suppliers.

Therefore, the information given in Section 3.7.1, page 6, is only advice based on British Standards to be used for guidance on the essential requirements of welding socket weld disc check valves into the pipeline.

This will allow a user to select an appropriate weld procedure from those available to that user.

This advice is not intended to be a substitute for a weld procedure: it is for guidance only.
3.7.1 Welding of a disc check valve

The welding of a disc check valve ½", ¾" and 1" socket weld to a 15 mm, 20 mm or 25 mm Schedule 40 pipe

Parent materials(s)
Description
Austenitic stainless steel with minimum tensile strength up to and including 485 N/mm²

Specification(s)
ASTM A351 CF3M (DCV)
ASTM A106 Gr. B (Pipe)

Material group(s)
R
A1

Parent materials(s) dimensions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Thickness (mm)</th>
<th>O/D (mm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>½&quot; DCV</td>
<td>5.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pipe</td>
<td>2.76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>¾&quot; DCV</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pipe</td>
<td>2.87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1&quot; DCV</td>
<td>5.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pipe</td>
<td>3.38</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Pipe is to be BS 1600 Schedule 40

Joint type
Socket joint to BS 3799 Class 3000 lb

Welding process
Manual Metal Arc (MMA)

Welding positions(s)
All: Site welded

Weld preparation
Dimensioned sketch

1.5 mm approximately
Diametrical clearance 1.0 mm maximum

Reference - BS 2633: 1987: Section 3.1 and Fig. 9

Welding consumables
Filler material:
Composition - Low C: 23% Cr: 12 % Ni:
Specification - BS 2926: 1984: 23-12 L BR

Shielding gas / flux:
Not applicable

Method of preparation and cleaning
Socket: As supplied and wire brushed
Pipe: Mechanically cut and wire brushed

Additional information
1. It is not possible to dismantle the DCV prior to welding.
2. Fit-up using tack welds.

Parent material temperature
Preheat temperature
Only required when ambient is below 5°C (41°F), then "warm to touch"

Interpass temperature
Not applicable

Post-weld heat treatment
None required

Run sequence and completed weld dimensions

Sketch

This edge not to be completely melted away

Reference - BS 806: 1990: Section 4: Clause 4.7.3
4. Commissioning

After installation ensure that the system is fully functioning. Carry out tests on any alarms or protective devices. Open isolating valves slowly.

5. Operation

Disc check valves are opened by the pressure of the fluid and closed by the spring as soon as the flow ceases and before reverse flow occurs.

6. Maintenance

This product is non maintainable.

7. Spare parts

This product is non maintainable.
It has a fully welded construction and therefore no spares are available.

7.1 How to order a new product

Example: 1 off DCV41 in an austenitic stainless steel body having ½” BSP screwed connections complete with certification to EN 10204 3.1 for the body. Fitted with Viton soft seat.